

# 新概念英语 同步测试卷

## 2



- 本套试卷由我们特邀从事《新概念英语》(新版)教材教学研究多年的名师精心面著。
- 试卷题目立足于教材基础,深入挖掘其内涵,紧扣重点和难点,简明扼要地对教材内容进行了归纳、总结和拓展。
- 本套试卷内容全面,与新版教材同步,梯度分明,对所学知识可达到及时巩固深化的目的。
- 试卷内容及题目的设计切合实际,能满足各类教学及自学需求,可用于自行巩固练习,也可用于班级训练。
- 试卷后附有正确答案,方便学生及时核对,易于操作,利于教学。

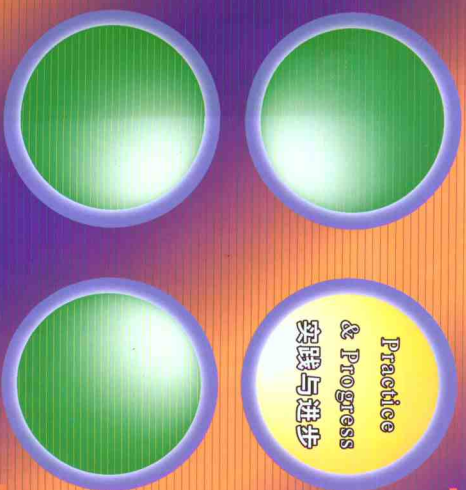
# 新版 新概念英语 同步测试卷

## 2

NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH TESTS

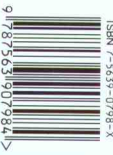
主编：刘俊伶

Practice  
& Progress  
实践与进步



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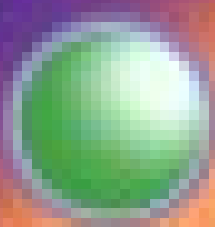
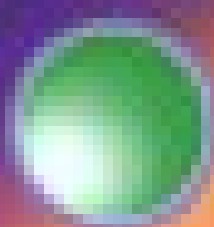
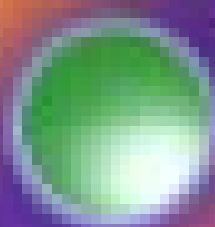
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本书是根据《新概念英语》教材编写的同步测试卷，旨在帮助学生巩固所学知识，提高英语水平。全书共分两册，每册包含听力、语法、词汇、阅读、写作等五个部分。本书可作为学生课后练习、单元测试、期中期末考试以及中考、高考的复习资料。

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# 新概念英语 同步测试卷 2

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# 新概念英语同步测试卷

## ★ Book 2 Test 1 (Lesson 1~4)

分数 \_\_\_\_\_

### 一、填入下列单词中所缺的字母。(10分)

1. priv\_\_te
2. conv\_\_rsation
3. th\_\_rt
4. att\_\_nion
5. a\_\_nt
6. sp\_\_r
7. mus\_\_m
8. d\_\_cision
9. s\_\_ngle
10. rec\_\_ve

### 二、找出划线部分读音与其他三个不同的选项。(10分)

1. A. private B. ring C. business D. until
1. A. say B. conversation C. play D. private
3. A. seat B. repeat C. figure D. read
4. A. blouse B. young C. loudly D. house
5. A. excuse B. student C. duty D. business
6. A. after B. angry C. ask D. basket
7. A. postcard B. whole C. desk D. box
8. A. decision B. begin C. old D. behind
9. A. theatre B. those C. think D. thirsty
10. A. good B. book C. room D. leak

### 三、从A、B、C、D中选出恰当的选项。(30分)

1. He sometimes goes home \_\_\_\_\_ midnight.
 

A. at B. to C. behind D. until
2. He enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ football.
 

A. play B. plays C. to play D. playing
3. They often go \_\_\_\_\_ train. But yesterday they \_\_\_\_\_ a plane.
 

A. by; by B. take; took C. by; took D. take; by
4. —Does Tom come today? —No, he \_\_\_\_\_ to England.
 

A. has been B. has gone C. has went D. would go
5. The man was \_\_\_\_\_ on with his talk.
 

A. too angry to go B. too angry go C. angry enough to go D. angry enough go
6. \_\_\_\_\_ you ever \_\_\_\_\_ America? —Yes, I have.
 

A. Have; gone to B. Have; gone in C. Have; been to D. Have; been in
7. We are going to \_\_\_\_\_ our holiday in Paris.

8. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ your hands before each meal.
 

A. wash B. washes C. washing D. to wash
9. \_\_\_\_\_ have they lived in this town? —For three years.
 

A. How soon B. How long C. What time D. When
10. She doesn't like eggs \_\_\_\_\_.
 

A. at all B. not at all C. a little D. a lot
11. I left here \_\_\_\_\_.
 

A. Bruce does B. so does Bruce C. Bruce did so D. so did Bruce
12. John's story is more interesting than \_\_\_\_\_.
 

A. you B. your one C. your one D. yours
13. He \_\_\_\_\_ speak three foreign languages, \_\_\_\_\_ he?
 

A. must; mustn't B. need; needn't C. can; can't D. may; may not
14. Mary doesn't look well. She \_\_\_\_\_.
 

A. can B. can't C. must D. mustn't
15. Can you look \_\_\_\_\_ yourself when I'm out?
 

A. at B. for C. after D. up

### 四、用所给词的正确形式填空。(10分)

1. The boy's mother shouted at the boy \_\_\_\_\_ (angry).
2. They come from \_\_\_\_\_ (Australia). They speak \_\_\_\_\_ (England).
3. Have you made a \_\_\_\_\_ (decide)?
4. The children were very \_\_\_\_\_ (excite) at the \_\_\_\_\_ (excite) news.
5. At last, they arrived destination \_\_\_\_\_ (safe).
6. I have only learned a few words of \_\_\_\_\_ (Italy).
7. Our car is \_\_\_\_\_ (expensive) than theirs.
8. The policeman caught two \_\_\_\_\_ (thief) yesterday.
9. The teacher asked Jim to be \_\_\_\_\_ (care) next time.
10. We should try our best to make our city \_\_\_\_\_ (beauty).

