高等学校英语应用能力考试训练丛中

总主编 安晓灿

高等学校英语 应用能力考试

B级

模拟试题集

主 编 景志华 韩 荻 刘玉才

E I G I S F



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前 言

自 1998 年起, 〈高等学校专科英语应用能力考试〉在全国已逐步推开。该项考试是为检测高职、高专学生是否达到国家教育部颁发的〈高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求〉而设置的考试。它极大地推动了专科英语教学内容和课程的改革, 对专科英语教学的发展起到了引导和推动作用。

(高等学校专科英语应用能力考试)以(高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求)为依据,分为 A 级考试和 B 级考试。修完规定的全部内容的学生可以参加 A 级考试;修完 B 级规定的全部内容的学生可以参加 B 级考试。试卷共分五大部分:听力理解(B 级与 A 级题型不同)、语法结构、阅读理解、英译汉(B 级前半部分题型与 A 级不同,为选择题)和写作(或汉译英)。该项考试有以下两个主要特点:

- 1. 既考核语言的基础知识和技能,也考核使用英语处理有关涉外业务的基本应用能力, 后者占总量的 60%左右。
- 2. 试题的形式多样, 既有多项选择题, 也有填空题、匹配题、简短问答题、翻译题、填写表格、命题写作、按提示写作等等。多项选择题所占比例约为三分之一。

为了帮助学生在修完基本要求 B 级所规定的全部内容以后熟悉《高等学校英语应用能力考试》题型,巩固所学语言知识和技能并顺利通过考试,我们编写了此书。

本书是严格按照(高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲)及其样题编写的。它具有内容新颖、题材广泛、语言知识和应用文体的覆盖面宽、题的难易程度适中等特点。文章及练习多选自原文书刊,语言比较地道、纯正。书后附有答案及详解。本书除适用于学生备考外,还可供各层次的学生及英语爱好者自学使用。

本书由高等学校专科英语应用能力 B 级考试试题(12 套)、答案及详解和录音文字三个部分组成,并配有录音磁带。

(高等学校英语应用能力考试训练丛书)由安晓灿教授任总主编。本书是丛书中的一本,由景志华、韩荻、刘玉才任主编。具体分工如下:听力理解(张亚红);语法结构和写作(景志华);阅读(潘明辉、景志华);翻译(王茹艳)。在编写此书的过程中参考了有关书籍,并得到多方支持,在此一并表示感谢。

由于编者水平有限,加之时间仓促,错误和遗漏在所难免。敬请使用本书的广大师生提出宝贵意见。

编 者 2001年2月

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Model Tests

Test 1

Part I

Listening Comprehension

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

- B) You're right.
- C) Yes, certainly.
- D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet. Now the test will begin.

- 1. A) Clean the desk.
- B) I live in Shanghai.
- C) Nothing.
- D) I'm a doctor.

- 2. A) Ok.
 - C) All right.
- 3. A) Yes, my name is Zhao Hua.
 - C) Yes, this is Zhao Hua speaking.
- 4. A) Yes, of course.
- B) Yes, please.

- B) That's all right.
- D) Yes, you're late.
- B) Yes, I'm Zhao Hua.
- D) Yes, Zhao Hau is me.
- C) Of course not D) Do it please.

- 5. A) Yes, I've got the key.
 - C) No, I don't think so.

- B) Yes, that's the question.
- D) No, I've lost the key.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

6. A) It's interesting.

B) It's disappointing.

C) It's wonderful.

D) It's helpful.

- 7. A) Mary has just begun her trip.
 - B) Mary has been ready for the trip to Paris.
 - C) Mary will be away soon.
 - D) Mary has got there.
- 8. A) Everyone.
- B) The woman.
- C) The boss.
- D) No one.

- 9. A) \$2.
- B) \$6.

- C) \$4.
- D) \$5.

- 10. A) 7:55.
- B) 8:00.

- C) 7:45.
- D) 8:15.

