# 构建新体制

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# 前言

《构建新体制——1994 中国发展报告》是复旦发展研究院发表的第二份年度报告。我们自1993 年起决定发表有关中国发展的年度报告,对上一年中国社会各方面的发展作出回顾和评价,同时作出近期预测和对策性的分析。1993 年 3 月,首份年度报告《重新认识中国——1993 中国发展报告》发表后,引起各个方面的积极反响,受到有关部门和人士的注意,不少媒介均介绍了报告的基本观点和分析。这对我们来说是十分珍贵的鼓励。在此,我谨向所有给予我们以支持和鼓励的人士和机构表示由衷的感谢。

1994年,中国政治、经济、文化、社会继续以前所未有的节奏向前发展,呈现出崭新的面貌。同时,中国依然在一个多极化的世界中积极发展自身。对中国社会发展中出现的新问题、新矛盾,有了比以往更透彻的认知。

我们把 1994 年发展报告的主题确定为"构建新体制"。90 年代以来,在深刻总结了十多年改革开放的历程的基础上,同时借鉴域外的经验教训,1993 年确定了"整体推进、重点突破"的体制发展战略,明确了建立社会主义市场经济体制的目标。1994年,又全力实施发展新体制的战略,在经济领域中推出了几项关键性的体制改革步骤。同时,在政治、文化、社会领域中也都进行了体制建设。中国的改革开放预示着,体制创新是中国下一步发 展的关键。

本报告主要包括五个部分:第一部分,分析经济发展和建立社会主义市场经济体制的重大发展,1994年我国在构建经济运行新体制方面实现了决定性的突破,为新的社会经济体制奠定了坚实的基础;第二部分,分析政治领域中体制建设的努力,政治体制的推动是社会主义现代化的必要条件,1994年在执政党建设和政权建设方面均做出令人瞩目的举措;第三部分,分析文化发展、经济变革所引起的文化领域中深刻的变革和正在形成中的新模式;第四部分,分析在经济力量作用下社会转型的内在过程,尤其是社会协调发展对实现社会现代化的意义;第五部分,分析国际环境和中国的外交活动,在一个新旧格局交替的世界,分析国际环境和中国的外交活动,在一个新旧格局交替的世界上,中国外交继续取得显著的成绩,同时中国在更深的层次上加入了当今世界。

1995年是执行国家"八五计划"的最后一年,也是制定"九五计划"的一年。这一年显然是关键的一年。对1994年社会发展过程中出现的新情况新问题,报告做了分析,并提出了对策性的建议。1995年,全社会将更加注重社会的协调发展,报告也对此发表了意见。

《1994 中国发展报告》是复旦发展研究院的研究人员们根据自己的理性和判断做出的科学研究,同时也吸收了其他研究人员的研究所得。复旦发展研究院是一个没有围墙的政策研究和咨询机构,所有研究人员的创造精神都会有利于它的发展。如同首份年度报告,我愿重申,报告反映的所有观点均是参加本报告写作人员个人的观点,并不代表任何机构和任何集体的观点。

杨福家 复旦发展研究院院长

# **PREFACE**

STRUCTURING THE NEW SYSTEM—CHINA DEVELOPMENT RE-PORT 1994 is the second annual report published by Fudan Development Institute. We decided, starting from 1993, to publish annual reports about the development in China, reviewing and reassessing the development in many aspects of the Chinese society, and producing short-term predictions and policy analyses. The first annual report Rediscovering China—China Development Report 1993, published in March 1993, drew positive responses and caught the attention of many people and institutions. Many in the media cited the basic viewpoints and analyses from that report. All these constitute very valuable encouragement. Please allow me to avail myself of this occasion to express our hearty thanks to the people and institutions that supported and encouraged us.

1994 witnessed the further development of China in political, economic, cultural and social aspects at an unprecedented rhythm, displaying fresh new looks. At the same time, China remained in the multi-polar world for its active self-development. Further and clearer understanding was gained of the new issues and contradictions that came along with the social development of China. The theme of China Development Report 1994 was chosen as "Structuring The New System". In 1993, the systemic development strategy for "all-round progress and priority breakthrough"

was formed and the goal of building up a socialist market economy system was set. This was based on the thorough reviews of the historical process of reform and open up in more then ten years and the study of both positive and negative lessons abroad, which was carried out ever since the beginning of the 1990s. And in 1994 several critical measures of system reform in the economic area were taken in the all—out efforts to realize the development strategy of the new system. System building, however, was accomplished in the political, cultural and social aspects, too. The reform and open up in China predicts that the key to the development of China at the next stage will be system innovations.

This report comprises five parts. The first part: analysing the economic development and the major progresses in setting up the socialist market economy system. Decisive breakthroughs were achieved in 1994 so that a solid foundation was laid for the new social and economic system. The second part: analysing the efforts of establishing the system in the political area. Progress in the political system is a necessary premise for socialist modernization. Impressive measures were done in 1994 both in the ruling Party construction and government construction, The third part: analysing the deep-going changes and form-taking new modes that cultural development and economic changes gave rise to in the cultural area. The fourth part: analysing the internal process in the social transformation under the impact of economic power, especially the significance concerted social development bore on the social modernization. The fifth part: analysing the international environment and China's diplomatic efforts. In a world caught in the transition from the old pattern to the new, China continued to make remarkable diplomatic achievement, and, at the same time, China's involvement in today's world moved to a deeper level.

1995 is the last year in implementing the Nasional Eighth Five-Year

Plan, and it is also the year to work out the Ninth Five-Year plan. It is, therefore, a year of paramount importance. This report analyses the new situation and new issues that came up in 1994, and presents policy recommendations. People from all social groups will pay much more attention to the concerted social development in 1995, and this report also made comments on that.

China Development Report 1994 is the scientific research result by the research staff of the Fudan Development Insitute, based on their rationality and judgement, and it has also included the research results by other researchers. The Fudan Development Institute is an open institution for policy study and consultation. The initiatives from all research people facilitate its growth. I would like to reiterate, as I did in the first annual report, that all views and ideas presented here are of their personal contribution, and thus do not represent that of any institution or group.

Yang Fujia
Director
Fudan Development Institute

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