



# 初中英语经典 语法与词汇 1500题

刘决生 主编

(2015 版)

· 第 4 次修订 ·

内容丰富新颖 难度循序渐进  
同样的训练时间 别样的高分回报

上海科学技术出版社

中学英语经典试题 150 系列

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# 前 言

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随着全国基础教育课程改革的十余年实验和上海二期课改的全面推进,国家《义务教育英语课程标准》(2011年版)和《上海市中小学英语课程标准》(修改稿)相继出台。以修订过的英语课程标准为指导,全国各地百余套中考英语试题各展风采。这些中考英语试题在以本地初中英语实际教学为基础的同时,都在努力体现着课程改革的评价理念。语法与词汇题作为必考的基础题,一直占有一定的比例,题型日益多样化。如2014年上海中考就借鉴了外地试题,增加了“音标考核”和“连词成句”的新题型。各地试题基本上都是客观题与主观题相结合,且近年来主观题型的分值呈上升趋势。事实上,语法与词汇知识是整个英语学习领域的基础,直接影响到完形填空、阅读理解、写作等分值高的能力题型的得分。

本书编者在研究各地命题组对当地中考英语语法与词汇试题的评价报告后,撰写了一篇非常详细的初中英语语法与词汇应试指导文章,结合典型试题具体分析,力图简明扼要地归纳出初中英语语法与词汇题的命题特点,为广大初中学生备战初中英语语法与词汇提供最实用的答题策略。以此为基础,本书精选了全国各地(尤其是北京、上海、浙江、江苏等教育发达地区)最新初中英语语法和词汇模拟试题约1500题,分为标准化多项选择题与主观题型两大板块,力图全面地反映出初中英语语法与词汇题的最新命题走向。

本书最大特点就是试题内容不断更新,题型全面多样,与各地中考英语试题的最新命题方向完全一致。同时,考虑到初中学生的学习水平,试题的难度呈现出一定的梯度,既有基础性的试题,又有接近中考难度的提高题。初一年级英语学科的优等生、广大初二与初三年级的学生均可选用。

参加本书编写的老师既有华东师范大学外语学院毕业的从事中、高考英语专业研究的语言测试专家,又有多年奋战在初三教学一线的英语名师。王炎、李力、张敏、孙文宾、李达、王文生、李珊珊、张欣、李丽、张建国、赵情、李志兵、吴建民、梅丽、孙辉、赵小静、钱志宏、刘湘、洪峰、王博等同志参与了本书的资料收集与编写。上海科学技术出版社英语编辑室的编辑们为本书的再版付出了辛勤的劳动,在此一并致谢。

由于编写时间有限,书中不足之处还望读者不吝指出,以便再版时及时修正。

编 者

2014年6月

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# 第一章

## 初中英语语法与词汇题命题特点与答题指导

### 第一节 各地最新中考英语语法与词汇题命题特点

随着国家英语新课程标准的全面实施和上海二期课改的强力推进，各地中考英语试题百花齐放。综观 2014 年全国各地中考英语试题，我们发现，各地的中考英语语法与词汇试题从题型到内容都是稳中有变，呈现出了如下特点：

**特点一：标准化题型一统天下的局面被打破，试题的题型更丰富**

以前的中考英语试题语法与词汇部分，基本上都只采用标准化多项选择题型。但是我们只要浏览一下 2014 年各地的英语试题就会发现，中考语法与词汇题一成不变的局面早已被彻底打破。单词拼写、句型转换、选词并按适当形式填空、改错、翻译等主观题型的引入，使题型更为活泼多样。以 2014 年上海市的中考英语试题为例，既有传统的标准化多项选择题，又有用括号内所给单词的适当形式完成句子题，还有根据所给要求改写句子等题型。主观题的大量引入，有利于比较真实、客观、全面地考查考生的英语实际运用能力。