Section C

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the words or phrases that you hear on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

11			
12			
14			
15			
Part II	S	Structure	(15 minutes)
Directions: Thi	s part is to test your ability	y to construct gramma	tically correct sentences. It con-
sists	of 2 sections.		
	<u></u>		
Section	A		
Directions. The	re are 10 incomplete state	ments here, each with	h a blank. You are required to
			ate answer from the 4 choices
			responding letter on the Answer
	et with a single line throu		
16. Television i	s different from radio in _	it sends and rece	eives pictures.
A) which		C) that	D) this
17, th	ere were some tickets avail	able for the concert.	
		B) As was expec	ted
C) That wa	as expected	D) So it was exp	pected
18. She had en	ough money for lunch,	?	
A) doesn't	she B) hasn't she	C) haven't she	D) didn't she
19. Both the T	ailors and have bee	n informed of the new	rs.
A) we		C) us	D) all of us
20. A doctor,	together with two nurses,	sent to that r	mountain village to help the sick
people.			•
A) have	B) has	C) have been	D) has been
21. Some new	oilfields since 1976		
A) were or	oened up	B) has been open	ned up
C) have be	en opened up	D) had been ope	ened up
22. He	when his teacher asked hi	m to hand it in.	
A) has just	t finished his paper	B) would just fir	nish his paper
C) just fin	ished his paper	D) had just finis	shed his paper
23. —Why	didn't you buy the gold ri	ng?	
I	, but I didn't have the		
A) would	B) bought	C) had bought	D) would have
			. 3 .

24.	It was not long the news spread a miracle of nature.	nd people from	m all over the w	orld came to visit this
	A) after B) before	C) until	D) when	n
25.	I have never seen before.			
	A) so beautiful a picture	B) such bea	utiful picture	
	C) such beautiful a picture	D) so a bear	utiful picture	
	Section B			
Dir	ections: There are also 10 incomplete state	tements here .	You should fil	ll in each blank with
	the proper forms of the word or	words given	$in \ the \ brackets$. Write the word or
	words in the corresponding space	on the Answe	r Sheet .	
26.	Unless he (send) the money before	e Friday, I sł	nall consult the l	awyer.
27.	He (cross) the street when he was	hit by a car.		
28.	The World Health Organization expects e	veryone (give	up)smo	oking by 2000.
29.	If it hadn't rained last night, the ground	(not be)	so wet now.	
30.	I was (wrong) supposed to be a '	Welshman(威	尔士人)because	e of my family name.
31.	The young man insists that what he has o	lone (benefit)	the peop	ole in the near future.
32.	While (show) around the campus,	we met a lo	t of teachers and	students.
33.	With the (apply) of credit cards	(信誉卡) mo	re people got int	o debt.
34.	(inform) about the robbery, the poers.	olicemen rush	ed out into their	cars to catch the rob-
35.	"But why on earth did you agree to the p	roposal?" I as	sked (curious)_	·•
Pa	rt II Reading C	omprehe	nsion	(40 minutes)
Dir	ections: This part is to test your reading a	bility. There	are some tasks f	for you to fulfil . You
	should read the passages carefull			
	Task 1			
Dir	ections: After reading the following pas			

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find five questions or incomplete statements, numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Generations of Americans have been brought up to believe that a good breakfast is one of life's essentials. Eating breakfast at the start of the day, we have all been told, is as necessary as

putting gasoline in the family car before starting a trip.

But for many people the thought that food is the first thing you have in the morning is by no means a pleasure. So despite all the efforts, they still take no breakfast. Between 1977 and 1983, the latest years for which figures are available, the number of people who didn't have breakfast increased by 33 percent—from 8.8 million to 11.7 million—according to the Chicago-based Market Research Corporation of America.

For those who feel pain or guilt (內疚) about not eating breakfast, however, there is some good news. Several studies in the last few years indicate that, for adults especially, there may be nothing wrong with omitting breakfast. "Going without breakfast does not affect performance." said Arnold E. Bender, former professor of nutrition (营养) at Queen Elizabeth College in London, "nor does giving people breakfast improve performance."

Scientific evidence linking breakfast to better health or better performance is surprisingly inadequate, and most of the recent work involves children, not adults. "The literature," says one researcher, Dr. Ernesto Pollitt at the University of Texas, "is poor."

36	The	nassage	is	mainly	concerned	with	
30.	1116	Dassage	12	IIIdiiiiy	COncerned	AA 1 CII	

- A) a study of the Chicago-based Market Research Corporation
- B) one of life's essentials
- C) latest figures of people who don't eat breakfast
- D) breakfast and human health
- 37. For those who do not take breakfast, the good news is that _____.
 - A) several studies have been done in the past few years
 - B) not eating breakfast does no harm to one's health
 - C) adults have especially made studies in this field
 - D)eating little in the morning may be good for heath
- 38. In the third paragraph, "nor does giving people breakfast improve performance" means

- C) people having breakfast do improve their performance
- D) having breakfast does not improve performance, either
- 39. The word "literature" in the last sentence refers to _____.
 - A) stories about breakfast
 - B) written works on a particular subject
 - C) any printed materials
 - D) the modern novels of America
- 40. What is implied but NOT stated by the author is that _____
 - A) not eating breakfast might affect the health of children
 - B) breakfast does not affect performance
 - C) professor Bender once taught college courses in nutrition in London

A) anyone without breakfast does improve his performance

B) not giving people breakfast improves performance

D) people who don't eat breakfast have increased

Task 2

Directions: This task is the same as Task 1. The five questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 through 45.