### 五、用所给的词语组成句子。(10分)

1. the, listened, boy, carefully, to, the, radio
2. an, what, it, interesting, is, book
3. a, they, new, built, last, in, hospital, this, year, town
4. she, a, for, bought, new, her, skirt, daughter
5. has, to, he, been, before, Australia, never

注：答卷时  
1. 学生要写清校名、班级、姓名。  
2. 用钢笔答题，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。  
3. 仔细审题，认真答卷。

学校 \_\_\_\_\_  
班级 \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名 \_\_\_\_\_

级 \_\_\_\_\_ 班 \_\_\_\_\_

六. 英汉互译。(10分)

1. He is still working.
2. The meeting ended at ten o'clock.
3. 他极少不上班。
4. 你曾经去过北京吗?
5. 你能借我一枝钢笔吗?

七. 阅读理解。(20分)

Jim, Kate and Ming Ming are doing their homework together. Jim's spelling of "Monday" is wrong. Kate tells him about it. Ming Ming doesn't have her eraser in her pencil-box. She wants to borrow one from Jim or Kate. Jim says "Thanks a lot" to Kate for her help. "No at all," says Kate. The three children are students in Class 3, Grade 1 of No. 11 Middle School in Beijing. Jim is from U. K. Kate is from U. S. A. Ming Ming is a Chinese girl. The three students are good friends. They often do homework together and play together. They often help each other.

1. Jim is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. an English girl  
C. an English boy  
B. an American girl  
D. an American boy
2. Kate helps Jim with \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. his spelling  
B. an eraser  
C. a ruler from Jim  
D. a coloured pencil
3. Ming Ming borrows \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. an eraser from Kate  
B. an eraser from Jim  
C. a ruler from Kate  
D. a ruler from Jim
4. The three students are \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. not in the same grade  
B. not in the same class  
C. in U.K.  
D. in Beijing
5. The three students are \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. doing some reading  
B. playing games  
C. doing some writing  
D. cleaning the room

Many people like to watch TV. Watching TV is one of the most important activities (活动) of the day. TV brings the outside world closer to people's homes. Some people say the world is now smaller than before—because of (因为) TV. Perhaps they are right.

What's going on in other countries?  
What's life like in the deepest parts of the sea?  
Well, just turn on the TV. Turn it on and watch. You can see a lot and you can learn a lot. Of course people can also learn through reading or listening to the radio. But with TV they can learn better and more easily. Why? Because they can hear and watch too.  
TV helps to open our eyes. TV also helps to open our minds. TV often gives us new ideas. We learn newer and better ways of doing things.

1. People do some important things in the day, but one of the most important things is to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. go shopping  
B. watch TV  
C. watch a football match  
D. go boating
2. It is not possible to see the life of fish in the deepest parts of the sea, is it?  
A. Yes, it is.  
B. No, it isn't.  
C. Yes, it isn't.  
D. No, it is.
3. With TV people can learn things \_\_\_\_\_ than only listening to the radio.  
A. better  
B. faster  
C. more easily  
D. both A and C
4. In the sentence "TV brings the outside world closer to people's homes", the word "closer" means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. to be closed  
B. shorter  
C. nearer  
D. farther
5. Which of the following is NOT true?  
A. Many people's favourite things is to watch TV.  
B. Today's world itself is becoming smaller and smaller.  
C. Our minds can be helped to open by TV.  
D. We often get new ideas from watching TV.

八. 完形填空。(20分)

I'm Sam. 1 is my birthday (生日). Dad and Mum 2 me a big cake. I'm eleven now. 3 the table of my bedroom, you 4 see my lovely cake. You can also (也) 5 my name on it. There are 6 things for my birthday. 7 are apples, pears and bananas. But I'd like to have 8 to drink now. My friends Bill and Jim are 9. I want to eat those food. 10 my friends.

1. A. That  
B. This  
C. It  
D. Today
2. A. find  
B. get  
C. want  
D. put
3. A. In  
B. At  
C. On  
D. Behind
4. A. can  
B. must  
C. can't  
D. don't
5. A. get  
B. know  
C. look  
D. find
6. A. others  
B. the other  
C. other  
D. the others
7. A. They  
B. Those  
C. These  
D. That
8. A. some  
B. any  
C. something  
D. anything
9. A. come  
B. comes  
C. coming  
D. coming
10. A. from  
B. of  
C. with  
D. for

# 新概念英语同步测试卷

★ Book 2 Test 2 (Lesson 5 ~ 8)

分数 \_\_\_\_\_

## 一. 填入下列单词中所缺的字母。(10分)

1. fill\_n
2. mess\_ \_ge
3. dist\_ \_nce
4. req\_ \_est
5. begg\_ \_r
6. f\_ \_d
7. p. chet
8. det\_ \_ctive
9. v. luable
10. pure\_ \_l
11. di\_ \_moond
12. st\_ \_l
13. m\_ \_in
14. art\_ \_ld
15. R\_ \_nd
16. st\_ \_re
17. s\_ \_nd
18. comp\_ \_tition
19. n\_ \_t
20. p\_ \_th

## 二. 找出划线部分读音与其他三个不同的选项。(10分)

1. A. pigeon B. bag C. grow D. beggar
2. A. message B. passage C. private D. same
3. A. cover B. box C. brother D. mother
4. A. distance B. detective C. child D. competition
5. A. request B. very C. pen D. yes
6. A. fogel B. egg C. foot D. room
7. A. garden B. pick C. parcel D. wigan
8. A. meat B. heavy C. steel D. tea
9. A. afraid C. said D. rain
10. A. path B. birthday C. think D. these

## 三. 从A、B、C、D中选出恰当的选项。(30分)

1. It's warm here. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ your coat.
  - A. take out
  - B. take down
  - C. take off
  - D. take away
2. We have no cups with us. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ us some?
  - A. take
  - B. lend
  - C. borrow
  - D. to take
3. It's too dark in the room. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ the light.
  - A. turn off
  - B. to turn on
  - C. to turn off
  - D. turn on
4. Our room is \_\_\_\_\_ than yours.
  - A. large
  - B. larger
  - C. more larger
  - D. largest
5. This tree is \_\_\_\_\_ taller than that one.
  - A. very
  - B. quite
  - C. too
  - D. much
6. There is \_\_\_\_\_ old woman over there. \_\_\_\_\_ old woman is Tom's grandmother.
  - A. an
  - B. an
  - C. an
  - D. an

7. Tom's box is \_\_\_\_\_ of all.

A. heavy B. heavier C. heaviest D. the heaviest

8. It's cold today. Your coat is here. Put \_\_\_\_\_.

A. on it B. it on C. on them D. them on

9. Jack met me \_\_\_\_\_ home yesterday.

A. on one's way B. in the way C. on his way D. on his way to

10. They often go out for a walk in \_\_\_\_\_ spring.

A. the B. a C. an D. /

11. \_\_\_\_\_ easy question it is!

