美音版

大学英语辞典

English-ChineseDictionary For College English Learners

With Phonetic Symbols For AMERICAN English

王禹奇 陈胜/主编

Editors-in-Chief:

WANG Yuqi, CHEN Sheng

石油工业出版社 PETROLEUM INDUSTRY PRESS

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内 容 提 要

《美音版大学英语辞典》根据权威的大学英语教学大纲词汇表编写,收录了5,500个词目和1,812个词组,覆盖了中学英语、大学英语1-4级、大学英语5-6级规定掌握的全部词和词组,辅以例证,因而是适于大学生、中学生和社会各界相应学力英语学习者得心应手的中小型工具书,也是大学英语教师备课的案头参考。

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I.美…

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体例说明

(一)词条

- 1.本辞典收入的词条按字母顺序排列。例如:about,abroad,absolute 等。
- 2.不同词条的美国英语、英国英语拼写形式以括号形式加以表明。例如:neighbor(u)rhood,fulfil(1)等。
- 3. 词条级别分为两级标注: 中学英语及大学英语四级阶段应该掌握的词条不标注任何符号; 大学英语六级阶段应该掌握的词条在词条前用星号"*"标注。

(二)注音

- 1.本辞典采用 Oxford Student's Dictionary of AMERICAN English (《牛津美国英语学生词典》日本国东京版)的美式英语注音。与我国中学生所学国际音标的差异在于单元音/i/、/ɪ/、/æ/、/a/、/a/、/u/、/u/、/a/,双元音/er/、/ær/、/ɪr/、/ar/、/ox/、/ar/、/ou/和辅音/y/。例词等参见"注音说明"(封二、封三)。
- 2.音标排在词条后,前后加斜线;重音号用上撇"!",次重音号用下撇"_!";一个单词有不同的读音用分号分隔。例如: * **consequent** / kansakwant; kansakwant/。
- 3.由于词性不同而发音不同的词条分别加注音标并单列词条,在词条右上角加"1"、"2"。例如:

record1/'rekard/ n....

record²/ri^tkord/ vt....

(三)词性

- 1.词性用习惯性英语缩写形式注明,用黑斜体排在音标后。
- 2. 词条的不同词性,按常用程度另行排列。例如 dictate 词条:
 - v. 1 口述;口授:··· 2 命令:支配····
 - n. [pl.] 命令,规定,要求
- 3.词性标注的缩写形式为:

v. 动词(vt. 及动物词:vi. 不及物动词)

aux.v.助动词

prep.介词

conj.连词

n.名词

art. 冠词 int.感叹词 pron.代词 a.形容词

num.数词

ad. 副词

4. 不规则动词变化收在该动词后的圆括号中。例如:

strike /straik/

wt. (struck. ~/stricken) 1 使突然想到…

即不规则动词 strike 的过去式为 struck、过去分词为 struck 或 stricken。

5.不规则名词复数收在该名词后的圆括号中。例如:

phenomenon /fi'namə,nan/

- n. (复数为 phenomena 或 phenomenons)…
- 6.不规则形容词的比较级、最高级变化收在该形容词后的圆括号中。例 **ш**.

wealthy /'wel0i/

- a. (wealthier: wealthiest)...
- 7.常作单数用的名词,在方括号内注"sing."。例如 base 词条:
 - m. 1 [常 sing.] 基,基底,底座

(四)义项和释义

- 1.主要根据《大学英语教学大纲词汇表》先定各义项的释义。
- 2.义项顺序用阿拉伯数字标识。例如 dictate 词条·
 - v. 1 口述;口授:… 2 命令;支配:…

(五)例证

- 1.例证主要出自于英文原版辞书,或是国内著名出版社新近出版的英汉 词典。
- 2. 例证排在义项释义之后,与释义用冒号":"隔开。例证可以是短语,也 可以是例句,例证后有中文译文。
- 3. 例证所证实的词条用斜体表示。例如:a man of multiple abilities 多才多 艺的人, a girl with long, dark lashes 长着又黑又长睫毛的女孩子。
- 4.一个义项下的多个例证,其间用斜线号"/"隔开。例如:sample n. [C] 样品,试样,样本: a random sample of the voting public 公众投票随机取样/The nurse took a blood sample for tests. 护士抽血样去化验。

(六)同义词

- 1.部分形容词、动词、名词等词条后收入了常见同义词。同义词用方括号注明"[周义]"。例如:severe [周义] harsh, rough, stem, strict, tough。
- 2.同一词条不同词性的同义词前标注其词性的缩写。例如: shelter [剛义] n. refuge, asylum; v. cover, defend, guard, hide, protect, screen, shield

