



导航清华北大，启东名师助你全面提速！

启东

大提速

全面涵盖新高考主要考点和重点题型的完全解题手册

启东重点中学一线教师 编写

总主编 盛焕华

一套以“金题”来诠释

以“银题”来感知

以“训练”来全面提高解题能力的新教辅！

高中英语

黑龙江朝鲜民族出版社

启东大提速

高中英语

gao zhong ying yu

本册主编 袁金波



黑龙江
朝鲜民族出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

启东大提速. 高中英语/盛焕华主编;袁金波等编. 牡丹江:黑龙江朝鲜民族出版社,
2003.7

ISBN 7-5389-1126-X

I. 启... II. ①盛...②袁... III. 英语课-高中-教学参考资料 IV. G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2003)第 028936 号

书 名/ 启东大提速 高中英语

编 者/ 袁金波 等

责任编辑/ 洪成杓

责任校对/ 王 霞

出版发行/ 黑龙江朝鲜民族出版社

印 刷/ 牡丹江书刊印刷厂

开 本/ 787×1092 1/16

印 张/ 14.5

字 数/ 408 千字

版 次/ 2003 年 7 月第 1 版

印 次/ 2003 年 7 月第 1 次印刷

印 数/ 1-8 000 册

书 号/ ISBN 7-5389-1126-X/G·301

定 价/ 16.00 元

(如印装质量有问题,请与本社发行部联系调换)

清华北大不是梦,名师助你跃龙门!

——《启东大提速》丛书序

应试就是解题。学生的学习能力说到底就是解题能力。学生的解题能力不是靠教师“讲”出来的,而是靠学生“练”出来的。

常常听学生说,上课听得懂,作业也会做,可是一考试就砸锅。分析其原因,在于学生缺乏一定量的由例题、普通作业到考试题之间的举一反三式的强化训练。

在新教材、新大纲、新课标、新《考试说明》接连出台,林林总总的辅导材料让人眼花缭乱之时,能不能有一套去掉“花拳绣腿”,强调“少说多做”,以“金题”来诠释,以“银题”来感知,以“训练”来提高应试解题能力的新教辅呢?经过较长时间的研究与精心策划,我们的这套《启东大提速》丛书终于和广大学子见面了。这套丛书集中了江苏省启东市重点中学一线教师的集体智慧和多年的教学经验,在编写上体现了以下几种鲜明的特点:

1. **恰当的试题定位:**注重对试题所关联的考点、题型的再巩固与逐步提高,是运用性练习,是不断向考试要求全真模拟、靠近的反复训练。

2. **明确的使用功能:**每个考点均配有极其典型的“金题”,而每道“金题”都对应三道“银题”。这种“举一反三”式的训练目的就是要解决“为什么听懂了例题却不会解题,不会考试”的普遍问题,故每组练习不是停留在同一层次上的机械重复,而是由双基题——能力题——应用型、开放型、创新型、综合型试题的由低到高的不断递进的训练。

3. **翔实的解题提示:**出示各道试题的详细的“解”、“析”和答案,在解析过程中重思路的点拨,做到对试题进行“精到分析”,让学生了解试题的命题意图,分析最佳切入点、解题关键和技巧,通过提醒审题注意点,点拨解题方法,揭示解题思路,指出“错解”的原因。

《启东大提速》丛书为广大面临中考、高考的学生构建了一个科学、严密而完整的解题训练体系。这套涵盖新中考、高考主要考点和重点题型的解题手册将使你心明眼亮,轻松闯关。

冲刺清华北大,我们助你全面提速!

目

录

第一部分 听力	(1)
教纲要求	(1)
举一反三	(1)
第二部分 语言知识	(17)
第一节 名词与冠词	(17)
教纲要求	(17)
举一反三	(17)
第二节 代词、it 用法及一致关系	(30)
教纲要求	(30)
举一反三	(31)
第三节 数词与系动词	(41)
教纲要求	(41)
举一反三	(41)
第四节 形容词与副词	(48)
教纲要求	(48)
举一反三	(48)
第五节 介词与连词	(59)
教纲要求	(59)
举一反三	(59)
第六节 动词时态与语态	(70)
教纲要求	(70)
举一反三	(70)
第七节 非谓语动词	(82)
教纲要求	(82)
举一反三	(82)
第八节 情态动词与虚拟语气	(91)
教纲要求	(91)
举一反三	(91)
第九节 复合句	(102)
教纲要求	(102)
举一反三	(102)
第十节 省略与倒装	(115)
教纲要求	(115)
举一反三	(115)

