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尖子生培优教材

美

七年级(全一册

《尖子生培优教材》编写组 编

JIANZISHENG PETYOU JIAOC ZHUANXIANG JIXUN



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尖子生培 位数材 专项集训

英语

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如有质量问题,请与印刷厂联系调换 发行网址: www.xnfbook.com 我们发现,有不少学生投入了大量的学习精力,习题做了无数,但实际学习效果并不理想,久而久之甚至出现了对学习厌烦、排斥的心理现象。纠其原因,就是没有掌握恰当的学习方法,没有找到解决问题的规律,自然也就感受不到学习的乐趣。对此,我们组织了长期在课堂教学和竞赛辅导一线工作的教师编写了《尖子生培优教材》系列丛书。编者有着丰富的实践经验,他们精心编著这套书的目的就是为了让学生既能少花时间,又能从每天的学习中找到捷径、方法和窍门,从而提高思维能力,激活学习潜能,激发对学习的兴趣,真正做到"轻负高效",成为学习成绩名列前茅的尖子生。

《尖子生培优教材》和《尖子生培优教材测试》自出版后,好评如云。编写组汲取了师生、家长的反馈意见后,为了满足和配合尖子生初中阶段总复习的需求,编写组再次精心策划和组织编写了《尖子生培优教材专项集训》系列丛书,分语文、数学、英语、科学4册,可作为初中综合总复习用。其中英语又细分为七、八年级,全系列共6册。"专项集训"系列在《尖子生培优教材》和《尖子生培优教材测试》两个系列基础上,经过深度提炼,难度、强度更高于前两个系列。体现在:

以总复习为基干,专项知识点为主线,贯穿初中年段全程总复习。以此 进一步帮助学生系统梳理各学科知识点,巩固初中阶段的专项知识。

以专项训练为枝干,通过高难度、高强度训练,提升学生的各项能力, 冲击高分。

本书名为"尖子生",但也不拘泥于"尖子生"使用。学习基础一般的学生,只要树立刻苦学习的决心,通过本书的学习,也一定会成为"尖子生"。我们相信,完成本书的训练,能使学生身上的各种智力的、非智力的潜能充分发挥出来,使他们的思维水平表现得更高,思维活动来得更快,学习意志、学习能力表现得更强。同时也希望教师、家长或学生使用后给我们提出宝贵意见,以便改进。

英语导读

解题策略

●引导解题思路

等列以书, 身语文、故学、英语

中英语又割分为七、八年级。全

是我们就是我们的"我们"。 第1888年,我们就是我们的"我们"。

评析中考点

- 考点题型精析
 - ●掌握正确方法

●同步跟踪练习

专项集训

• 提升能力超强训练

●挑战难度冲击高分

7.及并由来,12.他们的起途水平,在水污之间。25.其前初来好更改。平对起26.。 为习能力表现得更强。同时也希望教师、家长或学生使用后给我们提出宝贵 处证。12.666分准。

亲爱的同学们:

我们又见面啦! 谢谢你们一直以来对我们的热心支持!

为了增进我们之间的相互了解和交流,以便我们今后出版的图书能够更有效地满足你的需求,请抽出 宝贵时间填写这份读者反馈表,只要填满全部有效信息并寄给我们,你将有可能成为最幸运的读者,精美 的学习小礼品等着你来拿哦。数量有限,赶快行动,加入我们的活动,让我们的思想在交流中碰撞!

邮寄地址:浙江省杭州市文三路 569 号康新花园 A座 501 室浙江新南方图书有限公司

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读者反馈表

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8.	本书试题的答	F 案解析详细吗	,					
	□详细	□一般	□不详细					
9.	本书设置最好	F的栏目是:_						
10.	本书设置最	差的栏目是:_						
11.	本书存在的	错处有:						
12.	12. 您知道"学习加油站"丛书标识 學习加油區區等 代表什么具体含义吗?							

13. 您认为一本好的教辅书应该是什么样的?本书作哪些地方的调整会对您的学习提供更有益的帮助?