(七)反义词

- 1.部分形容词、动词、名词等词条后收入了常见反义词。反义词用方括号注明"[反义]"。例如:severe [反义] gentle, mild, lenient。
- 2.同一词条不同词性的反义词前标注其词性的缩写。例如: pass [$\mathbf{\mathcal{L}}$] v. ~ stop, withhold, fail。

(八)固定搭配和词组

- 1.固定搭配和词组按中心词,排列在中心词的词条下。中心词下有多个词组时,按第一个词的字母顺序排列。例如: in step, keep in step with, out of step, step aside/down, step by step, step in, step up, take steps to 等。
- 2.一个词组里的数个义项按①、②、③…的顺序排列。例如: come along ①来吧;赶紧;快点 ② 进步;进展 ③ 出现;发生;到来。 come to ① 靠拢;接近;到达 ② 达到(总数、状态、时间等) ③ 苏醒 ④ 涉及;谈到…。
 - 3.各词组及其义项收入相应的例证。
 - 4.不同的词组之间以斜线"/"隔开。

(九)词汇辨析

- 1.针对容易混淆的形近、义近词,编写了词汇辨析。词汇辨析内容以细线框上。词汇辨析例证的主要根据是国内外权威辞书对相同词汇的辨析,编著者在理解的基础上,力争精确反映语言现象。
- 2.词汇辨析编写在相关某词条中以后,在编写其它相关词时不再重复,但在该相关词汇下标注参见某某词条。例如:[辨析] throw, cast, toss, pitch, * fling, * hurl 参见 throw。

A a



a /ei; ə/; an/æn; ən/

art. 1 (非特指的)—(个); to go to a concert 去听音乐会/She's having lunch with an old friend of hers. 她与一老朋友共进午餐。2 (同类事物中的)任—(个): a dog chasing a cat 狗在追赶—只猫 3 每—(个): A tiger is a cat family animal. 老虎是猫科动物。

abandon /əˈbændən/

vt. 1 抛弃;舍弃:to abandon one's wife and children 抛弃妻儿/The order to abandon the ship was given eventually. 弃船的命令最终下达了。2 放弃:They abandoned their attempts to escape. 他们放弃了逃跑的企图。3 离弃,丢弃:The vehicle was found abandoned near the village. 有人发现那车子被扔在村子附近。

[周义] leave, desert, discard, quit

[長文] keep, maintain, retain, pursue [黃文] keep, maintain, retain, pursue [褐鱼] abandon oneself to 放纵于;沉溺于: She abandoned herself to the serene landscape. 她沉浸在景色的宁静之中。/with abandon ① 放任地;放纵地: He wailed with complete abandon. 他号啕大哭。②纵情地: I saw you at the party, dancing with abandon. 我见你在晚会上纵情起舞。

ability /əˈbɪlɪtɪ/

n. 1 [U] 能力,本领: ability to pay 支付能力 2 [C,U] 才能,天才: a man of multiple abilities 多才多艺的人/The col-

lege education cultivated my ability to begin my career. 大学教育培养了我开展自己事业的能力。

[周 义] capacity, capability, competence, aptitude, gift, talent

[反义] inability

[词组] to the best of one's ability 尽某人的最大努力

一词汇辨析

ability, capacity

ability n. "能力,本领;才能,才智",指做某事的能力,这种能力可以通过学习或锻炼而获得,后跟不定式,其形容词结构为 to be able to do sth.。如:I admire her simply for her ability to speak English so fluently. 我羡慕地,只因她能那么流利地讲英语。

capacity n. "能力,才能;容量,容积", 指学习、理解能力,后跟不定式或介词 for/of。如: Human beings were born with a capacity to learn/for learning/of learning a language. 人类生来就有学语言的能力。

able /'erbəl/

a. 1 [后接不定式] 能够…的,得以…的: to be able to (do sth.) 能(会)做某事/Most children are able to walk before they are able to speak. 大多数孩子在会说话之前就会走路。2 有能力的,能干的: an able lawyer 能干的律师/the most able (the ablest) man I know 我认

识的最能干的人

[馬义] capable, competent, skillful, gifted, talented, qualified

[反义] incompetent, unable, weak

* abnormal / ab' normal/

a. 反常的, 异常的: We do not think such an abnormal phenomenon will last long. 我们认为这样的反常现象将不会持续很久。

[周义] unusual, irregular, unnatural, strange, odd, queer

[反义] normal, regular, natural, common, customary, ordinary, usual, conventional, typical

aboard /ə'bord/

prep. 在船(飞机、车)上,上船(飞机、车): She went aboard the plane. 她上了飞机。

ad. 在(船、飞机、车)上,上(船、飞机、车): Combustible goods cannot be taken aboard. 易燃物品不可以携带上车。

* abolish /əˈbalɪʃ/

w. 废除;废止:to abolish the abuses of power 铲除对权利的滥用/The plantation slavery was legally abolished in the Civil War. 种植园蓄奴制在(美国)内战中被废除。

