

学习英语会话请选择

1993
VOLUME 2

大家說英語

Let's Talk in English

Editor: Doris Brougham



687

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2

90元

浙江教育出版社

在欧洲

在非洲·惊喜·改变
有礼貌·访客·晚餐的客人

播出电台	播出时段		播 出 频 率
深圳台	二、四、六	6:30 21:30	FM88.9MHZ
汕头台	一至六	9:00 22:35	AM 1080KHZ
北京台	一至六	5:30,8:30,11:30,18:00,21:00	AM 1476KHZ
	星期日	5:30 16:30	
山西台	一至六	20:30 23:05 11:30	AM 1530KHZ
甘肃台	一、三、五	9:00 22:00	AM 684KHZ, 873KHZ, 6455KHZ, 4865KHZ
	一、三、五	6:30	FM 91.7MHZ, 100.2MHZ
沈阳台	一至六	15:20	AM 882KHZ
重庆台	一、三、五	22:25	FM 105.5MHZ, AM 1314KHZ
	一、三、五	9:00 12:30	AM 1080KHZ
大连台	一、三、五	13:00 20:30	AM 882KHZ, 1152KHZ
	一至六	9:00 19:00	FM 102.4MHZ
	星期日	19:25	
楚天经济台	一至六	5:50 21:00	AM 1179KHZ
吉林台	一至六	13:30	AM 873KHZ
浙江台	一至六	8:30 22:15	AM 810KHZ, FM 94.8MHZ
湖北台	一、三、五	13:30	AM 774KHZ
	一至六	10:00 21:30	AM 99.8MHZ, 95MHZ
黑龙江台	每日	5:00 21:30	AM 621KHZ
	每日	16:00	AM 873KHZ
四川台	一、三、五	8:30	FM 1116MHZ, 909MHZ, 612MHZ, 7225MHZ
	二、四、六	20:00	
广东台	一至六	6:40 18:50	FM 103.3MHZ, AM 1584KHZ
珠海台	每日	6:30 10:30 21:00	FM 95.1MHZ, AM 850KHZ
天津台	每日	6:00 22:00	AM 954KHZ
上海台	二、四、六	5:30,7:00,15:30,20:00	AM 1296KHZ
西安台	一至五	21:30	AM 810KHZ

1993

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KEY WORDS

Cut out these key word cards. ✂

Review these key words every day.

<p>flat (<i>adj.</i>) [flæt]</p> <p>bush (<i>n.</i>) [bʊʃ]</p> <p>field (<i>n.</i>) [fild]</p> <p>sight (<i>n.</i>) [saɪt]</p> <p>hill (<i>n.</i>) [hɪl]</p> <p>continent (<i>n.</i>) ['kɒntənənt]</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>	<p>western (<i>adj.</i>) ['westən]</p> <p>to hire (<i>v.</i>) [haɪr]</p> <p>to continue (<i>v.</i>) [kən'tɪnju]</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>
<p>market (<i>n.</i>) ['mɑ:kɪt]</p> <p>narrow (<i>adj.</i>) ['næro]</p> <p>cliff (<i>n.</i>) [klɪf]</p> <p>sea (<i>n.</i>) [si]</p> <p>dry (<i>adj.</i>) [draɪ]</p> <p>farm (<i>n.</i>) [fɑ:m]</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>	<p>to move (<i>v.</i>) [mu:v]</p> <p>shy (<i>adj.</i>) [ʃaɪ]</p> <p>during (<i>prep.</i>) ['djʊrɪŋ]</p> <p>to grow (<i>v.</i>) [gro]</p> <p>short (<i>adj.</i>) [ʃɔ:t]</p> <p>fat (<i>adj.</i>) [fæt]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>
<p>river (<i>n.</i>) ['rɪvə]</p> <p>lake (<i>n.</i>) [lek]</p> <p>scenery (<i>n.</i>) ['sɪnəri]</p> <p>southern (<i>adj.</i>) ['sʌðən]</p> <p>ferry (<i>n.</i>) ['ferɪ]</p> <p>waterfall (<i>n.</i>) ['wɔ:tə,fɔ:l]</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>	<p>tall (<i>adj.</i>) [tɔ:l]</p> <p>twin (<i>n.</i>) [twɪn]</p> <p>unhappy (<i>adj.</i>) [ʌn'hæpɪ]</p> <p>cheerful (<i>adj.</i>) ['tʃɪrfəl]</p> <p>worried (<i>adj.</i>) ['wɜ:ɪd]</p> <p>age (<i>n.</i>) [edʒ]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>
<p>guide (<i>n.</i>) [gaɪd]</p> <p>valley (<i>n.</i>) ['væli]</p> <p>desert (<i>n.</i>) ['dezət]</p> <p>eastern (<i>adj.</i>) ['ɪstən]</p> <p>along (<i>prep.</i>) [ə'lɒŋ]</p> <p>bare (<i>adj.</i>) [ber]</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>	<p>excited (<i>adj.</i>) [ɪk'saɪtɪd]</p> <p>friendly (<i>adj.</i>) ['frɛndli]</p> <p>alike (<i>adj.</i>) [ə'laɪk]</p> <p>to behave (<i>v.</i>) [bɪ'hev]</p> <p>thin (<i>adj.</i>) [θɪn]</p> <p>embarrassing (<i>adj.</i>) [ɪm'bærəsɪŋ]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>