14. 请列举您及您同学最喜欢、最常用的教辅书的名字。并说说理由。

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第1专项 单项选择

解题策略

单项选择是英语试题中传统的考查形式,具有较大的覆盖面,对于语言项目的考查有很大的针对性。它是依据英语新课标所要求的名词、冠词、代词、连词、形容词、副词、数词、介词、疑问词、动词词组、动词时态、被动语态、情态动词、非谓语动词、宾语从句、状语从句、定语从句、祈使句、感叹句、反意疑问句、主谓一致、日常交际等英语基本知识和能力来设计的。要做好单项选择题,考生不但要有较扎实的基础知识,还应该了解一些解题技巧,提高解题的综合能力。

解答单项选择题,一般要经过四个阶段:阅读审题——观察分析——选择判断——复查验证。

- 1. 阅读审题:首先要默读试题中的英语句子,了解空格在句中所处的位置,初步确定一个答案的范围;再结合备选答案就会大致明白考查什么。
- 2. 观察分析;这是一个快速而又严密的思维过程。要求将试题中所提供的条件和备选答案的情况结合起来去分析、推理、排除那些明显不符合试题,甚至本身就有错的备选项目,再在剩余的选项中比较分析。
- 3. 选择判断:在分析句子和备选答案的基础上,经过反复验证,选出一个使句子语法正确、语意通顺,符合逻辑道理的答案。
- 4. 复查验证:将所选答案放在句中空格处再默读全句。首先看是否顺口,再在读法、意思和逻辑关系上推 敲一下,完全符合条件则可放心。

在解题过程中,考生可从下面五个方面去找答题的方法与思路。

- 1. 从语法的角度去找答案。
- 2. 从词汇、词组、短语方面去找答案。
- 3. 从英语习惯用法、固定搭配、句型方面去找答案。
- 4. 从交际用语方面去找答案。
- 5. 从日常生活知识和社会热点去找答案。

事实上大多数考生在许多情况下靠语感选择答案。所谓语感就是平时知识的积累,是技巧的熟练,是综合分析能力的运用。只要考生抓住考点重点认真练习,就一定能顺利通过单项选择这一基础关。

评析中考点

考点1 — Is this your pen? — It's her pen.

A. No, it is.

B. No. it isn't.

C. It is a pen.

D. Yes, it isn't.

※思路点拨※

此题选 B。本题是一般疑问句,其回答用 yes 或 no,代词用 it。选项 A 与 D 前后不一致,选项 C 没有根据题意作答。故选 B。

※考点点评※

此类题常出现在单项选择中,考查一般疑问句的回答常要用 yes 或 no,有时根据语气的不同,yes 可由 sure, certainly, of course 等代替, no 可由 sorry 代替,还有的要根据情景灵活作答。选项中常出现前后不一致的答案,较容易排除。如果出现否定形式的一般疑问句,考生只要根据是否符合题意提供的实际情景,符合的用 yes 作答,不符合的用 no 作答,但一定要注意前后一致,这样才能作出正确的选择,答对此类题。