A. What B. How C. What a D. What an

12. \_\_\_\_\_ TV when the telephone \_\_\_\_\_.

A. watched; was ringing B. were watching; rang

C. watch; rings D. are watching; rang

13. The children \_\_\_\_\_ on the playground when I left school.

A. played B. are playing C. was playing D. were playing

14. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ your homework yet? —Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ it a moment ago.

A. Did; do; finished B. Have; done; have finished

C. Have; done; finished D. Will; do; finish

15. —Have you \_\_\_\_\_ seen the film? —No, never.

A. yet B. ever C. just D. never

## 四. 用所给的词语组成句子。(15分)

1. now, he, up, written, three, to, has, books

2. the, was, I, while, was, cooking, in, garden, boy, in, the, kitchen, playing, the

3. I, having, when, was, someone, breakfast, at, knocked, door, the

4. he, gone, several, has, Australia, to, times

5. it, cold, very, put, your, is, outside, on, coat

## 五. 判断下列句子是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并改正。(15分)

1. The old man was knocked at by a car. ( )

2. I must go out for a while. Can you look at my baby for me? ( )

3. The boy likes swimming in the river in the summer. ( )

4. What a beautiful girl! ( )

5. Up to now, the students learned two hundred words. ( )

六. 阅读理解。(20分)

(A)

Jimmy started painting when he was three years old, and when he was five he was already very good at it. He painted many beautiful and interesting pictures, and people paid a lot of money for them. They said, "This boy's going to be famous when he's a little older, and then we're going to sell these pictures for a lot more money."

Jimmy's pictures were different from (不同于) other people's because he never painted on all of the paper. He painted on half of it, and the other half was always empty.

"That's very clever," everybody said. "Nobody else does that!"

One day somebody bought one of Jimmy's pictures and then said to him, "Please tell me this, Jimmy. Why do you paint on the bottom (底) half of your pictures, but not on the top half?"

"Because I'm small," Jimmy said, "and my brushes (画笔) can't reach very high."

1. Jimmy painted his first picture when he was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. five B. three C. a little older D. a man

2. People thought that Jimmy was clever because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. he liked painting very much  
B. he painted a lot of pictures and sold them for money  
C. his pictures were different from the others  
D. everybody liked his pictures

3. Other people's pictures were always \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. half empty on the top  
B. half empty on the bottom  
C. full  
D. very beautiful

4. People paid a lot of money for Jimmy's pictures. They thought \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. these pictures were worth a lot of money at that time  
B. they couldn't get Jimmy's pictures some years later  
C. these pictures would be worth more money some years later  
D. Jimmy would not sell his pictures

(B)

An artist (艺术家) went to the country for a holiday and stayed with a farmer. Everyday he went out with his brushes and painted (画) from morning till night, and then when it got dark, he went back to the farm and had a good supper before he went to bed.

At the end of his holiday he wanted to pay the farmer, but the farmer said, "No, I don't want money — give me one of your pictures. What is money? In a week it will be gone (用完), but your picture will be here."

The artist was very happy and thanked the farmer very much for that.

The farmer smiled and answered, "It is not that. I have a son in London. He wants to be an artist, when he comes here next week, I'll show him your picture, and then I think, he will not

want to be an artist any more."

1. The artist \_\_\_\_\_ drawing pictures.

- A. was good at B. didn't like C. liked D. want to like

2. He went to \_\_\_\_\_ for his holiday.

- A. beautiful place B. his home town C. the country D. a town

3. The artist wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ the farmer.

- A. give some money to B. show his picture to  
C. give some pictures to D. show his money to

4. What did the farmer want his son to be?

- A. He wanted his son to be an artist.  
B. He wanted his son to be a good student.  
C. He wanted his son to be a farmer.  
D. The passage did not tell us.

5. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. The artist was good at painting.  
B. The artist was one of the farmer's friends.  
C. The farmer liked the artist's pictures.  
D. The farmer didn't like the artist's pictures.

七. 完形填空。(20分)

One day Mr. Smith hurried to the hospital and said to his doctor, "I've swallowed (吞下) a horse, doctor, and I feel \_\_\_\_\_."

The doctor \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ for a moment and then said, "All right Mr. Smith, I'll help you. Please \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ down on this bed."

The nurse there gave him an injection (注射). Mr. Smith \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ asleep. And the doctor went out quickly \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ a horse in the town.

After \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ he found one, borrowed it and took it into his office, so when Mr. Smith woke up, it was there \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ him.

"Here's the horse, Mr. Smith," said the doctor.

"I've taken it \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ your stomach (胃), and it won't give you any more \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ now." \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Smith was happy, but then he looked at the horse again and said, "but, doctor, my horse was black, and this one is red."

1. A. bad B. ill C. better D. thought

2. A. waited B. saw C. thought D. thought

3. A. sit B. lay C. lie D. lie

4. A. fell B. feel C. fall D. fall

5. A. to look after B. to look at C. to look for D. to look for

6. A. half hour B. half of an hour C. half an hour D. half an hour

7. A. in the front of B. at the front C. in front of D. in front of

8. A. out of B. out with C. out D. out

9. A. question B. trouble C. ill D. ill

10. A. At last B. The first C. At first D. At first

# 新概念英语同步测试卷

## ★ Book 2 Test 3 (Lesson 9 ~ 12)

分数 \_\_\_\_\_

### 一. 填入下列单词中所缺的字母。(10分)

- |                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. w_ _ome      | 2. cr_ _ _d  |
| 3. g_ _ther     | 4. sh_ _ _t  |
| 5. ref_ _se     | 6. l_ _ugh   |
| 7. j_ _zz       | 8. m_ _sical |
| 9. instr_ _ment | 10. d_ _mage |
| 11. k_ _y       | 12. str_ _ng |
| 13. sh_ _ck     | 14. all_ _w  |
| 15. t_ _ch      | 16. des_ _ve |
| 17. lawy_ _r    | 18. sal_ _ry |
| 19. c_ _plain   | 20. harh_ _r |

### 二. 找出划线部分读音与其他三个不同的选项。(10分)

- |               |            |            |           |
|---------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| 1. A. welcome | B. box     | C. clock   | D. not    |
| 2. A. crowd   | B. how     | C. allow   | D. down   |
| 3. A. gather  | B. hand    | C. gift    | D. cake   |
| 4. A. shout   | B. blouse  | C. house   | D. touch  |
| 5. A. bus     | B. refuse  | C. up      | D. number |
| 6. A. touch   | B. teacher | C. machine | D. chair  |
| 7. A. string  | B. nice    | C. fine    | D. bike   |
| 8. A. shock   | B. mother  | C. box     | D. top    |
| 9. A. gather  | B. brother | C. think   | D. this   |
| 10. A. answer | B. salary  | C. carry   | D. parent |