第十一节 词义辨析	(121)
教纲要求	(121)
举一反三	(121)
第十二节 情景对话	(128)
教纲要求	(128)
举一反三	(128)
第三部分 完型填空	(133)
教纲要求	(133)
举一反三	(133)
第四部分 阅读理解	(172)
教纲要求	(172)
举一反三	(172)
第五部分 短文改错	(195)
教纲要求	(195)
举一反三	(195)
第六部分 书面表达	(209)
教纲要求	(209)
举一反三	(209)

第一部分 听力

教 纲 要 求

高考英语听力是为了考查学生理解口头英语的能力。分两节。第一节只有 5 段简短对话,每段对话只有一个小题,每段录音材料放一遍。

第二节包括 5 段对话或独白,共 15 个小题,每段录音材料放两遍。

举 一 反 三

【金题 1】 At what time does the train to Leeds leave?

A. 3:00

B. 3:15

C. 5:00

录音稿: M: I'm afraid we'll miss the train to Leeds. What time is it now?

W: It's three five. There are ten minutes left, Let's hurry.

解析: 此题考查的是信息的迁移, 对话提到了目前的时间是 3:05, 又说明我们还剩下 10 分钟, 所以火车开车时间为 $3:05 + 0:10 = 3:15$ 故选 B。

注意: ten minutes left 意为“剩下的 10 分钟”, left 作后置定语。

→ **银题 1** What is David going to do?

A. Catch a train home.

B. Do his homework.

C. Go to a park.

录音稿: W: David, are you coming with us to the park?

M: No, I'm sorry. But I have to catch up with my homework.

… 解析: 由第二句话 but I have to catch up with my homework 可知, David 要去做作业。故答案为 B。

注意: catch up with 赶上, 追上。也可说成 catch... up

→ **银题 2** When will the man probably meet the woman?

A. At 6:00

B. At 6:15

C. At 6:30

录音稿: W: Why don't you try to leave your office at 6:15 and I'll try to pick you up at 6:30.

M: That may be a little late if we want to be sure of getting good seats. I think I'd rather leave here at 6:00.

解析: 由第一句可知 6:15 离开, 过 15 分钟即 6:30 来接。那么第二句中建议 6:00 离开, 15 分钟后即 6:15, 所以答案为 B。

注意: pick... up 意思是“去接某人”。

→ **银题 3** Where are the two speakers?

A. In a department store.

B. In a clothes factory.

C. On a playground.

录音稿: W: May I help you?

M: Yes, I'd like to try on some sports jackets, I'd prefer something like the one I'm wearing.

解析: 此题考查学生根据双方的谈话内容来判断谈话地点的能力。从对话中的 May I help you? 和 try on (试穿) 可看出答案为 A。

注意: try on 意为“试穿(衣帽等)”, on 为副词。

【金题 2】 What does the man think about the woman's hat?

- A. It is very good. B. It doesn't go well with her dress. C. It is too large.

录音稿: M: I don't think your hat matches your dress.

W: But I like its style.

解析: 此题考察学生对同义词、词组的理解。对话中的 matches 与 B 项中 go well with (匹配) 同义, 所以答案为 B。

注意: I don't think your hat matches your dress 为否定转移, 意为“我认为你的帽子不配你的裙子。”

→ **银题 1** What does the man mean?

- A. He doesn't care the hot weather.
B. The woman shouldn't open the window.
C. He would like the woman to open the window.

录音稿: W: It's so hot today. Would you mind if I open the window?

M: Of course not.

解析: 从 Would you mind if I open the window? 及回答中的 of course not 可知男士不介意女士开窗, 故选 C。

注意: doesn't care 译为“不在乎”。

→ **银题 2** Where did the woman go last Saturday?

- A. She went to Atlanta. B. She went to a conference. C. She stayed home.

录音稿: M: I thought that you were going to the conference in Atlanta last Saturday.