KEY WORDS

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<p>western (<i>adj.</i>) 西部的</p> <p>to hire (<i>v.</i>) 雇用</p> <p>to continue (<i>v.</i>) 继续</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>	<p>flat (<i>adj.</i>) 平坦的</p> <p>bush (<i>n.</i>) 木丛; 短树丛</p> <p>field (<i>n.</i>) 田野</p> <p>sight (<i>n.</i>) 风景; 值得一看的事物</p> <p>hill (<i>n.</i>) 山丘; 山坡</p> <p>continent (<i>n.</i>) 洲</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>
<p>to move (<i>v.</i>) 迁移; 搬家</p> <p>shy (<i>adj.</i>) 害羞的</p> <p>during (<i>prep.</i>) 在……期间</p> <p>to grow (<i>v.</i>) 长大; 长高</p> <p>short (<i>adj.</i>) 短的; 矮的</p> <p>fat (<i>adj.</i>) 胖的</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>market (<i>n.</i>) 市场</p> <p>narrow (<i>adj.</i>) 狭窄的</p> <p>cliff (<i>n.</i>) 断崖</p> <p>sea (<i>n.</i>) 海</p> <p>dry (<i>adj.</i>) 干燥的</p> <p>farm (<i>n.</i>) 农场</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>
<p>tall (<i>adj.</i>) 高的</p> <p>twin (<i>n.</i>) 双胞胎之一</p> <p>unhappy (<i>adj.</i>) 不快乐的; 不高兴的</p> <p>cheerful (<i>adj.</i>) 愉快的; 乐意的</p> <p>worried (<i>adj.</i>) 烦恼的</p> <p>age (<i>n.</i>) 年龄</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>river (<i>n.</i>) 河流</p> <p>lake (<i>n.</i>) 湖泊</p> <p>scenery (<i>n.</i>) 景色</p> <p>southern (<i>adj.</i>) 南部的</p> <p>ferry (<i>n.</i>) 渡船</p> <p>waterfall (<i>n.</i>) 瀑布</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>
<p>excited (<i>adj.</i>) 兴奋的</p> <p>friendly (<i>adj.</i>) 友善的</p> <p>alike (<i>adj.</i>) 相像的</p> <p>to behave (<i>v.</i>) 行为举止</p> <p>thin (<i>adj.</i>) 瘦的</p> <p>embarrassing (<i>adj.</i>) 尴尬的</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>guide (<i>n.</i>) 向导</p> <p>valley (<i>n.</i>) 河谷</p> <p>desert (<i>n.</i>) 沙漠</p> <p>eastern (<i>adj.</i>) 东部</p> <p>along (<i>prep.</i>) 沿著; 顺著</p> <p>bare (<i>adj.</i>) 光秃秃的; 荒凉的</p> <p>CHAPTER ONE</p>