### 三. 从A、B、C、D中选出恰当的选项。(30分)

1. We'll meet \_\_\_\_\_ about 7:50.  
 A. / B. at C. in D. on
2. Jack was born \_\_\_\_\_ June 10th, 1996.  
 A. on B. to C. in D. at
3. They went to Beijing \_\_\_\_\_ a bad time of year.  
 A. in B. for C. at D. on

4. They arrived in Shanghai \_\_\_\_\_ a summer evening.

A. in B. at C. for D. on

5. We work \_\_\_\_\_ Monday \_\_\_\_\_ Friday.

A. on; on B. at; at C. from; till D. on; at

6. I \_\_\_\_\_ you when I finish my homework.

A. help B. helped C. will help D. have helped

7. Rice is \_\_\_\_\_ in many places of China.

A. grown B. produced C. made D. is produced

8. We \_\_\_\_\_ to hear the news.

A. surprised B. are surprised C. are surprising D. surprise

9. Their houses are made \_\_\_\_\_ stones.

A. by B. of C. from D. up

10. We make desks and chairs \_\_\_\_\_ wood, and we make paper \_\_\_\_\_ wood, too.

A. with; with B. from; of C. of; from D. with; from

11. I don't bring my dictionary. Can I \_\_\_\_\_ yours?

A. borrow B. lend C. bring D. take

12. I don't have a pen. You can \_\_\_\_\_ one from Ann.

A. borrow B. lend C. use D. take

13. Mr. Black bought a new car yesterday. I was made \_\_\_\_\_ German.

A. of B. from C. with D. in

14. The book \_\_\_\_\_ cover is blue is mine.

A. which B. that C. where D. whose

15. We \_\_\_\_\_ to Beijing next week.

A. will go B. go C. going D. went

### 四. 选出与划线部分意思相近的选项。(10分)

1. Jack is ill. Please ring up the doctor.

A. tell B. telephone C. look for D. wait for

2. At last he finished writing this book.

A. After all B. In the end C. Later D. Then

3. He has worked here for over three years.

A. about B. in the end C. later D. then

4. The students had a good time in the party.

A. enjoyed themselves B. were comfortable

C. lived happily D. enjoyed them

5. Finally our volleyball team won the game.

A. At the end B. Immediately C. Lastly D. At last

- 注意: 1. 学生要写清校名、班级、姓名。  
 2. 用钢笔答题, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。  
 3. 仔细审题, 认真解答。

姓名 \_\_\_\_\_ 班级 \_\_\_\_\_ 学校 \_\_\_\_\_



五. 用所给词的正确形式填空。(10分)

1. We \_\_\_\_\_ (talk) about the new film when he arrived.
2. Tim enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ (play) basketball in his spare time.
3. The wine \_\_\_\_\_ (taste) from grapes.
4. He \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV when the telephone rang.
5. —I haven't seen Jimmy for a long time.  
—He \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to London.

六. 判断下列句子是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并改正。(15分)

1. He arrived here in the evening of May 9th. ( )
2. We goes to school on Monday till Friday. ( )
3. I was reading the newspaper while my mother was cleaning the room. ( )
4. This dress is made of silk. ( )
5. This kind of car is made by Japan. ( )

七. 汉译英。(15分)

1. 他仔细地看黑板, 但什么也没看见。  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. 我昨天把自行车借给汤姆了。  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. 我的汽车正在被修理。  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. 这张桌子是木头制成的。它是王叔叔做的。  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. 他们已经在这里居住了十年了。  
\_\_\_\_\_

八. 阅读理解。(20分)

(A)

Last Saturday morning Mr. White looked out of the window of his bedroom. Mrs. Black was in the street. She came to the door of his house and rang the bell. His wife went to the door and opened it. Mrs. Black came in. Mr. White didn't go downstairs.

About ten minutes later, Mr. White went to the top of the stairs and shouted to his wife, "Has that foolish woman gone?" But Mrs. Black was still in the sitting-room with his wife. Mrs. White didn't say anything, but then she said to her husband, "Yes, she's gone. Mrs. Black's here now."

1. Who rang the door bell of Mr. White's house?

A. Mr. Black. B. Mrs. Black.

2. Mr. White didn't go downstairs because \_\_\_\_\_.

A. he didn't want to meet Mrs. Black

B. his wife was downstairs

C. he wasn't feeling well

D. he was having his breakfast

3. Why didn't Mrs. White answer Mr. White at once?

A. Because she didn't hear what Mr. White had said.

B. Because she didn't think that Mrs. Black was foolish.

C. Because she didn't understand what Mr. White really meant.

D. Because she needed a little time to find a good answer.

4. Where did Mrs. White talk with Mrs. Black?

A. In her bedroom. B. In the sitting-room.

C. Beside the window. D. In Mr. White's bedroom.

5. What do you think of Mrs. White?

A. She wasn't an honest woman. B. She was a bit foolish.

C. She was very clever. D. She was strict with herself.

(B)

There is a big old tree near my house. A black bird lives in the tree. Its name is Polly. How old is it? I don't know. Every day I take some food to the tree. The bird sees me and comes down. I put some food in a small box. Polly comes into the box and begins to eat the food. How happily Polly eats! After that it goes back into the tree. I give some food to Polly every day. Polly is very friendly, too. And so it likes me. We are very good friends.

根据短文判断下列句子是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”。

1. Polly is in my house.

2. The bird eats food in the tree every day.

3. I often put some food in a big box for Polly.

4. I am very friendly to Polly.

5. Polly has a good time every day.

# 新概念英语同步测试卷

## ★ Book 2 Test 4 (Lesson 13 ~ 16)

分 数 \_\_\_\_\_

### 一. 填入下列单词中所缺的字母。(10分)

- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. gr__ _p      | 2. cl__ b      |
| 3. perform__nce | 4. occ__sion   |
| 5. am__sing     | 6. exper__nce  |
| 7. w__ve        | 8. l__ft       |
| 9. t__ply       | 10. lang__age  |
| 11. joum__y     | 12. secret__ry |
| 13. nerv__s     | 14. aff__rd    |
| 15. w__k        | 16. interr__pt |
| 17. t__fic      | 18. __bey      |
| 19. at __       | 20. t__cket    |