**特点二：语法与词汇试题的选材更新颖**

英语是一门工具性学科，学科的性质决定了考查的重点是考生运用英语去解决生活中实际问题的能力。所以，试题选材内容的创新尤为必要，反映生活热点、洋溢时代气息应该是各地中考英语命题者的共同追求。如网络购物、雾霾天气、苹果 iPhone 5 上市、莫言获得诺贝尔文学奖等话题，都已经成为中考英语语法试题设计的载体。初中阶段重要的语法点都分散在这些题目中，生活气息扑面而来。考生一边阅读发生在自己身边的重大事情，一边答题，英语学科的实用性一览无余。其实，中考试题贴近生活、贴近时代的选材趋势与国家英语课程标准的要求完全一致。

**特点三：测试的内容更加全面，从易到难，呈现出一定的梯度**

各地中考英语语法与词汇试题都力求全面检测初中三年的语法与词汇的主要教学内容，名词、动词、形容词、副词、介词、冠词、连词、固定词组等都尽量面面俱到，动词的时态、

语态更是测试的重点。全面、客观的抽样检测，是中考英语语法与词汇命题的基本要求。特别是在多项选择题中，不同的语法测试点由易到难地先后呈现，有机地构成了一组语法与词汇测试系列。

## 第二节 初中英语语法与词汇题答题示例与指导

### 一、初中英语语法与词汇题答题示例

以最新一组 2014 年上海市初中英语语法与词汇模拟试题为例：

#### I. Choose the best answer. (选择最恰当的答案。) (共 20 分)

- Which of the following words matches the sound /laɪf/?  
A. laugh                      B. leaf                      C. life                      D. loaf
- Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from the others?  
A. The gate is too narrow for a car to get through.  
B. The facts allow no other explanation.  
C. A row of children are standing in front of the chairs.  
D. You can borrow money from the bank to buy your new house.
- Shanghai Disneyland will cover \_\_\_\_\_ area of 1.5 square kilometres.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. /
- It was reported that a powerful typhoon hit the Philippines \_\_\_\_\_ November, 2013.  
A. in                      B. at                      C. on                      D. of
- I knocked on the door several times but \_\_\_\_\_ answered, so I left.  
A. somebody                      B. nobody                      C. anybody                      D. everybody
- The professor has given us \_\_\_\_\_ advice on how to improve our memory.  
A. much                      B. many                      C. a lot                      D. several
- The football player felt extremely \_\_\_\_\_ after they won the game.  
A. luck                      B. lucky                      C. luckily                      D. unlucky
- There are a lot of trees on \_\_\_\_\_ sides of Century Avenue in Pudong.  
A. either                      B. all                      C. both                      D. neither
- Nowadays, children under 1.4 meters \_\_\_\_\_ be free to take buses in some cities.  
A. need                      B. must                      C. shall                      D. can
- Generally speaking, a computer works \_\_\_\_\_ a human brain.  
A. more accurately than                      B. more accurate than  
C. as accurate as                      D. so accurately as
- \_\_\_\_\_ the young girl \_\_\_\_\_ her parents take regular exercise in order to keep fit.  
A. Not; but                      B. Either; or                      C. Neither; nor                      D. Not only; but also
- You shouldn't keep a pet \_\_\_\_\_ you have enough time to care for it.  
A. if                      B. unless                      C. though                      D. when

13. — \_\_\_\_\_ does a CRH train run?  
— It runs up to more than 300 km an hour.  
A. How long                      B. How far                      C. How fast                      D. How soon
14. Mr. White always expected his son \_\_\_\_\_ an active part in the classes.  
A. taking                      B. take                      C. takes                      D. to take
15. The suspect admitted \_\_\_\_\_ the chemical in the lab before he killed his roommate.  
A. to steal                      B. stealing                      C. stole                      D. steal
16. The citizens in Shanghai \_\_\_\_\_ the highest building, Shanghai Tower, in the near future.  
A. is going to see                      B. will see                      C. sees                      D. see
17. In recent years, Chinese traditional culture \_\_\_\_\_ more and more fashionable.  
A. has become                      B. became                      C. have become                      D. had become
18. \_\_\_\_\_ useful message he got from his mobile phone this morning!  
A. What                      B. How                      C. What a                      D. What an
19. — May I have a look at your new iPad mini?  
— \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Sure, here you are.                      B. You are welcome.  
C. Hold on, please.                      D. I agree with you.
20. — Would you like me to help you with the suitcase?  
— \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Yes, I'd love to.                      B. That's very kind of you.  
C. Sorry, you can't.                      D. It's a pleasure.

