外研社 臺 长喜英语

英语专业八级考试

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王长喜 主编







外语教学与研究出版社 FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING AND RESEARCH PRESS



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最新真题 演练熟悉

最新真题

Section A Mini-Lecture

ONL be m	In this section you will hear a mini-lecture. You will hear the lecture ONCE Y. While listening, take notes on the important points. Your notes will not arked, but you will need them to complete a gap-filling task after the mini- re. When the lecture is over, you will be given two minutes to check you
notes SHE word	e, and another ten minutes to complete the gap-filling task on ANSWER ET ONE using no more than THREE words in each gap. Make sure the (s) you fill in is(are) both grammatically and semantically acceptable. You refer to your notes while completing the task. Use the blank sheet for note
takin.	g.

(ANSWER SHEET ONE is on page 4)

Section B Interview

In this section you will hear everything ONCE ONLY. Listen carefully and then answer the questions that follow. Mark the best answer to each question on ANSWER SHEET TWO.

Questions 1 to 5 are based on an interview. At the end of the interview you will be given 10 seconds to answer each of the following five questions.

Now listen to the interview between Oscar winning actress Angelina Jolie and CNN's Andrew Damon.

1. What is the main purpose of Angelina's visit to Iraq?

边听边记

- [A] To look after refugees in Iraq.
- [B] To draw attention to the refugee crisis.
- [C] To work for U.N.H.C.R.
- [D] To work out a plan for refugees.
- 2. From the interview we know that Angelina
- [A] was strongly opposed to officials' opinions.
- [B] thought young kids should be given priority.
- [C] proposed that policies be made promptly.
- [D] was much worried about the lack of action.
- 3. Which of the following BEST explains what the global community should do?
- [A] To take prompt and effective actions.
- [B] To supervise the construction of schools.
- [C] To provide water and power supply.
- [D] To prevent instability and aggression.
- 4. According to Angelina, what is the key issue in solving the refugee problem?
- [A] The current situation in Iraq.
- [B] The politics in the Middle East.
- [C] Refugees returning to normal life.
- [D] International and domestic efforts.
- 5. Angelina saw her trip to Iraq significant because she could
- [A] help others know where the problems were.
- [B] help bring NGOs back to the region.
- [C] talk to different people there.
- [D] read the official papers.

Section C News Broadcast

In this section you will hear everything ONCE ONLY. Listen carefully and then answer the questions that follow. Mark the best answer to each question on ANSWER SHEET TWO.

Question 6 is based on the following news. At the end of the news item, you will be given 10 seconds to answer the question.

Now listen to the news.

6. What is the main idea of the news item?

边听边记

- [A] Alitalia's attempt to help Wind Jet out.
- [B] Cancellation of flights at Rome Airport.
- [C] Problems caused by Wind Jet's cash shortage.
- [D] Expected changes of Wind Jet's flight destinations.

Questions 7 and 8 are based on the following news. At the end of the news item, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the news.

【 听前预测】由第 7 题题干可知,新闻涉及 ______,选项提到了 humans,fossils,skull,tooth 等,可知该发现是与 ________ 有关的。由第 8 题可知新闻还会提到该发现的 _______。

7. What did the researchers discover in northern Kenya?

边听边记

- [A] Three species of humans.
- [B] Three human fossils.

[C] A human skull.

- [D] A human tooth.
- 8. What was the significance of the discovery?
- [A] The findings were published in *Nature*.
- [B] More research efforts were encouraged.
- [C] Most research questions were answered.
- [D] It supported an existing assumption.

Questions 9 and 10 are based on the following news. At the end of the news item, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the news.

	题题干可知,新闻可能涉及 涉及苏格兰国家美术馆,综合两题。 。	的原因,由第 可知新闻可能与
9. The airport originally de [A] some international trave [B] the art exhibition was to		边听边记
[C] other artists' works wer [D] real-life models would		
10. What was the reaction of	of the National Galleries of Scotland?	
[A] Horrified.[C] Surprised.	[B] Indignant. [D] Outraged.	