[周义] suppress, cease, eliminate, cancel

[反义] establish, introduce, enforce, create, continue

[并析] cancel, * abolish 参见 cancel

* abortion /əˈbərjən/

n. [C,U] 流产,堕胎: an induced abortion 人工流产/Abortion was a crime in some countries. 堕胎过去在一些国家是犯罪行为。

about /ə¹baut/

prep. 1 关于,对于; Tell me something about your trip. 请告诉我一些关于你旅行的情况。2 在…周围;在…各处: He found some unfamiliar faces about him. 他发现四周是些不熟悉的面孔。/He lives somewhere right about

here. 他就住在附近。

ad. 1 大约;差不多: The interview lasted about an hour. 面试持续了近一个小时。/The job is about done. 工作差不多要完成了。2 在周围,到处: The old man was wandering about with no place to go. 这位老人四处漂泊,无处可去。3 在附近: He must be somewhere about.他一定就在附近。

[**词组**] about to (do something) 正要; 即将: My son was about to leave school. 我的儿子就要毕业了。

\ved'e\ evods

prep. 1 在 ··· 上方: to fly above the clouds 在云层上飞行/My bedroom is just above. 我的卧室就在上面。2 多于,大于: Applicants must be above 18. 申请人必须年满十八岁以上。/A soldier should value honor above life. 战士应该把荣誉看得比生命更重要。3 高于,优于: He is above me in the class. 在班上他比我强。4 超出,超过: Tom is above average in his lessons. 汤姆的成绩高于平均水平。

ad. 1 在(或向)上面,在顶上: the clouds above 天上的云/See the example given above. 看前面举的例子。2 [在级别、权力、数目等方面]以上: Take your complaints to the powers above. 有什么抱怨到你的上司那里说去。

a. 上述的: The above (articles) are of no interest to us at present. 我们对以上各项(商品)目前均无兴趣。

[周戈] ad. - over, overhead, beyond, on top of, exceeding

[及义] ad. - within, beneath, below, under

[河鱼] above all 首先;尤其重要的: Scientists need many things, but above all, they need belief. 科学家需要具备许多 品质,而最重要的是需要具备信念。

\bcrd'e\ bcrda

ad. 1 到国外,在国外: at home and abroad 在国内外/to live abroad 住在国

外 2 在传播,在流行: The news quickly spread abroad. 这个消息很快传开了。

[周义] overseas

[及义] domestic, home

词汇辨析

abroad, overseas

abroad ad. & a. "国外,海外",指在国外或在海外,一般用作副词,也可用作形容词放在名词后。如: Why shouldn't we go abroad with you? 我们为什么不该和你一起出国? /On our trip abroad we visited relatives in France. 在国外旅游时,我们看望了在法国的亲戚。

overseas ad. & a. "国外,海外",作副词用时与abroad 基本相同,作形容词用时放在名词前。如: My brother has gone to live overseas. 我的兄弟已去国外居住。/Are you interested in an overseas job?你对海外的工作感兴趣吗?

* abrupt /ə'brəpt/

a. 1 突然的,意外的: The road was full of abrupt turns. 这条路沿途都是急转弯。2 (举止、言谈等) 唐突的,鲁莽蹬: in an abrupt manner 无礼的态度/an abrupt entrance 闯进 3 (山坡) 陡峭的: an abrupt descent on the road 路上的陡坡

[周义] hasty, unexpected, sudden, harsh, rude

[長义] gradual, slow, polite, polished absence / absens/

[反义] presence absent / absent /

a. 1 缺席的,不在场的: He was absent from the meeting. 他开会缺席。2 缺乏

的,不存在的: In certain fishes the ribs are entirely absent. 某些鱼类的身上完全没有肋骨。3 心不在焉的,出神的: She had an absent look on her face. 她看起来心不在焉。

[周义] away, lacking, missing, deficient [反义] present

[**闽 a**] **absent from** 没有到场; 缺席: How many of you were **absent from** yesterday's meeting? 你们当中有多少人昨天 没去开会?

absolute / 'æbsəlut/

a. 1 绝对的;完全的: absolute ignorance to modern science 对现代科学全然无知 2 无限制的: No one can enjoy absolute liberty. 无人可以享受无限的自由。3 十足的, 道地的: an absolute fool 十足的笨蛋

[周义] perfect, supreme, complete, entire, certain, definite, sure, unquestionable [反义] relative, conditional, dubious, relative, imperfect

absorb /əb'sərb/

w. 1 吸收: Salt absorbs moisture in the air. 盐能吸收空气中的水分。/Thick carpets absorb part of the noise. 厚实的地毯能吸收部分声音。2 使(精神)贯注: He is absorbed in study. 他专心学习。3 并吞;兼并;同化: That country tried to absorb its small neighbor. 那个国家企图兼并它弱小的邻国。/a country that absorbed millions of immigrants 吸收并同化了百万计移民的国家