※跟踪练习(一)※

)1. — Can you speak English? — Yes,



	A. I do	B. you can	C. a little	D. I am	
()2. — Isn't this a math	n book? — It's	a Chinese book.		
	A. Yes, this is	B. No, it is	C. Yes, it is	D. No, it isn't	
()3 your sist	er basketball?			
		B. Can; plays	C. Is; play	D. Can; play	
()4. — Can I have a lo	ok at your book? —			
	A. Very good.	B. Don't look.	C. OK. Here you are.	D. Sorry, we can't.	
()5. — Does Tom	an eraser?			
	— No. He	have one.			
	A. have; don't	B. have; doesn't	C. has; don't	D. has; doesn't	
考	点 2 — Would you like s	something to drink? —	, please.		
	A. Tea	B. Fruit	C. Bread	D. Meat	
*	思路点拨※			the state of the state of	
	此题选 A。此题考查名	词的用法。这4个词都属于	F食物,但根据题意,只有I	ea 能与 something to drink	搭
配,	其余3个都应与 somethin	ng to eat 搭配。故选 A。			
*	考点点评※				
		用法,在单项选择中出现的	频率较高。名词分为可数》	名词与不可数名词,不可数	名
词	没有单复数形式,常用 mu	ch, (a) little, a lot of 等修仓	布;可数名词有单复数形式	,复数常用 many, (a) few	, a
lot	of 等修饰,尤其应注意名	词复数的规则与不规则变化	。考生在答题时还要根据	上下文进行推测,才能答对	此
	题。				
*	跟踪练习(二)※				
(teachers enjoyed themselves o	on March 8th, because it was	s their own holiday.	
,	A. man	B. men			
()2. — What's your fav				
,	A. Meat	B. Milk	C. Pear	D. Sugar	
(some? — No,	thank you. I'm not hungry a		
	A. tea	B. water	C. bread	D. coffee	
()4. Can you see nine	in the picture?			
`			C. pig	D. horse	
()5. Henry runs fast. H	le won the 8,000-1		APP Continues	
,	A. boys'	B. boys	C. boy	D. boy's	
考	点 3 — Who can help	with my English?		4.47	
		He does well in English.			
	A. him	B. me	C. he	D. I	
*	思路点拨※				
		合题意, D 项是主格, 作主记	吾,不能用在动词后,动词后	应该用宾格。故选 B。	
*	考点点评※				
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	用法。代词具体涉及到的内	习容有:人称代词(主格,宾	格)、物主代词(形容词性	物
主		省示代词、反身代词、不定代			
		这较小的考点,认真学习代		and a terror of an and the last set that) = 1 (=
	跟踪练习(三)※				
)1. — Mom, I want to	ask grandpa a question.			
		is reading a newspaper upsta	irs.		
	A. He	B. Him	C. His	D. Himself	
(arking in our neighborhood.		and the second second	
*	A. what	B. who	C. whose	D. whom	

				487		
()3.	My bike is broken. May	I borrow?			
		A. you	B. yourself	C. yours	D.	your
()4.	Money is important in my	life. But it isn't	to me.		
				C. nothing	D.	anything
()5.	— Frank can't find	dictionary. Can you	lend to	?	
		— Certainly.				
		A. her; mine; her	B. /; yours; his	C. my; yours; he	D.	his; yours; him
考点	5 4	Our new boss is very stric				
		A. with; at	B. in; with	C. with; in	D.	at; with
※見	1. 路点	₹拨※				
-	此题	选C。此题考察介词的用	用法。词组 be strict with	sb. in sth. 是固定搭配,意	为"	在某方面对某人严格"。
A ,E		月与题意不符。故选 C。				
※ ₹	考点点	评※				
		题考察的是介词的用法,	主要考查介词表方位、	表时间及常见介词短语	与固	定搭配等。介词内涵丰
富,		灵活,使用广泛,这就要求				
		※(四) 医				
(The broom is	the door. He can't find it.			
			B. in	C. on	D.	at
()2.	My home isn't far	my school, so I usual	lly walk to school.		
			B. on	C. at	D.	from
()3.	— Don't be late	class again, OK? -	- Sorry, I won't.		
		A. for	B. in	C. by	D.	to
()4.	Some journalists went to	Germany to work for the	World Cup June	2nd	•1
		A. on	B. in	C. at		with
()5.	Mary has a house	a small garden. She	likes it very much.		
		A. from	B. with	C. for	D.	of
974	₽TA	生训				
	· · ·	X 711 1				
× 4	t-h+∈	3 1 1.%				
※ 月	EJJM	計 ※				
			7-1			
			(-)			
()1.	That's interest	ing work.			
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D.	/
()2.	— — I'm а	reporter.			
		A. What do you do?	B. Who are you?	C. What are you?	D.	Both A and C.
()3.	— does your f	father work?	*		
		— In a hospital.				
		A. What	B. How	C. Where	D.	Which
()4.	It's to climb th	ne tall tree, be careful.			
		A. danger	B. dangerous	C. busy	D.	difficult
()5.	The woman can speak _	Chinese.			
		A. a little	B. a few	C. lot of	D.	many
()6.	Remember not to speak	when you are in	the reading room.		
		A aloud	B. slowly	C. loud	D	loudly