ANSWER SHEET ONE

How to Reduce Stress	
Life is full of things that cause us stress. Though we may not like stress, we have to live with it.	
I. Definition of stress	
A. (1) reaction i.e. force exerted between two touching bodies B. human reaction	(1)
i.e. response to (2) on someone	(2)
e.g. increase in breathing, heart rate, (3), or muscle tension	(3)
H. (4)	(4)
A. positive stress where it occurs: Christmas, wedding, (5) B. negative stress where it occurs: test-taking situations, friend's death	(5)
III. Ways to cope with stress	
A. recognition of stress signals —monitor for (6) of stress —find ways to protect oneself	(6)

B. attention to body demand	
-effect of (7)	(7)
C. planning and acting appropriately	
-reason for planning	
—(8) of planning	(8)
D. learning to (9)	(9)
—e.g. delay caused by traffic	
E. pacing activities	
-manageable task	
-(10)	(10)

答疑解惑

Section A Mini-Lecture

[听力原文]

How to Reduce Stress

Good morning! Today we'll look at how to reduce stress. As you all know life always has stresses. Er... living without stress is virtually impossible. So if we have to live with stress, we may as well find out more about what it is, how we can deal with it and so on. What is stress then? [1] The term was originally used in physics to describe the force exerted between two touching bodies. I would restrict at the term describing a physical reaction. [2] Then in the 1930s, a doctor named Hans Selye first used this term to describe human's reaction to a demand placed on it, pleasant or not. [3] And he included in this response things like accelerated breathing, accelerated heart rate, increased blood pressure, muscle tension and so on.

[4] Now please notice that I said the stress can be pleasant or not. This response can also be pleasant or not and stress can be both negative and positive. Let's take a look at positive stress. Positive stress occurs in a life situation towards which one feels positively, things like Christmas or getting married are usually positively events, but still stressful nonetheless. [5] Another example is the pressure in a job can give some

【答案解析】

1, physical

【解析】这是一个介绍"如何减少压力"的讲座,首先介绍了压力的定义,然后提出压力的分类,继而重点介绍如何应对压力。本题针对压力的定义进行考查,根据录音,"压力"一词最先是用于描述"物理反应"(physical reaction)的,由此可知本空应填 physical。2. a demand

【解析】本题针对"压力"的 第二种定义设题,录音提及 20世纪30年代,一位医生 首次使用"压力"一词描述人 类对于需求的反应(reaction to a demand),由此可知本 空应填 a demand。

3. blood pressure

【解析】本题继续对"压力"的第二种定义设题,命题点放在人类对压力反应的具体表现上,录音提及的有呼吸加速、心跳加快、血压升高、肌肉紧张等(accelerated breathing, accelerated heart

people incentive to work and excitement but it still is stress. Negative stress is what most of us think of when we think of stress and negative stress occurs logically enough in situations towards which one feels negatively and those examples could be test-taking, a friend's death and so on. But here I think to remember is that stressing itself is not hazardous, rather, the danger is in the individual's reaction to the stress. So psychologists have found that if we develop appropriate ways to cope with stressful situations, individuals can reduce the physiological harm which is caused by stress or which can be caused by stress. And that's what I want to talk a bit about today. What are these appropriate ways to deal with stress? How to minimize any negative reactions?

The first thing that most psychologists suggest is to learn to recognize your own stress signals. [6] We all have different types of stress signals, but individuals should monitor themselves for stress signals, so that they can focus on minimizing or acknowledging the stress before it gets out of control. And common early signs for many people include irritability, insomnia, weight loss, or even weight gain, smoking, drinking, increases in small areas, all kinds of things that people get which could be an early signal of stress. You can consider ways to protect yourself when you start seeing these signs coming on. So you might decide to withdraw from a stressful situation or award yourself with equal amount of low stress activity time. That's really the first important way to deal with stress appropriately.