KEY WORDS

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<p>extra (<i>adv.</i>) [ˈɛkstrə] 9</p> <p>kind (<i>adj.</i>) [kaɪnd]</p> <p>sorry (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈsɔːrɪ]</p> <p>sad (<i>adj.</i>) [sæd]</p> <p>strict (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈstrikt]</p> <p>lazy (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈleɪzɪ]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>awfully (<i>adv.</i>) [ˈɔːfəli] 13</p> <p>company (<i>n.</i>) [ˈkʌmpəni]</p> <p>to stare (<i>v.</i>) [stə]</p> <p>to notice (<i>v.</i>) [ˈnɒtɪs]</p> <p>ordinary (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈɔːdnəri]</p> <p>to imagine (<i>v.</i>) [ɪˈmædʒɪn]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>
<p>interesting (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈɪntərɪstɪŋ] 10</p> <p>angry (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈæŋɡrɪ]</p> <p>helpful (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈhɛlpfəl]</p> <p>polite (<i>adj.</i>) [pəˈlaɪt]</p> <p>pleasant (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈpleznt]</p> <p>boring (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈbɔːrɪŋ]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>skinny (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈskɪni] 14</p> <p>afraid (<i>adj.</i>) [əˈfreɪd]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>
<p>blond (<i>adj.</i>) [blʌnd] 11</p> <p>smart (<i>adj.</i>) [smɑːt]</p> <p>special (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈspeʃəl]</p> <p>bald (<i>adj.</i>) [bɔːld]</p> <p>handsome (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈhænsəm]</p> <p>rude (<i>adj.</i>) [ruːd]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>15</p>
<p>thoughtful (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈθɔːtfəl] 12</p> <p>to expect (<i>v.</i>) [ɪkˈspekt]</p> <p>to brag (<i>v.</i>) [bræg]</p> <p>stubborn (<i>adj.</i>) [ˈstʌbərən]</p> <p>to frown (<i>v.</i>) [fraʊn]</p> <p>wrinkle (<i>n.</i>) [ˈrɪŋkl]</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>16</p> 

KEY WORDS

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Review these key words every day.

<p>awfully (<i>adv.</i>) 非常地</p> <p>company (<i>n.</i>) 访客</p> <p>to stare (<i>v.</i>) 盯视</p> <p>to notice (<i>v.</i>) 注意; 看到</p> <p>ordinary (<i>adj.</i>) 普通的; 一般的</p> <p>to imagine (<i>v.</i>) 想</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>extra (<i>adv.</i>) 特别地; 非常地 9</p> <p>kind (<i>adj.</i>) 好心肠的; 仁慈的</p> <p>sorry (<i>adj.</i>) 感到遗憾的; 难过的</p> <p>sad (<i>adj.</i>) 难过的; 伤感的</p> <p>strict (<i>adj.</i>) 严厉的</p> <p>lazy (<i>adj.</i>) 懒惰的</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>
<p>skinny (<i>adj.</i>) 很瘦的</p> <p>afraid (<i>adj.</i>) 害怕的</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>interesting (<i>adj.</i>) 有趣的 10</p> <p>angry (<i>adj.</i>) 生气的</p> <p>helpful (<i>adj.</i>) 有帮助的</p> <p>polite (<i>adj.</i>) 有礼貌的</p> <p>pleasant (<i>adj.</i>) 愉快的; 友善的</p> <p>boring (<i>adj.</i>) 令人厌烦的; 无趣的</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>
<p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>blond (<i>adj.</i>) 金发的 11</p> <p>smart (<i>adj.</i>) 聪明的</p> <p>special (<i>adj.</i>) 特别的; 特殊的</p> <p>bald (<i>adj.</i>) 秃头的</p> <p>handsome (<i>adj.</i>) 英俊的; 美貌的</p> <p>rude (<i>adj.</i>) 无礼貌的</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>
<p>CHAPTER TWO</p>	<p>thoughtful (<i>adj.</i>) 设想周到的; 体贴的 12</p> <p>to expect (<i>v.</i>) 期待</p> <p>to brag (<i>v.</i>) 炫耀; 自夸</p> <p>stubborn (<i>adj.</i>) 固执的; 坚决的</p> <p>to frown (<i>v.</i>) 皱眉头; 不悦</p> <p>wrinkle (<i>n.</i>) 皱纹</p> <p>CHAPTER TWO</p>

Daily Phrases

Chapter One

Part One

Lesson 1

That sounds like a lot of money.

