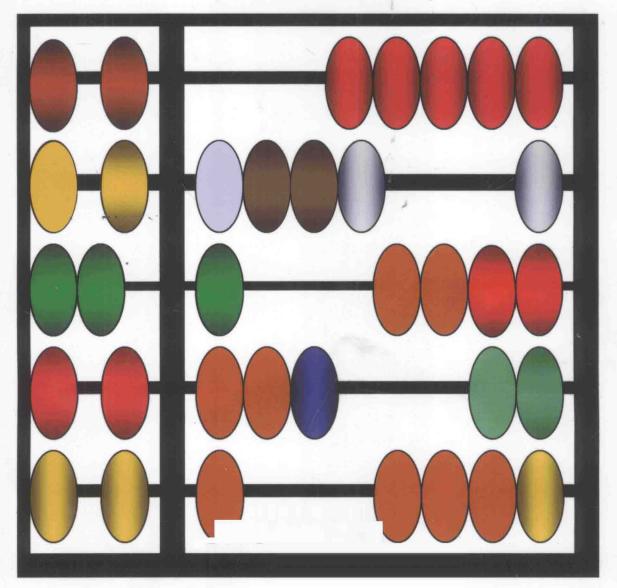
MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

(SECOND EDITION)



Michael L. Werner Kumen H. Jones



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出版说明

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本书系统而明晰地阐释了管理会计的概念及应用。全书围绕商业活动组织内容,强调商业行为的现实性,兼顾了对管理会计程序的介绍和对决策的强调;应用了大量当今美国知名企业的真实案例来阐述管理会计理论与方法在商业决策中的应用,使许多生涩的专业概念变得通俗易懂,同时将学生置身于真实的决策环境之中,培养学生对知识和技能的实际应用能力。本书结构合理、语言简明、生动而准确,使学生在学习专业知识和技能的同时,提高运用专业语言进行交流沟通的能力。

本书主编 Michael L. Werner 执教于美国迈尔密大学,是清华大学会计学系客座教授。由其主编的多部财经管理类教材,在美国出版后一直畅销不衰,其中《管理会计》在美国培生教育出版集团出版后被多所大学选为教材。以下的评价反映了本书的特点:

"This is my favorite Management Accounting text today.... I find that the Werner/Jones text is perfect for my class—it provide all the material we need in a text that is easy(and almost fun!) to read."

—Make Bettini, University of California-Berkeley
"The authors have explained the complex subject of ABC overhead allocation
with clear and concise examples."

—Sally J. Nelsin, Northeast Iowa Community College "I enjoyed reading the chapter [on relevant costing]. It takes a step-by-step approach for each example, and the authors did a good job teaching the material."

—Cheryl Mitchem, Virginia State University

"The examples are excellent! The example of IBM quantity discounts (in Chapter 5) clearly shows how costs can change.... The Tree Top Mailbox example (in Chapter 10) is very good. It clearly illustrates difficult concepts."

—Olga Quintana ,University of Miami

为了使读者能接触到美国本土教材的精华,本社在引进出版时,保留了原版

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的特色,只对本书中的专业词汇加注了中文以帮助读者阅读和理解。

本书适用于高等院校财经专业教学,也可作为 MBA 教材以及财经管理人员和自学者的参考用书。

本书在出版过程中得到了多方的支持和帮助。清华大学的陈晓教授、上海立信会计学院的邵瑞庆教授、上海理工大学的徐福缘教授、华东理工大学的耿悦彬先生和奚国平教授在本书的引进和出版过程中给予了大力支持。华东理工大学张爱民教授、上海立信会计学院的曹惠民教授、邵军教授、肖成民副教授、柴庆孚讲师对本书的出版也提出了很多宝贵的建议和意见, 谨致以衷心的感谢和敬意。

本书为教师提供教学 PPT 和习题答案、考试题库等教学资源,请任课老师完成书后的表格后向出版社索取。本社将不定期地举行任课教师与作者的交流互动活动,使用本书的教师将会有机会获得邀请。

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REFACE

Businesspeople must be prepared to perform tasks that only people can perform; in particular, they must be able to communicate, to think, and to make solid, well-informed decisions. Decision making is the critical skill in today's business world, and *Management Accounting* helps students to better use accounting information to improve their decision making skills.

