



英语词汇演练

(初中卷)

(修订版)

尹福昌 主编

上海交通大学出版社

内容提要

本书以多种题型编写大量词汇测试题,帮助读者全面掌握词汇的应用。全书的测试题题型有根据音标写出单词,词义配对,写出动词的变化形式,按要求写出单词的变化形式,词汇多项选择,替换划线部分词汇,同义词汇的辨认(动词、名词、形容词和副词、共 122 组,约 324 个词汇),常用动词短语语义配对,短文选择填空,按所给首字母写出单词,短文填词,用英语完成何子,选词填空等。

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再版前言

本书是为初中学生编写的以词汇演练为宗旨的训练手册。

学习英语最感头痛的一个问题,便是词汇不足。要掌握足够的词汇,实践是至关重要的。本书依据现行上海和全国各地使用的各种初级中学英语课本各册中的词汇,并鉴于初中学生应掌握英语词汇量的不断增加,因而本书在词汇选择上有所拓宽。

本书以多种题型编写大量词汇测试题,帮助学生全面掌握词汇的应用。如根据音标写出单词,词义配对,写出动词的变化形式,按要求写出单词的变化形式,词汇多项选择,替换划线部分词汇,同义词汇的辨认(动词,名词,形容词和副词,共122组,约324个词汇),常用动词短语语义配对,短文选择填空,按所给首字母写出单词,短文填词,用英语完成句子,选词填空等。

本书编写的练习都针对初中毕业考试和中考的要求,从而有较强的实践性和应用性。为便于读者使用,本书练习答案分别附在习题后面。

本书可供上海和全国各地初中生以及具有同等英语水平的读者学习和使用。

由于本书是以演练为主,因此不同于词汇学习手册和词汇辨析手册。对于书中出现的词的释义和区别词义的要点,部分作了注释,但多数有待读者自己查考。

本书自2000年问世以来,受到广大初中学生的欢迎。为了适应当前初中英语教学发展和提高的形势需要,编者对本书进行了适当的修订。这次修订,除增加了第十四部分(选词填空)外,还对原书中第十一部分(按所给首字母写出单词)作了较大的补充,对第十三部分(用英语完成下列句子)增加了 Step Four (105 句)。

本书由上海大同中学尹福昌老师主编。参加本书编写的还有许曼华、 周明华、肖颖、贺亮和李强等。

> 编 者 2003年9月

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第一部分 根据音标写出单词

Fill in the blanks with the proper words according to the phonetic transcriptions. (根据所给的音标,写出适当的单词,填入空格内。)

Step One

1.	His mother is /bizi/ with her housework.
2.	I'll/wei/ the letter.
3.	The gate isn't $_$ /waid/ enough for me to drive the car through.
4.	That'll be four yuan and eight jiao/wiltə'geða/.
5.	Computers can work out difficult/problemz/very quickly.
6.	Do you want to send it by air mail or by/o;dinən/mail?
7.	How long will it take for the/passal/ to reach China?
8.	Jack/boxt/ some tickets for us when he passed the cinema.
9.	If a thing is/wand/doing, it is/wand/doing well.
10.	Computers can store/infə merʃən/.
11.	Some computers are small enough to fit into our/pokits/.
12.	Computers can do things that/hjurman/beings cannot do.
13.	There are so many different kinds of/kælkjulentəz/.
14.	He is in/tfad3/ of sports in his class.
15.	His job is to /organaiz/ the school sports meeting.
16.	Have you entered for any /i vents/?
17.	Perhaps I'll take part in/nado/ the high jump nor the long
	jump.
18.	Both Tom and Bob throw /forðe/ than you do.
19.	I'm sure I'll take your/ədvais/.
20.	I've got an/mipotant/ meeting to attend.
21.	Please tell me as soon as /posəbl/ when you have decided what