Lesson 2

Do you know when the train leaves?

Lesson 3

We walked up and down a lot of hills.

Lesson 4

I want to go to northern Europe.

Lesson 5

The Greek coast looked pretty.

Lesson 6

We need more than one day to see Rome.

Part Two

Lesson 1

I'm used to visiting new places.

Lesson 2

There are high cliffs on both sides.

Lesson 3

The fields are green and I see palm trees.

Lesson 4

Men used to ride camels across this desert.

Lesson 5

I will rent a car.

Lesson 6

The land was very flat.

Lesson 7

I fell asleep in the sun.

Lesson 8

I got lost one afternoon.



In Europe



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* LESSON 1

Key Words

flat (<i>adj.</i>)	[flæt]	平坦的
bush (<i>n.</i>)	[buʃ]	灌木丛；短树丛
field (<i>n.</i>)	[fild]	田野
sight (<i>n.</i>)	[saɪt]	风景；值得一看的事物

Useful Words & Phrases

lira (<i>n.</i>)	里拉(土耳其的货币单位)
to sound like (<i>v. phr.</i>)	听起来像是

Early in the morning, Liz arrived in Turkey. She walked out of the airport. "Turkey!" she thought. "I'm really here!" She looked around. There were no buildings. The land was **flat**. She saw low **bushes** and **fields** of grass.

"Taxi to the city, miss?" asked a man. "I will give you a good price."

"How much?" asked Liz.

"Thirty-five thousand lira," said the driver.

"Okay," said Liz. "But that sounds like a lot of money."

"That is a good price," said the driver.

Conversation A

- Driver: Where do you want to go?
Liz: I want to go to the train station.
Driver: Are you leaving Turkey already?
Liz: I don't think so. But I want to check the times of the trains. I will be in Europe for two weeks. I must decide where to go next.

Conversation B

- Driver: Is this your first visit to Turkey?
Liz: Yes, it is.
Driver: There are many beautiful **sights** in the city. I can show you. I will show you the busy harbor. I can take you to Asia, too. The mountains there are beautiful.
Liz: Thank you, but not today. Take me to the train station.

* LESSON 2

Useful Words & Phrases

Athens (n.) 雅典
 I don't mind. 我不在乎；不介意
 By the way... 对了...(表示顺便提及)

Conversation A

Girl: Excuse me, do you know when the train to Athens leaves?
 Liz: No, but this train schedule probably tells you. Let's look.
 Girl: There it is. It leaves at 7:00 this evening. Good, it doesn't leave too late. It arrives in Athens in the morning.

Conversation B

Liz: Are you traveling alone?
 Girl: Yes, but I don't mind. I have a train pass. Are you alone, too?
 Liz: Yes, and I have a train pass, too. I want to go many places.
 Girl: Do you want to go to Athens with me? We can have fun together. By the way, my name's Lydia.
 Liz: Nice to meet you. I'm Liz. Yes, I'd like to go with you.



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Conversation C

Liz: But I just arrived today. I want to see Turkey.
 Lydia: The train leaves at 7:00. We have a lot of time to see the city. I can show you around. I arrived two days ago.
 Liz: Where shall we go first?
 Lydia: Let's go to the old part of the city first. From there you can see the harbor, the mountains in Asia and a lot of interesting people.

* LESSON 3

Key Words

hill (n.)	[hɪl]	山丘；山坡
continent (n.)	['kɒntənənt]	洲
market (n.)	['mɑ:kɪt]	市场
narrow (adj.)	['næro]	狭窄的

Useful Words & Phrases

to get lost (v. phr.) 迷路
 countryside (n.) 乡间

Conversation A

Liz: I'm glad the train isn't crowded. Oh, my feet hurt. We walked up and down a lot of **hills**. We saw a lot of sights.
 Lydia: Yes. I like the harbor best. From there you can see two **continents**.
 Liz: I liked the **market** best. It's really big. I think you can buy anything there.
 Lydia: It's nice, but the markets in Egypt are bigger.