HOSTEL(学生宿舍) ACCEPTAINCE FORM

(Please return form to: Residential Services)

NAME: MARY LI

TITLE: MR/MISS/MRS/MS

COURSE TITLE IN FULL: EDUCATION STUDIES

SMOKER/NON-SMOKER

(Please state your preference. Please note we cannot always provide the room of your choice.)

I accept / do not accept the offer of a place in Walsall Halls for the 1995/1996 session (学期).

from Feb. 29, 1996 (date of arrival)

to Feb. 28 1997 (date of departure)

HOME ADRRESS: 46 SHANGHAI ROAD,

CHANGCHUN 130015

THE P.R.C.

TELEPHONE NUMBER (H): 0086-431-8980508

NEXT OF KIN (最近的亲属)

NAME: CATHERINE COOPER

RELATIONSHIP: AUNT

ADRRESS: EDINGBURGH UNIVERSITY EH8 9LW, THE U.K.

TELEPHONE NUMBER: 0044-131- 6504588

MOTOR VEHICLES: I intend / do not intend to bring a car.

I HEREBY CONFIRM THAT:

- (1) By signing this form and indicating acceptance of a place in the hostel, I am entering into a contract for the provision of accommodation (住宿) throughout the session and that I shall responsible for the payment of accommodation fees per week as required.
- (2) I have read and agree to obey the regulations by the General Hostel which shall be incorporated into this contract.
- (3) (If applicable) I am attaching details of any medical disability which I feel that the Site Manager should be aware of.

· 6 ·

I ENCLOSE:

- (1) Two recent passport-type photos of myself with my full name and signature written on the back of each.
- (2) The 70 pound Booking Fees.
- (3) A stamped, self-addressed envelope (if confirmation is required).

Signed Mary Li

Date Feb. 9, 1996

- 41. Where is the form returned to?
 - A) The Residential Services.
 - B) 46 Shanghai Road.
 - C) Education department.
 - D) Edingburgh University.
- 42. Which of the following is true?
 - A) You are sure to share a flat with a non-smoker if you want to.
 - B) The person who has applied for the room will undertake studies on education.
 - C) "Walsall Halls" in this form is a place for meetings and parties.
 - D) People in the Residential Services can't contact anyone in Britain about Mary's offer if something urgent happens.
- 43. How will the rent be paid according to the form?
 - A) All in advance.

B) Weekly.

C) Monthly.

D) Yearly.

- 44. If you are handicapped or have medical disability, you should _____
 - A) tell no one about it
 - B) inform the details to the Site Manager
 - C) state it to the dean of your department beforehand
 - D) not be able to be accepted to study at college at all
- 45. What does not have to be sent in if Mary doesn't want an answer?
 - A) Two recent passport photos.
 - B) The booking fee.
 - C) The hostel acceptance form.
 - D) A stamped self-address envelop.

Task 3

Directions: The following is an introduction to the types of elephants. After reading it, you should fill in the blanks marked 46 through 50 in the table below.

There are two main types of elephants. There is the Asiatic(亚洲的) elephant, which is found in India, for example, and the African elephant. Superficially(表面上) they are very much

alike, but the African elephant is generally larger. One characteristic(特点) of Asiatic elephants is that they do not like being exposed to the sun, and consequently they prefer to live in shady places. They are also very fond of bathing.

Apart from that, the most important difference between the two types of elephants is that the Asiatic elephant is more easily trained. Elephants in India, for example, have been caught and tamed for many hundreds of years. We have already noted that they have good memories, and it is this that makes them easy to train. Since they are immensely strong, they can carry and drag huge objects, such as the trunks of trees, and rocks. This makes them extremely valuable as beasts of burden.

Two main types of elep	hants are						
46	, and 47						
The difference between the Asiatic elephant and African elephant is that the former is more							
48	and the latter is 49.						
People have already found that elephants have 50, and,							
is this that makes them	easy to train.						

Task 4

Directions: The following is a list of financial terms. After reading it, you are required to find the Chinese equivalents in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in the brackets on the Answer Sheet, numbered 51 through 55.