### 答案与分析:

1. C. 本题测试语音辨析。laugh 发音为 /la:f/; leaf 发音为 /li:f/; life 发音为 /laif/; loaf 发音为 /ləʊf/。
2. B. 本题测试语音辨析。narrow 发音为 /ˈnærəʊ/; allow 发音为 /əˈlaʊ/; row 发音为 /rəʊ/; borrow 发音为 /ˈbɒrəʊ/。可以看出, 只有 allow 中的 “ow” 发音与其他三个单词中的 “ow” 发音不同。
3. B. 本题测试冠词的用法。可数名词 area (区域、范围) 的发音为英音 /ˈɛəriə/, 是元音开头, 故选择不定冠词 an。
4. A. 本题测试介词的用法。在月份前, 选用介词 in。
5. B. 本题测试代词的用法。句意: “我敲了几次门, 但是没人回应, 所以我离开了。” A 项 “某人”、C 项 “任何人”、D 项 “所有人” 均不符合语境。
6. A. 本题测试数量词的用法。四个选项中, 只有 much 能修饰不可数名词 advice, 其他均修饰可数名词。
7. B. 感官动词 feel (感觉) 相当于系动词, 在其后要接形容词 lucky (幸运的) 充当表语。其他选项均不是形容词。
8. C. 本题测试词义的辨析。句意: “在浦东世纪大道的两边, 有很多树。” 大道只有两边, 修饰名词复数 sides, 只能选择 both。
9. D. 本题测试情态动词 can (能够、可以) 的用法。句意: “如今, 在有些城市, 一米四以下的儿童可以免费乘坐公共汽车。” A 项 “需要”、B 项 “必须”、C 项 “应该” 均不符合语境。
10. A. 修饰动词 works, 只能选择副词 accurately; D 项中 so 只能用于同级比较的否定形式



时。

11. D. 本题测试并列连词的用法。句意：“为了保持健康，不仅小姑娘本人，而且她的父母也参加常规锻炼。” not only ... but also (不但……而且) 符合语境。A 项“不是……而是”、B 项“或者……或者”、C 项“既不……也不”均不符合语境。
12. B. 本题测试连词 unless (除非、如果不) 的用法。句意：“你不应该饲养宠物，除非你有足够的时间照料它。”
13. C. 本题测试词义的辨析。句意：“一辆高铁能跑多快？”“它一小时可以超过 300 公里。”A 项“(时间)多久”、B 项“多远”、D 项“(时间)还要多久”均被排除。
14. D. 本题测试固定搭配 expect somebody to do something (期待某人做某事) 的用法。
15. B. 本题测试固定搭配 admit doing (承认做某事)。
16. B. 本题测试句子的时态，in the near future (在不久的将来) 提示要选用一般将来时。
17. A. 本题测试句子的时态，in recent years (在近年) 提示句子要选用现在完成时态。
18. C. 本题测试感叹句型。修饰可数名词 message，选用 what；同时，形容词 useful 发音为 /ˈjuːsfl/，是辅音开头，故选用 a 修饰。
19. A. 本题测试情景交际。句意：“我可以看看你新买的微型 iPad 吗？”“当然可以，给你。”
20. B. 本题测试情景交际。句意：“你希望我帮你拿行李箱吗？”“您真热心！”

