北京市业余外语广播讲座

英 语

初级班 下册



ENGLISH

北京人人人从成社

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初级班 下 册 北京人民广播电台 业余英语广播讲座教材编写组

> 北京人人 * 成 * 出版 福建人人 * 成 * 重印 福建省 新 * 考 * 及 发 三 明 市 印 刷 厂 印 刷

1974年 9 月第 1 版 1978年 2 月第 2 版 1979年 1 月福建第 2 次印刷 印数: 14,001—174,000 书号: K7071・244 定价: 0.34元

毛主席语录

Quotations from Chairman Mao

鼓足干劲, 力争上游, 多快好省地建设社会 主义。

Go all out, aim high and achieve greater, faster, better and more economical results in building socialism.

我们一定要努力把党内党外、国内国外的一切积极的因素,直接的、间接的积极因素,全部调动起来,把我国建设成为一个强大的社会主义国家。

We must do our best to mobilize all positive factors, both inside and outside the Party, both at home and abroad, both direct and indirect, and make China a powerful socialist country. 为什么语言要学,并且要用很大的气力去学呢?因为语言这东西,不是随便可以学好的,非下苦功不可。

Why do we need to study language and, what is more, spend much effort on it? Because the mastery of language is not easy and requires painstaking effort.

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Carried States of the

Lessan Thirty-One

Sentence Patterns

It's as warm there as in Feling.

Does Comrade Li usually get up as early as he did today?

No, he doesn't usually get up as early as he did today.

Dialogue

Life on the Grasslands

Grammar

"as ... as"和"not as (so) ...as"的

用法

Phonetics

字母组合的读音(一)

Pattern Drills

(1)

A: Is it warm in spring in Tientsin?

hot summer autumn winter

B: Yes. It's as warm there as in Peking.

A: How's the weather in Tsingtao in

spring

then?

B: It isn't as

windy

there as in Peking.

(2)

A: Comrade Li got up

today, didn't he? early

B: Yes, he did.

A: Does he usually get up as | early | as he did today?

late

B: No, he doesn't usually get up as | early | as he did today.

late

A Dialogue

Life on the Grasslands



A: Hello, Hsiao Li. You're just back from Inner Mongolia, aren't you?

B: Yes, I am.

A: Did you stay there long?

B: Just a few years. I went there after I finished middle school.

A: What's the weather like on the grasslands?

B: It's rather cold there in winter, but quite nice in summer. It isn't as hot as in Peking.

A: How was life there?

B: It was wonderful. We lived and worked among the poor and lower-middle herdsmen and learned a lot from them.

请访问: www.ertongbook.

A: You look very healthy and strong.

B: I certainly am. I feel as strong as a horse now.

A: Did you learn to tend sheep?

B: Yes, I did. But I still can't do it as well as a real herdsman.

A: How are things there?

B: Excellent. The herdsmen follow Tachai's example. They go all out and aim high. And production is going up all the time. When I left, we had twice as many sheep as three years before. We had a good grain harvest last autumn, too.

New Words and Expressions

- 1. warm [wo:m] *adj*. 温暖的
- 2. spring [sprin] n. 春
- 3. as [xz, yz] adv.

(表示程度)同样地; conj. (表示比较)

象……一样

- 4. windy ['windi] adj. 有风的,风大的
- 5. hot [hot] adj. 热
- 6. cool [ku:1] adj. 凉爽
- 7. autumn ['o:təm] n. 秋
- 8. cold [kould] adj. 冷
- 9. winter ['wintə] n. 冬

- |·10. grassland ['gra:slænd] | n. 草地,草原
 - 11. just [dʒAst] adv. 刚刚; 仅仅, 只是
 - 12. stay [stei] v.i., n. 停留, 住, 逗留
 - 13. few [f ju:] adj.

不多,很少

a few 几个,一些

14. middle ['midl] n.

中间,中部;

adj. 中间的

15. rather ['rɑ:ðə] adv. 相当地, 颇为

- 16. nice [nais] adj. 好,美 | 25. real [riəl] adj.
- 17. wonderful['wʌndəf(u)l]
 adj. 奇妙的, 极好的
 - 18. among [əˈmʌŋ] prep. 在……中间
 - 19. lower ['louə] *adj*. (low 的比较级) 较低的;下层的
- 20. herdsman ['hə:dzmən]
 n. 收人, 牧民
 poor and lower-middle
 herdsmen
 贫下中牧
 - healthy ['helθi] adj.
 健康的,健壮的
 - strong [stron] adj.
 强壮的;强,强大的
 - 23. feel [fi:1] v.i. 感觉, 觉得
- ◆24. tend [tend] v.t.& v.i.
 照管; 照料, 看护
 tend sheep 放羊

