古都南京



新四十八景

Forty-Eight New Scenic Spots of Nanjing, An Ancient Capital







新四十八哥

Form - Eight Steam Steamer, Stanfor of Stanford County

CHARLES

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Forty-Eight New Scenic Spots of Nanjing, An Ancient Capital

> 南京市摄影家协会编 Edited by Nanjing Photographer Association

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前言

1911年辛亥革命,是中国近代一次伟大的资产阶级民主革命,推翻了封建制度,开创了中国历史上的民主共和政治。南京作为民国时期的都城,百年沧桑弹指过,十朝都会换新颜。

江南佳丽地,金陵帝王州。金陵四十八景,是南京历史悠久的文化品牌。 肇端于明代中期的金陵多景图咏,在清代乾隆年间已形成蔚为大观的四十八 景。二十世纪三十年代,南京市曾发行金陵新四十八景摄影明信片,不久即扩充为六十景;1983年评选出的金陵新四十景,同样跟不上城市面貌的日新月异。这本旅游摄影画册的内容,是2005年经过市民的广泛提名与票选,最终由9名专家组成的评审团确定的新金陵四十八景。古都新景,不仅融合了北方的皇家气韵和南方的水乡美景,还有着不可取代的民国文化背景,"历史人文"是南京这座城市的鲜明特色。

当此辛亥百年之际,用摄影艺术记录今日南京的景观,配以美文介绍,既可供远观"卧游",以慰海峡两岸炎黄子孙思乡怀旧之情,又可以作为实地游历的无声向导,成为世界各国和地区朋友了解南京的一个窗口,这无疑是一种值得嘉许的纪念方式。

南京市作家协会副主席 茂 冰 南京市地方志学会副会长 二〇一一年九月

Preface

September 2011

The Revolution of 1911 was a great bourgeois democratic revolution in contemporary China, having overthrown fedual system and started democratic republic politics in Chinese history. As the capital of the Republic of China and the capital of ten dynasties, Nanjing, which has taken on a new look, has witnessed a history of 100 years.

Nanjing is marked by beauties in areas to the south of the Yangtze River and the capital of emperors in the past. Forty-eight scenic spots in Nanjing are cultural brands with a long history. With multiple scenic spots dating back to the mid-Ming Dynasty, forty-eight scenic spots already formed a spectacular scene under Qianlong reign in the Qing Dynasy. In the 1930s, Nanjing issued post-cards with photos of forty-eight scenic spots which were soon expanded into sixty in number. Forty new scenic spots which came into being in 1983 through evaluation and selection failed to keep pace with rapid development of Nanjing. This photo-based picture album for tourists includes forty-eight new scenic spots of Nanjing through extensive nomination and selection by votes of Nanjing citizens and finalized by 9 experts in 2005. New scenic spots of this ancient capital not only integrate the royal appeal of northern China and picturesque sceneries of water-borne southern China, but also possess the exclusive cultural background of the Republic of China. Nanjing is distinctively featured by "History and humanism".

For the 100 aniversary of the Revolution of 1911, recording the sceneries of present—day Nanjing with photographic art along with written introduction can either console home—sick and nostalgic feelings of Chinese on both sides of Taiwan Straits or serve as a silent guide to tourists in Nanjing, hence becoming a window for friends all over the world to get to know Nanjing. This is undoubtedly a way of commenmoration deserving praise and approval.

Xue Bing, Vice Chairman of Nanjing Writer Association and Deputy Director of Nanjing Society of Local Chronicles

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New Area of Agriculture



中山陵 Dr. Sun Yat-sen's Mausoleum

003

中山伟陵

——中山陵

Dr. Sun Yat-sen's Mausoleum

Dr. Sun Yat-sen's Mausoleum

中山陵,位于南京东郊钟山中茅山南坡,建于1926—1931年,是中国民主革命先行者孙中山先生的陵墓。陵园占地面积31.1万平方米,遍植松樟桧柏等常青树木,林海碧涛,蓊郁葱茏。陵墓坐北朝南,依山而建,平面呈"警钟"形,由著名建筑师吕彦直设计。中山陵由牌坊、陵门、碑亭、祭堂和墓室组成,共有392级台阶,气势恢宏,寓意深远,不仅是中国近代建筑史上的代表作,也是中西合璧的典范。在中山陵周围,有国民革命军阵亡将士公墓、谭延闿墓、音乐台、光化亭、流徽榭、行健亭、永丰社、仰止亭、藏经楼等纪念性建筑,这些建筑物掩映于万绿丛中,如众星拱月。1961年,中山陵被中华人民共和国国务院列为第一批全国重点文物保护单位。中山陵建成80多年来,每年都吸引着数百万海内外同胞和国际友人前来瞻仰和拜谒。

Situated on the southern slope of Mao Hill of Purple Mountain in the eastern suburbs of Nanjing and built in the period from 1926 to 1931 is the mausoleum of Dr. Sun Yat-sen, the forerunner of democratic revolution in China. With an area of about 311,000 square meters, it is covered with such ever-green trees as pines, camphor trees, cypresses

all over. Facing south against the mountain as its background, it looks like an "alarm bell", with the designer being Lu Yanzhi, a famous architect. The mausoleum is composed of the arched gate, the tablet pavilion, the mausoleum gate, the memorial hall and the tomb chamber. There are 392 steps, appearing magnificent with far-reaching connotation. It is not only a representative in the history of contemporary architecture of China, but also a model of Chinese and foreign integration. Around the mausoleum, there are such memorial buildings as the Tomb for the Fallen Officers and Soldiers of the National Revolutionary Army, the Tomb of Tan Yankai, the Music Platform, Guanghua Pavilion, Liuhui Water-Pavilion, Xingjian Pavilion, Yongfeng Society, Yangzhi Pavilion and the Tower for Keeping Classic Documents which are seen amidst verdant trees. In 1961, Dr. Sun Yat-sen's Mausoleum was rated by the State Council of the People's Republic of China as one of the first key units of cultural relics under national protection. Over the past 80 years since it was built, Dr. Sun Yat-sen's Mausoleum has been attracting millions of Chinese at home and abroad and foreign friends to pay homage to it every year.



孙中山坐像 Sitting Statue of Dr. Sun Yat-sen

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