张道真英语丛书·Zhang Davzhen English

张道真 副主编



英语语法大全

Study Book For A Comprehensive English Grammar

练习册

学习点拨 题型多样 练习配套 解析精准

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张道真英语丛书 ZHANG DAOZHEN ENGLISH SERIES

英语语法大全练习册

SELF-STUDY BOOK FOR A COMPREHENSIVE ENGLISH GRAMMAR

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前言

英语语法是中国学生学习英语的必修课程和内容。张道真教授编写的《英语语法大全》是一部内容丰富、体例全新,并且十分适合中国英语学习者的英语语法辅导书。为了方便学习者巩固和掌握所学语法内容,我们又特意邀请张道真教授编写了这本配套拓展练习册。本练习册按照《英语语法大全》体例编写,以考查和巩固所学知识点为宗旨,内容全新、深浅结合,适合广大中高级英语学习者使用。

本练习册题目科学、标准、新颖,通过使用本书,不仅能有效 检验学习者的学习成果,还能大大提高学生习者的综合应用和 实战能力。

书内每节练习前首先是"学习点拨"栏目,旨在概括归纳该节的重难点,一语中的地点出学习者需掌握的关键点。

本练习册考查的练习形式有填空、单项选择、改错、改写句子、翻译等。

填空——结合每节语法重难点,使学习者巩固对该知识点的掌握,同时加强对该知识点的理解和正确运用。

单项选择——通过该训练,学习者能有效区分与该知识点相关的各种易混淆问题。每个小节中的最后 3~5 题基本都引自大学英语四、六级考试真题,力求通过科学标准的试题来有效检验学习效果。

改错——针对该知识点中大多学习者易出错的地方设题,通过纠错,加强学习者对该知识点的深刻把握。

改写句子——通过题型互换练习,帮助学习者熟练使用多样句型。

翻译——共有英译汉、汉译英两种形式,旨在提升学生习者 英汉表达的写作水平。



本练习册解析一针见血,言简意赅,更有效地帮助学习者复习巩固题目所考查的语法知识点。

《英语语法大全练习册》不仅可以作为自学者检测学习的良好工具,也可成为中学、大学英语老师理想的备课参考。本练习册中的文字及内容多具有时代气息,许多题目反映现代生活,使学习者感到亲切实用。同时本练习册还选用了许多名言、成语以及谚语作为考查题目,学习者在检测学习效果的同时,可以对这些优美语句进行欣赏和掌握。编者还把西方文化结合到练习题目中,使学习者能轻松了解西方习俗文化等,获益匪浅。

限于时间紧,疏漏错误在所难免,欢迎同行和学习者批评指正。



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第1章 动词类

1.1 时态



1.1.1 一般现在时

学习点拨。—般现在时是英语时态中最为常见的时态之一。学习一般现在时的用法时要注意句中谓语动词是否表示习惯性或反复发生的动作。有些表示言行并进、瞬间即逝的动作,如实况解说、操作演示以及在时间、条件状语从句中也用一般现在时表示将来时的含义。
I.用所给词的适当形式填空
1. She usually (get) up at six o'clock in the morning in order to catch a bus.
2. The boy (go) to school on foot every day.
3. Light (travel) much faster than sound.
4. I will walk you home, just to make sure no one (bother) you.
5. One swallow (do) not make a summer.
6. The teacher told her students in the class that the Changjiang River
(be) the longest river in China.
7. The moment I (arrive) there tomorrow morning I will call you.
8. The next train (leave) the station at 12 o'clock.
9. If you (follow) my instructions, you will pass the final examina-
tion.
10. Long ago, people didn't know the earth $____$ (move) round the sun.
11. The cancer patient (receive) therapy every day at the cancer insti-

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tute. 12. You will have to obey the orders of your superiors in rank, whether you (want) or not. 13. One thousand miles _____ (be) not a long distance now. 14. God (help) those who help themselves. 15. The People's Great Hall _____ (house) an audience of more than ten thousand. Ⅱ. 单项选择 16. Whatever _____, you should keep cool-headed. A. is happening B. happens C. has happened D. is happened 17. The earlier you _____, the earlier you will be there. A. leave B. will leave C. is leaving D. is leaved 18. Pride before a fall. A. is going B. has gone C. goes D. had gone Volcanoes as active, dormant, or extinct. A. described B. are described C. being described D. which are described Tennis balls best in summer. A. are sold B. will be sold out C. sell D. sold away 21. Tell me immediately you _____ any news. A. will have B. have C. had D. had had 22. — I thought Peter's school had already closed for the summer. — No, I think it at the end of May.