## II. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的适当形式完成下列句子，每空限填一词。) (共 8 分)

21. The \_\_\_\_\_ round of talks on the trade between China and America was held. (five)
22. To tell you the \_\_\_\_\_, I don't care about the result of the speech contest. (true)
23. Jim is good at language. Besides English, he speaks German, Italian and \_\_\_\_\_. (France)
24. Nowadays more \_\_\_\_\_ realize they are responsible for reducing industry pollution. (factory)
25. Stephen and his wife will \_\_\_\_\_ their holidays by going abroad for sightseeing. (joy)
26. Computers were a wonderful \_\_\_\_\_ in 1920s though they were very huge at the time. (invent)
27. Lisa said “hello” \_\_\_\_\_ to her friend's parents when she met them in the street. (polite)
28. I think these tools are \_\_\_\_\_, for I haven't touched them for quite a few years. (useful)

### 答案与分析：

21. fifth. 根据句意，“第五轮贸易谈判”，要填写序数词。
22. truth. 本题测试固定搭配 to tell you the truth (说句实话)，填写名词形式。
23. French. 根据语境，后面的词应该是与“德语”“意大利语”并列，填写“法语”。
24. factories. 根据语境，填写“工厂”的复数形式。
25. enjoy. 根据语境，填写动词“享受”。
26. invention. 根据语境，填写名词“发明”。
27. politely. 修饰动词 said，填写“礼貌”的副词形式。
28. useless. 根据下文“因为我好几年都没碰它们了”判断这些工具无用途，故填写“无用的”。

## III. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求，完成下列句子，每空限填一词。) (共 14 分)

29. We got everything ready for the New Year's party. (改为一般疑问句)  
\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ everything ready for the New Year's party?

30. All the students listened to the lecture by Professor Li attentively. (对划线部分提问)  
 \_\_\_\_\_ all the students listen to the lecture by Professor Li?
31. Jack Chen is a humorous and powerful man. (改为感叹句)  
 \_\_\_\_\_ humorous and powerful man Jack Chen is!
32. We last saw the missing dog on the evening of October 1<sup>st</sup>. (改为被动语态)  
 The missing dog \_\_\_\_\_ last \_\_\_\_\_ on the evening of October 1<sup>st</sup>.
33. As for the plan of the next term, I have the same opinion with Larry. (保持句意不变)  
 As for the plan of the next term, I \_\_\_\_\_ Larry.
34. "I can cut the huge hamburger in half quickly." Little Sandy said. (改为宾语从句)  
 Little Sandy said that he \_\_\_\_\_ the huge hamburger in half quickly.
35. saw, at McDonald's, lady, him, the young (连词成句)  
 \_\_\_\_\_

### 答案与分析:

29. Did; get. 过去时态的一般疑问句, 助动词 did 提前。
30. How did. 对 attentively (聚精会神地) 提问, 结合语境, 提问的是听课状态, 故使用 how。
31. What a. 在感叹句型中, 修饰单数可数名词 man, 使用 what, 且 humorous 发音以辅音开头, 故使用 a。
32. Was; seen. 一般过去时的被动语态, 使用 were/was done 形式。
33. agree with. 与 have the same opinion with 意思相同, 即“同意”。
34. could cut. 宾语从句的时态与主句的 said 一致, 使用一般过去时 could。
35. The young lady saw him at Macdonald's. 句意: “这位年轻的女士在麦当劳看见了他。”

## 二、初中英语语法与词汇试题训练指导

评价是教学的指挥棒, 特别是具有选拔性质的考试, 对中小学教学的导向作用尤为明显。2014 年全国各地的中考英语语法与词汇试题反映出来的中考招生新理念, 对广大初中学生来说, 应该很有启发。

