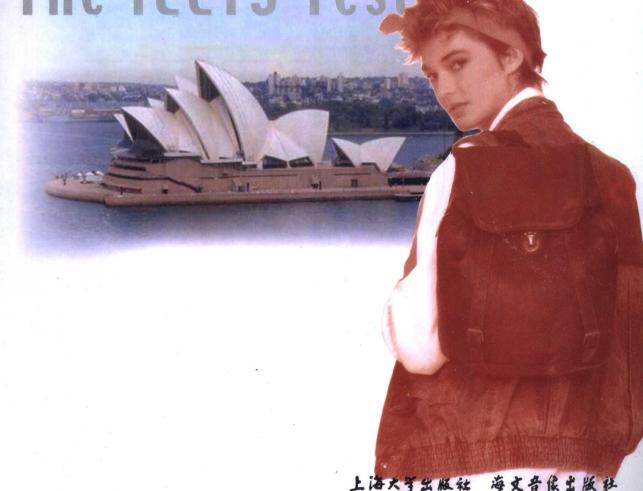
# 雅思考试

Mark Morgan

# 口语

Speaking Skills For The IELTS Test



# 雅思考试口语

Speaking Skills For The IELTS Test (Including the New Test Format After July 1)

Mark Morgan

上海大学出版社 海文音像出版社 ·上海·

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#### **Preface**

Building upon my experience as an IELTS examiner, and professional teacher, I designed, and now teach, an IELTS training course. Over the course of time people urged me to publish my ideas, resulting, finally, in this book. All the exercises, therefore, have been designed, tested, reviewed and refined *in the classroom*, with the purpose of assisting students in developing their communication skills in preparation for the speaking part of the IELTS test.

The book takes a logical approach to teaching the course, with each unit concentrating on one particular aspect of the speaking test. The exercises, however, are not designed to teach English *per se*, but to facilitate creative thinking in students, and develop flexibility in the use of the language, and, therefore, communication skills, in preparation for the test.

This is achieved, primarily, through a process of creative use of English, when students are encouraged to form ideas centered round a given topic, organise their ideas, and, finally, under the guidance of a teacher, verbalise those ideas. However, the book can similarly be used by self-help groups or for private study, either in place of, or to compliment, classroom practice, as the language used is intended to 'speak' directly to students, avoiding academic nuances one might use when addressing teachers.

This is the first in a series of books (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing), each covering a different aspect of the test.

Mark Morgan
June 2001

## 前 言

几年来我一直担任雅思的考官和培训教师。我自己编写了一套教程并在教学中使用。这期间不断有人劝我正式出版这套教程以让更多的人受益,因为他们说市场上还没有如此实用的雅思教程。教程中所有的练习题无一不曾在课堂里检验润色过。在帮助学生准备雅思考试口语部分中,我始终注意提高学生的英语交流能力。

在这本口语教程中,每个单元讲解考试的一个部分。我设计这套教程,目的不仅在于教会他们一些英语知识,更重要的是教会他们如何创造性地思维以及如何灵活运用语言。最终目的只有一个,就是大大提高他们在雅思口语应试中的交流技巧。

该书既适合课堂使用也适于自学使用。在课堂上,通过创造性地运用语言,老师要求学生就某一个话题形成种种想法,然后将它们加以整理,最后在老师的指导下口头表达出来。对自学者们来说,他们也可以根据书上的方法进行练习,提高自己。

这是全套四本教材中的一本,每本涉及考试中的一个部分(口语、写作、听力、阅读)。

Mark Morgan 2001 年 6 月

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# An Introduction

# An Introduction To The IELTS Test 雅思考试简介

The test is organised in four parts: reading, writing, listening and speaking, and you are allocated a band score for each part. The scores are then averaged, giving an overall score.

雅思考试有四个组成部分:阅读、写作、听力和口语。每部分都有一个成绩。然后四个成绩的平均分为综合分数。

Reading	Writing	Listening	Speaking	Overall Score
6	5	5	6	5.5

Fig. 1: Calculating the scoring system

For the speaking and writing parts, only *whole* band scores are allocated. Whereas for the listening and reading components, half band scores can be awarded.

口语和写作部分的成绩只能用整数,但听力和阅读部分可以是半分。

Reading	Writing	Listening	Speaking
$\downarrow$		$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$
4	4	4	4
4.5		4.5	
4 4.5 5 5.5	5	5 5.5	5
5.5		5.5	
6	6	6	6
6 6.5		6.5	
		$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$
▼	▼	•	•

Fig. 2: Allocating band scores

# Academic Or General? 学术类考试还是一般类考试?

There are two versions of the IELTS test. An academic test and a general test. The academic test is used as an assessment of people's English skills by overseas colleges and universities, whereas the general test is used by immigration offices. Therefore, if you plan to study at college or university in a foreign country you should take the *academic test*. If you plan to immigrate, you should take the *general test*.