[周义] consume, occupy, devour, swallow [词组] be absorbed in ① 专心于: I was utterly absorbed in what I was doing. 我正专心干活。② (个人或集体)融入;成为…的一分子(并失去自我): She walked into the crowd and was soon absorbed in it. 她走进人群,很快就看不见了。

abstract /æb'strækt; 'æbistrækt/

a. 1 抽象的: an abstract idea 抽象概念 2 抽象派的(艺术): an abstract painting



抽象画/abstract theatre 抽象戏剧

n. [C] 1 摘要;摘录: You need to write an abstract of your thesis in English. 你需要给你的论文写一英文摘要。2 抽象艺术品: There are two abstracts on the wall. 墙上有两幅抽象派画。

w. 1 摘要;节略:He is abstracting a story for a book review. 他正在为一篇书评撰写故事梗概。2 抽出;提取:Iron is abstracted from ore. 铁是从矿石中提炼出来的。

[周义] a. — theoretical, unpractical, unrealistic; v. — abridge, separate

[反义] a. - concrete; v. - mend, unite, concrete, restore, impose

[河銀] in the abstract 抽象地说;在理论上讲: I like dogs in the abstract, but I can't bear this one. 一般说来我喜欢狗,但是无法忍受这一只。

* absurd /əb'sərd/

a. 荒谬的,荒诞的,荒唐可笑的: What an absurd request! 这个要求荒谬之极! [『爻] irrational, ridiculous, unreasonable

[反义] sensible, rational

[券析] funny, ridiculous, * absurd 参见 funny

* abundance /əˈbəndəns/

n. [U] 丰富,充足,富裕;多:a year of abundance 丰年/food and drink in abundance 有吃的有喝的

[月义] extravagance, plenty, wealth

[反义] lack, need

abundant /ə¹bəndənt/

a. 1 大量的,充足的: abundant supplies 充足的供应/Rice is abundant in the river valleys. 江河流域有充裕的稻米。2 丰富的,富裕的: abundant in 富于…; …很丰富

[并析] enough, adequate, abundant, suffi-

cient, * ample 参见 enough

abuse1/əbyus/

n. 1 [U,C] 滥用;妄用; the abuse of privilege 滥用特权 2 [U] 虐待: child abuse 虐待儿童 3 [U] 辱骂; 凌辱: shower sb. with abuse 破口大骂某人

abuse²/ə¹byuz/

wt. 1 濫用;妄用: We should not abuse our privilege. 我们不应该滥用特权。2 虐待: The arrested man has been physically abused. 那被捕的人曾遭受肉体上的推残。3 辱骂;凌辱: They abused each other. 他们相互谩骂。

[周义] misuse, mistreat; harm, injure, damage

academic / ækə demik/

a. 1 学院的,大学的: academic year 学年 2 学术的: academic research 学术研究 3 理论的;不切实际的: He was a sharp, academic sort of fellow. 他是那种言辞尖刻而又很学究气的人。

[周义] learned, bookish, scholastic, theoretical

academy /ə¹kædəmi/

n. [C] 1 研究院, 学会: the Royal Academy 皇家学会 2 (高等) 专科院 校: an academy of music 音乐学院

[周义] college, institute, school

accelerate /ək'selə reit/

v. (使)加速, (使)催促: to accelerate the economic growth 加速经济发展

[周义] quicken, rush, hasten, speed up

[長义] slow, hinder, resist, delay, retard, obstruct

[并析] hurry, hasten, quicken, accelerate 参见 hurry

accent1/1ækisənt/

n. 1 [U,C] 口音;腔调:He speaks with a strong southern accent to his English. 他说的英语带有很浓的南方口音。2 [C] 重音;重音符号:a primary (second) accent 主(次)重音

accent²/æk'sent; 'æk,sent/

vt. 重读: You should accent the second

syllable of the word. 你应该重读这个词的第二个音节。

accept /ək'sept; æk'sept/

wt. 1 接受, 领受: I've received a gift from him, but I'm not going to accept it. 我收到了他送的礼物,但是我不准备接受。2 承认,认可,同意: The government accepted the whole affair to be an unfortunate accident. 政府承认这整个事件是一桩不幸的意外。3 相信: Einstein's theory of relativity is now generally accepted. 爱因斯坦的相对论理论现在被普遍接受了。