W: I was planning to, but I haven't been feeling well, so I stayed home.

解析: 从第一句中的 I thought 和第二句中的 I was planning to, but..., so I stayed home. 这几个关键的信息词表明那位女士没去开会而呆在了家里, 所以答案选 C。

注意: I thought; I was planning to 都译为“本以为, 本打算”。

→ **银题 3** What's the man doing?

- A. He's working in a hotel. B. He's visiting a young couple. C. He's traveling around.

录音稿: W: So how long have you been here?

M: Just a couple of days actually. I'm on a big journey. You know, I'm visiting all the places of interest here.

解析: 此题考查学生根据双方谈话内容判断两人说话目的的能力。“on a big journey”“visiting all the places of interest”都与旅游有关, 故答案为 C。

注意: places of interest: 名胜古迹。

【金题 3】 Who broke the window?

- A. The boy. B. The girl. C. Someone else.

录音稿: M: Aren't you going to apologize for breaking that window?

W: Why should I? I didn't throw the ball.

解析: 从第二个讲话者的回答看, 不是她打破窗户玻璃, 故答案为 C 项。

注意: apologize(to sb.)for sth. /doing sth. 意为“因某事/做了某事而(向某人)道歉”。

→**银题 1** What is the man going to do?

- A. Run to the airport. B. Wait for another bus. C. Hurry to get the next bus.

录音稿: M: Excuse me, can you tell me when the next bus leaves for the airport?

W: It leaves in three minutes. If you run, you might catch it.

解析: 根据第二个讲话者用 run 和 catch 可判断, 该题正确答案为 C 项。

注意: 听此题前, 可根据选项进行分析, 本段对话似乎和 bus 有关, 主要信息捕捉范围是在 hurry, run 和 wait 之间。这样, 听音时信息捕捉范围明显缩小。

→**银题 2** What are the two speakers doing?

- A. Enjoying meeting each other. B. Saying goodbye to each other.
C. Pleasing to see each other again.

录音稿: M: Well, I'd better be getting home now.

W: Oh, it was nice seeing you, too.

解析: 从“I'd better be getting home now.”看出该对话是在分手时进行的, 故答案为 B。

注意: 该题的关键词在第一个讲话者所说的话语里, 另外从 nice 前面的时态也可以判断该句子不是见面时所说的。

→**银题 3** What will Fred probably do next?

- A. Look for a pay phone nearby. B. Use the woman's phone.
C. Borrow ten cents to pay the phone.

录音稿: M: Can you tell me where the closest pay phone is?

W: You're welcome to use mine, Fred, it will save you ten cents.

解析: 从第二句中的“you're welcome to use mine”可判断那位妇女很乐意把电话借给他, 所以答案为 B。

注意: mine 相当于 my phone; save you ten cents 意思是为你节约 10 美分。

【金题 4】 Where did this conversation most probably take place?

- A. In a lift. B. At a computer room. C. At a station.

录音稿: M: Press twelve, please. Thank you.

W: You are welcome. That's where I'm going.

解析: 此对话的关键词是 press twelve (请按一下十二楼), 答案为 A 项。

注意: lift 此处为名词, 意为“电梯”, lift 还可作“搭便车”讲。如: He gave me a lift to the station in his car. 他让我搭他的汽车去火车站。

→**银题 1** Where are they talking?

- A. In a house B. In a park C. In a library

录音稿: M: The study with all those bookshelves would be very useful.

W: And here is the kitchen with a large table and a fridge as well.

解析: 此题答案为 A。从第一句中的 study, 第二句中的 kitchen, table, fridge 可知这些都是家居用品。

注意: study 这里意思是书房。

→**银题 2** Where did the conversation most probably take place?

- A. In a shoe store. B. In a doctor's office. C. In a drug store.

录音稿: W: Could I see a pair of shoes like the brown ones in the window? I need a size six-and-a-

half.

W: I'm sorry but that style doesn't come in half sizes. I can show you a seven.

解析: 从第一句中的“a pair of shoes”就可判断这是在鞋店里, 故答案为 A。

注意: drug store 可译为“药店”。

→银题 3 Where are the man and the woman?

A. In a coffee shop.

B. In a dining room.

C. On a plane.

录音稿: M: Miss, is there still time for a cup of coffee on this flight?