雅思考试有两种,学术类和一般类。国外大学根据学术类考试来评测考生英语技能,而一般类考试是移民局用来评测考生英语技能的考试。因此,如果你想去国外的大学读书, 那就必须参加学术类考试:如果想移民,就必须参加一般类考试。

#### Note

If you plan to immigrate you need to take the *general test*. Immigration offices don't *normally* accept the academic test for immigration purposes. However, it is always worth contacting the agency involved. They will be able to give you more specific details.

#### 注意:

如果你打算移民,你要参加一般类考试。移民局通常不接受学术类考试。但是,联 系一下有关机构总是必要的,他们会给你更详细的信息。

The speaking and listening parts of the test are the same for both the general and academic tests. The reading and writing parts are different.

无论是一般类还是学术类考试,听力和口语部分试题都是相同的。但阅读和写作部分是 不同的。

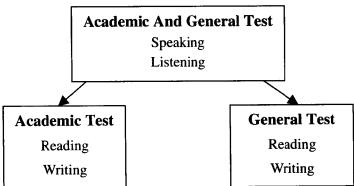


Fig. 3: Showing the differences between the academic and general tests

## The Listening Test 听力考试

The listening test lasts for 30 minutes. The test is arranged in four sections. There are 40 questions. You should write all your answers in the question book. However, you have an extra 10 minutes at the end of the test to transfer your answers from the question book to an answer sheet. You must use a pencil only.

The listening test is outlined in more detail in Listening Skills For The IELTS Test.

听力考试总共 30 分钟。考题有四个部分,共 40 个问题。答案要写在问题卷上。但是,考试结束后,你还可以有 10 分钟的时间把答案抄写到答题卷上。答题只能用铅笔。

听力考试详情请参阅《雅思听力考试》。

## The Reading Test 阅读考试

The reading test in both the academic *and* general tests lasts for one hour. There are three sections, and you have to answer 40 questions. There are different types of questions, including true or false, not given; gap filling; multiple choice and short answer.

You are given a question book and answer sheet. You can write in the question book but have to put your answers on the answer sheet you are given. You are not given any extra time to transfer your answers to the answer sheet. You must use a pencil only.

The reading test is outlined in more detail in Reading Skills For The IELTS Test.

阅读考试分为学术类和一般类两种,时间均为一个小时。试题共有三个部分,40个问题。题型多种多样,有正误判断、未提及题,填空题,多项选择题和简答题。

试题卷和答案卷都会给你。你可以在试题卷上写答案,但必须把答案抄到答案卷上。*不会给你额外的时间将答案誊写到答案卷上去*。答题只能用铅笔。

阅读考试详情请参阅《雅思阅读考试》。

# The Writing Test 写作考试

The writing part of the IELTS is a *one-hour* test consisting of two tasks. Task one and task two. General training task one is a letter. You have to write about 150 words, and should spend about 20 minutes on this task. The academic training task one is a report. Again, you have to write about 150 words, and should spend about 20 minutes on this task. Task two, for both general training *and* academic training is an essay. You should write about 250 words and spend about 40 minutes on this task. Each task is awarded a band score and the

two separate band scores are converted into a final, or overall band score for the writing part.

You can make notes on the question sheet but should write your answer on the answer sheet you are given. You are *not allowed* to write on anything except the question paper or answer sheet.

The writing test is outlined in more detail in Writing Skills For The IELTS Test.

写作考试共一个小时,包括两部分内容。一般类考试的第一部分内容是写一封书信,要求你在 20 分钟左右写出大约 150 字。学术类考试的第一部分内容是写一份报告,同样也是要求你在 20 分钟左右写出大约 150 字。一般类考试和学术类考试的第二部分内容都是写一篇文章,要求你在 40 分钟左右写出大约 250 字。每个部分单独评分,然后将这两部分成绩相综合得出最后的总成绩。

你可以在试题卷上打草稿,但必须将答案写到答案卷上。你只能在试题卷和答案卷书写, 不能使用其它自带的纸张。

写作考试详情请参阅《雅思写作考试》。

## The Speaking Test 口语考试

The speaking test is a 10-15 minute, face-to-face interview with an examiner. Average time is 12 minutes. However, from July 1<sup>st</sup>, 2001, the speaking test will assume a different format.