()7. It's outside. Please put on your sweater		
	A. cold B. hot	C. warm	D. fine
()8. Near here is a beautiful park a big lake		
	A. have B. with	C. has	D. from
()9. The girl enjoys to music very much.		£
· ·		C. to listen	D. listens
() 10. There is with your watch. It doesn't w		
	A. something wrong	B. wrong something	
	C. nothing wrong	D. wrong nothing	
()11. His boss made himfor ten hours a day		
	A. worked B. works	C. work	D. to work
() 12. I would like to have fish for lunch, it		
	A. but B. if	C. when	D. because
()13. — Don't sing in class. —		
	A. Yes, I do B. No, I don't	C. Sorry, Mr Lin	D. Thank you
() 14. — — She is a nurse.	= 100	
	A. Where does your mother do?	B. What does your mot	
2	C. What is your mother doing?	D. Who is your mother	?
() 15. —? — He's fat and of medium		
	A. What does he do	B. How old is he	
	C. What does he look like	D. What is he doing	
	(=)	
()1. What time you home last Fri	iday?	
	A. did; get to B. did; reach		D. are; getting
()2. — Who cooked supper today? — I		, ,
	A. did B. does	C. was	D. is
()3. Do you think everyone enjoys soccer?		
	A. play B. plays	C. playing	D. played
()4. — Did Tom help his parents at home? —		- "
	A. Yes, he does B. No, he wasn't		D. No, he didn't
()5. Did you a movie yesterday evening?		
	A. watched B. see	C. saw	D. looked
()6. Tom watch TV after supper	last night?	
	A. wasn't; on B. didn't; at	C. doesn't; in	D. didn't; /
()7. China the WTO in 2001.		
	A. join B. joins	C. joined	D. joining
()8. —? — He went to the library.		
	A. Where did you go	B. Where did he go	
	C. How was he	D. Did he go to the lib	orary
()9. John didn't go to school he was ill.		
	A. because B. so	C. but	D. because of
()10 in the reading room!		
	A. No talk B. No talking	C. Not talking	D. Not talk
(\11	1	
)11. — do you like about China? — Th	ie people.	

()12. Let me and Tom good friends.	b, 1	9 9
	A. are B. be	C. to be	D. being
()13. It's raining. Please your raincoat	, Tom.	48 11 4 11 4
`	A. take off B. bring	C. put on	D. take
()14. I saw them basketball at 9:00 in		
`	A. playing B. played	C. to play	D. plays
() 15. Do you mind?		FV-
,	A. what does he think of you	B. what do the people	think of you
	C. how they think of you	D. what other people	
	of now may think of you	Di wilat other people	or you
		(三)	
()1. Where did you decide on vacation	?	
	A. going B. to go	C. go	D. went
()2. — You look today, Julia! — !		
,	A. sad B. worried	C. happy	D. tired
()3. My job is interesting, but kind of dangerous.	0.0.1	
(A. a reporter B. a policeman		D. a bank clerk
()4. — It's raining hard. Please wait t		D. a bank cicik
(A. outside B. around	C. behind	D. inside
()5. China is far from United Kingdom		D. mside
(C. /; /	D. the; /
,		G. /;/	D. the; 7
() 6. He often goes to the Palace. A. Childs' B. Childrens'	C Children's	D Childs
,		C. Children's	D. Child's
()7. We don't go out school nights.	С .	D. C.
,	A. on B. in	C. at	D. for
()8. Anna went to the shop a sweater l		D I
,	A. buying B. to buying	C. buy	D. to buy
()9. Don't talk loudly the phone.		
,	A. in B. for	C. on	D. with
() 10. I had to do last weekend.		at the back of the
.5	A. a lot of works B. some works	C. many works	D. a lot of work
()11. Carol went shopping Friday after		
	A. in B. at	C. on	D. to
()12. The old man on the sofa and read	d a book.	
	A. sit B. sat	C. sits	D. sitting
()13. We have two new students name	es are Tom and Jack.	
	A. They B. Them	C. Their	D. Theirs
()14. Mary her summer vacation in She	enzhen last year.	
	A. took B. spent	C. did	D. went
()15. — I like playing tennis? —	I like it, too.	
	A. What do you like about it	B. What about you	
	C. How do you like it	D. Do you like swimm	ning
		(四)	6.4
()1. — What do you think of your English teache	er? —	
	A. He is a good teacher.	B. He is fat.	