首先, 要明确英语学习的目的是学以致用。英语本身就是一门工具性学科。我们不能满足于掌握了多少个英语单词, 会多少语法点, 而应该运用已学的英语知识去解决现实生活中的实际问题。近年很多地方的中考英语试题中都出现了让考生根据语境选择诸如“禁止停车”等常用英语交通指示牌的内容, 就透露出这方面的信息。近年来虽然有人提出了“淡化语法”的观点, 但淡化语法不等于不测试语法, 实际上这对语法的要求更高, 提倡学生在具体的语境中去灵活运用语法。

其次, 考生的教材观必须改变。新课程提倡“一纲多本”, 要求英语教师“用教材教, 而不是教教材”。各地都可以根据当地实际情况选择经过国家教材审查委员会审定的一种或多种英语教材。其实, 英语教材只是英语学习的工具之一。“积极开发课程资源, 拓展学习渠道”, 英语新课程的这条基本理念就要求考生突破课本的限制, 接触更多鲜活的英语材料。从近年来各地中考英语试题的内容创新来看, 苹果手机、雾霾天气、莫言获得诺贝尔文学奖、低碳生活等最新内容都还没有来得及进入我们的中学英语教材, 但是已经进入了中考招生命题者的选材范围。我们难道可以说, 现行的初中英语教材上没有这些内容, 它们就不应该出现在中考英语试题中吗?

再次，由于中考英语语法与词汇试题的覆盖面广，初中学生在学习英语时不能抱着侥幸的心理，一定要稳扎稳打，系统学习整个初中阶段的语法点与词汇。

最后，一定要选好训练材料，进行适量的针对性训练。一本好的辅导材料，语法与词汇题的编排必须与当地近几年的中考试题形式一致，难度接近，过难或过易都不能让考生进入理想的备考状态。

## 第二章

### 初中英语语法与词汇经典试题 1500 题

#### 第一节 标准化多项选择题

##### Test 1

1. It is important for us to keep a promise. Which of the following is correct for the underlined word in the sentence?  
A. /ˈprɒmes/      B. /ˈprɔːmis/      C. /ˈprɔːmes/      D. /ˈprɒmis/
2. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from the three others?  
A. Tom needs some information for his project.  
B. I have many questions to ask you.  
C. His situation is even worse than before.  
D. Cars are a major source of pollution.
3. This is \_\_\_\_\_ used car. It's much cheaper than a new one.  
A. the      B. an      C. a      D. /
4. Every year Alice spends \_\_\_\_\_ money on new clothes.  
A. many      B. a large number of      C. quite a few      D. huge amounts of
5. We shall have a \_\_\_\_\_ holiday after the final exam.  
A. three weeks      B. three-week      C. three week's      D. three -weeks
6. He was too angry to say \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. nothing      B. something      C. anything      D. everything
7. The World Trade Center in New York was destroyed by terrorist attacks \_\_\_\_\_ September 11, 2001.  
A. in      B. by      C. at      D. on
8. The little girl is wearing a new skirt now. She looks \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. lovely      B. wonderfully      C. happily      D. beautifully
9. Who drives \_\_\_\_\_, your father or your mother?  
A. the most careful      B. more careful  
C. the most carefully      D. more carefully

10. \_\_\_\_\_ of the surface of the earth \_\_\_\_\_ covered with water.  
A. Seven-tens; are    B. Seven-tens; is    C. Seven-tenth; is    D. Seven-tenth; are
11. The rain \_\_\_\_\_ yet. You'd better not go out.  
A. hasn't stopped    B. didn't stop    C. won't stop    D. doesn't stop
12. A lot of water \_\_\_\_\_ in Shanghai every year. It's a big problem.  
A. wastes    B. is wasted    C. have been wasted    D. is wasting
13. I really don't know \_\_\_\_\_ this question.  
A. which to do    B. which to answer    C. what to do    D. how to answer
14. Julia has been busy \_\_\_\_\_ plans for her wedding.  
A. make    B. to make    C. made    D. making
15. Fresh water is \_\_\_\_\_ precious \_\_\_\_\_ it is sometimes called liquid gold.  
A. such; that    B. too; to    C. as; as    D. so; that
16. Mike didn't tell us \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. if he will give us a lecture    B. whether he would go with us  
C. when he has started    D. when he will arrive
17. Human brains can hardly calculate faster than a computer, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. are they    B. aren't they    C. can't they    D. can they
18. The Palace Museum is located in the center of Beijing. The underlined part means "\_\_\_\_\_".  
A. lays    B. lying    C. lies    D. laid
19. — Would you mind my opening the window?  
— \_\_\_\_\_  
A. I would.    B. I'm afraid it's too windy.  
C. Yes, please go ahead.    D. Sure. I'm going to close it soon.
20. Which of the following is NOT a state of the United States?  
A. New York    B. Hawaii    C. California    D. Los Angeles