### 二. 找出划线部分读音与其他三个不同的选项。(10分)

- |                   |             |           |           |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. A. group       | B. about    | C. blouse | D. shout  |
| 2. A. club        | B. bus      | C. excuse | D. cup    |
| 3. A. performance | B. worst    | C. horse  | D. get    |
| 4. A. often       | B. occasion | C. box    | D. dog    |
| 5. A. amusing     | B. excuse   | C. duty   | D. bus    |
| 6. A. experience  | B. expect   | C. exam   | D. excuse |
| 7. A. wave        | B. vase     | C. cable  | D. name   |
| 8. A. lift        | B. bike     | C. child  | D. five   |
| 9. A. weak        | B. tea      | C. heavy  | D. please |
| 10. A. ticket     | B. reminder | C. behind | D. get    |

### 三. 从 A、B、C、D 中选出恰当的选项。(30分)

1. Will you go there \_\_\_\_\_ train or \_\_\_\_\_ air?
- A. on; on                      B. at; at                      C. by; by                      D. take; take
2. He gets up early \_\_\_\_\_ usual.
- A. as                              B. like                              C. for                              D. on
3. There are many policemen to \_\_\_\_\_ order.
- A. make                              B. keep                              C. do                              D. in

4. This book isn't mine. It's \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Tom                              B. Tom's                              C. him                              D. her
5. There are two pictures on the wall. I like \_\_\_\_\_ of them.
- A. all                              B. two                              C. whole                              D. both
6. He said that he \_\_\_\_\_ back the next day.
- A. came                              B. come                              C. comes                              D. would come
7. The children said \_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_ themselves very much.
- A. if; enjoyed                      B. why; enjoy                      C. that; enjoyed                      D. where; enjoy
8. We visited the Summer Palace yesterday. Some went there \_\_\_\_\_ bus, some \_\_\_\_\_ foot.
- A. by; on                              B. in; with                              C. on; by                              D. with; in
9. We worked \_\_\_\_\_ the daytime and sleep \_\_\_\_\_ night.
- A. at; in                              B. in; at                              C. on; at                              D. at; on
10. Please remember \_\_\_\_\_ when you are out.
- A. posting the letter                      B. post the letter
- C. to post the letter                      D. to have posted the letter
11. Either Tom or his parents will let me use \_\_\_\_\_ car.
- A. her                              B. their                              C. him                              D. them
12. Lily is doing her homework, and Lucy is drawing a picture. So \_\_\_\_\_ can help their mother with housework now.
- A. neither of them                      B. both of them
- C. none of them                      D. no one of them
13. The boy \_\_\_\_\_ his homework before his father arrived home.
- A. finished                      B. finishes                      C. has finished                      D. had finished
14. We'll go to the park if it \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.
- A. will rain                      B. will not rain                      C. rains                      D. doesn't rain
15. The teacher told us that the earth \_\_\_\_\_ around the sun.
- A. moved                      B. move                      C. moves                      D. moving

### 四. 用所给词的正确形式填空。(20分)

1. This band will give six \_\_\_\_\_ (perform) next month.
2. The teacher told the students \_\_\_\_\_ (obey) these rules.
3. I saw a sign, and it said: "No \_\_\_\_\_ (park)." "
4. We had an \_\_\_\_\_ (amuse) experience last week.
5. He is very \_\_\_\_\_ (nervousness) when he speaks to a stranger.
6. I was late for work, because there was a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ (traffic).
7. The old man was very \_\_\_\_\_ (weakness) after his illness.
8. Look! The policeman \_\_\_\_\_ (wave) to you.

9. He told us that he \_\_\_\_\_ (be) to London two months ago.  
10. The boy's mother said to him, "Don't \_\_\_\_\_ (interrupt) us."

五、用适当的介词或副词填空。(10分)

- Mr. Smith has worked here \_\_\_\_\_ six years.
- They went to Beijing \_\_\_\_\_ train the day before yesterday.
- \_\_\_\_\_ usually, he went to work on foot.
- I met an old friend \_\_\_\_\_ my way to the cinema.
- They felt tired, but they walked \_\_\_\_\_.
- All of us passed the English exam \_\_\_\_\_ Bill.
- When he entered the office, the teacher didn't look \_\_\_\_\_ from his desk.
- \_\_\_\_\_ from a few words, I know nothing about Japanese.
- \_\_\_\_\_ the way, do you know her address?
- It's very cold, put your coat \_\_\_\_\_ when you're out.

六、用所给的词语组成句子。(10分)

- she, he, tomorrow, clothes, will, washing  
\_\_\_\_\_
- there, some, to, are, keep, policemen, on, order, street, the  
\_\_\_\_\_
- neither, could, of, speak, us, French  
\_\_\_\_\_
- from, everything, apart, is, this, ready  
\_\_\_\_\_
- car, was, I, this, could, to, afford, expensive, it, very, buy, not  
\_\_\_\_\_

七、阅读理解。(30分)

Mrs. Brown had a small garden behind her house, and in spring she planted some vegetables in it. She looked after them very carefully, and when summer came, they looked very nice.

One evening Mrs. Brown looked at her vegetables and said, "Tomorrow I am going to pick them, and then we can eat them."

But early the next morning, her son ran into the kitchen (厨房) and shouted, "Mother, Mother! Come quickly! Our neighbour's (邻居的) ducks are in the garden and they are eating our vegetables!"

Mrs. Brown ran out, but it was too late! All the vegetables were finished! Mrs. Brown cried, and her neighbour was very sorry, but that was the end of the vegetables.

Then several days before Christmas, the neighbour brought Mrs. Brown a parcel (包裹). In it was a beautiful, fat duck, and on it was a piece of paper with the words,

"Enjoy your vegetables!"

根据短文判断下列句子是否正确, 正确的写 T, 错误的写 F。

- Mrs. Brown's garden was in front of her house.
- In spring, she grew a number of vegetables in the garden.
- The vegetables grew very well.
- She was going to pick them, but she couldn't pick any.
- The next morning her son ran into the bedroom and shouted to her.
- Her neighbour's ducks were in her garden and ate the vegetables.
- When she went out, some vegetables were finished.
- Her neighbour was very sorry for that.
- The neighbour brought Mrs. Brown a parcel before Christmas.
- There was a piece of paper with the words "Enjoy your vegetables!" on the duck.

(B)

Now it is eight o'clock. The Greens are at home. Mr. Green is sitting in a chair. He is reading a newspaper. Mrs. Green is sitting at the desk. She is writing a letter. Jim is twelve. He is standing near the window. He is reading an English book. It's very nice. Kate is only six. She is sitting on the floor. She is playing with her toys (玩具). What's that behind Kate? It's a cat.

What's the cat doing? It's playing with a ball.