- A —savings bank
- B -national bank
- C -bank of issue
- D -bank reserves
- E —cheque book
- F -foreign exchange
- G -confidence in the currency
- H -commercial bank
- I —devaluation of currency
- J —term of loan
- K -money market
- L -monetary crisis
- M —vehicle currency
- N -face value
- O -interest rate

Example: (H) 商业银行 (O) 利率 51. () 金融市场 () 贷款条件 52. ()支票簿 () 票面价值)货币危机)货币贬值 53. ()周转资金) 发行银行 54. ()银行储备金)储蓄所 55. (

Task 5

Directions: Here is an advertisement. After reading it you should give brief answers to the 5 questions (No. 56 through No. 60) following it. The answers should correspondingly be written on the Answer Sheet.

CASTLE HOTEL

Assistant Manager

A privately owned group of hotels with extensive leisure facilities for overseas visitors is looking for an capable person to assist in the expansion of the hotel.

The successful applicant will have experience of all aspects of hotel work and at least one year's experience as an Assistant Manager.

Applicants need a good knowledge of English and possibly two other languages.

Generous salary, bonus (奖金), good holidays and excellent prospects for promotion within the group.

Apply in confidence with a resume and a recent photograph to:

Mr. G. Bateman, Castle Hotel Green Street, Barton BR7 8QT

What kind of a position is open in the hotel?
What qualifications are required for languages?
The applicant must know at least
What benefits would the employee enjoy if employed besides the salary, bonus and good holi-
days?
Good chances
What should the applicant do first if he wants to apply for the job?
He should send

Part IV

Translation

(15 minutes)

- 61. Nowadays, people rely more and more on computers to solve various kinds of problems.
 - A) 现在,人们越来越多地依靠计算机来解决各种难题。
 - B) 现在,人们更多地依靠计算机来计算出各种各样的问题。
 - C) 在当今时代,人们越来越多地依靠计算机来解决各种各样的问题。
 - D) 将来, 越来越多的人们计算时使用计算机。
- 62. After reading the letter the old man was so disappointed that he tore it into bits with trembling fingers.
 - A) 老人读完信后失望至极,竟用颤抖的手指把它撕得粉碎。
 - B) 读完信后,老人很失望,然后用颤抖的手指把信撕得粉碎。
 - C) 老人读完信后很生气,竟用颤抖的手指把信扔在地上。
 - D) 读完信后,老人很伤心,所以用颤抖的手指把它撕碎了。
- 63. This year the factory has produced four times as many machines as last year.
 - A) 今年这家工厂生产的机器比去年多四倍。
 - B) 今年这家工厂生产的机器比去年多三倍。
 - C) 今年这个工厂生产的机器是去年四倍那么多。
 - D) 这一年工厂生产了四次与去年一样多的机器。
- 64. It is known to all that lung cancer is caused at least in part by smoking too much.
 - A) 这件事传开了,吸烟多了引起肺癌的机会更少。
 - B) 大家知道了,吸烟多了能引起肺癌。
 - C) 众所周知, 肺癌至少是因为吸烟过多而引起的。
 - D) 众所周知,肺癌至少部分地是由于吸烟过多而引起的。
- 65. Dear Mrs. Beth,

To think of your sending us all those wonderful glasses! They are perfect, and Jim(吉姆) and I want to thank you a thousand times!

The presents will be shown on the day of the wedding, but do come over this Monday morning for a cup of coffee and on earlier view.

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Thank you again, and with love from us both.		
	Kate	

Directions: This part is to test your ability in doing practical writing. Now you are required to complete the letter of asking for information about Entry to a college. The Chinese is for your reference. You should write no less than 60 words on the Composition / Translation Sheet.

我已完成中学学业。我对理科课程特别感兴趣且成绩优良。过去六年我一直学习英语, 听说读写都不错。我希望到贵校学习物理。盼早日回复。

写 信 人: 王明

邮政编码:100044

地 址:北京市复兴路 81 号

写信时间:2001年4月15日

Part I

Listening Comprehension

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

- B) You're right.
- C) Yes, certainly.
- D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet. Now the test will begin.

- 1. A) Nothing. B) Not bad, thanks.
- 77) 77
- 2. A) Happy birthday to you, Mary.
- B) You, too.

C) Thank you.

D) You're too polite.

3. A) What a pleasure.

B) I'm very pleased.

C) It's my pleasure.

- D) Pleased to meet you.
- 4. A) No, you can't help me.
- B) Sorry, I don't want to.

C) Very well, thank you. D) That's all right.

C) Please.

D) I'd like to buy a pen.

5. A) It matters a lot.

B) I feel rather tired.

C) I don't like it.

D) It doesn't matter.