This text provides a solid management accounting foundation within the context of business and business decisions. Readers will explore accounting information's role in the decision making process and learn how to use the accounting information typically provided to company managers. Seeing how accounting information can be used to make better business decisions will benefit all students, regardless of their major course of study or chosen career.

This text is purposely written so students will find it easy to read and understand. The conversational tone of the text and the logical presentation of topics all contribute to the ability of this text to meet that goal. In addition, we have included the exhibits necessary to get important points across, but we intentionally have not included an array of glitz and graphics that can break up the flow and distract student attention. Generally, we have not segregated material into special presentation boxes that might be skipped by students attempting to focus on the most relevant points. All of the points of interest and examples we present are woven into the body of the text.

❖ SUPPORT FOR THE INTERACTIVE CLASSROOM

We believe this text provides tools to actively involve students in their learning processes. Several features are particularly important in developing a classroom atmosphere in which students share ideas, ask questions, and relate their learning to the world around them. For example, throughout each chapter of the text, you will find Discussion Questions (DQs) that challenge students to reach beyond the surface of the written text to determine answers. Far from typical review questions, for which the students can scan a few pages of the text to locate an answer, many of the DQs provide relevant learning by relating students' personal experiences to the knowledge they gain through the text. The DQs provide a variety of classroom experiences:

- Many DQs provide the basis for classroom discussions, requiring students to think about issues and formulate or defend their opinions.
- Some DQs are springboards for group assignments(in or out of the classroom) to put cooperative learning into practice.
- DQs may be assigned as individual writing assignments to allow students to practice and develop their writing skills.
- Combining individually written DQ responses with follow-up group discussions can spark lively debate!
- Having students keep a journal of their responses to all DQs(regardless of whether they are
 used in another way)encourages contemplation of accounting concepts.

The DQs are designed to emphasize important points that students may skim across in their initial reading. Even if they are not formally part of the required work for your course, students will gain a greater understanding of the concepts discussed when they take time to consider each question as part of the text.

FLEXIBILITY REGARDING RECORDING PROCEDURES DEBIT AND CRED-IT ENTRIES)

Aside from its support for the interactive classroom, another distinction of this text is the flexibility it provides instructors regarding the coverage of recording procedures (debit and credit entries). Coverage of recording procedures differs from school to school. Some schools choose to have all students learn basic accounting procedures; others require only accounting majors to acquire these skills. Our text offers institutions the flexibility to cover accounting procedures to a significant degree, to cover just the basics, or to omit the coverage of accounting procedures entirely. This is true because we do not use debits and credits or journal entries to demonstrate or explain characteristics and uses of accounting information. However, the recording process is covered in detail where appropriate, specifically in appendices to Chapters 2,3, and 10. For those institutions that would like to include accounting procedures in their introductory accounting curriculum, these chapter appendices demonstrate most of the basic management accounting journal entries including the journal entries for standard costing. Institutions that desire to omit recording procedures entirely would simply skip these appendices from their course coverage.

- ASSIGNMENT MATERIAL

The text includes an array of assignment material including the following:

- Discussion Questions. As we have already mentioned, throughout each chapter of the text, you will find Discussion Questions (DQs) that challenge students to reach beyond the text material to determine answers.
- Review the Facts. Students can use these basic, definitional questions to review the key points of each chapter. The questions are in a sequence reflecting the coverage of topics in the chapter.
- Apply What You Have Learned. Many of these end-of-chapter assignments can be used as
 the basis for classroom discussions; they will also work well as group assignments. For many problems, there are more than one version—one to use as an example in class and one for
 homework.

∴ TOPICS AND SEQUENCE OF COVERAGE

We have carefully considered the inclusion or exclusion of topics and feel that our coverage has resulted in a balanced text consistent with our pedagogical goals of building a foundation that supports effective student learning. We will continue to gather information regarding topical coverage to make future editions even better. We feel that this text covers those topics that every accounting student should leave the course understanding well. For example, in the cost behavior chapter (Chapter 5), instead of demonstrating the calculations for regression analysis, we demonstrate how to use *Microsoft* Excel to prepare cost behavior charts and insert trend lines. This allows us to focus on the usefulness of cost behavior rather than on tedious number crunching, which, in practice, is generally done by a computer.