[周 义] acknowledge, receive, admit, agree, concede

[反义] refuse, reject

词汇辨析

accept, receive

accept vt. "接受",指经过思考后愿意接受某事物。如:I sent her my invitation, but she didn't accept it. 我给她发了请贴,但她没有接受我的邀请。

receive at. "收到",指客观上收到某物,不表示同意接受与否。在表示接受或接纳时,要有相应的方式状语或介词短语。如:They did receive my invitation, but they didn't want to come. 他们的确收到我的邀请,但他们不愿意来。/His theory was not universally received by scientists until 1889. 直到1889年,他的理论才为科学家所普遍接受。/I was received into the Communist Party of China in 1994. 我于1994年被接受加入中国共产党。

acceptance /ak'septans; æk'septans/

n. [U] 1 接受,接纳:to make polite acceptance 彬彬有礼地表示接受 2 赞同,承认:to receive wide acceptance 得到广泛承认

[反义] refusal

access / ækises/

n. [U] 1 通道, 人口: The bathroom gives access to the corridor. 浴室通向走

廊。2 接近,进人: a man of easy access 平易近人的人 3 接近、进入、了解或使用的机会: Only a few people have access to the full facts of the case. 只有少许几个人有机会了解到案件的全部真相。

wt. 访问,存取(计算机文件): Accumulator and index register can be accessed by the programmer. 程序员可以对累加器和变址寄存器进行存取。

[词 to] gain/get/have access to 有接近(或使用)… 的 机会(或权利): The graduate students in our school get access to special literatures in the faculty reading rooms. 我们学校的研究生有在教师阅览室查阅特殊文献的权利。

* accessory /ək'sesəri/

n. [C] 1 附件,零件,配件: the accessories of a bicycle 自行车的附件 2 (附属的)装饰品,搭配物: handbag accessories 手提包上的小饰物 3 从犯;帮凶: He is an accessory to the murder. 他是这件谋杀案的帮凶。

[周义] component, part

accident / aksadent/

n. [C] 1 意外事件,事故: to be killed in a car accident 在一起汽车事故中死亡2 意外,意外因素: an accident in loading 装货中的意外事故

[**考起**] by accident 偶然;意外: You might cut yourself by accident; you would not cut yourself on purpose. 一个人可能会意外割伤自己,但不会故意割伤自己。

词汇辨析

accident, incident, event

accident n. "事故",指出乎意料之外的不幸事件。如: Twenty - five people were killed in this traffic accident. 在这场交通事故中有 25 个人丧生。

incident n. "发生的事;事件,事变",多指涉及到暴力的重大事件。如: The president is often troubled by ordinary incidents at school. 校长常被学校的日常項



事所困扰。/The famous Xi an Incident took place in 1936. 著名的西安事变发生在 1936 年。/Border incidents occurred now and then between the two countries 10 years ago. 10年前这两国之间不时发生边境事件。

event n. "事件,大事;比赛项目",指有历史 意义的重大的事件(中性词)。如:The American Civil War is generally regarded as one of the greatest events in the American history. 美国内战通常被认为是美国历史上最重大的事件之一。/Winning the scholarship was a great event in the boy's life. 获得该奖学金是这个男孩一生中的大事。/Which events have you entered for? 你报名参加了哪些比赛项目?

accidental / æksə dentəl/

a. 意外的,偶然的: accidental death 意外死亡

[] casual, nonessential

[反义] designed, essential

* accommodate /əˈkaməˌdeit/

vt. 1 容纳: The house can accommodate a family of five. 房子可容纳一个五口之家。 2 提供住宿: He will accommodate me with the use of his house, while he is abroad. 他在国外期间将把他的住宅供我使用。 3 使适应, 顺应: The eye can accommodate itself to seeing objects at different distances. 眼睛能自动调节,以便观看远近不同的景物。

[周义] provide, supply, lodge, suit [詩析] lodge, * accommodate, * reside, * inhabit 参见 lodge

accommodation /aikama dei Jan/

n. [C,常 pl.] 住处,膳宿: to look for accommodations 寻找住处/The traveling students found accommodations at moderate terms. 这些旅游的学生感到那儿的食宿费是公道的。

accompany /əˈkəmp(ə)ni/

wf. 1 陪伴,陪同: She accompanied me to the doctor. 她陪我去看了医生。2 伴

随,和···一起发生:Thunder accompanies lightning. 雷声随闪电而来。3 伴奏:
Mary sang and I accompanied her on the piano. 玛丽唱歌,我弹琴给她伴奏。

[周义] attend, go along

[反义] abandon, desert

accomplish /əˈkamplɪʃ/

vt. 达到(目的),实现(计划等),完成:You should accomplish the task within the allowed time. 你们必须在规定的时间内完成这项任务。