## Test 2

1. If you get nervous, take a deep breath to calm yourself down. Which of the following is correct in pronunciation for the underlined word in the sentence?  
A. /deip/    B. /dep/    C. /dip/    D. /di:p/
2. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from others?  
A. If we don't smoke, our health will become better and better.  
B. We spent half a day going over all the lessons before the Chinese test.  
C. Don't cross the road when the red light is on.  
D. Shall we collect some colorful stones for Mary?
3. Cathy was lucky to get \_\_\_\_\_ new job at a children's hospital.  
A. /    B. an    C. a    D. the
4. \_\_\_\_\_ people have to stay at the station because the train services were stopped suddenly.  
A. Hundred    B. Hundreds    C. Hundred of    D. Hundreds of
5. On Children's Day, Steven always enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ at the party.  
A. himself    B. him    C. his    D. he
6. She turned on the radio and listened to a man giving people some \_\_\_\_\_ about their problems.

- A. reason                      B. advice                      C. way                      D. answer
7. When Kate came back home, her mother was busy \_\_\_\_\_ the housework.  
A. with                      B. for                      C. by                      D. about
8. Billy speak in such a low voice that \_\_\_\_\_ in my office could hear him.  
A. everybody                      B. somebody                      C. anybody                      D. nobody
9. Shanghai is one of \_\_\_\_\_ cities in the world, I think.  
A. beautiful                      B. more beautiful                      C. most beautiful                      D. the most beautiful
10. He looked \_\_\_\_\_ when he heard he failed in the Maths exam yesterday.  
A. upset                      B. excited                      C. angrily                      D. happily
11. — \_\_\_\_\_ will you go to New York for a study trip?  
— In a month.  
A. How long                      B. How often                      C. How soon                      D. How far
12. We \_\_\_\_\_ set out early tomorrow morning in order to catch the first bus.  
A. must                      B. can                      C. mustn't                      D. can't
13. Take the doctor's advice, \_\_\_\_\_ you won't be able to lose weight.  
A. or                      B. but                      C. and                      D. so
14. You won't make progress \_\_\_\_\_ you try your best.  
A. when                      B. unless                      C. because                      D. as soon as
15. Kitty has never been late for school, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. dose she                      B. doesn't she                      C. hasn't she                      D. has she
16. Thomas wondered \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. how much the book cost                      B. how much did the book cost  
C. what was the book's price                      D. what the book's price is
17. When the traffic accident \_\_\_\_\_, I was walking with my friend by the road.  
A. happens                      B. happened                      C. would happen                      D. had happened
18. The farmers stop \_\_\_\_\_ in the field and have a rest when the sun sets every day.  
A. to work                      B. worked                      C. working                      D. work
19. — In my opinion, we should help our parents with the housework as often as possible.  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Never mind                      B. Yes, please                      C. That's all right                      D. I think so, too
20. — Our monitor Wang Lei has just won the first prize in the English Speech Contest.  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Good idea.                      B. Congratulations!                      C. That's right.                      D. All right.