[7] The second important way to deal with stress is to pay attention to your body's demands. Most psychologists are finding that a good exercise program, good nutrition decrease the amount of stress or the effective stress on the body or in the mind. And this seems quite apparent because exercise can provide a stressful environment away from your usual stresses and it keeps your body busy and preoccupied with non-stressful things.

OK, the third thing to reduce stress is to make plans in act when appropriate. What is suggested is that rather than wasting energy or worrying, an individual can direct his or her energy to plan the steps in act and rate, increased blood pressure, muscle tension and so on), 由此可知本空应填 blood pressure。

4. Category of stress

【解析】本题考查的是讲座的 第二部分的主题,也就是问讲 座第二部分谈的是什么?由录 音可知,这部分主要谈的是压 力的两种类型,即积极压力与 消极压力,讲座虽未明确提及 分类(category)一词,但明 确提及了 negative and positive 这两个词,由此可明确本空应 填 Category of stress。

5. a job

【解析】本题考查的是积极压力在什么情况下产生,录音提到了圣诞、婚礼,继而又提到pressure in job still is stress,由此可知本空应填 a job。

6, signals

【解析】从本题到最后一题,分别针对讲座提及的如何应对压力的五个策略进行逐一考查。本题考查的是第一个策略,识别压力信号,讲座提及个人应监控压力信号(individuals should monitor themselves for stress signals),由此可知本空应填 signals。

7, exercise and nutrition

【解析】本题针对应对压力的 第二个策略,即注意身体需 求进行设题,讲座明确提及很 多心理学家发现良好的运动 与营养可以减少压力(Most psychologists are finding that a good exercise program, good nutrition decrease the amount of stress),由此可知本空应 填 exercise and nutrition。 often just the planning of reaction helps to reduce the stress because it reduces the worrying. [8] And also the results of the plans or action may serve to remove or weaken the original cause of the stress. Please notice that I just now said when appropriate and this next suggestion has to do with that idea of when appropriate. The third suggestion was to make plans and act when appropriate rather than just sit around and worry.

[9] But the fourth plan or fourth idea says to learn to accept situations which are out of your control. These two then go hand in hand. You can make plans and act when it's appropriate. But when it's not appropriate and when it's impossible, the only way is to learn to accept that some things are unchangeable and out of your hands. So for example if you are in traffic, lateness caused by traffic is out of your hands. That's no sense in getting really crazy about that. If you do so, it only increases your stress to waste energy, trying to resist what is inevitable or what can't be avoided.

[10] The last item that psychologists suggest is to pace your activities. By "pace", I mean giving yourself some manageable tasks to do at a reasonable speed, that is, you go at the speed that you can handle. Break your task into manageable parts rather than try to deal with the whole task all at once, so as an example in your life as students, a whole term paper might feel overwhelming, but if you say to yourself today I'm going to the library and gather resources. Tomorrow I'm going to read three articles and so on. You'll have broken this one large task, that's, writing a term paper, down into many smaller and more manageable tasks. This will certainly reduce your stress.

OK, having said all these, I want you to remember that the problem is not in the stressful experiences themselves. We all experience stress and stressful events. The problem is in our reactions to these experiences and each of us has our own limits for stress and our own ways of coping with the stress. So long as we have our own appropriate ways, stress or stressful situations can certainly be dealt with. OK, that's all for today's lecture. See you next week!