Conversation B

- Liz: I also liked all the **narrow** streets. I'm glad you knew where to go. I don't like to get lost.
- Lydia: When I arrived, I got lost. But many nice people helped me.
- Liz: I wish I had more time. I want to see more of the countryside. I'll have to come again.

What Do You Remember?

When did Liz arrive in Turkey?

Where did she go first?

Which city will Liz visit next?

What did Liz like best in Turkey?

Practice I

Fill in the blank with the correct vocabulary word.

flat continents narrow
sights hill

- You can walk up this _____ to see the view.
- There are seven _____ in the world.
- Drive slowly. This street is _____.
- Let's visit Turkey and see the _____.
- There aren't any mountains. The land is very _____.



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* LESSON 4

Key Words

cliff (n.)	[klɪf]	断崖
sea (n.)	[si]	海
dry (adj.)	[draɪ]	干燥的
farm (n.)	[fɑ:m]	农场
river (n.)	['rɪvə]	河流
lake (n.)	[lek]	湖泊
scenery (n.)	['sɪnəri]	景色
southern (adj.)	['sʌðən]	南部的

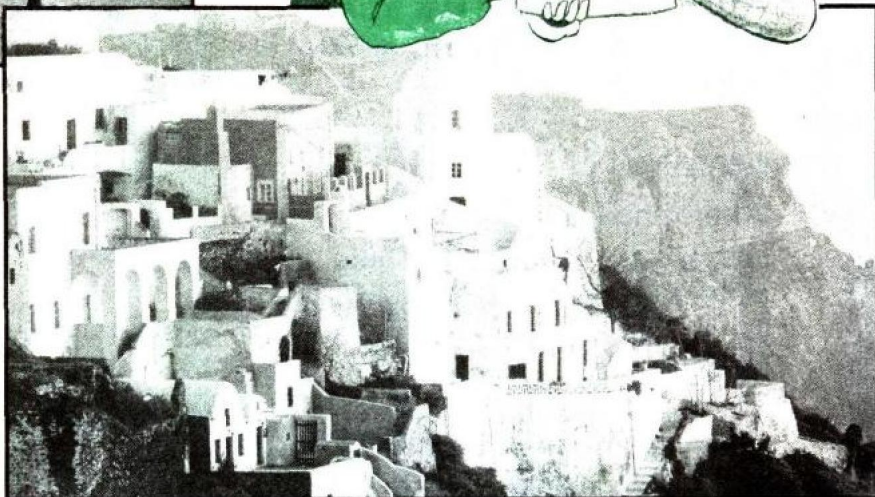
Useful Words

England (n.)	英格兰；(通常也指)英国
Greece (n.)	希腊

Conversation A

(on the train)

- Liz: Good morning, Lydia. Look at the coast! Aren't the **cliffs** pretty?
- Lydia: They're nice. But the cliffs in England are higher.
- Liz: I like these cliffs. The **sea** is bright blue, too. And look at the islands.
- Lydia: I'd like to visit the islands in Greece. I hear the beaches are wonderful.



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Conversation B

- Liz: The hills aren't very pretty. They look **dry** and brown.
- Lydia: Well, the houses on the hills are pretty. Look at that white house. It has little trees around it.
- Liz: Maybe it's a **farm**. I can see people working in the fields.

Conversation C

- Liz: I don't see any **rivers** or **lakes**.
- Lydia: If you want to see rivers and lakes, go to northern Europe.
- Liz: I want to go to northern Europe. But I like the **scenery** here in **southern** Europe, too.

* LESSON 5

Key Words

ferry (n.)	['fɛrɪ]	渡船
waterfall (n.)	['wɔ:tə,fɔ:l]	瀑布

Useful Words

guidebook (n.)	旅游指南
Rome (n.)	罗马
Greek (adj.)	希腊的
Italian (adj.)	意大利的
Switzerland (n.)	瑞士

Conversation A

- Liz: My guidebook says there is a train from Athens to Rome. I want to go to Italy.
- Lydia: Look at the map. First you take a **ferry** to southern Italy. Then you take the train to Rome.
- Liz: Let's do that. The guidebook says the ferry leaves every afternoon at 4:00.
- Lydia: All right.

