



易速

应试词汇系列

# 快速突破

# 4500 词

适用于：大学英语四级统考 全国英语等级考试3级  
全国职称英语等级考试B级



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## 前 言

中国学生学习英语的一大难关是词汇。其症状多为“不死不活”。该牢牢记住的词义记不住,该掌握的用法用不活。《易速应试词汇系列》就是针对这两方面的“痼疾”提供的一副“良药”。

本系列共分六册:《快速突破 3000 词》《快速突破 4500 词》《快速突破 5500 词》《快速突破 6500 词》《快速突破 8000 词》和《快速突破 10000 词》。每册对应一个层次的读者。

本书《快速突破 4500 词》依据《大学英语教学大纲词汇表》编写。收入大纲规定的四级以下词汇中属于中上水平的近 3000 词,加上各词的同义词、反义词,学完本书后词汇量将达到 6000 词水平。适合参加大学英语四级统考的考生使用,也可供参加“全国英语等级考试”3 级的考生和“全国职称英语等级考试”B 级的考生参考。

本系列编排科学、体例新颖,每个词条都提供读音、词性、英汉双解释义和体现基本用法的典型例句。全部例句均选自国内外权威工具书、相关通用教材和考试真题,具有较强的针对性和可读性。版式明快,双色三栏排印,“横”可供日常研习,“纵”可供考前突击背诵。

尤其值得一提的是本系列既是一个系列,每本又独立成书。读者可根据自身需要选择一本使用,也可逐册依次按部就班学习,全系列学完,您的英语词汇量也就相当可观了。

由于编者水平有限,本书所存疏漏之处,诚望读者朋友给予指正。

编者 谨识

2003 年春·北京

## A

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<b>abandon</b> [ə'bændən] <i>vt.</i> ① 离弃, 丢弃 ② 遗弃, 抛弃	go away from, not intending to return to  forsake; desert	We <b>abandoned</b> the car. 我们丢弃了那辆车。  He <b>abandoned</b> his wife. 他遗弃了他的妻子。
<b>ability</b> [ə'biliti] <i>n.</i> 能力; 才能	capacity or power to do sth physical or mental	She has no <b>ability</b> in that kind of work. 她没有做那种工作的能力。
<b>aboard</b> [ə'bo:d] <i>prep.</i> 在船(或飞机等)上; 上船(或飞机等) <i>adv.</i> 在船(或飞机等)上; 上船(或飞机等)	on or into (a ship, an aircraft, etc.)  on or into a ship, an aircraft, etc.	They were all <b>aboard</b> the ship last night. 昨天夜里他们都在船上。  It's time to go <b>aboard</b> . 上船的时间到了。
<b>abroad</b> [ə'brɔ:d] <i>adv.</i> 到国外; 在国外 同 overseas	in or to a foreign country or countries; away from one's own country	All her relations live <b>abroad</b> . 她所有亲戚都在国外。 After his return from <b>abroad</b> he came to see me. 他从国外回来后来看我。
<b>absence</b> ['æbsəns] <i>n.</i> 缺席, 不在	the state or a period of being away	She returned from a day's <b>absence</b> . 她离开一天后回来了。

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<b>absent</b> ['æbsənt] <i>adj.</i> 缺席的, 不在场的	not present (at sth); at another place	I'm <b>absent</b> from class today. 我今天缺课了。How many students are <b>absent</b> ? 有多少学生缺课?
<b>absolute</b> ['æbsəljut] <i>adj.</i> 绝对的; 完全的	complete; total	I look upon this as an <b>absolute</b> necessity. 我认为这是绝对必要的。
<b>absorb</b> [əb'sɔ:b] <i>vt.</i> ①吸收 ②吸引... 的注意力, 使全神贯注	take in esp. a liquid; suck up hold the attention or interest of (sb) fully	Dry earth <b>absorbs</b> water quickly. 干土吸水很快。 International affairs <b>absorb</b> his attention. 他专心研究国际问题。
<b>abstract</b> ['æbstrækt] <i>adj.</i> 抽象的 n. ①摘要, 梗概 ②抽象派艺术作品 vt. [æb'strækt] ①做... 的摘要 ②提取, 抽取	existing in thought or as an idea but not having a physical or practical existence a shortened form of a statement, speech, etc. an abstract painting, drawing, or other work of art make a shortened form of a statement separate sth (from sth)	A flower is beautiful, but beauty itself is <b>abstract</b> . 花是美的, 而美本身则是抽象的。 He made an <b>abstract</b> of a long article. 他对一篇长文章做了摘要。 There're two <b>abstracts</b> on the wall. 墙上挂着两幅抽象画。 He's <b>abstracted</b> the speech. 他对讲话作了摘要。 Workers <b>abstract</b> metal from ore. 工人从矿石中提炼金属。
<b>abundant</b> [ə'bʌndənt] <i>adj.</i> 大量的; 充足的	more than enough; plentiful	Rice is <b>abundant</b> in the river valley. 河谷地区盛产大米。