8 result

【解析】本题考查应对压力的 第三个策略,即适当地计划 与执行。演讲者在论及该策 略时,首先谈了为什么要计 划,继而谈到计划或行动的结 果可以缓解或减少压力(And also the results of the plans or action may serve to remove or weaken the original cause of the stress),由此可知本空应 填 result。

9. accept

【解析】本题针对应对压力的 第四个策略设题,讲座中在谈 到第四个策略时第一句就开篇 明义地提到第四个策略是学会 接受你控制不了的情况(But the fourth plan or the fourth idea says to learn to accept situations which are out of your control),由此可知本空应填 accept。

10. reasonable speed

【解析】本题考查如何应对压力的最后一招,控制节奏,演讲者在对 pace 进行解释时说控制节奏就是以合理的速度做可以办到的事情(By "pace", I mean giving yourself some manageable tasks to do at a reasonable speed),由此可知本空应填 reasonable speed。

Section B Interview

【听前预测】浏览各题题干及选项,其中有 4 个题的选项都涉及了Angelina,而第一题的题干提到了 Angelina's visit to Iraq,因此采访可能是在讨论 Angelina 的伊拉克之行。由第 1、4 题选项反复出现 refugee 得知,Angelina 的伊拉克之行与难民有关。此外,由题目选项中出现的 U.N.H.C.R.(联合国难民署),global community(国际社会),NGO(非政府组织)可知,采访也涉及了这些机构与组织对于难民问题的关注与努力。

【听力原文】

【答案解析】

Damon: First of all, thank you obviously for your time, Angelina. You are now in Iraq, so what is your main aim in this visit — what are you trying to accomplish while you are out here?

Jolie: Well, I came to the region about 6 months ago. I first went to Syria because I work with U.N.H.C.R. and there are 1.5 million refugees in Syria alone from Iraq and while I was there, I went inside and met with some internally displaced people. You know, these are the people made homeless because of the war. They are refugees, and this trip is to get a better picture of the internally displaced people and to discuss the situation with the local government, with our government, with the NGOs and with local people, and try to understand what is happening, because there are over 2 million internally displaced people and [1] there doesn't seem to be a real coherent plan to help them and there's lots of good will and lots of discussion, but just a lot of talk at the moment and a lot of pieces need to be put together. So, trying to figure out what they are.

Damon: What kind of a sense have you been able to get so far in terms of how severe the crisis is and what actually needs to be done to help out?

Jolie: Well, in my research before I came here, I looked at the numbers and there are over 4 million people displaced and of the 2 million internally displaced it's estimated that 58 percent are under 12 years old. So it's a very high number of people in a very, very vulnerable situation and a lot of young kids. So far the different officials I've met with and different local people I've met with all have shared concerns and very strongly you know they have spoken out about the humanitarian crisis, but...um... [2] there seems to be a block in. I'm

1. 选[D]。推断题。注意题干 的信息词 main purpose, 听音 时注意访谈中谈及这两个关键 词或其同义词的内容。我们 注意到, 访谈开篇 Damon 就 问 Angelina 此行的主要目的 是什么(You are now in Irag. so what is your main aim in this visit - what are you trying to accomplish while you are out here?)。需要注意的是,这 里 Damon 问的是 main aim, 与 main purpose 是一个意思, 所以焦点集中在朱莉的回答 上,回答 Damon 的问题时, Angelina 说目前缺少一个真正 清晰的计划,有的仅仅是一 些讨论 (there doesn't seem to be a real coherent plan to help them and there's lots of good will and lots of discussion, but just a lot of talk at the moment and a lot of pieces need to be put together. So, trying to figure out what they are),所 以此行要尝试制定出计划,故 [D] 为答案。

2. 选 [D]。推断题。注意题干的信息词 Angelina,再结合四个选项可以看出考查的是Angelina 对于某问题的看法与意见,听音时注意访谈中涉及

not good at policy and fixing all this and saying what's wrong, but I do know that for example U.N.H.C.R. needs to be more active inside Iraq.

Damon: How do you think U.N.H.C.R. should be doing?

Jolie: Well, I don't have the answers. But I know that this is one thing that needs to be addressed and solved because [2] there does need to be a real presence here to help count the people and register the people.

Damon: Do you think that the global community has a responsibility to address that?