### Test 3

1. He had \_\_\_\_\_ unusual voice and he wanted to work in Disney's cartoon films for children.  
A. an                      B. a                      C. /                      D. the
2. — Do you know Mo Yan?  
— Of course. He won the 2012 Nobel Prize in Literature \_\_\_\_\_ the age of 57.  
A. in                      B. at                      C. on                      D. to
3. Two \_\_\_\_\_ were having lunch in the office at that time.  
A. woman secretaries                      B. woman secretary

- C. women secretaries                      D. women secretary
4. I am sure Cindy will be able to find the hotel. She has a pretty good \_\_\_\_\_ of direction.  
A. idea                      B. feeling                      C. experiences                      D. sense
5. Which of the following word matches the sound /'singl/?  
A. single                      B. singer                      C. think                      D. thank
6. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from the others?  
A. You can't image how hard their life is.  
B. The car went out of control and crashed over the clff.  
C. Do we really have to inte all my relatives to the wedding?  
D. His birthplace is Washington, but he lives in San Francisco.
7. The boy is \_\_\_\_\_ to go to school, but he doesn't have enough money.  
A. old enough                      B. enough old                      C. enough young                      D. young enough
8. There are so many fashion clothing shops along the street, you'd better go in one after \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the other                      B. other                      C. another                      D. one other
9. — Can you tell the differences between these two pictures?  
— Differences? Oh, no. They look quite \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. different                      B. similar                      C. strange                      D. interesting
10. — Can you understand what I meant?  
— Sorry, I can \_\_\_\_\_ follow you.  
A. always                      B. almost                      C. nearly                      D. hardly
11. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ your shoes before you come into a friend's home.  
A. to take off                      B. take off                      C. taking off                      D. took off
12. \_\_\_\_\_. The floor is wet. Mind your steps.  
A. Look for                      B. Look at                      C. Look out                      D. Look up
13. Sally took a photo of her friends while they \_\_\_\_\_ computer games.  
A. play                      B. are playing                      C. have played                      D. were playing
14. Both his parents look sad. Maybe they \_\_\_\_\_ what's happened to him.  
A. will know                      B. know                      C. have known                      D. are knowing
15. — Have you heard about that car accident near the school?  
— Yes, luckily no one \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. hurt                      B. was hurt                      C. were hurt                      D. has hurt
16. The little monkey found the food hidden in the box, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. did it                      B. didn't it                      C. did he                      D. didn't he
17. — Philip has gone to New Zealand.  
— Oh, can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. when did he leave                      B. when he is leaving  
C. when he left                      D. when is he leave
18. — \_\_\_\_\_ is the nearest theme park from here?  
— It will take us half an hour to get there by bike.  
A. How long                      B. How far                      C. How soon                      D. How much
19. — Excuse me, could you show me the way to the railway station?  
— \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Not at all. B. With pleasure.  
C. You're welcome. D. My pleasure.
20. — I'm happy to be here for my six-month English course.  
— \_\_\_\_\_. Call me if you have any trouble.
- A. Help yourself B. Thanks a lot C. Be careful D. Enjoy your stay

