

# 榮寶齋

ALBUM OF PAINTINGS  
COLLECTED BY  
RONG BAO ZHAI

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Album of Orchid Painting  
of Wu Shixian

吴世贤  
兰花册

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## 方寸之间的大千世界

书画册页起源于唐代，兴盛于明清，也称为小品、册叶、叶册，是历代书画集藏者欣赏、保藏零散的单件小品、手札、团扇、折扇等书画作品的一种装裱形式。明清时期出现了成本册页，即预先装裱制作成册，后作书画。

此次出版的《荣宝斋藏册页》系统地整理了荣宝斋所收藏的历代名家名作，经过精心梳理、编辑后以飨读者。这不仅是对中国书画创作及形制进行的研究与呈现，同时也反映出荣宝斋作为百年文化老字号的深厚积淀。这其中有明末清初的“浙派”代表人物蓝瑛与“姑熟派”大家萧云从，清早期的学者型画家王概与“戾家”吴世贤，清中期“扬州八怪”中的黄慎与名未见经传但画艺精湛的曹洞，近代的海派巨擘任熊、吴昌硕，以及文人画的集大成者黄宾虹、齐白石等诸多历史上各门派的代表人物和精品力作，从一个侧面展

示了自晚明以降中国书画的主流面貌。雪泥鸿爪之中，可窥见中国画学的历史演变轨迹与传承关系。这其中一些知名学者、士人与小名头画家与作品，虽然他们在艺术上的造诣并不为后人所熟知，然而这些匠心独运的墨迹小品，却在今天成为了对既有的“经典”艺术史的重要补充。从《荣宝斋藏册页》中的作品题材、内容来看，这套册页涵盖了山水、人物、花鸟三大类，其中大江大河、乡野小景、道士仕女、花鸟鱼虫、蔬菜瓜果等题材兼收并有之。方寸之间不仅是对大千世界的描绘与再现，更折射出中国古典美学中的自然观、人生观、世界观，展现了数百年来中国书画思想的历史传承。

“以文会友，荣名为宝。”愿本套《荣宝斋藏册页》能成为广大书画艺术从业者与爱好者们在艺术求索之路上的重要参考范本。

唐 辉

## Small Sketches Make Colorful World

Tang Hui

Album of paintings originated from Tang dynasty and thrived during Ming and Qing dynasties. Also known as short sketch, album and copies, album of paintings are seen as a mounting form for short sketches, personal letters, silk fans, folding fans and other painting works collected by the painting collectors for appreciation. The set of album appeared in Ming and Qing dynasties, which was mounted ahead of time, and it became painting album later.

In The Selection of Album, the author has systematically arranged the representative works that had been collected in Rong Bao Zhai form painters in different dynasties. All the carefully combed and edited works are for readers' appreciation. This album is not only a study and presentation of Chinese painting works and their creation but also the reflection of hundreds years of culture for Rong Bao Zhai. These masters include Lan Ying, the representative painter in "Zhe School" during late Ming and early Qing period, Xiao Yuncong, a representative of "Gu Shu", Wang Gai, a scholar in the early Qing dynasty and Wu Shixian from "Li school", Huang Shen, one of the "Yangzhou Eight Eccentric Artists", Cao Jian who is not that famous but proficient in painting skills, Ren Xiong and Wu Changshuo, two masters from "Shanghai school" in modern times, as

well as master Huang Binhong and Qi Baishi. In this album, the author displays the mainstream of painting since the late Ming dynasty from a certain perspective. Tracing of the past, we can find the historical development trials and relationship of Chinese painting science. There are many famous scholars, gentries and other ordinary painters whose outstanding painting skills are not known, but their works are regarded as proceeded short sketches and significant supplement for the existing "classic" paintings. From the perspective of the theme and content of The Selection of Album, we can find that it includes three main types: landscape, figure, flowers and birds. Besides, it also contains some themes on rivers, landscape in villages, Taoist and beautiful women, animals and plants. The small sketches in these paintings not only depict and reproduce the colorful world, but also reflect the view of nature, philosophy and world view in Chinese classical aesthetics, which can be regarded as the historical inheritance of the ideas in Chinese painting works.

Our motto is "Make friends through literature, Become profound with proficiency". Wish Rong Bao Zhai's Selection of Album be a reference sample for calligraphy and painting amateurs to study on art.



## 作者简介

吴世贤（生卒年不详）字掌平，号古心。清代江苏南汇（今属上海）人。乾隆十三年（1748）进士，宦游鄂湘豫粤凡三十余年，官至湖南靖州知州。善画兰竹，沉郁渊茂，不拘古法，不落时蹊，随笔挥洒，雅有别趣。工诗，年七十余，兴犹不浅。著有《古心堂诗文稿》《香草斋集》。

Wu Shixian (dates of birth and death are unknown) styled himself as Zhang Ping, and titled himself as GuXin. He was born in Su Nanhui (now subordinates to Shanghai) in Qing dynasty. In the thirteenth year of Qian Long Emperor (1748), he achieved the rank of "Jinshi" in the imperial exams. He had travelled to many common places in some provinces such as Hubei, Hunan, Henan, and Guangdong. He was entitled as magistrate in Jingzhou, Hunan province. He was best known for his paintings of orchid and bamboo, which he depicted in heavy inks and large sketches. His bold and unrestrained painting skills make the works elegant and vivid. Although he had engaged in poems for nearly seventy years, his interests never declined, and he was the author of Poetry of Gu Xin Tang and Collection of Vanilla Lent.