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<b>abuse</b> [ə'bjʊ:s] <i>n.</i> ① 滥用; 虐待 ② 恶言, 辱骂  <i>vt.</i> [ə'bjʊ:z] ① 滥用, 妄用 ② 虐待, 伤害  ③ 辱骂, 毁谤 同 insult	wrong or bad use or treatment of (sth/sb)  offensive or coarse language make bad or wrong use of sth treat sb badly  speak insultingly to or about (sb)	I'm afraid the position is open to <i>abuse</i> . 恐怕这个职位容易使人滥用职权。 He burst into a storm of <i>abuse</i> . 他破口大骂。 He never <i>abuses</i> his privilege. 他从不滥用特权。 Stop <i>abusing</i> the child. 不要伤害这孩子。 They <i>abused</i> him in the foulest languages. 他们用极其污秽的语言辱骂他。
<b>academic</b> [ˌækə'demɪk] <i>adj.</i> ① 学术性的 ② 学校的; 学院的  ③ 纯理论的	based on subjects  of schools, colleges, etc.  not related to practical situations	They asked for <i>academic</i> freedom. 他们要求学术自由。 The university is composed of five <i>academic</i> schools. 这所大学由 5 个学院组成。 That is merely an <i>academic</i> discussion. 那只是个理论性的讨论。
<b>academy</b> [ə'kædəmi] <i>n.</i> ① 研究院, 学会 ② 专科学校	society of distinguished scholars or artists  school for special training	I visited the <i>Academy</i> of Science of China yesterday. 我昨天访问了中国科学院。 This is an <i>academy</i> of music. 这是所音乐专科学校。
<b>accelerate</b> [ək'seləreɪt] <i>v.</i> (使) 加快〔增速〕	(cause to) increase the speed	Our country should <i>accelerate</i> the economic growth. 我国应加快经济增长。
<b>accent</b> ['æksənt]	national, local or individual way of pronoun-	He speaks English with a strong French <i>accent</i> . 他说

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<i>n.</i> 口音, 腔调	cing words	英语有很重的法国口音。
<b>acceptance</b> [ək'septəns] <i>n.</i> ①接受, 认可 ②赞成, 赞同	accepting or being accepted  favourable reception; approval	I have the pleasure to ask your <b>acceptance</b> of my presents. 请接受我的礼物。 The new laws gained wide-spread <b>acceptance</b> . 新法令受到广泛赞同。
<b>access</b> ['ækses] <i>n.</i> 通道; 入口	means of approaching or entering (a place); entrance	There is no <b>access</b> to the street through that door. 那个门不通向大街。
<b>accidental</b> [æk'si'dentl] <i>adj.</i> 意外的; 偶然的	not intentional	Our meeting was quite <b>accidental</b> . 我们的会面十分偶然。
<b>accommodation</b> [ə'kɒmə'deɪʃən] <i>n.</i> 住处	place to live in or sleep in (esp. for a short period only)	The hotel has <b>accommodation</b> for 500 guests. 这家旅馆可以接待 500 名客人。
<b>accompany</b> [ə'kʌmpəni] <i>vt.</i> ①陪伴, 陪同 ②伴随...同时发生  ③为...伴奏	be, go or do at the same time as sb else  happen at the same time as sth else play music while sb sings or plays another instrument	May we <b>accompany</b> you on your walk? 我们陪你一起散步好吗? Thunder often <b>accompanies</b> lightning. 雷声常伴着闪电。 Jacelin <b>accompanied</b> me at the guitar. 杰斯林用吉他给我伴奏。
<b>accomplish</b> [ə'kɒmplɪʃ] <i>vt.</i> 完成; 做到	succeed in doing sth; finish successfully	She wanted to <b>accomplish</b> being an actress. 她想实现当演员的愿望。
<b>accord</b> [ə'kɔ:d]	peace treaty; agreement	They expected a temporary <b>accord</b> . 他们期望达成临时



WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<i>n.</i> 谅解; 协议 <i>vt.</i> 给予, 赠予	give or grant sth to sb	协议。 We <b>accorded</b> the boy due praise. 我们给了孩子适当的表扬。
<i>vi.</i> 符合, 一致	be the same as; agree	His story <b>accords</b> with what I saw. 他讲的与我看到的是吻合的。
<b>accordingly</b> [ə'kɔ:diŋli] <i>adv.</i> ① 因此, 所以; 于是 ② 照着; 相应地	for that reason; therefore; so  in a way suitable to sth	He was told to speak briefly; <b>accordingly</b> he cut short his remarks. 人家叫他说简短些, 于是他就长话短说。 We will act <b>accordingly</b> . 我们会照着做的。
<b>account</b> [ə'kaunt] <i>n.</i> ① 账, 账目 ② 记述, 描述; 报道 ③ record, balance ④ report, story	a sum of money kept in a bank  a written or spoken report; description	The sum of money has been transferred into my <b>account</b> . 那笔钱已转到我账上。 The two <b>accounts</b> of the accident do not agree. 有关这次事件两则报道不一致。
<b>accountant</b> [ə'kauntənt] <i>n.</i> 会计师	a person whose job is to control money accounts	They are all <b>accountants</b> . 他们都是会计师。
<b>accumulate</b> [ə'kju:mjuleit] <i>v.</i> 堆积; 积累	heap up; make greater in quantity or size	Snow <b>accumulated</b> on the playground. 操场上积了一层雪。
<b>accuracy</b> [ækjʊrəsi] <i>n.</i> 精确, 准确(性)	precision or exactness	I doubt the <b>accuracy</b> of your statement. 我怀疑你的话的准确性。
<b>accurate</b>	with no mistakes; free	She is a very <b>accurate</b> typ-

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<p>[ˈækjʊrɪt]</p> <p><i>adj.</i> ①正确无误的</p> <p>②精确的, 准确的</p> <p>因 inaccurate</p>	<p>from error</p> <p>careful and exact</p>	<p>ist. 她是个准确率很高的打字员。</p> <p>He has made an <i>accurate</i> measurement of my garden. 他准确地丈量了我的花园。</p>
<p><b>accuse</b></p> <p>[əˈkjuːz]</p> <p><i>vt.</i> 指责; 控告</p>	<p>charge (sb) with doing wrong or breaking the law; blame</p>	<p>She <i>accused</i> the official of corruption. 她指控这位官员腐败。</p>
<p><b>accustomed</b></p> <p>[əˈkʌstəmd]</p> <p><i>adj.</i> ①习惯于…的</p> <p>②惯常的</p>	<p>in the habit of; used to</p> <p>regular; usual</p>	<p>They are <i>accustomed</i> to this sort of work. 他们习惯于干这种工作。</p> <p>This is his <i>accustomed</i> hour to go to bed. 这是他就寝的惯常时间。</p>
<p><b>acid</b></p> <p>[ˈæsɪd]</p> <p><i>n.</i> 酸, 酸性物质</p> <p><i>adj.</i> ①酸味的, 酸的</p> <p>②尖刻的</p>	<p>substance that contains hydrogen, which can be replaced by a metal to form a salt</p> <p>having a bitter sharp taste; sour</p> <p>severe; sarcastic</p>	<p>This chemical acts a part of an <i>acid</i> in our experiment. 这种化学药品在我们的试验中起酸的作用。</p> <p>A lemon is an <i>acid</i> fruit. 柠檬是一种酸水果。</p> <p>I don't like to hear the <i>acid</i> remarks. 我不喜欢听那尖酸刻薄的话。</p>
<p><b>acknowledge</b></p> <p>[əkˈnɒlɪdʒ]</p> <p><i>vt.</i> ①承认</p> <p>②告知已收到</p>	<p>accept the truth of (sth); admit (sth)</p> <p>report that one has received (sth)</p>	<p>Mike <i>acknowledged</i> him to be wrong finally. 迈克最终承认自己错了。</p> <p>We must <i>acknowledge</i> his letter. 我们应当告诉他信已收到了。</p>
<p><b>acquaintance</b></p>	<p>person whom one</p>	<p>We are only casual ac-</p>