- 25. real [riəl] adj. 真正的;现实的
- *26. excellent ['eks(ə)lənt] adj. 极好,优良的
- 27. example [ig'za:mpl]
 - n. 例证,榜样
- 28. go all out 鼓足干劲; 全力以赴
- 29. aim [eim] v.i. 目的在干
- 30. high [hai] adj., adv.高 aim high 力争上游
- 31. twice [twais] adv.
 两倍;两次
 twice as many(much)
 两倍之多,
 为……的两倍
- 32. grain [grein] n. 谷物,粮食
- 33. harvest ['ha:vist]

 n. 收获, 收成

 v.t. & v.i. 收割, 收获

Notes

1. It's as warm there as in Peking. 天津春天象北京一样暖和。

在 as ... as 这种结构中,第一个 as 是副词。第二个

as 是连接词,连接一个比较状语从句。以 as 开始的比较 状语从句常省略一些成分。本句如果全部写出,是这样的:

It's as warm in spring in Tientsin as it's warm in spring in Peking.

这可以帮助我们更好地分析和理解句子, 但实际上是 不这样繁琐地说这句话的。

- 2. Tsingtao 青岛
- 3. Does he usually get up as early as he did today? 他常象今天起得那样早吗?

as he did today 等于 as he got up today。从句中用 did 代替 got up, 以避免重复。

4. You're just back from Inner Mongolia, aren't you? 你是刚从内蒙回来的吧?

to be back from 是"从(某地)回来"。

Inner Mongolia ['inə məŋ'gouljə] 内蒙古

5. I went there after I finished middle school.

我是中学毕业后到那儿去的。

由 after 引导的从句是表示时间的状语从句。

- 6. as strong as a horse 是习惯用语,表示"身体非常健壮"。
- 7. They go all out and aim high.

他们鼓足干劲,力争上游。

8. ... we had twice as many sheep as three years before. 我们的羊跟三年前相比增加了一倍。

Grammar

"as ... as" 和 "not as (so) ... as" 的用法

1) "as ... as" 这一结构用来表示同样程度的意思。

例: He is as tall as my brother.

This river is as long as that one.

Comrade Li gets up as early as Comrade Wang.

2) "not as (so) ... as" 这一结构用来表示不及某种程度的意思。

例: He's not as tall as my brother.

This river is not so long as that one.

Comrade Li doesn't get up as early as Comrade Wang.

Exercises

I. 仿照示例提问并作出回答:

例: Hsiao Chang is tall.

Hsiao Li is short (矮).

- → Is Hsiao Li as tall as Hsiao Chang?

 No, he isn't. He's not as tall as Hsiao Chang.
- 1. This street is long.
 That street is short (短).
- 2. This room is big.

 That room is small.
- 3. Lao Chang can swim very fast ([fa:st] adv. 快).

Lao Li can't swim fast.

- 4. Comrade Chang sings very well.

 Comrade Li doesn't sing well.
- 5. That picture is very beautiful(['bju:təf(u)l]adj. 美丽的).

This picture is not very beautiful.

Ⅱ. 写出下列形容词和副词的反义词:

例: big — small

new, young, hot, early, first

Ⅲ. 选择适当的形容词或副词填空:

(big, hard, long, well)

- 1. This river is not as ___ as that river.
- 2. She can't answer the question in English so ____ as her comrades.
- 3. He works as ___ as the others.
- 4. The lake in Peihai Park (北海公园) is not as ____ as Kunming Lake (昆明湖).
- IV. 把下列句子译成英语:
 - 1. 她和她姐姐一样高。
 - 2. 这本书没有那本书新。
 - 3. 他通常和他哥哥起得一样早。
 - 4. 张洪讲英语不如他妹妹讲得好。
 - 5、小王昨天刚从上海回来。
 - 6. 我身体非常强壮。
 - 7. 北京秋天天气怎么样?
 - 8. 去年秋天我们粮食获得了丰收。

Phonetics Exercises

字母组合的读音(一)

1. 元音字母 a + 其它字母

1)	ar [a:]	ai }[ei]	au }[o:]
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朗读下列单词:

ar[a:]	ai [ei]	ay[ei]	au [ə:]	aw[o:]
army	raise	say	cause daughter autumn August	law
article	grain	may		dawn
star	train	play		saw
park	wait	stay		draw

2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} air \\ are \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\begin{bmatrix} \epsilon a \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} al \\ (all) \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 0:1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} ass[\alpha:s] \end{bmatrix}$

朗读下列单词:

air [eə]	are [ea]	al(all)[o:1]	ass [a:s]
air	care	all	glass
pair	fare	also	p <i>ass</i>
hair	hare	sm <i>all</i>	class
rep <i>air</i>	square	wall	grass