Jolie: Well, I think the global community always has a responsibility to any humanitarian crisis. And I think it's in our best interest to address a humanitarian crisis on this scale because displacement can lead to a lot of instability and aggression. We certainly don't want that. A lot of people feel it's a little calmer now. This is the time to really discuss and... and try to get these communities back together. But if these communities don't start coming back together properly if we don't start really counting the people, understanding where they are, what they need, making sure the schools are being built, making sure the electricity, the water and all these needs are being met and also understanding that a lot of the people that will return are going to come back to houses that are occupied or destroyed and bombed out. [3] It's going to be a big operation to understand the needs, to address it to help people put the pieces of their life back together and return to their communities. So it's really just getting the plan together, getting the group together and everybody actively focused on helping the refugees.

Damon: What would be the message that you would want to carry out of here back home or even the message that you would want to get out internationally in terms of what's happening here, the refugee crisis, the consequences that could happen in the future if it's not properly addressed?

Jolie: I always hate speculation on the news, so I don't want to be somebody who speculates. Um, but I think it's clear that a displaced unstable population is what happens in Iraq, and how Iraq settles in the years to come is going to affect the entire Middle East. [4] And a big part of what is going to affect how it settles is how these people are returned and settled into their homes, into their community

的这方面的内容。Angelina 提 到了大家都很关注难民问题, 但是缺乏行动(there seems to be a block in), 同时提到 联合国难民署应采取更加积极 的行动 (U.N.H.C.R. needs to be more active inside Iraq), 继而提到联合国难民署在当地 没有真正真实地介入 (there does need to be a real presence here),由此可见 Angelina 对 于缺乏真正的行动颇为忧虑。 Angelina 并没有反对官员们的 看法,他们与她同样关注难民 问题, 只是 Angelina 认为他 们没有采取切实有效的行动, 故不选[A]; Angelina 提到了 儿童难民的问题,确实很严重, 但并未提及要给予优先考虑, 故不选[B]; Angelina 提到了 对难民问题应制订计划, 但并 未说要立即制定政策, 故不选 [C]; 故 [D] 为答案。

3. 选 [A]。细节题。注意题干 的信息词 global community, 再结合四个选项可以看出考 查的是国际社会应采取的行 动, 听音时注意访谈中涉及的 这方面的内容。Angelina 提到 国际社会应该理解难民的需 求,妥善解决,帮助难民重 返家园, 群策群力, 帮助难 民(to understand the needs, to address it to help people... return to their communities... getting the plan together, getting the group together and everybody actively focused on helping the refugees), 由此 可见[A] 选项提及的国际社会 应采用立即有效的行动来帮助 难民最符合 Angelina 对于国 际社会的预期,[B]、[C]、[D] 均为 Angelina 提到的国际社 会应采取的具体的措施, 不具 概括性,故[A]为答案。

4. 选 [C]。细节题。注意题干的信息词 key issue, solving the refugee problem, 再结合四个选项可以看出考查的是解决难民问题的关键点,听音时注意访谈中涉及的这方面的内

and brought back together and whether they can live together and what their communities look like, so it does have broad implications.

Damon: On a personal level why is this so important to you? You are willing to come here and risk your life.

Jolie: Uh, it was a very easy choice to make. [5] I felt I had to come here because it is very difficult to get answers about especially the internally displaced people. It's as I said even U.N.H.C.R. who I traditionally work with — they are not able to be inside at the moment and so I was very frustrated and just getting a bunch of ideas and papers [5] but not knowing what's really going on, so today I'm able to talk to all different people from our government and their government and [5] really get some answers as to what is holding up the processes to really assist these people properly.

Damon: Do you think that you in your position can try to push this process forward but... pressure perhaps on our government?

Jolie: To put pressure on our government?

Damon: Yes, or to try to just put pressure in general create awareness?

Jolie: I certainly think creating awareness. I spoke to the officials from our government today about meeting our goal, and they still intend to reach that goal. You know, there are many different people who can be cynical or say well how are they going to do it, and I will ask them how are you going to do it and is there some way we can help to... you know.

Damon: OK, thank you Angelina for talking to us. Jolie: Pleasure.