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<b>acquaint</b> [ə'kweɪntəns] <i>n.</i> ① 熟人 ② 了解; 认识	knows but who is not a close friend knowledge of sth or sb	<i>acquaintances</i> . 我们只是泛泛之交。 I have no <i>acquaintance</i> with this book. 我不熟悉这本书。
<b>acquire</b> [ə'kwaɪə] <i>vt.</i> 获得, 得到	gain by skill or ability, by one's own efforts or behaviour	His character <i>acquired</i> him a good name. 他的品格使他赢得好名声。
<b>acquisition</b> [ˌækwi'zɪʃən] <i>n.</i> ① 获得, 得到 ② 获得物	the act of acquiring sth acquired	They progressed in the <i>acquisition</i> of basic skills. 他们在掌握基本技术方面取得了进步。 He invited me to look at his latest <i>acquisition</i> . 他请我去看他的最新收藏品。
<b>acre</b> ['eɪkə] <i>n.</i> 英亩	measure of land, 4840 square yards or about 4050 square metres	The playground covers over an <i>acre</i> in extent. 操场的面积超过一英亩。
<b>action</b> ['ækʃən] <i>n.</i> 行动; 活动	process of doing sth; using energy or influence; activity	The time has come for <i>action</i> . 行动的时候到了。 <i>Actions</i> speak louder than words. 事实胜于雄辩。
<b>activity</b> [æk'tɪvɪti] <i>n.</i> ① 活动性, 活力 ② 活动; 消遣	being active or lively specific thing or things done; action; occupation	The house has been full of <i>activity</i> all day. 房子里整天都很热闹。 Her <i>activities</i> include playing tennis and painting. 她的消遣包括打网球和绘画。
<b>acute</b> [ə'kjʊt]	severe; serious	There's an <i>acute</i> shortage of water here. 这里严重缺水。

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<b>adj.</b> ①严重的 ②敏锐的	keen; sharp	水。 He is an <b>acute</b> observer. 他是个敏锐的观察家。
<b>adapt</b> [ə'dæpt] <b>v.</b> (使) 适应, (使) 适合 <b>vt.</b> 改编, 改写	make or become suitable for a new use, situation, etc. alter or modify (a text) for television, etc.	The professor <b>adapted</b> his lecture to his audience. 教授使他讲的课适合于听众。 This play is <b>adapted</b> from a novel. 这个剧本是根据一部小说改编的。
<b>addition</b> [ə'dɪʃən] <b>n.</b> 加; 加法	adding, esp. calculating the total of two or more numbers	The <b>addition</b> of flour will thicken gravy. 加了面粉肉汁会变稠。
<b>additional</b> [ə'dɪʃənəl] <b>adj.</b> 增加的; 额外的, 另外的	added; extra; supplementary	An <b>additional</b> charge is made for heavy bags. 重的行李要额外收费。
<b>adequate</b> ['ædɪkwɪt] <b>adj.</b> ①适当的, 胜任的 ②充分的, 足够的	having the necessary ability or qualities sufficient	You ought to take <b>adequate</b> measures. 你应该采取适当的措施。 My time is <b>adequate</b> for it. 我有足够的时间做此事。
<b>adjective</b> ['ædʒɪktɪv] <b>n.</b> 形容词	a word which describes the thing for a noun stands	<b>Adjectives</b> modify nouns. 形容词修饰名词。
<b>adjust</b> [ə'dʒʌst] <b>v.</b> (使) 适应 <b>vt.</b> 调整	(cause to) fit; make or become suitable make a small change	Animals <b>adjust</b> themselves to their environment. 动物能适应自己生活的环境。 Can you <b>adjust</b> the thermo-