	to do.
22.	A year later he/ridjust/ this time by more than an hour.
23.	The boy was born with the body of a /rʌnə/.
24.	Very hard training is also/nesəsən/.
25.	High buildings have deep/faun'derfənz/.
26.	/fei0/can remove mountains.
27.	He /last/ best who /last/ last.
28.	One day we /m'vaitid/ some friends to dinner.
29.	My wife found that we were /xlmoust/out of bread.
30.	When I got to the shop, they had /səuld/ all their bread.
Ste	р Two
1.	Chimpanzees are /klevərə/ than most other animals.
2.	All work and no play makes Jack a/dal/ boy.
3.	It is true that all of us need/rikri'etfon/.
	Everyone has his own way of/nlacksup/.
	Perhaps the most/popjule/ way is to take part in sports.
6.	Some people prefer to be/spektertəz/.
7.	We were not/əlaud/ to open the presents until we came back
	from church.
8.	We had the /trə'dıfənəl/ turkey for our Christmas dinner.
9.	She has just/riternd/the English test papers to her class.
10.	The girl /dsskAvad/ that the teacher had failed to find two mis-
	takes in her work.
11.	Mary was an/omst/girl.
12.	The teacher was/plizd/ with the girl.
13.	She knew the teacher would change the/skx/.
14.	He/di'saidid/ that he was not going to say anything about it.
15.	When people are/intrəˈdjust/ to each other in Britain, they say
	"How do you do?" and shake hands.
16.	The/isitju'es[ən/ was so funny that everybody laughed.

. 2 .

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17.	These strange things looked like/so:səz/.
18.	These figures had no eyes and their mouths were long and
	/nærəo/.
19.	Their noses and ears were/streit/.
20.	Pilots and/aestrono;ts/ do not make mistakes of this kind.
21.	No one knows /weða/ they are true or not.
22.	Smoking is /hamful/ to your health.
23.	He still remembered smoking his first/sigo'ret/.
24.	I've never/riəli/ enjoyed smoking.
25.	He tried smoking one and then/əˈnʌðə/.
	Two hours later my friend /telifound/ me from my flat.
27.	I /juzd/ to go swimming in the river near my home.
28.	He was/sə'praizd/ to find one of the windows was open and the
	books were gone.
29.	The first made me feel sick and the second one made me /ko:f/
	a lot.
30.	She was happy because she had not only made some money but also
	/præktist/English.
n.	
Ste	p Three
1.	Everybody must help to/fait/ pollution.
	Air pollution is the most /sienes/ kind of pollution.
	Cars, planes and factories all/pollurt/ our air every day.
	Sometimes the pollution is so thick that it is like a/blænkit/
	over a city.
5.	Many countries are making new /lozz/ to fight pollution.
	We can use paper bags instead of/plæstik/ones.
	We must keep our country clean and make it more/bjurtiful/.
	English is the most /waidli/ used language in the world.
	English is one of the working languages at/into næfənəl/ con-
	ferences.

10.	There are quite a few English /spickit/ countries in the world.
11.	English must have the largest/nambə/of speakers.
12.	Where there is a/wil/, there is a way.
13.	Is English /spaukan/ by people outside Britain and the United
	States?
14.	They / of od / us some fruit and peanuts.
15.	They have learned how to/say/ the customers.
16.	They are very /praud/ of themselves.
17.	This /restorant/ was set up in 1983 by a woman cook.
18.	Its /bizinis/ hours are only on Saturday evenings and Sunday afternoons.
19.	Billy is a fourteen-year-old schoolboy in the/nainθ/ grade.
	Billy must /di'livə/ the newspapers to people's houses in ali
	kinds of weather.
21.	He puts each paper on the porch so that it will be/pro'tektid/
	from wind, rain or snow.
22.	Once a month he has to /kə'lekt/ money from his customers at
	night.
23.	The boy is saving some of the money for his college /iks'pensiz/
	in the future.
24.	His class teacher often/prezzz/ him for his hard work.
	Last year he was /əˈwɔːdɪd/ a prize.
26.	Most/mætə/ has three states: solid, liquid and gas.
	Solid can usually be turned into liquid and liquids into gases if we raise their
	/tempərətʃəz/high enough.
28.	This change of state is called a/fizikəl/change.
29.	Soon steam can be seen/raiziŋ/ from them.
30.	Leave a basin of water outside in/frizzy/weather, and it will
	soon be covered with ice.
Ste	p Four
1.	Dr Bethune was busy working in the field /hospital/.
	4 •

