英汉对照世界名著连环画

IVANHOE



119.4

出版说明

开明出版社出版这套英汉对照世界文学名著连环画丛书的目的是想使具有初、中级英语水平的读者,能用最少量的时间、对世界文学名著的英文原有,能用最少量的时间、对世界文学名著的英文原著,感到很难消化,往往望数十万言的英文文学原著,感到很难消化,往往望至文学名著的殿堂,特选编了这套既有英汉对照,文学名著的殿堂,特选编了这套既有英汉对照,文学名著的世界文学名著的缩编本。编者在原著的内容上力求深入浅出;英文力求简明、实用;译文力求通俗、准确。精美的连环图画更可增加读者的阅读兴趣和对原文的理解。

本丛书的前面部分为英文原文,后面部分为汉 文译文。图画秩序是从左到右,从上到下。

这次出版的世界名著连环画有以下十种:

The Iliad 伊利亚特

Homer 荷马

The Call of The Wild 荒野的呼唤

Jack London 杰克·伦敦

Crime and Punishment 罪与罚

Fyodor Dostoyevsky 費多尔·陀思妥耶夫斯基 A Christmas Carol 圣诞颂歌

Charles Dickens 查尔斯·狄更斯

The Three Musketeers 三剑客(三个火枪手)

Alexandre Dumas 大仲马

Jane Eyre 筒・爱

Charlotte Bronte 夏洛特·布朗蒂

Pride and Prejudice 傲慢与偏见

Jane Austen 筒・奥斯汀

The Prince and The Pauper 王子与贫儿

Mark Twain 马克・吐温

Ivanhoe 艾凡赫

Sir Walter Scott 沃尔特·斯科特

The Story of My Life 我生活的故事

Helen Keller 海伦・凯勒



about the author

Born in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1771, Sir Walter Scott had a lifelong interest in Scottish history. The songs and ballads which recorded this history gave him many ideas for poems and novels of adventure and action.

Ivanhoe is one of Scott's most famous novels. In this book Scott uses a gallery of flesh and blood characters to make the life of twelfth-century England seem real to his readers.

In recognition of his literary work, Scott was made a baronet in 1819. During his last years he published a number of biographies, tales, poems, and studies of history, including *The Lady of the Lake, Waverly*, and *Kenilworth*. He died in 1832.

作者简介

沃尔特·斯科特爵士 1771 年生于苏格兰的爱丁堡,他对苏格兰的历史有著终生的兴趣。记载著这段历史的歌曲和民谣给了他许多想法,供他写作惊险情节的诗歌和小说。

(艾凡赫)是斯科特最著名的小说之一。在这本书中,斯 科特用许多有血有肉的入物使十二世纪的英格兰生活对他 的读者似乎是真实的。

为承认他的文学著作,斯科特在 1819 年被封为准男爵。在他的晚年,他发表了一些传记、故事、诗歌和历史研究等作品,其中包括《湖上夫人》、《威弗利》和《凯尼尔沃思》。 他死于 1832 年。

英 语 原 文

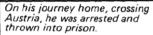
Sir Walter Scott

IVANHOE











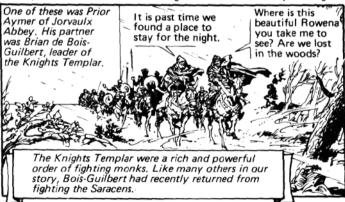
In England King Richard's brother, Prince John, was making plans to take his brother's throne.



You are right, your highness! I, for one, do not wish King Richard to return. After all, you have given me the land that Richard once have to Ivanhoe!



The Church leaders were also Norman-French. Two of them who were friendly to Prince John were traveling near dark on a stormy evening.

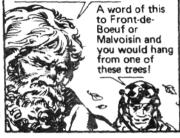


A little farther along the same road were Gurth, a swineherd, and Wamba, a jester. Each wore around his neck a brass collar saying that he was a slave of Cedric of Rotherwood.

You work your legs off rounding up these pigs leave us little only to have them end up as pork for the Normans

It's true! They but the air we breathe. And they send our best and bravest men to fight and die in faraway lands

Thank God for Master Cedric who tries to stand up to them. But it will do little good when Front-de-Boeuf comes here in person.





Ho, Fangs! Well done! You have them I all now. Let us get home before it rains.



Soon Prior Aymer and his party caught up to them

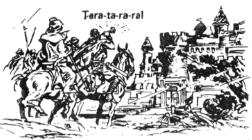




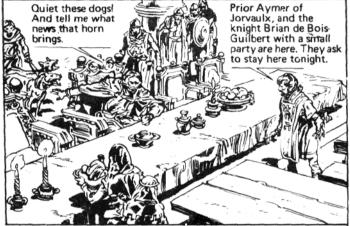




Before the Templar could answer, the Prior broke in with a question. Soon the party reached Cedric's castle. The Templar sounded his horn just as a storm began.



Inside, Cedric waited for his evening meal. At the blast of the horn, the dogs in the hall as well as those in the yard began barking.



They are both Normans, but I must welcome them. Take them to the guests' rooms. Tell the cooks to add what they can to our meal.



Bois-Guilbert! That name is known for both good and evil. As brave as the bravest, they say but proud, hardhearted, and sinful...



Let your, Lady Rowena know we shall not expect her in the hall tonight unless she wishes She will wish sofor she always wants to know the latest news from the Holy Land.



Then the doors of the hall were opened and the guests entered.