W: Yes, but you have to drink it fast, because we will be landing in 10 minutes.

解析: 从第一句中的“on this flight”和第二句中的“will be landing in 10 minutes”可知答案为 C。

注意: on this flight 意思是“在这趟航班上”; will be landing in 10 minutes 意思为“将于 10 分钟后降落”。

【金题 5】 What does the woman mean?

A. She is happy she can't join them.

B. She is sorry she can't join them.

C. She enjoyed the dinner very much.

录音稿: M: Would you like to join us for dinner tonight?

W: I would enjoy that very much if I didn't have an exam on Saturday.

解析: 从这位女士的回答看, 她因星期六考试而不能去, 故答案为 B。

注意: 女士的回答用了虚拟语气。如果对虚拟语气不了解, 此题很容易选错。

→银题 1 What does the man mean?

A. There are too many centers already.

B. They aren't really going to build one.

C. He hasn't been to the other centers.

录音稿: W: They are building a new shopping center near my house.

M: Not another one.

解析: 从第二个人说的 not another one 可知: 他的意思是很多很多, 所以选 A 为正确答案。

注意: not another one 解释为“不是只有一幢”。

→银题 2 What does the man mean?

A. Bob said nothing at the meeting.

B. Something is wrong with Bob's ears.

C. Bob doesn't listen to him.

录音稿: W: Didn't you tell Bob about the meeting?

M: Whatever I say to him goes in one ear and out of the other.

解析: 从第二人所说的“goes in one ear and out of the other”可知答案为 C。

注意: “goes in one ear and out of the other”译为“一只耳朵进另一只耳朵出”。

→银题 3 What's the relationship between the man and the woman?

A. They're friends.

B. They're mother and son.

C. They're husband and wife.

录音稿: W: Come in and make yourself at home. Our house is your house while you are here.

M: Thank you. You're very kind.

W: Invite your friends. Jim, if you like.

M: You really make me feel at home.

解析: 从第一句中的“make yourself at home”和最后一句中的“make me feel at home”(使我感到如在家里一样)可知他们并非是一家人, 所以答案为 A。

注意: “make yourself at home”可翻译成“自在一点”。

【金题 6】 (1) Where does this conversation take place?

- A. At a booking office. B. At a museum. C. In a record store.

(2) One which day will the Japanese Music Concert be held?

- A. The 28th. B. The 30th. C. The 15th.

(3) How does the man pay for the tickets?

- A. By credit card. B. With US dollars. C. By cheque.

录音稿: M: Good morning.

W: Good morning. Can I help you?

M: Yes. Are there any tickets left for the Chinese Music Concert on the 28th, please?

W: Just a moment please. No, I think you've made a mistake. It's on the 30th.

M: Really? I read about it in the paper today. I'm sure it's said Chinese Music on the 28th.

W: Oh, sorry. I thought you said the Japanese Music Concert. The Chinese Music Concert is on the 28th, at 7:15. But I'm afraid there are only back seats left, and they are at 30 yuan each.

M: That's OK. Can I have two, please?

W: How would you like to pay for these?

M: Check. Here you are.

W: Thank you. And here are your tickets.

M: Thank you very much.

解析: 第(1)题考查交际语言发生的地点,根据对话中购票订座的语言判断答案为 A;对话中提到了两个日期,第(2)题问的是 Japanese Music Concert 的日期而不是 Chinese Music Concert 的日期,故答案为 B 项;第(3)题问购票的付款方式,对话中已明确说明用 check 付款,故答案为 C 项。

注意: 该对话中售票员曾把中国音乐会的日期搞错,听时要注意。试题中的 by credit card 是“用信用卡”。check 或 cheque 读音相同,意为“支票”。

→ **银题 1** (1) What does the woman wish to do?

- A. To go home. B. To see her family. C. To buy a new house.

(2) What do you learn from the dialogue?

- A. The woman hasn't got a bigger house.
B. The woman has got a bigger house.
C. The woman is going to buy a bigger house.

录音稿: W: I miss my family very much. I wish I could see them.

M: Well, if they lived closer, you would see them more often.

W: If I owned a bigger house, they could live with me.

M: You know that's impossible.