We have carefully chosen the sequence of coverage so the material flows from one topic to the next. Not only does this make accounting easier to teach, but it is more understandable as well. We have developed a logical flow of topics so that each chapter builds on what the student has already learned. Students can easily understand how the topics fit together logically and how they are used together to make good decisions. Moreover, students can see that accounting and the information it provides is not merely something that exists unto itself, but rather it is something developed in response to the needs of economic decision makers.

Chapter 1 explores management accounting, its environment and future. The chapter introduces management accounting and contrasts it with financial accounting. It discusses where management accounting fits in a company as well as the origin and evolution of management

accounting in the US and China and the challenges and trends that lie ahead.

Chapter 2 explores various cost classifications and concepts. The chapter covers product costs and period costs for merchandisers and manufacturers as well as cost of services and period costs for service firms. The chapter discusses direct material, direct labor, and manufacturing overhead as well as the various manufacturing inventories (raw materials, work-in-process, finished goods). The chapter also provides a comparison of merchandising, manufacturing, and service costs. The chapter appendix covers the accounting procedures (journal entries) for simple manufacturing environments where manufacturing overhead is recorded directly in work-in-process inventory. (Overhead allocation techniques and journals entries are covered in Chapter 3.)

Chapter 3 describes how companies determine the cost of their products. The chapter covers job order costing and introduces overhead allocation. The chapter also covers process costing in a simplified presentation that makes process costing basics very understandable. For example, only the average cost flow method is presented, and the presentation assumes that the percentage complete for direct materials, direct labor, and manufacturing overhead is the same. The chapter appendix covers accounting procedures including journal entries for manufacturing overhead allocation.

Chapter 4 covers cost allocation and the use of activity-based costing (ABC). The chapter takes a closer look at overhead allocation by further examining traditional overhead allocation and introducing ABC. Basic concepts of ABC are explored including its implementation, ABC calculations, and benefits and drawbacks of using ABC.

Chapter 5 covers cost behavior including fixed costs, variable costs, and the relevant range. The chapter also introduces the concept of mixed cost and includes an easy-to-understand presentation of techniques to separate mixed costs into fixed and variable components. Step-by-step calculations are presented for the scatter graph and high-low methods. Regression analysis is discussed and the chapter includes a step-by-step presentation of scatter graphing using *Microsoft* Excel's Chart Wizard.

Chapter 6 explores business decisions using cost behavior. The contribution income statement and cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis for single-product and multiple-product situations are introduced and explored. The chapter includes step-by-step presentations of breakeven and the calculations to determine sales needed to meet target profit. The chapter also introduces a CVP graph and sensitivity analysis. Income statements under variable costing and absorption costing are also explored.

Chapter 7 explores the use of relevant information for decision making. The chapter describes relevant information, costs and benefits and their characteristics. Qualitative and quantitative considerations are discussed. The chapter demonstrates the importance of relevant information with a series of examples including equipment replacement, special orders, outsourcing—the make or buy decision, and discontinuance of business segments.

Chapter 8 introduces various aspects of business planning and explores capital budget and evaluating capital expenditures. The chapter introduces the business planning process and setting company goals, the strategic plan, the capital budget, and the operating budget. Then, it explores the capital budget, the cost of capital and the evaluation of potential capital projects. The chapter demonstrates discounted cash flow capital budgeting decision methods such as net present value and internal rate of return using both financial tables and a financial calculator. Thus, the chapter supports instructors demonstrating concepts using financial tables, or a financial calculator, or both. The chapter also demonstrates non-discounted cash flow capital budgeting decision methods, including payback period and accounting rate of return. Appendix A to this chapter demonstrates detailed future value and present value calculations using financial tables. Appendix B demonstrates using a financial calculator for future and present value calculation.