	C. He is tell with a round from	D. Ha likaa milk	
,		D. He likes milk.	
(C. Two bonded of	D. One hundred of
,	A. Two hundreds B. Five hundred		D. One hundred of
()3. — Would you like to sing some songs with us? —		
,	A. Of course. B. I'd love to.	C. I'm sorry I can't.	D. It's lun.
()4. — How does the coat look Alice? —		D (-
,	A. on B. to	C. with	D. for
()5. — The clothes are not here, they are		D 1
٠,	A. over there B. white	C. good	D. too long
()6. — Sorry. I don't know Jenny, either (也). — _		
	A. Thank you	B. Thanks a lot	
	C. Thank you all the same	D. No, sorry	Tall 1 4 14 6
()7. — We don't have apples. Would you lik		I'll do it this afternoon.
	A. some; some B. any; some	C. some; any	D. any; any
()8. — Can you ask him the water for me?		
	A. brings B. to carry	C. to ask	D. taking
()9. — Hello! May I speak to Jane, please? — Sorry		
	A. you B. she	C. speaking	D. this
()10. — Don't forget your book here. — Al	ll right.	
	A. take B. to take	C. bring	D. to bring
()11. Lucy is out, so we wait for her.		
	A. have B. have to	C. has	D. has to
() 12. — Are you free tomorrow? — Yes		
	A. What are you? B. What's going?	C. What's up?	D. What's the matter?
()13. — Would you like to fly kites with us this afternoon	on? — I'd like to,	I have no time.
	A. and B. or	C. but	D. so
() 14. — May I Wang Lin? — Sorry. You	have the wrong number.	
	A. tell to B. speak to	C. say to	D. ask
()15. I can't carry the box, it's too		
	A. little B. small	C. long	D. heavy
	(五)		
()1. — do you like the pink dress? — I d		
	A. What B. How about	C. How	D. What about
()2. — What do you want? — orange and	egg.	
	A. A; an B. An; a	C. An; an	D. A; a
()3. Your pants look very nice. I'll buy, too.		
	A. it B. one	C. a pair	D. them
()4. — Can I help you? —		
	A. Six breads, please B. Thank you	C. Two shoes	D. Three cakes
()5. — Let's do some? — OK. I need som	ne books and a coat.	
	A. cooking B. shopping	C. fishing	D. drinking
()6. The woman is very old, but her daughter is very _		
	A. new B. nice	C. favourite	D. young
()7. On his way, he saw a monkey.		
	A. zoo B. to home	C. shopping	D. to school