W: You're right, but I wish I were with them now.

M: Maybe they will come to visit you when it gets warmer.

解析: 从对话中的 miss my family 和 I could see them 可看出第(1)题答案为 B 项。从 if I owned a bigger house 和 impossible 等关键词可判断第(2)题答案为 A 项。

注意: 这段对话有四处用了虚拟语气,表示与现在事实相反的情况。

→ **银题 2** (1) Where are the speakers?

- A. In the street. B. In a hotel. C. In a taxi.

(2) When do the man have to pay?

A. When he leaves.

B. At the very moment.

C. At the end of the conversation.

录音稿: M: I'd like to get a room, please. Just for the weekend.

W: Saturday and Sunday nights?

M: That's right. I'll be leaving early Monday morning.

W: We have some single rooms with bath. They are on the third floor, facing the sea.

M: What's the price?

W: 30 dollars a day. And every room has a telephone and TV.

M: Do I have to pay now?

W: No. Pay when you check out. Here is your key. The bellboy will take your bags and show you to your room.

M: Thank you.

W: You are welcome.

解析: 从对话中的 "I'd like to get a room" "single rooms with bath" 可判断 (1) 题答案为 B; (2) 题问付钱的时间, 从 "pay when you check out" 可知答案为 A。

注意: "check out" 意为: "付帐后离开, 办清手续后离开"; "at the very moment" 意为 "此刻, 现在"。

► 例题 3 (1) What is Mary's plan for Saturday?

A. Visit her mother.

B. Cook dinner for Tom.

C. Ask John and his wife to dinner.

(2) What does John say to Mary about the invitation?

A. He's not free.

B. He'll certainly go.

C. He's not sure.

(3) What has John promised to do?

A. Phone back with an answer.

B. Persuade Jane to join him.

C. Visit Mary's mother on Saturday.

录音稿: M: Hello?

W: Oh, hello, John. How are you?

M: Just fine, thanks, Mary.

W: Say, Tom and I were wondering. Are you and Jane free this Saturday?

M: Saturday? Errr... Mm... it seems Jane mentioned something about visiting her mother that afternoon. Why, what did you have in mind?

W: Oh, we just thought it would be nice to have you over for dinner, but if you're not free...

M: Well, let me check again with Jane. I'll call you tonight and let you know for sure, OK?

解析: 从对话的 "we just thought it would be nice to have you over for dinner" 可判断 (1) 题答案为 C; 从最后一句 "let me check with Jane, I'll call you tonight and let you know for sure" 可知 (2) 题答案为 C; (3) 题答案为 A。

注意: 男士一开始没有表明态度, 所以听下文时尤其要注意听信息词、关键词。

【金题 7】 (1) Who are the two speakers?

- A. A man and his wife. B. A man and his sister. C. A man and his girlfriend.

(2) Why is the man unhappy about their weekends?

- A. They seldom invite friends over. B. They seldom go out for a picnic.
C. They seldom spend the weekends together.

(3) On which aspect of the picnic do the man and woman differ?

- A. Who should get the car ready. B. How many friends they should invite.
C. What food and drink they should prepare.

录音稿: M: What shall we do this weekend?

W: Did you have something special in mind?

M: No, not really. I just thought it might be fun to do something new.

W: Do something for a change, you mean?

M: Yes, something different. I need a change.

W: I usually go shopping and have my hair done during the weekend. And you usually watch the football games on TV.

M: Yes. You often have tea with your friends and I sometimes play cards with my friends. We seldom do anything together. It's quite unlike when we were first married.

W: Now, I've got an idea! Autumn is the best season in Beijing. Why don't we go for a picnic this weekend? You'll invite your friends and I'll invite mine. We'll go together.

M: Good idea! I will see about the car and you will prepare the food. But are you sure you really want all our friends to come along?

解析: 从对话中的 "It's quite unlike when we were first married." 可判断他们是夫妻, 所以(1)题答案为 A; 从男士说的 "we seldom do anything together" 可知(2)题答案为 C; 从男士的最后一句 "but are you sure you really want all our friends to come along" 可知(3)题答案为 B。

注意: 第 3 题的问题可翻译成 "男士和女士在野炊方面有何不同看法?"