	A. to close	B.	closes
	C. closing	D.	to be closed
23.	— Will the cottage be cold?		
	— Yes, make sure the hear	ter.	
	A. you light	В.	lighting
	C. you'll light	D.	for lighting
24.	She won't forgive anyone who		flowers in her garden.
	A. steals	B.	stealing
	C. is stealing	D.	stole
25.	Darwin that natural selection	n is	the chief factor in the development
	of species.		
	A. was saying	В.	says
	C. had said	D.	is said
26.	You the work before ten o'c	cloc	k tomorrow, or you are not allowed
	to go to the party.		
	A. will finish	B.	finished
	C. finish	D.	is finished
27.	I never up late in the night		
	A. am sitting	В.	sit
	C. have sat	D.	had sat
28.	One third of the population in the roo	m	workers.
	A. is B. are	C.	was D. were
29.	Her mother as a teacher.		
	A. work	В.	is working
	C. was working		works
30.	Opportunity at the door, b	ut c	nly once.
	A. is knocking	В.	will knock
	C. has knocked		knocks
31.	You the first turning ahead	, th	en a bridge and you can
	find the library.		

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	A. take, cross	B. will take, will cross
	C. are taking, are crossing	D. take, will cross
32.	The next time you, he will	be a grown-up.
	A. will come	B. come
	C. are coming	D. should come
33.	Nietzsche the doctrine of W	Vill to Power.
	A. advocated	B. advocates
	C. has advocated	D. was advocating
34.	The meeting at 2:00 on the	e afternoon of Sunday this weekend.
	A. begins	B. is beginning
	C. is going to begin	D. has begun
35.	David constantly his office	early, which has annoyed his boss.
	A. is leaving	B. left
	C. leaves	D. has left
Ⅲ.	指出并改正错误	
36.	In case I will forget, please remind n	ne about it.
37.	It is an accepted custom in our countr	y for men to remove their hats when a
	woman entered the room.	
38.	A desert area that has been without w	ater for six years will still bloom when
	rain will come.	
39.	John is talking about his plan. It is se	ounding exciting.
40.	Water will boil at 100℃.	
41.	A notice warned the people not to sw	im there.
42.	A stitch in time will save nine.	
43.	The hotel overlooked the beach with	distant blue sea.
44.	Confucius was famous for his philoso	phy.
45.	You will take the first turning ahead	, then cross a bridge and you will see
	the city library.	
IV.	翻译	
46.	在你离开之前,务必把办公室里所	有的灯都关了。

- 47. 代表团什么时候动身去中国?
- 48. 由于引力的作用,任何下落的东西都落向地球的中心。
- 49. 她住在山脚下的一栋别墅里。
- 50. 一鸟在手胜似二鸟在林。
- 51. 除非下雨,否则下个星期我会工作整个一星期。
- 52. 雪莱说: "冬天到了,春天还会远吗?"
- 53. 美国总统同英国首相举行会谈。(新闻标题)
- 54. 现在我宣布会议开始。
- 55. 要是他不走, 你就得走!



英语语法大全练习册

C. have always watched

1.1.2 现在进行时

学习点拨)学习现在进行时要注意动词是否表示正在发生的动作
或是转瞬即逝的动作。在口语中使用此时态表示计划,使语气更加委婉。
同时该时态也可以用来表达一定的感情色彩或强调动作的重要性。
I.用所给词的适当形式填空
. He (write) a letter at present.
2. Look! Many birds (fly) in the sky.
3. It's eight o'clock. The students (have) an English class.
1. My sister (miss) our dad dreadfully.
5. The sun (rise) now.
6. He (come) here next week.
7. The dog (lie) under the table.
3. I constantly (be) asked to make speeches.
9. The leaves (move) in the wind and rain.
10. My little brother is always good while my mother (look
after) him.
11. I know they (see) the sights of New York now.
12. I am thinking you might (lie).
13. We are studying hard while he (play) games.
14. He who ill-treats his parents (do) an irresponsible thing.
15. The books (sell) good in this bookshop.
Ⅱ. 单项选择
16. You television. Why not do something more active now?
A. always watch B. are always watching