Conversation B

- Lydia: The ferry ride was fun, wasn't it?
- Liz: Yes, I like boat rides. From the sea, the Greek coast looked pretty.
- Lydia: It's too bad we left at 4:00. It got dark soon. I wanted to see the Italian coast.

Conversation C

- Liz: Lydia, look out the window. You can see Rome!
- Lydia: You're right! Look at all the old buildings.
- Liz: Rome is "the city on seven hills," isn't it?
- Lydia: That's right. But that was many years ago. Today the city is much bigger.

Conversation D

- Liz: Where shall we go next?
- Lydia: Liz, let's see Rome first. There are many sights here. We must visit the art museums and the famous buildings.
- Liz: There is a night train to Switzerland. My guidebook tells about Switzerland. There are mountains, lakes, forests, **waterfalls**...
- Lydia: I don't want to go to Switzerland. I want to stay in Rome.

* LESSON 6

Conversation

- Liz: The train leaves at 10:00 tonight. We can look around Rome all day.
- Lydia: We need more than one day to see Rome. I want to stay here at least four days.
- Liz: One day is enough for me. I don't have much time. I must be in Paris next week.

Lydia and Liz walked around Rome. They went to art museums. They visited famous buildings. They walked in the countryside, too.

"Look at the green fields," said Liz. "There will be many flowers soon. The trees will have flowers on them, too."

"Let's walk up that hill," said Lydia. "I want to see the view of the city."

What Do You Remember?

Did Liz like the hills in Greece? Why?

What did Lydia want to see in Rome?

What does Liz want to see in Switzerland?

How long does Lydia want to stay in Rome?

Practice

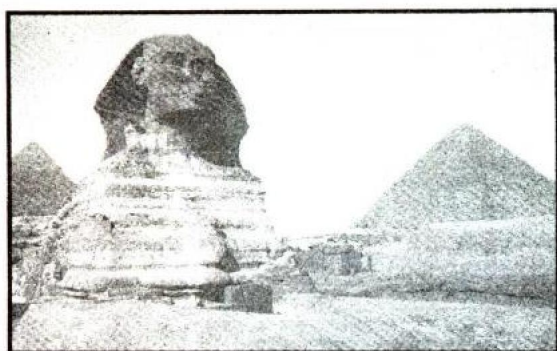
Change each sentence as in the example. Use the word or phrase at the end of each sentence.

EXAMPLE: I want to see lakes and rivers. (*northern Europe*)

If you want to see lakes and rivers, go to northern Europe.

1. I want to visit art museums. (*Rome*)
2. I want to climb mountains. (*Switzerland*)
3. I want to see many sights. (*Athens*)
4. I want to walk on beautiful beaches. (*the Greek islands*)

In Africa



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* LESSON 1

Key Word

guide (n.) [gaɪd] 向导

Useful Words & Phrases

to take pictures (v. phr.)	照相
Cairo (n.)	开罗
to be used to (v. phr.)	习惯于
pyramid (n.)	金字塔

He woke up early. He looked at his watch. It was only 6:00. He looked out the window. He saw many people in the street. He saw animals, too. "I'll go for a walk before breakfast," he thought.

Greg went outside. The people were very interesting. He started taking pictures.

Conversation A

Man: Hello, hello. Do you need a **guide**? I can show you Cairo.

Greg: No, thanks. I have a map.

Man: A map is not good. You will get lost.

Greg: No, I won't. I travel a lot. I'm used to visiting new places.

Conversation B

Man: Where are you going? Do you want to see the pyramids?

Greg: Not now. I want to walk around.

Man: Okay, I'll go with you. I like to talk to Americans. You are American, right?

Greg: Yes, I am. I will talk with you. But I do not need a guide.

* LESSON 2

Key Words

valley (n.)	['væli]	河谷
desert (n.)	['dezərt]	沙漠
eastern (adj.)	['i:stən]	东部

Useful Phrase

Nile River (n. phr.) 尼罗河

Conversation A

Man: My name is Ali. I came to Cairo three years ago. My home is in the south.