- There are \_\_\_\_\_ people in Jim's family.  
A. two                      B. six                      C. four                      D. five
- What's Mrs. Green doing now?  
A. She's sitting in a chair.  
B. She's writing a letter.  
C. She's standing near the window.  
D. She's playing with her toys.
- Kate is \_\_\_\_\_ and her brother is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. twelve; eight      B. six; eight      C. twelve; six      D. six; twelve
- Who's playing with a ball?  
A. Jim's brother.      B. Kate's mother.      C. Jim's sister.      D. Kate's cat.
- Which of these is TRUE?  
A. Now Mr. Green's daughter is at school.  
B. Mrs. Green's son is sitting on the floor.  
C. Mr. and Mrs. Green are watching TV.  
D. Jim's father is reading a newspaper in a chair.

## 新概念英语同步测试卷

### ★ Book 2 Test 5 (Lesson 17 ~ 20)

分数 \_\_\_\_\_

#### 一. 填入下列单词中所缺的字母。(10分)

1. app\_ \_t
2. st\_ \_ge
3. br\_ \_ght
4. st\_ \_cking
5. s\_ \_ck
6. p\_ \_b
7. hand\_ \_d
8. b\_ \_ll
9. h\_ \_rry
10. p\_ \_ty
11. excl\_ \_m
12. s\_ \_dly
13. c\_ \_tch
14. b\_ \_t
15. w\_ \_ste
16. real\_ \_ze
17. f\_ \_sherman
18. ret\_ \_m
19. imm\_ \_diately
20. tick\_ \_t

#### 二. 找出划线部分读音与其他三个不同的选项。(10分)

1. A. appear B. hear C. wear D. clear
2. A. stage B. eagle C. make D. waiter
3. A. bright B. live C. dinner C. shop
4. A. stocking B. close C. sock D. seat
5. A. job B. bus C. hurry D. student
6. A. hand/gra'd B. horse C. worse D. sport
7. A. said B. excitement C. paid D. rain
8. A. sadly B. happy C. happy D. glad
9. A. boat B. fog'd C. room D. good
10. A. realize B. leave C. please D. speak

#### 三. 从A、B、C、D中选出恰当的选项。(20分)

1. He doesn't come today. He \_\_\_\_\_ ill.
  - A. must
  - B. be
  - C. must be
  - D. must is
2. The girl \_\_\_\_\_ a red dress is her daughter.
  - A. in
  - B. on
  - C. with
  - D. at
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is he? —He is at least twenty years old.
  - A. How big
  - B. How old
  - C. How much
  - D. How
4. \_\_\_\_\_ Jack, Bill and Tim also went to the party.
  - A. Beside
  - B. Besides
  - C. As
  - D. Like

5. The boy is interested in \_\_\_\_\_ football in his spare time.

A. to play B. plays C. play D. playing

6. \_\_\_\_\_ I was watching TV, they came in.

A. Because B. While C. But D. Even if

7. This film is so \_\_\_\_\_ that all of us are \_\_\_\_\_ in it.

A. interesting; interested B. interesting; interesting

C. interesting; interested D. interested; interesting

8. He went out without \_\_\_\_\_ a word.

A. say B. says C. to say D. saying

9. He doesn't like to speak English in public because he's afraid \_\_\_\_\_ mistakes.

A. of making B. of make C. making D. makes

10. She has to \_\_\_\_\_ on Sundays.

A. works B. work C. working D. to work

#### 四. 选择与划线部分意思相近的选项。(10分)

1. He was looking for his glasses.

A. trying to look at B. trying to look after

C. trying to see D. trying to find

2. I left my keys on the table in my office.

A. let B. put C. allowed D. permitted

3. His mother said that he would return at six o'clock.

A. turn B. turn back C. come D. come back

4. The nurse took care of the wounded very well.

A. care of B. care C. looked about D. looked after

5. We'll go to Hangzhou by air tomorrow.

A. bus B. plane C. bike D. train

#### 五. 判断下列句子是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并改正。(20分)

1. It's too dark now. We has to leave now. ( )

2. Her daughter is interested in draws. ( )

3. I think she is at least thirty years old. ( )

4. The child is afraid of goes out alone at night. ( )

5. The boy who is sitting besides her is her son. ( )

学校 \_\_\_\_\_ 班级 \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名 \_\_\_\_\_

注意: 1. 学生要写清校名、班级、姓名。  
2. 用钢笔答题, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。  
3. 仔细审题, 认真解答。

6. He said that he would have to work on Sunday. ( )

7. He might have telephoned me last night. ( )

8. I didn't see him for three years. ( )

9. I prefer staying at home to go fishing. ( )

10. Besides Bob, all of us passed the exam. ( )

六、用所给词的正确形式填空。(10分)

1. His sister is a famous \_\_\_\_\_ (act).
2. We wanted to know what \_\_\_\_\_ (happen) to him.
3. Are you interested in \_\_\_\_\_ (collect) stamps?
4. His father has \_\_\_\_\_ (give) up drinking.
5. She was reading the newspaper when the telephone \_\_\_\_\_ (ring).

七、完形填空。(20分)

Li Ping's classmates went to the Summer Palace \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday afternoon. Li Ping \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ He looked \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ Aunt Huang's baby. The child was only ten \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ old.

At first the baby was \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_. Later she woke \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ and began to cry. Li Ping talked to her and let her \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ the music. But the baby still cried. Then Li Ping started to sing. The baby stopped \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_. She listened and watched. Li Ping danced, made faces and \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ all kinds of things the \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ afternoon. The baby laughed and laughed.

- |                 |                   |                 |               |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. late      | B. later          | C. last         | D. yesterday  |
| 2. A. goes      | B. not went       | C. didn't go    | D. wasn't go  |
| 3. A. up        | B. at             | C. for          | D. after      |
| 4. A. week      | B. years          | C. season       | D. months     |
| 5. A. sleep     | B. going to sleep | C. asleep       | D. to asleep  |
| 6. A. for       | B. at             | C. up           | D. down       |
| 7. A. listen to | B. listen         | C. to listen to | D. to listen  |
| 8. A. crying    | B. cried          | C. to cry       | D. cry        |
| 9. A. do        | B. doing          | C. did          | D. doesn't do |
| 10. A. who      | B. whose          | C. whole        | D. last       |

八、阅读理解。(20分)

(A)

Jim is at home. He has no classes on Saturday. In the morning, he puts his hat on and goes

out of his room. He looks up and sees some birds singing in the tree near his home. He thinks he can catch (抓住) the birds. He climbs (爬) up the tree. And his mother sees him in the tree. She asks him to come down. Jim has to (不得不) come down with no bird. He sits under the tree, hoping (希望) a bird comes into his hand.