The speaking test is outlined in detail in this book.

口语考试是同考官面对面的一场口试,时间为 10 到 15 分钟。平均为 12 分钟。不过,从 2001 年 7 月 1 日开始,口语考试出现了新的不同的题型。

口语考试详情请参阅本书。

# An Introduction To The Speaking Interview 口语考试简介

#### Notes

Communication skills are a major determining factor in the IELTS interview. Indeed, the purpose of the test is *not* to test your knowledge of grammar and vocabulary, but to assess how well you can use English to communicate your meaning, ideas, opinions etc. As preparation for the oral interview, therefore, you need to focus on developing your communication skills.

All the exercises in this book have been designed to help stimulate thought patterns, and assist you in organising, and communicating your thoughts under the guidance of a teacher or by self-study.

交流能力是雅思口语考试中一大决定性因素。考试的目的不是为了考察你的语法和词 汇,而是评判你运用英语表达思想观点的能力。因此,在准备口语考试中,重点应该放 在提高你的交流技巧上。

本书中所有的练习都是经过精心设计的。在老师的指导下或通过自学,这些练习可以激发思维、帮助你组织和表达思想。

#### The Interview

#### Test Tip

Your interview will be recorded. However, do not worry about this.

All interviews are recorded because another examiner may have to listen to the interview. The reason for this is to make sure that all the examiners are assessing candidate's speaking skills accurately. It is part of the monitoring process that ensures standards are maintained. Therefore, the only other person who will know what you said in the interview is another examiner. The interviews are confidential, and visa officers are not allowed to listen to the tapes. Therefore, be honest when you answer your examiner's questions.

What is presented here is an overview of the important information that is of concern to both teachers and students, given the focus and constraints of the classroom. A fuller and much more detailed description of the IELTS test can be found in The IELTS Handbook, available free from your local British Council office or IELTS test center.

The interview consists of three parts and lasts for approximately 10-15 minutes, average time is 12 minutes.

- (1) Introduction and presenting personal information and describing something
- (2) Talking at length
- (3) Expressing opinions / ideas

口试分三个部分,时间大约在10到15分钟之间,平均为12分钟。

- (1) 自我介绍、讲述个人情况和描述事物
- (2) 详细谈论某个话题
- (3) 表达观点思想

Part	Skill being tested	Function	Time
1	Ability to give general and specific information	Presenting personal and descriptive information	4 - 5 minutes
2	Ability to talk at length	Presentation (new test after July 1, 2001)	3 to 4 minutes
3	Ability to express opinions and ideas	Discussing a topic	4 - 5 minutes

Table 1: showing the different parts of the speaking interview

部分	考察的技能	考察方式	时间
-	概要或详细表述信息的能力	讲叙个人情况、描述事物	4-5 分钟
=	详细谈论某个话题的能力	就某个话题展开陈述(2001年 7月1日后的新题型)	3-4 分钟
三	表达思想观点的能力	讨论某个话题	4-5 分钟

Part One (units 1-2): In this section your examiner will greet you, invite you to sit down, and check your details (name and ID). Your examiner will ask you one or two simple questions to help you feel relaxed. Your examiner will also ask you questions about your personal and professional life. You may also be asked to describe something. It may be a place, a process, your school life or even your wedding. The language of description is dealt with in unit two of this book.

第一部分(第一、二单元):这一部分考官会向你打招呼,邀请你坐下,核对你的姓名和身份证。为了让你放松,考官会问你一两个问题。考官也可能问你一些有关私人和工作方面的问题,也可能要求你描述一个事物,这个事物可能是某个地方、某个过程、你的学校生活,甚至可能是你的婚礼。描述语言详情请参阅本书的第二单元。

**Part Two (unit 3):** This is a presentation. Your examiner will give you a topic, and you will have to talk about that topic for between one and two minutes. You have one minute to prepare. You can make notes.

**第二部分 (第三单元)**: 这一部分要求你就某个话题展开陈述。考官会给你一个话题,你要就这个话题谈上一到两分钟。你有一分钟的时间准备,也可以作笔记。

Part Three (units 4-5): In this section you will be asked to discuss, with your examiner, a topic. The topic will be related to the topic of the presentation you gave in part two of the interview. For example, if, in part two, you talked about a teacher who influenced your life, then in part three your examiner may ask you to talk about your views on education.

**第三部分(第四、五单元)**: 这一部分里,你要同考官讨论一个话题。该话题同口试第二部分的话题相关。比如说,在第二部分里,你提到了影响你一生的一个老师,那么在第三部分考官可能会问你对教育的看法。