\0 mm _ 1 1 6			
)8. — What can I do for		a v. iv. i	, ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '.
	-	C. No, thanks.	
)9. — Would you like			
	B. to buy; for		D. to buy; on
) 10. — Let's go and have			E /
A. on	B. at	C. in	D. /
)11. — Could you tell me			
A. about	B. from	C. for	D. with
)12. — Hi! Wang Kang!			
	B. to look	C. to meet	D. wants
) 13. — How about			
A. fly kites	B. going shopping	C. goes to school	D. do some fishing
) 14. — Is the boy a teach	ner or a student? —		
A. Yes, he is.		B. He is a student.	
C. He is a teacher o	r a student.	D. Yes, he is a stude	nt.
)15. — What do we need	? — Well, some apples	s, vegetables and milk	all.
A. This is	B. That's	C. They're	D. It's
	(7	-1	
	(/	\)	
)1. — What's the weather	like today? — It's	·	
A. wind	B. rain	C. a rainy day	D. cloud
)2. There was a	snow last night, and it is	s still snowing n	ow.
A. heavily; heavily	B. heavy; heavy	C. heavy; heavily	D. heavily; heavy
)3. Look! Dave	on the phone.		
A. talks	B. are talking	C. talking	D. is talking
)4. I am Kate.	Do you know where she is	s?	
A. looking after	B. looking at	C. looking up	D. looking for
)5. Our Chinese teacher i	s helping with o	our writing.	
	B. she and we		D. her and me
)6. Mr Li is an Egyptian.	He likes wearing a kind of	of scarf his head	
A. in	B. at	C. over	D. on
)7. The pandas are very s			
A. quiet	B. fun	C. interesting	D. best
)8. Everyone in Class 4		/	
A. watches	B. to watch	C. watching	D. watched
)9. — Let's to		-	De l'indication
A. going; listens		C. go; listen	D. going; sound
) 10. Thanks for		o. go, noten	b. Some, sound
A. do this for me	-*	B. help my friend	
C. making me a nice	, sweater		e at the station
		D. to come to meet m	e at the station
)11. Where To			D
A. do; come		C. does; come	D. are; come
) 12. The person in red		C 1 1 12	D 1-1-3
A. looks	B. look	C. looks like	D. looks at
)13. — Mary 6			5.5
A. Does; reads	B. Can; read	C. Is; reading	D. Does; reading



()14. Are you in Chi	na, Mr Green?		
	A. enjoying living		C. enjoying to live	D. enjoying lives
()15. Here some water	er for the dog.		
	A. have	3. has	C. are	D. is
		(+)		
		(七)		
()1. My brother dum			
	A. like	3. don't like	C. doesn't like	D. likes
()2. Come and work		_ a sale assistant.	
	A. for; or		C. at; for	D. to; on
()3. I don't like hot dogs	hamburgers.		
		3. or	C. with	D. but
()4. — Is Miss Gao tall? —	No, she isn't tall, and s	he isn't short, either. She	is of
		3. medium built	,	D. thin
()5. We are having a math lesso		music.	
		3. to listen	C. listening to	D. for listening
()6. I have to do this			
	A. a lot of works		C. a lot of work	D. some works
()7. Tell the child wi		× 1 . 1	
,	A. not play		C. don't play	D. not playing
()8 I was late,			D D C /
,		B. Because of; so	C. Because; /	D. Because of; /
()9. It was and hot _		C	D
7	A. sun; all day	-		D. sunny; an day
() 10, my bike broke			didn't a lot of
	A. On my way to home; of C. On my way home; did		B. On my way to home;D. On my way home; die	
()11. Tony works tha		D. On my way nome; the	mr; many
(A. more careful		C more carefully	D. much carefully
()12. Jackie Chan is one of		G. more carefully	b. mach caretary
,			C. the best stars	D. the best star
()13. Did you read Romeo and			
3		3. Stephen Hawking	C. William Shakespeare	D. Lu Xun
()14. He had breakfast and			
		3. left for	C. went	D. went for
() 15. The girl is the	sun now.		
	A. lieing in	3. lying under	C. lying in	D. lieing under
		(1))		
		(八)		
()1. Don't shout at him. He's or	nly boy.		
	A. 8-years-old	3. 8 years old	C. a 8-year-old	D. an 8-year-old
()2 the film about Z	han Tianyou?		
	A. What do you think		B. What do you like	
	C. How do you think of		D. What do you think of	
()3. We are going to meet	the airport.		
	A. in	3. on	C. at	D. for