→ **银题 1** (1) How long did Mary have to stay in bed?

- A. One day. B. Two days. C. The whole of last week.

(2) Why does everybody seem to have a cold?

- A. Because of the changing weather.
B. Because one day is cold and the next day is colder.
C. Because everybody doesn't wear his thick coat.

录音稿: M: Hello, Mary. How are you today? I hear you weren't well last week.

W: I'm much better now. Thank you.

M: What was the matter? Nothing serious, I hope.

W: Oh, no. I had a bad cold and had to stay in bed for two days.

M: I'm glad you're better, anyway. And what about your friend Ann? I hear that she's ill, too.

W: She was ill, but she's all right now. I think she caught a cold.

M: Everybody seems to have one now. I think it's the sudden change of weather. One day hot and the next day cold.

解析: 从对话中 "had to stay in bed for two days" 可知(1)题答案为 B; 从最后一句 "I think it's the

sudden change of weather”可知(2)题答案为 A。

注意:本对话中还涉及到 Mary 的朋友 Ann 的情况,不过题目没提到,可忽略。

→**银题 2** (1)What are they probably talking about?

A. Their work. B. Their business. C. Their holiday.

(2)What does the woman's father do?

A. He works on a farm. B. He runs a store. C. He works on a beach.

(3)What is the man going to do this summer?

A. He'll stay at home reading. B. He'll go to the beach. C. He is going camping.

录音稿:M: What're you going to do after you return from Washington?

W: I'm going to stay in the city.

M: What will you do all day?

W: I'm going to work with my father at the store. In the evening, I'll read books. On the weekends, I'll go to the beach with my family.

M: Have you ever worked?

W: No. But I can learn. What are you going to do this summer?

M: I'm going to camp. I've gone to camp for four summers.

解析:从对话中多次提到的“What're you going to do?”“I'm going to work”可判断(1)题答案为 A;从女士的第二句话“I'm going to work with my father at the store.”可知(2)题答案为 B;对话的最后一句“I'm going to camp”可知(3)题的答案为 C。

注意:这段对话比较短,有用信息很多,这就要求听时更认真。

→**银题 3** (1)What was the man looking for?

A. Some records of guitar music. B. Some tapes of modern guitar.

C. Some records of country music.

(2)Why did he want to buy them?

A. He enjoyed them but lost them. B. He damaged them in his suitcase.

C. He saw them in the shop window.

(3)What happened to the records in the window?

A. They were moved to a shelf. B. They were broken.

C. They were sold out.

录音稿:W: Good afternoon.

M: Good afternoon. Have you got any records of modern guitar music?

W: We've got a lot of them. Which ones are you looking for?

M: I am looking for some records of Julian Bream. I saw them in your window last week but there are different records now.

W: Excuse me, aren't you American?

M: No, I'm Canadian. My father gave me the same records. But I broke them. They were in my suitcase. I sat on my case and broke the records. I came here last week and saw the records.

W: Let's look for the records. I put some new records in the window yesterday. I took the Bream records out and I put them on that shelf. Yes, the records are over there on the shelf.

M: How much are those three?

W: They're four pounds fifty pence.

解析:从男士的第一句话“any records of modern guitar music”可知(1)题答案为 A;(2)题较难,对话

中干扰句比较多,但可从“they were in my suitcase, ... broke the records”就可判断(2)题答案为 B;从女士说的“I took the Bream out and I put them on that shelf.”可知(3)题答案为 A。

注意:本对话比较长,有一定的干扰句,做题时一定要带着题目去听原文。

【金题 8】 (1) What happened to the man?

- A. He was out of work. B. He had hurt his leg. C. He found a new job.

(2) What do you think Puerto Rico is?

- A. The name of the man's uncle. B. The name of an island.
C. The name of a mountain.

(3) Which of the following is true?

- A. The woman didn't like chicken. B. The woman grew up in New York.
C. The man couldn't speak Spanish.

录音稿: W: Did you go out today?

M: With my bad back, what good would it have done if I'd gone out?

W: If you look for a job, you might find one.

M: But I've been looking for over a year. Today there wouldn't have been any difference.

W: I know how bad you feel. But if you don't keep on looking, you'll never get a job.