根据短文判断下列句子是否正确, 正确的写 T, 错误的写 F。

1. Jim goes to school and sees some birds in a tree.
2. His mother asks Jim to come home.
3. I think he can catch a bird that day.
4. Jim's mother is not at work today.
5. Jim is a student but today he has no lessons.

(B)

I got home at six o'clock in the evening. My wife opened the front door for me.

"Good evening, Ted," she said.

"Good evening, my dear," I answered.

"Are you tired?" she asked.

"No," I answered. "I'm not tired, but I'm very hungry."

"Dinner will be ready in half an hour," she said. I took off my coat and sat down. My wife

sat beside me.

"Did you catch your train this morning?" she asked.

"No," I answered. "I missed it. I ran all the way to the station and got there at four minutes

past nine.

"Which train did you catch?"

"The 9:15."

"What time did you get to the office?" she asked.

"At ten o'clock," I answered.

"At ten o'clock?" my wife exclaimed. "Wasn't the boss angry?"

"No," he wasn't at the office," I said. "He arrived at ten thirty. He missed the train, too."

1. \_\_\_\_\_ got home at six o'clock in the evening and his wife opened the front door for him.

A. My wife      B. I      C. Ted      D. The boss

2. \_\_\_\_\_ will be ready \_\_\_\_\_," she said.

A. Lunch; in an hour      B. Supper; in one and a half hours

C. Dinner; in half an hour      D. Breakfast; at four minutes past nine

3. He got to the office \_\_\_\_\_.

A. at four minutes past nine      B. at nine fifteen

C. at ten thirty-two      D. at ten o'clock

4. The boss \_\_\_\_\_ at half past ten.

A. was angry with him      B. was not at the office

C. miss his train      D. got to his office



- A. excited; excited      B. excited; exciting  
C. exciting; exciting      D. exciting; excited

四. 用适当的介词或副词填空。(20分)

1. He lent his book \_\_\_\_\_ me yesterday.
2. I haven't heard \_\_\_\_\_ him for a long time.
3. She can look \_\_\_\_\_ my cat when I'm out.
4. The doctor told him to give \_\_\_\_\_ smoking and drinking.
5. We were having lunch, when someone knocked \_\_\_\_\_ the door.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ the morning of June 25, they visited the Capital Stadium.
7. The little boy is afraid \_\_\_\_\_ staying at home alone.
8. The girl \_\_\_\_\_ the red skirt is his sister.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ the way, could you tell me Jim's telephone number?
10. You can borrow the dictionary \_\_\_\_\_ Jimmy.

五. 完形填空。(20分)

Mr. Brown worked in \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ office in a town. Every morning he \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast with his wife at half \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ seven, read newspapers, drank \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ and then left his house at eight \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ to catch the train to the town.

One morning he was still sitting comfortably(舒服) \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ the breakfast table. \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ reading some newspapers. \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ five past eight. He didn't hurry and asked his wife \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ another cup of tea.

"Another cup?" she said in surprise. "Aren't you going to the office today?"

"The office?" He said and stopped \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ the newspapers. "I thought I was at the office."

1. A. a      B. an      C. /      D. the
2. A. has      B. have      C. had      D. having
3. A. to      B. past      C. before      D. having
4. A. a cup tea      B. cup of tea      C. a cup of tea      D. a cup tea
5. A. to go      B. go      C. and go      D. goes
6. A. at      B. on      C. in      D. with
7. A. and      B. or      C. for      D. to
8. A. past      B. at      C. on      D. in
9. A. of      B. to      C. with      D. for
10. A. to read      B. reading      C. reads      D. read

六. 阅读理解。(10分)

Mrs. Black lives in a small town with her children. Four years ago her husband died in a traffic accident. He left her nothing except three children and an old, short house. Her work is to clean the streets. They pay her some money for it and it is only enough for their food and clothes. It was Mabel's birthday one day. Mrs. Black had little money to buy a birthday cake for her. When she was walking past a shop, she spent all her money on some plums (李子). She put them on a plate and began to cook. Peter, her five-year-old son, saw them. He never ate any plums and wanted to taste(尝) one. He looked around and there was nobody except himself. He quickly ate one and left. That evening Mrs. Black found a plum missing. She asked, "Who's eaten the plum?" Every child answered, "I haven't." "I'm afraid you've swallowed(吞) the stone (核)," said the mother. "Then you'll be ill!" "Don't worry about it, Mummy," Peter said happily. "I've thrown the stone through the window!"

1. Mrs. Black is a \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. doctor      B. teacher      C. farmer      D. street cleaner
2. There are \_\_\_\_\_ people in Mrs. Black's family.  
A. four      B. three      C. six      D. seven
3. Mrs. Black bought some plums for Mabel because \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. she got rich      B. it was Mabel's birthday  
C. she got some money      D. someone helped her
4. Peter ate a plum for the first time because \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. he was too young      B. the fruit could make him ill  
C. his mother hasn't enough money to buy any other fruit  
D. he didn't like to eat any fruit at all
5. In fact(事实上), Peter told his mother that \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. he didn't eat the plum      B. he had eaten the plum  
C. Mabel had eaten the plum      D. he did wrong

七. 用所给词的正确形式填空。(10分)

Mary usually \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ (get) up at six. But she \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ (get) up at half past five this morning. Now she \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ (read) the book *Stories of Lei Feng*. She \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) her classmates about Lei Feng this afternoon.

# 新概念英语同步测试卷

## ★ Book 2 Test 7 (Lesson 25 ~ 28)

分数 \_\_\_\_\_

### 一. 找出划线部分读音与其他三个不同的选项。(15分)

- |                |               |            |             |
|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. A. railway  | B. excellent  | C. captain | D. wait     |
| 2. A. porter   | B. landlord   | C. afford  | D. work     |
| 3. A. wonder   | B. complain   | C. contain | D. complete |
| 4. A. art      | B. beggar     | C. harbour | D. park     |
| 5. A. proud    | B. squally    | C. trouble | D. house    |
| 6. A. critic   | B. appreciate | C. effect  | D. green    |
| 7. A. whether  | B. where      | C. which   | D. who      |
| 8. A. marginal | B. whether    | C. pattern | D. porter   |
| 9. A. several  | B. pretend    | C. smell   | D. tent     |
| 10. A. leap    | B. heavily    | C. stream  | D. dream    |

### 二. 从 A, B, C, D 中选出恰当的选项。(30分)

- They arrived home safely \_\_\_\_ last.
 