()4. I hope you here on time tomorrow.		
	A. to come B. will come	C. comes	D. come
()5. We went to the village and there.		
	A. went swimming B. go swimming	C. go to swimming	D. went to swimming
()6. I'm in Beijing with my parents		
	A. on a holiday B. on the holiday	C. on my holiday	D. on holiday
()7. —? — He is an engineer.		
	A. How is he B. What is he do	C. What's he job	D. What does he do
()8. A boy Jack answered the question in the	English class this mornin	g.
	A. calls B. calling	C. called	D. to call
()9. We spent two days the novel.		
	A. read B. reading	C. on reading	D. to read
()10. Tomorrow we are going to home.		
	A. fly B. fly to	C. take air	D. by plane to
()11 very interesting on the train.		
	A. That's; to travel B. It's; to travelling	C. It's; to travel	D. It's; travelling
()12. Please me your photo of your family.		
	A. look at B. see	C. watch	D. show
()13. Shakespeare is one of in the world.		
	A. the more famous writers	B. the more famous write	er
	C. the most famous writers	D. the most famous wirte	er
()14. You can see birds in the park.		
	A. two thousands B. thousands of	C. two thousand of	D. thousands
()15. There is going to a class meeting tomor	row.	
	A. be B. has	C. is	D. have
	(+)		
	(九)		
()1. Tom two days ago. It was very beautiful		
	A. write a new song	B. wrote a new song	
	C. writes a new song	D. to write a new song	a like at
()2. They usually bread and milk	breakfast.	
	A. has; for B. eats; for	C. have; for	D. had; for
()3. Where were the twins?		
	A. three days ago B. three days before	C. ago three days	D. before three days
()4. — What did your cousin do just now? — He _	with his brother.	
	A. play computer games	B. played computer gam	es
	C. plays computer games	D. is playing computer g	games
()5. He stayed at home because he has here.		
	A. little friends B. few friends	C. a little friends	D. a few friends
()6. We play football school the a	fternoon Sunday	s.
	A. at; in; on B. in; on; on		D. in; in; on
()7. She often her pen pals and tells them _		
	A. write to; with	B. writes to; about	
	C. write letters; with	D. writes letters; about	
()8. I like to the movies my friend	ls.	
	A. go: with B. going: with		D. to go: and



()9. I know Japanese. I can write	Japanese.	č s
	A. little; in B. a little; in	C. a little; at	D. little; at
() 10. The USA is way of saying America.		
	A. other B. another	C. the other	D. others
()11. —? — He doesn't mind it.		
	A. What does Evan think of the weather	B. What does Evan like	ke about the weather
	C. How is Evan going	D. How does Evan thi	nk the weather is
()12. — Would you like to come to my house for din	nner? — Yes,	_*
	A. I would like B. I'd like to	C. I would to	D. I would
()13. — Old people can't be beautiful! —		
	A. I don't know	B. I'm not beautiful	
	C. I can't stand that idea	D. What a good idea	
()14. — What do you think of the play? —		
	A. I can stand on the chair	B. I don't know about	that
	C. I can enjoy it, but I don't like the sound	D. I can't stand it	
()15. — I love sports shows. What about you? —	·	
	A. I did, too B. I do, too	C. I don't, either	D. I, too
	()	Li	
	()	i i	
()1. Everyone to see the animals in the pa	ırk.	
	A. want B. wants	C. like	D. love
()2. All the students feel when they listen		
	A. relaxing; relaxing B. relaxing; relaxed	C. relaxed; relaxing	D. relaxed; relaxed
()3. Most children like koala bears because they are		
	A. interesting B. scary	C. cute	D. both A and C
()4. You like the color red. I like it.		
	A. too B. also	C. to	D. very
()5. Rick wants to go to the zoo and his d	ay there.	
	A. enjoy B. to enjoy	C. enjoys	D. enjoying
()6. Anna loves		
	A. her new job B. new her job	C. a new work	D. new work
()7. My aunt has a boy.		
	A. five-year-old B. five-year-old	C. five years old	D. five-years old
()8. Can you show?		
	A. your photos me B. me your photos	C. me to your photos	D. your photos for me
()9. Mrs White always new clothes, but to	oday she an old	coat.
	A. puts on; wears	B. puts on; putting or	1
	C. wears; is wearing	D. wears; wears	
()10. Each of the students a new notebook	, and they new	pens, too.
	A. has; has B. have; have	C. has; have	D. have; has
()11. The park is a good place to have fur	n.	
	A. a B. an	C. the	D. /
()12. — What is Robert going to do? — He's going	ng to buy some bananas in	a
	A. post office B. fruit shop	C. police station	D. bookshop
()13. — Why does he like pandas? —	he thinks they are very cu	te.
	A But B And	C. Because	