Greg: My name is Greg. Where does your family live?

Ali: They live near the Nile River. Why don't you take a boat down the Nile? The **valley** is beautiful. There are high cliffs on both sides.

Greg: I read about the river valley. There are many farms there.

Ali: Yes, there are. My father is a farmer.

Conversation B

- Ali: What do you want to see in Egypt?
Greg: I want to see everything. I want to see the **desert**. I want to see the Nile. I want to see the pyramids.
Ali: The pyramids are not far from here. You can take a taxi. You can get there in about 15 minutes.
Greg: I will do that after breakfast.

Conversation C

- Ali: Egypt has mountains, too. They are not like the mountains in Europe. If you take a bus, you can visit them.
Greg: Where are they?
Ali: They are in **eastern** Egypt. You must travel about six hours to get there.
Greg: That's a long bus ride.

* LESSON 3

along (prep.)	[ə'ləŋ]	沿著；顺著
bare (adj.)	[bɛr]	光秃秃的；荒凉的

on the way (prep. phr.)	在途中
palm tree (n. phr.)	棕榈树
Egyptian (n.)	埃及人

After breakfast, Greg took a taxi to the pyramids. On the way he saw many old buildings.

The taxi went south **along** the Nile. "This doesn't look like a desert," he thought. "The fields are green, and I see palm trees."

The land near the river was very flat. Greg saw farmers in the fields. Suddenly the scenery changed. Greg was in the desert. The land was brown. There were no trees. It was dry and **bare**.

Conversation

- Ali: Hello, Greg. Did you like the pyramids?
Greg: Yes, I did. But I didn't know they were so big. I read about them in books, but seeing them is different.
Ali: We Egyptians are proud of them.

What Do You Remember?

What did Greg see from his window?

What does Greg want to see in Egypt?

Where are the mountains?

Tell about the desert.

Change the sentence as in the example.

EXAMPLE: He took pictures.
He started taking pictures.

1. I talked to the guide.
2. They looked at the scenery.
3. We walked in the desert.
4. The taxi went south.

* LESSON 4

Key Word

western (adj.) ['westən] 西部的

Useful Words

camel (n.) 骆驼

history (n.) 历史

Conversation A

Greg: Cairo is interesting. But I want to take a trip into the desert.

Ali: Which desert? There is a **western** desert and an eastern desert.

Greg: Which one is better?

Ali: Well, the western desert is bigger. But there is not much to see there. It is very hot and dry.

Conversation B

Greg: What about the eastern desert?

Ali: It has more hills and valleys. Men used to ride camels across this desert.

Greg: I'd like to visit the eastern desert. I want to ride a camel.

More Information

We already saw the phrase:

be used to + verb + ing

Greg is used to traveling.

I am used to riding on planes.

Now we see another phrase:

used to + verb

With this phrase we can talk about the past.

Men used to ride camels on this desert.

I used to travel often. Now I stay home.