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Chapter 9 explores the operating budget. The chapter is presented in two parts. Part I presents an overview of the operating budget including the benefits of budgeting, the contents of the operating budget (it also introduces various operating budgets), and approaches to budgeting. Part B covers preparing and using the operating budget. It includes step-by-step presentation of preparation of 8 budgets from the sales budget to budgeted financial statements. Flexible budgeting is covered near the end of the chapter.

Chapter 10 explores standard costing. The chapter explains why standard costing is used, discusses ideal versus practical standards, and describes some of the problems with standard costing. The chapter demonstrates basic standard costing for a manufacturer using an easy-to-understand example based on a small student-owned company manufacturing wood mailboxes in a rented garage. Calculations are shown for the direct material variances, direct labor variances, variable manufacturing overhead variances, and fixed manufacturing overhead variances. The chapter concludes with a look at variance analysis and using variances to manage by exception and includes an appendix that demonstrates the journal entries used in standard costing.

Chapter 11 covers various aspects of evaluating performance. Business segments and the segmented income statement are presented and the pitfalls of allocating common fixed costs are discussed. The chapter discusses the basics of service department cost allocation and activity-based service department cost allocation. The chapter discusses revenue centers, cost centers, profit centers, and investment centers. Return on investment, residual income and economic value added (EVATM) are discussed and demonstrated. The chapter also briefly introduces a number of cutting edge management and management accounting developments including:

- ◆ The Balanced Scorecard
- E-commerce
- ◆ Process Management
- ◆ Enterprise Information Systems
- ♦ Six-Sigma
- Theory of Constraints
- ◆ Lean Manufacturing

OTHER IMPORTANT FEATURES OF THIS TEXT

In addition to the Discussion Questions, our text offers these features that will enhance the learning process:

- Learning Objectives. Previewing each chapter with these objectives allows students to see what direction the chapter is taking, which makes the journey through the material a bit easier.
- Marginal Glossary. Students often find the process of learning accounting terminology to be a challenge. As each new key word is introduced in the text, it is shown in bold and also defined in the margin. This feature offers students an easy way to review the key terms and locate their introduction in the text.
- Summary. This concise summary of each chapter provides an overview of the main points, but is in no way a substitute for reading the chapter.
- Key Terms. At the end of each chapter, a list of the new key words directs students to the page on which the key word or phrase was introduced.
- Review the Facts. Students can use these basic, definitional questions to review the key
 points of each chapter. The questions are in a sequence reflecting the coverage of topics in
 the chapter.
- Apply What You Have Learned. Our end-of-chapter assignment materials include a mix of traditional types of homework problems and innovative assignments requiring critical thinking and writing. Many of the requirements can be used as the basis for classroom discussions.

sions. You will find matching problems, short essay questions, and calculations. Assignments dealing directly with the use of financial statements are also included. Many of these applications also work well as group assignments. There is more than one version of many problems—one to use as an example in class and one for homework.

- ◆ Glossary of Accounting Terms. An alphabetical listing of important accounting terms, including all of the key terms and more.
- ◆ Company Index. A listing of the companies used in the text as examples or in assignment material.

∴ SUPPLEMENTS FOR USE BY THE INSTRUCTOR

Additional support for your efforts in the classroom is provided by our group of supplements.

- Solutions Manual, Solutions for all end-of-chapter material.
- Test Item File, A ready-to-use bank of testing material. Each chapter includes a variety of types of questions, including true/false, multiple choice, essay and critical thinking problems. Intended for ease of use, each question is linked to chapter objectives, and also provides suggested difficulty level and reference to text pages where answers can be found.
- PowerPoint Presentations, Complete PowerPoint presentations for each chapter, Instructors may use each presentation as is or customize the slides to create a tailor-made slide show. Each presentation allows instructors to offer a more interactive experience using colorful graphics, outlines of chapter material, and graphical explanations of difficult topics.

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We believe the approach we have taken will help students see how accounting fits into the "big picture of business". We hope students will find that what they learn from this text and in their accounting class relates directly to them, regardless of their careerpath. Please feel free to contact us at mwerner@miami. edu with your comments or suggestions.

Michael L. Werner University of Miami

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