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
	to sth in order to make it better	stat? 你能把恒温器调一下吗?
<b>administration</b> [əd.mini'streɪʃən] n. ① 管理; 经营; 支配 ② 实行, 执行 ③ 政府	management of public or business affairs  the act of administering or state of being administrated  the national government	Who is in charge of the <b>administration</b> of your company? 你们公司的行政工作由谁负责? The <b>administration</b> of the law is very important. 法律的执行非常重要。 Not much was done by the last <b>Administration</b> . 上届政府没有多少政绩。
<b>admission</b> [əd'mɪʃən] n. 准入, 接纳	allowing or being allowed to enter or join sth	He gained <b>admission</b> into the association. 他获准加入这个协会。
<b>adopt</b> [ə'dɒpt] vt. ① 收养 ② 采用, 采纳, 采取 ③ 正式接受, 通过	take the child of another person into one's family to become one's own child  take sth as one's own  accept formally or officially; approve	Many childless couples <b>adopt</b> children. 许多无子女的夫妇收养孩子。 The factory has <b>adopted</b> the newest technology. 那家工厂采用了最新技术。 The meeting <b>adopted</b> a resolution. 会议通过了一项议案。
<b>adult</b> [ədʌlt] n. 成年的人或动物	a fully grown person or animal	Anyone over eighteen years of age counts as <b>adult</b> . 超过 18 岁的都算成年人。
<b>advanced</b> [əd'vɑːnst]	new and not yet generally accepted	His idea was <b>advanced</b> at that time. 他的思想在当时

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<i>adj.</i> 先进的		是先进的。
<b>advantage</b> [əd'vɑ:ntidʒ] <i>n.</i> 优点;好处	condition or circumstance that gives one superiority or success	This plan has more <b>advantages</b> than disadvantages. 这个方案利大于弊。
<b>adverb</b> ['ædvə:b] <i>n.</i> 副词	word that adds more information about place, etc. to a verb, etc.	"Slowly" is an <b>adverb</b> . slowly 是个副词。
<b>advertise</b> [əd'vetəiz] <i>vt.</i> 为...做广告	praise (sth) publicly in order to encourage people to buy or use it	They <b>advertised</b> their goods. 他们为自己的商品做广告。
<b>advertisement</b> [əd'vertismənt] <i>n.</i> 广告	public notice offering or asking for services, goods, etc.	He glanced his eyes down the classified <b>advertisements</b> . 他浏览分类广告栏。
<b>advisable</b> [əd'vaizəbl] <i>adj.</i> 明智的;可取的	worth recommending a course of action; sensible	It was <b>advisable</b> for you not to mention that. 你不提及那件事是明智的。
<b>advocate</b> ['ædvəkeit] <i>vt.</i> 提倡;主张 <i>n.</i> ['ædvəkit] ① 提倡者;拥护者  ② 律师;辩护人 同 lawyer	<p>speak publicly in support of sth</p> <p>person who supports or speaks in favour a cause, etc.</p> <p>a person who speaks in defence of or in favour of another person</p>	<p>I don't <b>advocate</b> doing such things. 我不主张干这样的事情。</p> <p>He is an <b>advocate</b> of more airplanes. 他是提倡多造飞机的人。</p> <p>He got the best <b>advocate</b> in town to defend him. 他请了城里最好的律师为他辩护。</p>
<b>affect</b> [ə'fekt] <i>vt.</i> 影响	cause some result or change	The tax increases have <b>affected</b> us all. 加税已经影响到我们所有的人。

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<b>affection</b> [ə'fekʃən] <i>n.</i> 喜爱, 爱	feeling of fondness; love	The officer transferred his <b>affections</b> to the other girl. 那军官爱上了另一个姑娘。
<b>afterwards</b> [ˈɑːftəwədʒ] <i>adv.</i> 以后, 后来	later; after that	He's waited for a few minutes and left <b>afterwards</b> . 他等了一会儿, 然后离开了。
<b>agency</b> ['eidʒənsi] <i>n.</i> ① 经销处, 代理行 ② 部, 处	a business that makes its money esp. by bringing people into touch with others a department of a government or international body	An <b>agency</b> has been opened at the following address. 一个代办处已在下述地点开始营业。 There are many specialized <b>agencies</b> in the UN. 联合国有许多专门机构。
<b>agenda</b> [ə'dʒendə] <i>n.</i> 议事日程	a list of the subjects to be dealt with or talked about at a meeting	The <b>agendas</b> for the next two meetings have yet to be worked out. 下两次会议的议程已经制定了。
<b>agent</b> ['eidʒənt] <i>n.</i> ① 代理人, 代理商 ② 原动力, 动因	a person whose job is to represent another person, etc. thing that works to produce a result	A literary <b>agent</b> manages the business affairs of an author. 文稿代理人负责代作家处理商业性事务。 The sun is the <b>agent</b> which helps plants to grow. 阳光是帮助植物生长的自然力。
<b>aggressive</b> [ə'ɡresiv] <i>n.</i> 侵略的; 咄咄逼人的	always ready to quarrel or attack	An <b>aggressive</b> country is always ready to start a war. 一个好侵略的国家总是准备发动战争。