Conversation C

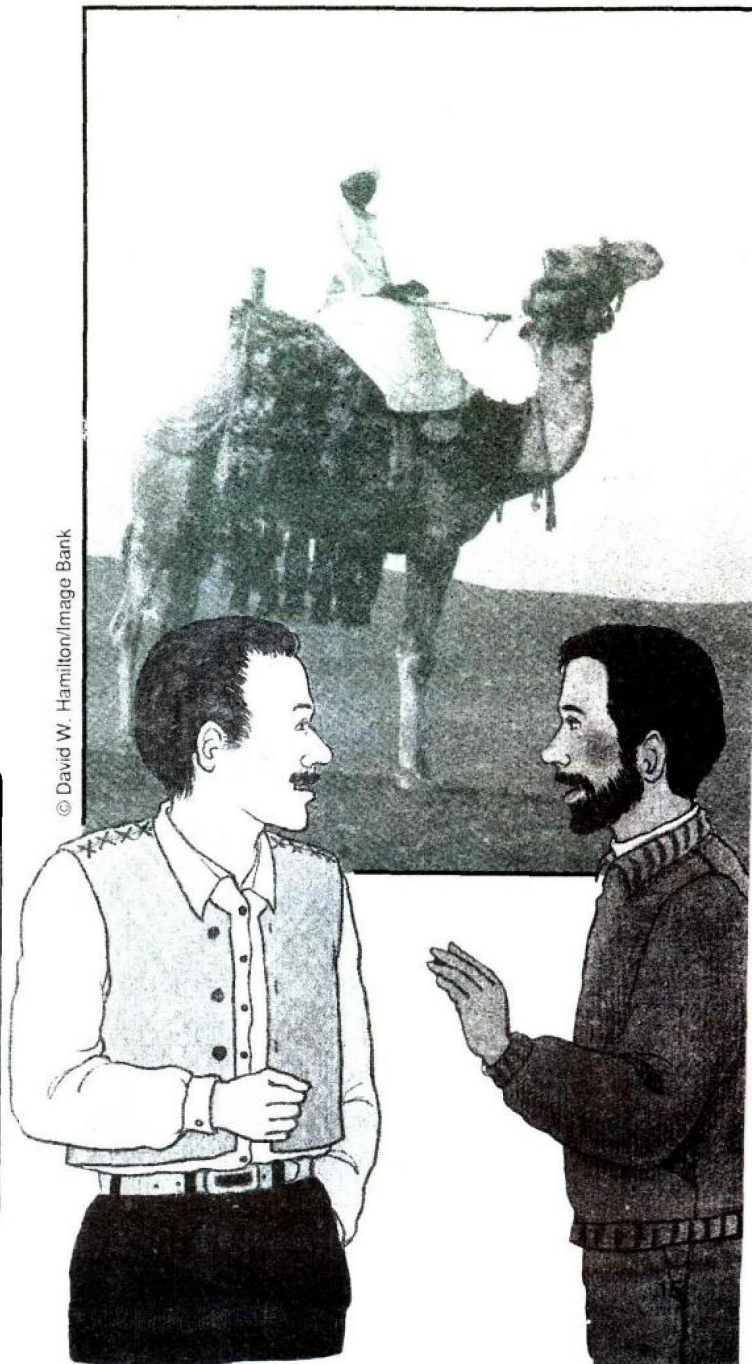
Ali: When do you want to go? I can go with you.

Greg: You don't need to go with me. I can take a bus or a taxi.

Ali: You need a guide. I can tell you about the land. I can tell you about the history, too.

Greg: Well, all right.

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* LESSON 5

Key Words

to hire (v.)	[haɪr]	雇用
to continue (v.)	[kən'tɪnju]	继续

Conversation A

- Greg: I want to look around Cairo more. I can go to the desert next week.
- Ali: All right. I will make plans. I will rent a car.
- Greg: Can you drive?
- Ali: I will **hire** a driver, too. I will talk to you again tonight.
- Greg: Well. . .
- Ali: It's 3:00 now. I will wait for you here at 7:30.

Greg walked away from Ali. "I want to see the *real* Cairo," he thought. "I will walk along these narrow streets. I want to see the people's houses."

Greg walked and walked. He stopped at a coffee shop. He drank a cup of coffee. Then he **continued** walking. "I'm tired," he thought. "I'd better go back to the hotel."

Greg began to walk back to his hotel.

Conversation B

- Greg: Excuse me, which street is this?
- Man: Sorry, no English.
- Greg: Look at my map. Show me.
- Man: Sorry, no English.
- Greg: Oh, no. I'm lost.



* LESSON 6

Useful Word

doorway (n.) 门口

Greg walked along the streets. He tried to talk to many people. No one spoke English. The land was very flat. Greg saw only buildings and people. People were everywhere.

"What can I do?" thought Greg. "It's almost dark."

Conversation

- Ali: Greg! Where were you? I was worried about you.
- Greg: You were right, Ali. I need a guide in this city. I got lost yesterday.
- Ali: What did you do?
- Greg: I walked for hours and hours. Last night I slept in a doorway. This morning I met a man who spoke English. He brought me back here.
- Ali: You were lucky. Not many people in Cairo speak English.
- Greg: I know.