2.	On their way, they met a group of/wurndid/soldiers.
	Bethune began to/operent/ on the soldiers.
4.	Dr Bethune went on working /\thetarur'sat/ the night.
5.	To Dr Bethune the most important thing was to save the soldiers'
6.	/medikal/ workers should be sent to the front at once.
	As Bethunc and the other doctors were /klaimiŋ/ the hills, they
	could see the enemy entering the village below.
8.	Switzerland is /femos/ for its watches.
9.	It was the /bntis/ who invented the watch.
	The Englishman was travelling in a /kærid3/.
11.	A blacksmith's assistant/hæpənd/ to see the watch.
	In no time, the watch was/ripeod/.
	From then on, watch-making started and /divelapd/ in Switzerland.
14.	Would you /maind/ telling me what it is?
	Later the assistant made a watch of the same/taip/.
	The Palace Museum is /laukertid/ in the centre of Beijing.
	The Yuan /emperez/ were the first to build their palaces in this place.
18.	The Palace Museum covers an area of 720,000 $_$ /skwcə/ metres.
19.	These magnificent buildings show the/wizdəm/ of the Chinese people.
20.	In 1925, the palaces were/tfeind3d/into the Palace Museum.
	The/Ann brela/ was first used to keep off the sun.
	Have you been to the Working/piplz/ Cultural Palace?
	In 1620, the first/setləz/arrived in North America from Eng-
	land.
24.	From then on, the last Thursday of November became
	/eegks/givin/ Day.

25.	Can I walk there or is it more /kən'vi:mont/ to go by bus?
26.	It's about fifteen /minits/ walk from here.
27.	There is the /frendfip/ Store near Beijing Road and No. 1 De-
	partment Store on Nanjing Road.
28.	He was coming to Chicago at the /inviterfan/ of an American
	friend.
29.	The passengers went to pick up their own /lagids/.
30.	Think carefully and let me know your /tʃɔɪs/ next week.
Ste	p Five
1.	Today is Thursday, September 10th, /tintfoz/Day.
2.	Here are some /flauez/ for you, with our best wishes.
3.	What/sabd3ikt/should I talk about?
4.	Jim's/pearants/ called him Jim Allan Green when he was
	born.
5.	English people don't use their/midl/names very much.
6.	People/nevə/ use Mr, Mrs or Miss before their first names.
7.	I think this is/difərənt/from Chinese names.
8.	In China, the first name is the/fæmili/ name, and the last
	name is the given name.
9.	In England, people/juʒəəb/call me Jim for short.
10.	That's because Jim is shorter and/i;zə/than James.
11.	Last week they held a sports meeting on the/pleigraund/.
12.	Look at the pictures of a/n'let/ race below.
13.	Underground trains run as fast as trains/ə'bʌv/ the ground.
14.	Of/kors/, everyone began to shout very loudly.
15.	At the end of the first lap, he quickly passed the/stik/ on to
	Jim.
16.	He began to catch up with the/Aðəz/.
17.	She likes her students to ask/kwestJənz/like this.
18.	Will you please say it again more /slauh/?
	6 •

19.	Mr Marko has worked as an/end3i/mə/ since 1980.
20.	Will you please sweep the floor and /taidi/ the classroom every
	day?
21.	Everyone is at school today /ik'sept/ Lin Tao.
22.	The/weðə/today is rather wet.
23.	Later, we ate our/piknik/ under some trees.
24.	I think foreign languages are more interesting than/saiəns/.
25.	The children are drawing some pictures on the/blækboxd/.
26.	A man lived in a tall // bildin/ in the city of Moscow.
27.	Every night, the man/np'steoz/ came back late.
28.	At this time, the man/daun'steaz/ was trying to sleep.
	He found it very/difikolt/ to get to sleep.
30.	He took off the second shoe and put it under his bed very
	/kwaietli/.
C'A-	0*
Ste	p Six
1.	I had a little /aeksident/last Sunday.
2.	The truck was coming round the /kxmə/ near the school.
3.	The children were running to move the bag of rice when they heard the
	sound of a /məutəbaik/.
4.	The two boys carried the man to the school gate /ki;poz/ room.
5.	With the/medisin/box under her arm, Miss Zhao hurried off
	to look after the man.
6.	She works very hard and is very /helpful/.
7.	She likes the children to read/njusperpez/ and books in the
	reading room.
8.	I'm/ə'freid/ that if you've lost it, you must pay for it.
9.	Please be more /keəful/ from now on.
	Have you ever made/damphnz/? Yes, I have.
11.	"I haven't/fo'gotən/anything," she said to herself.
12.	There are several kinds of/æmmols/ on the farm.