D. have always been watching

17.	It Why don't you take y	our umbrella?
	A. rains	B. has been raining
	C. is raining	D. has rained
18.	John his assignment right	now.
	A. is doing	B. did
	C. has done	D. has been doing
19.	Listen! Someone at the d	oor.
	A. was knocking	B. knocked
	C. is knocking	D. has been knocking
20.	My dictionary, I have loo	ked for it everywhere but still
	it.	
	A. has lost, don't find	B. is missing, don't find
	C. has lost, haven't found	D. is missing, haven't found
21.	Mr. Green another novel	recently.
	A. writes	B. wrote
	C. is writing	D. has written
22.	These days, we can find the leaves	red.
	A. are turning	B. will turn
	C. turn	D. turned
23.	- Oh, dear. I forgot the air tickets	S.
	— You something.	
	A. have left	B. are always leaving
	C. are leaving	D. always left
24.	I can guess you were in a hurry. Ye	ou your sweater inside out.
	A. had worn	B. will wear
	C. were wearing	D. are wearing
25.	The traffic in our city is already good	od and it even better.
	A. had got	B. got
	C. has got	D. is getting
26.	You don't believe it? You know I $_$	the truth.

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	A. tell	В.	told
	C. am telling	D.	had told
27.	I you'll give us some adv	ice.	
	A. hoped	В.	have hoped
	C. will hope	D.	am hoping
28.	The weather better and be	etter	
	A. is getting	B.	gets
	C. got	D.	had got
29.	We are so lucky, because he		in a chemical factory these days.
	A. works	B.	worked
	C. is working	D.	had worked
30.	Ever since Picasso's painting went of	n e	xhibit, there large crowds
	at the museum every day.		
	A. is	B.	has been
	C. have been	D.	are being
31.	By the end of this month, we surely	/	a satisfactory solution to the
	problem. (CET 4, 1993)		
	A. have found	B.	will be finding
	C. will have found	D.	are finding
32.	The grey building is where the work	ers	live, and the white one is where the
	spare parts (CET 4, 199	95)	
	A. are producing	B.	are produced
	C. produced	D.	being produced
33.	As a public relations officer, he is s	aid	some very influential peo-
	ple. (CET 4, 2001)		
	A. to have been knowing	B.	to be knowing
	C. to have known	D.	to know
34.	Investigators agreed that passengers	on t	he airliner at the very mo-
	ment of the crash. (CET 4, 2002) $$		
	A. should have died	B.	must be dying

D. ought to die

Ⅲ. 指出并改正错误

- 35. This building is belonging to us now.
- 36. The children jump merrily.
- 37. We are leaveing on Friday.
- 38. Take care when you walk to the library.
- 39. I don't know what Jeanie will do at this time tomorrow.
- 40. He is hearing the music.
- 41. What he said will be remaining important to us.
- 42. I am looking at the sky, and I am seeing a strange star.
- 43. The train is stoping.
- 44. I used to drink a lot of tea but these days I am preferring coffee.

IV. 翻译

- 45. 他现在居住在上海。
- 46. 简一直在研究法律而她妹妹在研究物理。
- 47. 他总爱找我的茬。
- 48. 如果你正好在那个拐角,我可以让你搭个便车。
- 49. 我不知道你在说些什么。
- 50. 我想知道能否和你说句话。
- 51. 他就喜欢用特殊的笔写字,这样才能显得与众不同。
- 52. 乔治这个星期每天五点起床为考试做准备。
- 53. 他们计划明天给将军举行盛大的军事葬礼。



1.1.3 现在完成时

《知点拨》现在完成时是英语动词完成体的一种。该时态表示过去已完成动作对现在所产生或本应该产生的影响及结果。当其与情态动词联合使用时,表达一个过去的动作,或一个猜想已发生的动作。当其与不同的时间状语搭配时表示动作发生的次数或持续状态。在时间、条件及让步状语从句中现在完成时可代替将来完成时。该语态中,have 被 be 代替时表示一种状态。

1. 用所给词的适当形式填空					
1. I (read) five novels this month.					
2. He (go) to Japan; he is not here.					
3. I (live) here for ten years.					
4. You must (think) about that.					
5. I will help you as soon as I (finish) my homework.					
6. That is the first time he (feel) relaxed for months.					
7. It is one of the most wonderful films I (see).					
8. There (be) too much rain in San Francisco this year.					
9. We (have) four texts this semester.					
10. I (be) in the army for more than 5 years.					
11. I (get) beer and wine in my kitchen.					
12. Mary (be ill) for three days.					
13. George (meet) that gentleman on several occasions.					
14. I (use) this pen three times. It is still good.					
15. He just (return) from his travel.					
Ⅱ. 单项选择					
16. The weather fine for many days this month.					
A. is B. has been					
C. had been D. was					

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