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<b>aid</b> [eid] <i>n.</i> 帮助; 援助	support or help	He went to the <b>aid</b> of the hurt man. 他前去帮助那个受伤的人。
<b>aircraft</b> ['ækrɑ:ft] <i>n.</i> 飞机; 航空器	a flying machine of any type, with or without an engine	The Air Force maintains many kinds of <b>aircraft</b> . 空军拥有多种类型的飞机。
<b>airline</b> ['eəlain] <i>n.</i> 航空公司	a company with aeroplanes that carry people or goods	The <b>airline</b> has checked their luggage out. 航空公司核对了他们的行李。
<b>alarm</b> [ə'la:m] <i>n.</i> 警报	sth that tells you about danger, e. g. by making a loud noise	Three fire companies answered the <b>alarm</b> . 听到警报后, 来了 3 个消防队。
<b>alcohol</b> ['ælkə,hɒl] <i>n.</i> 含酒精的饮料; 酒精	the liquid in drinks that can make people feel drunk	Whisky contains a large percentage of <b>alcohol</b> . 威士忌的酒精含量极高。
<b>alert</b> [ə'lə:t] <i>adj.</i> 警惕的, 警觉的 <i>vt.</i> ① 使(某人)保持警觉 ② 提醒(某人)注意(某事)	watchful and ready to deal with danger make (sb) watchful and ready for possible danger make (sb) aware of (sth)	David is a man <b>alert</b> in problem. 戴维是个留意问题的人。 The voice of the caller <b>alerted</b> her. 来访者的声音使她警觉起来。 The boss <b>alerted</b> him that the thief might come out at night. 老板要他提防夜里可能有贼。
<b>alike</b> [ə'laik] <i>adj.</i> 同样的; 相像的	like one another; similar	The twins are <b>alike</b> . 这对双胞胎一模一样。



WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
<b>alliance</b> [ə'laɪəns] <i>n.</i> 结盟; 联盟	a close agreement or connection made between two countries, etc.	The two countries entered into a defensive <b>alliance</b> . 这两个国家订立了防御同盟。
<b>allowance</b> [ə'laʊəns] <i>n.</i> 津贴, 补助; 零用钱	money, provided regularly or for a special purpose	They are given travelling <b>allowances</b> . 他们享有出差补贴。
<b>ally</b> [ə'laɪ] <i>n.</i> ① 同盟国; 同盟者 ② 支持者 ③ enemy <i>v.</i> (使) 结盟; (使) 联合	person, country, etc. joined with another  a person who regularly provides help or support (cause to) join or unite	Switzerland was not an <b>ally</b> ; she was neutral. 瑞士不同任何一个国家结盟, 保持中立。 She felt she needed an <b>ally</b> so badly. 她感到极其需要一个支持者。 This country <b>allied</b> with another country. 这个国家与另一国家结盟。
<b>alongside</b> [ə'lɒŋ'saɪd] <i>adv.</i> 靠着边, 沿着边 <i>prep.</i> ① 在...旁边; 沿着...的边 ② 与...一起	close to the side of a ship, pier, etc.  close to and in line with the edge of sth  together with	The two ships lay <b>alongside</b> of each other. 这两艘船并排靠着。 There was a butcher's shop <b>alongside</b> the theater. 剧院旁边有一家肉店。 It's a pleasure to work <b>alongside</b> such men. 与这样的人一起工作是件乐事。
<b>alphabet</b> ['ælfəbɪt] <i>n.</i> 字母表	the set of letters used in writing any language	There are 26 letters in the English <b>alphabet</b> . 英语字母表中有 26 个字母。
<b>alter</b> ['ɔ:lteɪ]	make or become different; change	Barbara is trying to <b>alter</b> the coat. 巴巴拉正设法改