[周义] achieve, complete, finish, realize

[壽析] complete, finish, accomplish, fulfill, attain 参见 complete

accord /əˈkərd/

n. 1 [U] 一致,符合: out of accord with sb. 与某人意见不一致 2 [C] 和解,协议: the American defense accords with Turkey and Greece 美国与土耳其和希腊的防卫条约

vi. (常与 with 连用)一致;符合: His opinion accorded with mine. 他的意见与我的一致。

vt. 授予,赠与,给与:We accorded him a hearty welcome. 我们热烈地欢迎他。

[周义] v. - agree, fit, suit, reconcile [反义] v. - conflict, disagree

accordance /ə¹kərdəns/

n. [U] 一致,和谐,符合:to act in accordance with the rules 根据条例行事 [诃佩] in accordance with 按照;依据; 与…—致: Act in accordance with our wishes. 按照我们的希望行动。

according to /a'kardın tu/

prep. 1据;按照: according to all accou-



nts 照大家所说的 2 根据…所说: According to the weather forecast, it will rain tomorrow. 据天气预报,明天有雨。

accordingly /ə¹kərdınli/

ad. 1 相应地,按照:You may arrange accordingly. 你可以权宜处理。2 因此,所以,于是:He was asked to leave the city and accordingly he went. 有人叫他离开该城市,所以他就走了。

account /ə'kaunt/

n. [C] 1 记述,描述,报告: an exciting account of the match 对这次比赛激动人心的报导 2 账,账户: The accounts show we have spent more than we received. 账目表明我们支出多于收入。3 解释,说明: No satisfactory account was given of these phenomena. 对这些现象未曾提供令人满意的解释。

vi. 1 (for)说明…的理由,是…的原因:How do you account for all the accidents in series? 你怎么解释这接二连三地发生的事故呢? 2 (在数量、比例等方面)占:It accounts for thirty percent of all railway accidents. 这占了整个铁路事故的百分之三十。

[周义] n. - explanation, narration

[词無] account for 说明;解释(原因 或理由): How do you account for all your mistakes? 你如何解释你所犯下的这些 错误呢? /of no account 不重要的: Whether or not you see him again is of no account to me. 你会不会再见到他与我 无关。/on account of 因为;由于: On account of his youth, he was not allowed to use the medicine. 由于他尚年幼,所以 不能用这种药。/on no account 决不; 绝对不: On no account should we give up the plan. 我们决不放弃这个计划。/ take account of, take into account 考虑 到;顾及;体谅: Taking into account all the circumstances, he thought it wise not to say anything further. 考虑到所有情况、

他想还是不要再说什么为妙。

accountant /ə kauntənt/

n. [C] 会计(员),会计师:assistant accountant 助理会计/chartered accountant 注册会计师,会计师

accumulate /əˈkyumyəˌleit/

w. 堆积,积累,积聚: By buying ten books every month, he soon accumulated a good library. 他每月买十本书,不久便集成了一个丰富的藏书库。

vi. 积聚,累积:Dust quickly accumulates if we don't sweep our room. 我们如果不打扫房间,灰尘很快就会积聚起厚厚的一层。

accuracy / ækyərəsi/

n. [U] 精确性,正确度: firing accuracy 命中率/with accuracy 正确地

accurate /ækyurit/

a. 1 准确的;精确的: an accurate answer 准确的答案 2 准确无误的: Is this watch accurate? 这只表准吗?

[月义] correct, exact [反义] inaccurate

词汇辨析

accurate, exact, precise

accurate a. "准确的,精确的",常指与标准相符合,着眼点是误差小。如:The guidance system is accurate to within a few yards. 制导系统的误差保持在几码之内。

exact a. "精确的,正确的,确切的",强调每个细节的确切无误。如: Give me the exact words of my parents. 把我父母的话一字不差地告诉我。

precise a. "精确的,准确的",多指仪器的精密和叙述正确无误。如: This instrument is capable of extremely precise measurement. 这台仪器计量极其精确。/It is hard to give a precise definition to the word. 很难给这个词下一个精确的定义。

accuse /əˈkyuz/

w. 控诉;起诉,指控: The police accused him of stealing. 警方控告他犯有



盗窃罪。

[周义] blame, charge

[**词**鱼] accuse of 指控; 遺责: The prosecuting attorney accused him of corruption. 检察官指控他犯了贪污罪。

词汇辨析

accuse, charge, appeal, * sue

accuse vt.与 charge vt.意为"指控,控告;指责"。所不同的是它们使用不同的句型。如: accuse sb of sth/doing sth; charge sb with sth/doing sth; charge that ...。/They accused him of murder/charged him with murder. 他们控告他犯有谋杀罪。/They accused jack of reckless driving/charged Jack with reckless driving. 他们指责杰克玩命飘车。/They charged that Joseph had committed murder. 他们指控约瑟夫犯了谋杀罪。

appeal at. & ni. "上诉,申诉;将…上诉",后接物或事做宾语,其句型为 appeal against sth.,一般不接人做宾语。如: I'll appeal to the law against your crime. 我特把你的罪行诉诸法律。/He has appealed the case. 他已经将此案上诉。