13.	Two /vizitəz/ have just arrived and I want to give them some-
	thing to eat.
14.	He said, "Please don't touch the machines. They're
	/deindgaras/."
15.	Thomas Edison was a great American/in'ventə/.
16.	He grew /ved3itəblz/ in his garden and sold them.
17.	The teacher did not/\anderstand/ his new pupil.
18.	Mrs Green was worried about their /dʒɜːm/.
19.	She hated /trævolŋ/ by air.
20.	There is a fire burning in the fireplace, and the Christmas tree lights are
	shining/braith/.
21.	Christmas is an important /festivel/ in Britain and many other
	parts of the world.
22.	Father Christmas lands on top of each house and climbs down the
	/tʃɪmnɪ/ into the fireplace.
23.	Father Christmas fills each of the/stokuz/with Christmas pre-
	sents.
24.	It feels strange to have a/twin/sister.
	We always make/frendz/ with each other again.
26.	People still/mis'teik/ us for each other.
27.	We don't like the same colours,/aıŏə/.
28.	Three/kwo;taz/ of the world's books and magazines are writ-
	ten in English.
29.	In England people still make tea in/tipots/.
30.	The group of girls had a good drink of tea together, from a modern
	/0emos/.
64.	The Course
Ste	p Seven
1.	Look at the/data-grazm/on the right.
2.	A good beginning makes a good/enduj/.
3.	China does not want to copy the USA's/ig'zampl/.
	. 8 .

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4.	When we talk about the universe, we/min/ the earth, the
	sun, the moon and the stars, and the space between them.
5.	The moon is our/sætəlat/.
6.	Our /nolid3/ of the universe is growing all the time.
7.	She said that she heard a very interesting /proogræm/ on the
	radio.
8.	The/popju'lesson/ problem may be the greatest one of the world
	today.
9.	Two thousand years ago, there were only 250 /miljən/people
	on the earth.
10.	The shoes in the shop were /kwait/ good and were not very ex
	pensive.
11.	I've got a /hedeak/ and a cough.
12.	His /temperatsə/ seems to be all right.
13.	He had to tell the people in Athens about the great
14.	Your son's trouble is very /knmon/ these days.
15.	They didn't play /tə'geðo/ very well.
16.	Ours is the best team in the /ligo/.
17.	From Sydney we /flu/ over a line of mountains in the south-
	east.
18.	Please/ək'sept/ this little present with our best wishes.
19.	There was a big/smail/ on her face.
20.	/lakili/ the weather was not so wet as it is today.
	A woman saw it happen when she was walking/post/.
	Which of these would you like to/oun/?
	I can't decide which/swetə/ to buy!
24.	The Great Green Wall will stop the wind from /bloug/ the
	earth away.
25.	There will not be enough space /i;vən/ to stand in on the earth.
	John turned round and looked at him in/sə praız/.
	By the end of the match, they had kicked two/goolz/.
	_ · U

28.	After we left the mountains behind us, there was /ha;dh/ a
	cloud in the sky.
	All /əˈraund/ the mountain is sand.
30.	I must step /raitij/ now, as I have rather a lot of work to do.
Step Eight	
ļ.	The
2.	I'm not a/nəl/ policeman, cither.
3.	Sherlock Holmes was a famous/di/tektiv/.
4.	He was talking to a man of about /fotti/.
5.	The/ə'lam/clock is set 5;00.
6.	/sadənlı/ he saw an old lady sitting on one of her bags.
	The old woman looked /Ap/set/.
8.	The first plane with an /end3m/ was the Flyer.
9.	This was the/bi'gining/ of the air age.
10.	Did you /5'pulad3aiz/ to Mr Hopkins?
11.	In his/fiftz/ Marx began to study Russian.
12.	Tim only wants to be a/profesonal/ footballer.
13.	His history and/dʒi'vgrəfi/ are very good.
14.	Maybe we can work out a/səˈluːʃən/.
15.	Could you give me a /mesid3/, please?
16.	The Englishman was so /ditamind/ that he won the race in 80 days!
17.	A space plane can carry about fifty/pecsind30z/.
18.	I think it's really a kind of space/rokit/.
19.	Long ago, there lived an /artist/ in a Chinese village.
20.	The inn-keeper became very rich and/gridt/too.
21.	If you clap your hands three times, the /herən/ on the wall will
	dance for your customers.
22.	There are two kinds of/elimenters/ and secondary schools in
	the United States.
	10