容。Angelina 提到伊拉克如何解决难民问题将影响整个中东地区的局势,而影响其解决难民问题的一个关键点(abig part)在于难民的重返家园、重新定居下来,重返正常生活(how these people are returned and settled into their homes, into their community and brought back together and whether they can live together and what their communities look like),故[C]为答案。

5. 选[A]。推断题。注意题 干的信息词 trip to Iraq, significant,再结合四个选项 可以看出考查的是 Angelina 认为自己伊拉克之行很有意义 的原因,听音时注意访谈中涉 及的这方面的内容。Angelina 提到她觉得必须来伊拉克是因 为这样可以弄清伊拉克难民的 真实情况,避免"纸上得来终 觉浅",弄清解决难民问题的 最终症结到底在哪儿(to get answers about especially the internally displaced people... knowing what's really going on... what is holding up the processes to really assist these people properly),由此可见, Angelina 伊拉克之行之所以重 要,在于她可以亲临其境,设 身处地感受难民的需求, 并将 信息传递给大家,让更多的人 了解症结的所在, 以便更好的 解决问题,故[A]为答案。

Section C News Broadcast

News Item 1

【听前预测】选项中三次提到 Wind Jet,还提到 flights, Airport, flight destinations 等,可推测新闻与<u>航空或飞机</u>有关,Wind Jet 可能是个<u>飞机或航</u>班的名称。

【听力原文】

[答案解析]

An Italian cash-strapped budget airline Wind Jet has [6] suspended all its flights, leaving hundreds of

6. 选 [B]。新闻第一句就交代, 一家资金流转不灵的航空公司 passengers stranded. [6] At Rome Airport some 200 Israeli nationals, who had been due to fly to Tel Aviv, [6] spent the night at the terminal. [6] Another five flights to destinations across Italy were cancelled as well. Further chaos is expected as some 300,000 passengers across Italy have booked tickets with Wind Jet in coming weeks. Alitalia — Italy's national airline — says it will help Wind Jet passengers to find alternative flights, but only on payment of supplements.

暂停了其所有航班, 第二句明 确提到航班滞留罗马机场, 第 三句提到还有五架飞机同样取 消了飞行,故[B]是新闻的大 意,新闻最后一句提及 Alitalia 愿意帮助 Wind Jet 的乘客安排 其他飞机,但需要支付额外费 用,所以该公司并不是真的想 要帮助 Wind Jet 渡过困境, 而 是利益使然,同时这点也不是 新闻主要想表达的, 故排除 [A]; Wind Jet 缺乏现金流导致的主 要问题就是飞机停飞, 此外新 闻的焦点在于飞机停飞, 财务 问题只是作为飞机停飞的原因 提及的,不是重点所在,故排 除[C]; [D] 选项新闻未明确提 及,故排除。故[B]为答案。

News Item 2

【听前预测】由第 7 题题干可知,新闻涉及<u>在肯尼亚的科学发现</u>,选项提到了 humans,fossils,skull,tooth 等,可知该发现是与<u>考古</u>有关的。由第 8 题可知新闻还会提到该发现的<u>意义</u>。

【听力原文】

Researchers studying fossils from northern Kenya

have identified a new species of human that lived 2 million years ago. The discovery suggests that at least three distinct species of humans co-existed in Africa. The research has been published in the journal Nature. [7] Anthropologists have discovered three human fossils that are between 1,78 and 1,95 million years old. The specimens are of a face and two jawbones with teeth. [8] The discoveries back the view that a skull found in 1972 is of a separate species of human, known as Homo Rudolfensis. The skull was markedly different to any others from that time. It had a relatively large brain and long flat face. But for 40 years the skull was the only example of the creature and so it was impossible to say for sure whether the individual was an unusual specimen or a member of a new species. [8] With the discovery of the three new fossils researchers can say with more certainty that Homo Rudolfensis really was a

[答案解析]