* sue vt. & vi. "控告,起诉",一般接 人做宾语。如: Are you going to sue (him)? 你要起诉(他)吗?

accustomed /ə¹kəstəmd/

a. 1 习惯于…的,适应了的: I'm not accustomed to getting up so early to do morning exercises. 我不习惯这么早起床进行晨练。2 通常的,习惯的,按照风俗习惯的: her accustomed smile 她惯常的微笑

[周义] habitual, customary, used, usual [反义] unaccustomed, unused

[褐氣] be/become/get accustomed to (doing sth.) 习惯于;适应了: The boy soon became accustomed to walking in the dim light. 那男孩很快就适应了在昏暗中走路。

ache /eɪk/

wi. 1 疼痛: Her head ached all night. 她

的头整夜都疼。2 渴望: I am aching to join in the game. 我渴望参加比赛。

n. [C] 疼痛:a stomach ache 胃疼[周义] hurt, pain

achieve /ə't [iv/

wt. 完成,达到,实现:The university has achieved all its goals this year. 这个大学今年已经实现了所有的奋斗目标。

vi. 成功: He achieved because he was a hard worker. 他之所以取得成功是他努力的结果。

[周义] accomplish, get, realize, win [反义] fail

achievement /ə'tʃivmənt/

n. 1 [C] 成就,功绩: Flying across the Atlantic for the first time was a great achievement. 首次飞越大西洋是一个伟大的成就。/subject achievement 学科成绩/academic achievement 学业成绩,学术成就 2 [U] 完成;达到;实现: Such a goal was impossible of achievement. 这样的目标是不可能实现的。 [馬叉] accomplishment, attainment, realization

acid / 'æsid/

n.[化][C,U]酸,酸性物质

a. 1 酸味的,酸性的: acid indigestion 胃酸过多(症) 2 脾气坏的,刻薄的,尖刻的: an acid wit 机智/an acid tone of voice 尖酸的声调

acknowledge /ək'nalidz/

w. 1 承认,承认…的权威(或主张): I acknowledge the truth of his statement. 我承认他说的是事实。/He acknowledged the child as his. 他承认这个孩子是他的。2 对…表示感谢,答谢,致谢: to acknowledge a favor 答谢所受到的关照3表明已收到,公认: He was acknowledged to be the best player. 他被公认为是最佳选手。

[周义] admit, appreciate, confess

[神析] admit, acknowledge, confess, recognize 参见 admit

* acquaint /ə'kweint/

vt. (与 with 连用)使熟悉,使相识,介绍:Let me acquaint you with the facts. 让我把事实告诉你。/I am already acquainted with him. 我已经和他相识。

[词 组] acquaint with, be acquainted with 知道; 了解;告诉: Travel will acquaint you with new customs of the country. 旅行能使你了解那个国家的新风俗习惯。

acquaintance /əˈkweintəns/

n. 1 [C, U] 熟悉,熟知: I have no acquaintance with this book. 我不熟悉这本书。/I have some acquaintance with English, but I do not know it well. 我稍懂些英语,但并不精通。2 [U] 相识的人,熟人:a speaking acquaintance 泛泛之交/He has a large circle of acquaintances. 他有很多熟人。

[月义] associate, friend

[词tal] make (somebody's) acquaintance 认识人; 交朋友: I'm pleased to make your acquaintance. 我很高兴认识你。

acquire /əˈkwaiər/

w. 1 获得;取得;习得: Some smoking and alcoholic drinks are an acquired taste and are not in born. 抽烟喝酒往往是一种后来习得的嗜好,并不是生来就有的。/Some people go back for their education to acquire another degree or diploma to impress the society. 有些人回到学校去接受教育,是想再取得一个学位或一张文凭,以提高自己在社会上的地位。2 学到: She acquired knowledge of the English by careful study. 她通过认真学习而精通英语。

[周义] achieve, accomplish, attain, get, obtain

[壽析] get, acquire, gain, obtain, derive, * reap参见 get

acquisition / ækwə zıjən/

n. 1 [U] 获得;取得;习得: The children progressed in the acquisition of basic skill. 孩子们在掌握基本技术方面取