## Test 4

1. The serious haze (雾霾) caused many problems. Which of the following is correct for the underlined word in the sentence?  
A. /'si:riəs/                      B. /si:riəs/                      C. /'seriəs/                      D. /'siəriəs/
2. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from the others?  
A. She looked confident, but in fact she was very nervous.  
B. I was excited to hear that I had passed the driving test.  
C. Cars had to be driven slowly because of thick fog.  
D. Jill hid his sister's bike to play a trick on her.
3. — Would you like some \_\_\_\_\_?  
— No, thanks. I'm not hungry at all.  
A. snack                      B. apple                      C. soup                      D. bread
4. After the visitors arrived, the manager showed \_\_\_\_\_ around the product exhibition room.  
A. they                      B. their                      C. them                      D. themselves
5. You may feel that time goes by very quickly when you do \_\_\_\_\_ interesting.  
A. something                      B. anything                      C. nothing                      D. everything
6. The Great Green Wall can stop the wind and sand \_\_\_\_\_ moving to the rich land in the south of China.  
A. from                      B. with                      C. at                      D. on
7. Mother put a blanket over the sleeping baby to keep him \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. quietly                      B. gentle                      C. warm                      D. slowly
8. To reduce food waste, we should only order as \_\_\_\_\_ as we need and try to eat it up.  
A. much                      B. more                      C. most                      D. few
9. You \_\_\_\_\_ drive so fast, for we have enough time to arrive at the station.  
A. can't                      B. mustn't                      C. needn't                      D. shouldn't
10. \_\_\_\_\_ eager these volunteers are to help the police look for the missing boy!  
A. What                      B. What an                      C. How                      D. How an
11. — Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ it is from the nearest bank to your office?  
— About 10 minutes' walk.  
A. how long                      B. how far                      C. how soon                      D. how much
12. He lost his key, \_\_\_\_\_ he had to wait for his wife's return in the cold.  
A. and                      B. or                      C. for                      D. so
13. I'd rather \_\_\_\_\_ half an hour to work than drive a car. Driving less can reduce air pollution.  
A. ride                      B. riding                      C. to ride                      D. to riding
14. Lucy is so shy that she dare not invite her classmates to practice \_\_\_\_\_ with her for the New Year Party.



- A. dancing                      B. dance                      C. to dance                      D. to dancing
15. \_\_\_\_\_ I have been to Italy several times, I know a lot about it.  
A. If                      B. Although                      C. As                      D. Unless
16. Jerry told me he \_\_\_\_\_ on an old man's eyes in the hospital this Sunday.  
A. will operate                      B. would operate                      C. operated                      D. has operated
17. Alan took photos of his friends when they \_\_\_\_\_ with children in the orphanage (孤儿院).  
A. had played                      B. played                      C. are playing                      D. were playing
18. Before the bridge \_\_\_\_\_, the local people had to reach the other side by ferry.  
A. is built                      B. will be built                      C. was built                      D. has been built
19. — Would you like to go camping with us this weekend?  
— \_\_\_\_\_. But I'm busy with my homework.  
A. No, thanks                      B. Thank you                      C. I'd like to                      D. That's a good idea
20. — Mum, there's something wrong with my alarm clock. Could you wake me up tomorrow morning?  
— \_\_\_\_\_, dear.  
A. No problem                      B. That's all right                      C. Go ahead                      D. Of course not

### Test 5

1. He did very well, but he failed to break the record. Which of the following is correct for the underlined word in the sentence?  
A. /brek/                      B. /breik/                      C. /brik/                      D. /bræk/
2. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from the others?  
A. Students are allowed to choose the style of their school uniforms.  
B. Great changes have taken place in Shanghai since 1979.  
C. You had a toothache because you ate too much spicy food.  
D. The Smiths seldom go to church, but they believe.
3. Lucy's cousin is \_\_\_\_\_ engineer. She always wears \_\_\_\_\_ uniform at work.  
A. a; a                      B. a; an                      C. an; a                      D. an; an
4. Johnson was the first on the list of the famous stars because he was the richest \_\_\_\_\_ them.  
A. with                      B. in                      C. to                      D. among
5. It is said that \_\_\_\_\_ of the students like to help their parents with the housework.  
A. three-fifths                      B. third-fifths                      C. thirds-fifth                      D. three-fifth
6. Mother told Jimmy \_\_\_\_\_ with her friends online and said it was a waste of time.  
A. to stop to chat                      B. stopping to chat  
C. stop to chat                      D. to stop chatting
7. Scientists say we will have no water to drink \_\_\_\_\_ we protect water resources.  
A. if                      B. when                      C. before                      D. unless
8. With the help of the Internet, news can \_\_\_\_\_ every corner of the world.  
A. get                      B. arrive                      C. reach                      D. return
9. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ long hours in the office. Go out and have a rest for a while.  
A. not work                      B. not to work                      C. don't work                      D. not to working
10. — Is Betty in the office?