7. 选[B]。细节辨认题。新闻 第一句就交代, 化石研究者在 肯尼亚北部发现了一个新人 种,这个发现表明非洲至少同 时存在三个人种,继而提到人 类学家发现了三具人类化石, 由此可见[B] 是正确选项。科 学家发现的是一个新人种,而 非三个,新闻中提到的三个是 由于发现了一个新人种,这可 以表明非洲存在三个人种共存 的现象, 而其中另外两个人种 是早已发现的, 所以排除 [A]; [C]、[D]的内容新闻中确实提 到了, 但不是研究者的发现, 只是干扰项,可以排除。故[B]

8. 选 [D]。综合判断题。新闻提到这一发现可以支持 1972 年 发现的人类头盖骨是一个叫做 Homo Rudolfensis 的单独人种 (The discoveries back the view that a skull found in 1972 is of a separate type of human that existed around two million years ago alongside other species of humans.

separate species of human)的 观点,继而提到新发现的这 三具化石可以更加确定 Homo Rudolfensis 确实是一个新人种 (With the discovery of the three new fossils researchers can say with more certainty that Homo Rudolfensis really was a separate type of human),故[D] 为答案。

News Item 3

【 听前预测】由第 9 题题干可知,新闻可能涉及<u>遮盖海报</u>的原因,由第 10 题题干可知,新闻可能涉及苏格兰国家美术馆,综合两题可知新闻可能与<u>艺术</u> 方面的海报被遮盖事件相关。

【听力原文】

Piccaso's Nude Woman in a Red Armchair was covered up at the Edinburgh Airport. The airport has reversed its decision to cover up a poster featuring a Piccaso nude following complaints. The poster was advertising the Picasso and Modern British Art Exhibition at the Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art. [9] However, the airport decided to cover the image after several complaints from passengers in international arrivals. After gallery chiefs branded the move "bizarre", the airport has backed down and removed the cover. John Leighton, directorgeneral of the National Galleries of Scotland, said: " [10] It is obviously bizarre that all kinds of images of women in various states of dress and undress can be used in contemporary advertising without comment, but somehow a painted nude by one of the world's most famous artists is found to be disturbing and has to be removed. I hope that the public will come and see the real thing, which is a joyous and affectionate portrait of one of Picasso's favorite models, an image that has been shown around the world," An Edinburgh Airport spokesperson said: "We have now reviewed our original decision and reinstated the image. And we are more than happy to display the image in the terminal and we'd like to apologize, particularly to the exhibition organizers, for the confusion."

[答案解析]

9. 选[A]。细节辨认题。新闻第一句就交代,英国爱丁堡机场出现《红座椅上的裸女》(Nude Woman in a Red Armchair)这幅毕加索名画的海报。但是,一些国际旅客下飞机后看到"裸女"画面颜砾不悦,向机场管理当局投诉,之后机场决定把海报遮住,故[A]为答案。

10. 选[C]。综合推断题。新闻 交代机场遮挡裸女的行为招 致苏格兰国家美术馆馆失批 评,称此事显然非常匪夷所思 (obviously bizarre),所系的 象的女性,无论是守着衣服的 永是裸体的,不会有人有不服的 优广告当中,不会有人有任间 质疑,而现在毕加索的容量,由 报在机场竟然遭到了他非常惊 讶,意想不到,故[C] 为答案。



最新具趣
最新真题
答疑解惑5
第一周 听力讲座
星期1 4 大材料特征
今日讲堂
一、题材趋向于英语专业知识课程2
二、"总—分—总"的语篇模式
三、运用提示语
四、运用解释、重复、举例、离题信息
今日练习
Mini-Lecture 1
Mini-Lecture 2
答疑解惑
题里淘金
星期2 3 大设题特点
今日讲堂 20
一、提纲式命题 20
二、考点以名词为主 21
三、考查两大能力 21
今日练习
Mini-Lecture 1
Mini-Lecture 2
答疑解惑 25
题里淘金