得了进步。2 [C] 获得物;得到的东西;得到的人: This motor scooter is my latest acquisition. 这辆摩托车是我最新购置的。

acre /'eikər/

n. 1 [C] 英亩:500 acres of land 五百 英亩地 2 [pl.] 地产,大片田地:broad acres 宽广的土地

across /əˈkras/

prep. 1 横过,越过,穿过: a bridge across a river 横跨河两岸的桥/drew lines across the paper 在纸上画交叉线/We swam across the river. 我们游到河对岸。2 在对面: the house across the street 街道对面的房子

ad. 1 到对面;宽,阔: The river is 50 meters across. 河宽 50 米。2 在对面;向对面: He looked across at her. 他从对面看着她。/We'll soon be across. 我们很快就可到达彼岸。

act /ækt/

vi. 1 行动; 做事: Think before you act! 三思而后行! 2 表现; 行为: The boys acted bravely. 男孩们的表现很勇敢。 3 起…作用;产生…效果: Does the drug take long to act? 这药要很久才能起作 用吗? 4 扮演,装作: He acted as host to visitors. 他以主人的身份接待来客。

vt. 扮演,装作: He acted his part well. 他扮演的那个角色很成功。

n. [C] 1行为;行动: a foolish act 愚蠢的举动 2 法令;条例: Parliament has passed an Act forbidding the killing of rare animals. 国会通过了一项法令,禁止捕杀珍稀动物。3 (一)幕: Act 5 Scene 2 第五幕第二景

[周义] n. -- deed, performance, function; v. -- behave, perform

[词组] act as 担任;充当;起…的作用: She acted as a technical interpreter at the conference. 她在会议中担任技术翻译。 / act on, act upon ① 依据…行事;奉行: Why didn't you act on my warning? 你为什么不听我的警告? ②



(药物等)对···有功效/作用;影响: Acids act on metal. 酸能对金属起作用。/act up ① 出毛病;运转不正常: The refrigerator is acting up again. 电冰箱又有问题了。②(尤指小孩)要脾气;捣蛋: Act up and I'll beat your ass. 你敢捣蛋,看我不打你屁股。/in the act of 正做···的过程中: I was in the act of shooting when I recognized him as a friend in the childhood. 我正要向他开枪,突然认出他是我儿时的一个朋友。

词汇辨析

act, action, acting, activity, deed, conduct

act n. "行动,做事;举止,表现",常指瞬间的、不可分的一个动作,还指较为抽象的某种行为。如: He was caught in the act of stealing. 他偷东西时被抓住了。/He was praised for his brave act. 他的勇敢行为受到表扬。

action n. "行动,行动过程",强调动作的过程,还可表示抽象概念,体现在固定搭配上。如: Actions speak louder than words. 空说不如行动。/It is high time we took actions against corruption. 是我们采取行动反腐败的时候了。

acting n. "表演,演出"。如: His acting was quite first - rate. 他的表演是第一流的。

activity n. "活动",指做某项具体的活动,常用复数,如: social activities (社交活动)。如: When I was attending college, there were a lot of recreational activities. 我上大学的时候,文娱活动很丰富。

deed n. "行为,事迹",一是指与言语相对应的行为,二是指良好的、英勇的行为。如: Deeds, not words, are needed. 需要的是行动,而不是言语。/He was praised for his good/heroic deeds. 他由于表现良好/英勇而受到表彰。

conduct n. "举止,行为",指从道义上和行为准则上看正确与否的行为。如: She described his conduct as disgusting. 地把他的行为说成是令人反感的。

action / ækfən/

n. 1 [U] 行动;动作:The time has come for action. 行动的时间到了。2 [C] 行为;举动: Actions are more important than words. 做比说更重要。3 [C] 作用: the action of light on photographic film 光线对感光片的作用 4 [C] 情节: The action took place in a village. 故事发生在一个乡村。

[周义] act, deed, gesture, movement, work

[调组] out of action 不(再)起作用: 不(再)运转 take an action 采取行动 [辨析] act, action, acting, activity, deed, conduct 参见 act

* activate / aktə veit; aktiveit/

vt. 使…活动,对…起作用;刺激: His lofty spirit has greatly attracted and activated others. 他的崇高精神大大地吸引并且激励了别人。

active / 'æktɪv/

a. 1 活跃的;积极的; He has been able to tell us more about active volcanoes than any man alive. 关于活火山的情况,他能比任何人给我们讲得都多。2 主动的;能起作用的; biochemically active 有生化活性的

[周义] busy, alert, working [反义] inactive, lazy

activity /æk'tɪvəti/

n. 1 [C] 活动;行动: social activities 社会活动;社交活动 2 [U] 活跃;活力: The classroom was full of activity; every child was busy. 教室里充满了活跃的气氛,每个孩子都忙个不停。

[轉析] act, action, acting, activity, deed, conduct 参见 act

actor / 'æktər/

n. [C] 男演员: a motion actor 动作片演员

actress /ˈæktrɪs/

n. [C] 女演员: She's an actress. 她是个演员。

actual / akt [uəl/