A. at	B. on	C. in	D. by
-------	-------	-------	-------
- He \_\_\_\_ a toy for his son yesterday.
 

A. buys	B. bought	C. bought	D. has bought
---------	-----------	-----------	---------------
- She put \_\_\_\_ her coat and went out.
 

A. down	B. off	C. up	D. on
---------	--------	-------	-------
- Up to now, he \_\_\_\_ here for two years.
 

A. works	B. worked	C. has worked	D. had worked
----------	-----------	---------------	---------------
- The film \_\_\_\_ I saw yesterday was very interesting.
 

A. who	B. which	C. whom	D. what
--------	----------	---------	---------
- Peter often says something \_\_\_\_\_.
 

A. critic	B. critical	C. critically	D. critics
-----------	-------------	---------------	------------
- Remember to put \_\_\_\_ the candle before you go to bed.
 

A. on	B. off	C. down	D. out
-------	--------	---------	--------
- This is the \_\_\_\_ interesting film I have ever seen.
 

A. most	B. more	C. too	D. much
---------	---------	--------	---------
- He said something \_\_\_\_ I couldn't understand.
 

A. who	B. whose	C. whom	D. which
--------	----------	---------	----------
- \_\_\_\_ have you been to Guangzhou? — Several times.
 

A. How	B. How many	C. How many times	D. How much
--------	-------------	-------------------	-------------
- Please tell me \_\_\_\_ my answer is right or wrong.

### 三. 用所给词的正确形式填空。(20分)

- We \_\_\_\_ (surprise) at what he said.
- He \_\_\_\_ (forget) to send this letter yesterday.
- He \_\_\_\_ (work) here since 1980.
- This is \_\_\_\_ (expensive) dress in our shop.
- We \_\_\_\_ (usual) go to work on foot.
- The children \_\_\_\_ (interest) in this \_\_\_\_ (interest) film.
- It is one of \_\_\_\_ (beautiful) pictures I have ever seen.
- Our room is \_\_\_\_ (small) than yours.
- He \_\_\_\_ (be) to England several times so far.
- Please go back home \_\_\_\_ (hurry).

### 四. 用适当的介词或副词填空。(20分)

- He didn't go to school because \_\_\_\_ his illness.
- I'm a stranger and I don't know the way \_\_\_\_ the railway station.
- The children are looking \_\_\_\_ the blackboard carefully.
- They want to find a place to put \_\_\_\_ their tent.
- It's raining \_\_\_\_ . You'd better not go out.
- We woke \_\_\_\_ at six o'clock this morning.
- The boy's mother asked him to put his toys \_\_\_\_ and go to bed.
- If it rains tomorrow, we'll have to put \_\_\_\_ the sports meeting.
- We needn't go back \_\_\_\_ Beijing tonight.
- He spoke so \_\_\_\_ that I couldn't understand him.

### 五. 用所给的词语组成句子。(15分)

- he, went, put, his, on, out, coat, and  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- told, I, the, you, have, news, times, three  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- both, have, Jack, gone, and, to, Tim, London  
\_\_\_\_\_.

注意: 1. 学生要写清校名、班级、姓名。  
2. 用钢笔答题, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。  
3. 仔细审题, 认真解答。

学校 \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名 \_\_\_\_\_  
班级 \_\_\_\_\_

装 订 线



4. the, just, you, man, now, met, whom, is, a, doctor, famous

5. film, saw, was, we, yesterday, the, very, interesting

六、阅读理解。(20分)

(A)

Many years ago, in a small town, there lived a doctor. He was good and kind. At any time of day and night, he was always ready to go and help sick people (病人). Everyone in the town liked him and people always went to him when there was anything wrong with them. But many years went past and the doctor became old. He began to lose his memory (记忆). This made him do foolish things sometimes. When people noticed this, they did not go to him any more.

"He may give us the wrong medicine," they said and they were afraid. "Why does no one come to me now?" he wondered. But no one wanted to tell him because they did not want to hurt (伤心) the good old man, so they said, "You have cured (治愈) all the sick people in the town. There is no one sick now." The doctor was pleased when he heard that and they went away happily.

1. The doctor lived \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. in a city                      B. in a village                      C. in a hospital                      D. in a town
2. People did not go to the doctor any more because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. he might give them wrong medicine  
B. he didn't want to see them  
C. they were afraid of him  
D. he didn't want to cure them
3. When the doctor heard what people said, he \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. was worried                      B. was pleased                      C. was surprised                      D. was sorry
4. The doctor \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. was not kind to the sick people  
B. believed what the people told him  
C. always gave the wrong medicine  
D. was quite foolish
5. Why didn't people tell the truth to the doctor?  
A. Because they did not need to tell him the truth.  
B. Because the doctor did not like to listen to them.  
C. Because they did not want to hurt the old doctor.  
D. Because they were angry with the doctor.

(B)

Oxford Street  
London, England  
December 22nd, 1992

Dear Lin Tao,

Have you ever seen snow? I don't think you have snow in Guangzhou, do you? In England, we usually have some snow in winter, this year we have a lot. Our garden looks very beautiful under the snow, and it is nice to play in snow.

When I got up this morning, the land is all white with snow. There is too much snow. Today is Saturday, so we don't go to school. After breakfast, some of my friends came round, and we made a big snowman. It had a big mouth and two long ears. Its eyes were black and its nose was red. Someone put an old hat on its head. We were very happy. After lunch we went to the park to make snowballs. In the park we met quite a few boys from our school and we had a fight with the snowballs. Isn't it interesting? I took a photo of our snowman. I'm sending it to you as a present. I hope you will like it.

Stop here because I must do my homework, then I can enjoy the snow again tomorrow!

Yours,

John

1. This letter is from \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. London                      B. Oxford                      C. Guangzhou                      D. Liu Tao
2. John thinks \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. people in Guangzhou usually have lots of snow in winter  
B. there is more snow in Guangzhou than in London  
C. there is much less snow in Guangzhou than in London  
D. people in London usually have many snow in winter
3. It is Saturday. And \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the children stay at home because it snows hard  
B. the children made a big snowman with black eyes in the park  
C. the boys made a snowman and snowballs outside the house  
D. the children made a snowman with a big mouth and two long ears
4. Like other boys, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. John likes to play with snow very much  
B. John doesn't like to go to school  
C. John doesn't like winter at all  
D. John likes to fight with his friends
5. After John finishes the letter, he is going to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. do his homework  
B. play with snow again  
C. take a photo of the snowman  
D. make some snowballs