M: If I'd stayed in Puerto Rico in the first place, I wouldn't have had so much trouble.

W: What would you have done? There are more people out of work there than that here.

M: I could have had a farm of my own if I'd stayed there.

W: You, up in the mountains, with nobody to talk to but the chickens.

M: I don't like the city. There are too many people. There's too much noise, too much dust.

W: I like it here.

M: Yes, because you were brought up here. This is really your home.

W: Well, maybe we should go to Puerto Rico for a visit anyway. We could see your aunt and uncle.

M: You really mean that? I'd like to see the island again and feel the sunshine and hear everyone speaking Spanish.

解析:从男士说的“I've been looking for a year. Today there wouldn't have been any difference”可知

(1)题答案为 A; (2)题可根据常识也可根据对话中的最后一句“I'd like to see the island”判断 Puerto Rico 是一个小岛,所以答案为 B; (3)题答案根据文中“you were brought up here”可知为 B。

注意:out of work 意为“失业”; bring up 意为“抚养,长大”。

→ **银题 1** (1) Why can't the woman go on a trip?

- A. Because she hadn't any money. B. Because she wants to see a film.
C. Because she will visit a friend in town.

(2) Who will go to see the film?

- A. Mary and John. B. Mary and John's sister.
C. Mary, John and his sister.

录音稿: M: Have you planned anything for the holiday, Mary?

W: Yes and no. I'd really like to go on a trip, but I don't have any money. You can't travel for nothing, you know.

M: There's a new movie in town. It's called "Twist". Have you heard of it?

W: Yes. I have. Let's go to see it. I've been looking forward to seeing that movie. Let your sister go with us, John.

解析: (1) 题答案较为明显。从女士说的第一句话: "I don't have any money" 就可以判断为 A; 接下来的对话中女士提到 "let's go to see it, ... let your sister go with us, John." 从而看出 (2) 题答案为 C。

注意: You can't travel for nothing. 可翻译为 "你不能什么都不带而去旅行。"

→ 银题 2 (1) When does the boy return to school every week?

A. On Sunday morning. B. On Saturday afternoon. C. On Sunday evening.

(2) What do you think of the idea to get a bike?

A. It helps to have a good view of the country. B. It saves money and time.

C. It helps avoid traffic accident.

(3) If riding a bicycle, how long does it take to get to school?

A. 2 hours. B. 1 hour. C. Half an hour.

录音稿: W: Do you live far from here?

M: Yes, quite a long distance. I've got to spend about two hours coming back to school every Sunday evening. The bus is often crowded.

W: That is. I think you should try to get a bike. It saves both time and money.

M: That's a bright idea. It's just an-hour-long bicycle ride from my home.

W: It's also a good exercise.

解析: 从所听男士的第一句话 "...coming back to school every Sunday evening" 可知 (1) 题答案为 C; 紧接着你会听到以下句子: It saves both time and money; ... It's just an-hour-long bicycle ride 从而判断 (2)、(3) 题答案都是 B。

注意: an-hour-long bicycle ride 解释为 "骑车 1 小时的路程"。

→ 银题 3 14. What's Jim's phone number?

A. 88362507. B. 83365207. C. 83362507.

15. What's Jim?

A. Jack's brother. B. Jack's classmate. C. A basketball player.

16. What time is Jack expected to call Jim at?

A. 4:30. B. 4:40. C. 5:30.

录音稿: M: Hello. Is Jack in?

W: No, he's out at the moment. Who is that speaking, please?

M: Jim, his basketball teammate. May I leave a message?

W: Certainly. Just a moment, please. I need to get a pen... yes? What's the message?

M: Please ask him to call me back at five thirty this afternoon. My number is 83362507.

W: 83362507?

M: That's right. Thank you.

解析: 材料最后明确提到了电话号码, 故 (1) 题答案是 C; (3) 题答案为 C; 从男士的自我介绍可知 (2) 题答案也是 C。

注意: 本段材料三个问题原文中都有直接答案。听到时间或电话号码或其他数字时, 可作适当记录。

【金题 9】 (1) Why was the woman surprised to see Harry?

- A. Because she had expected his father instead of him.
- B. Because he had changed a lot.
- C. Because she had thought that he would still be at university.

(2) What is Harry going to do?

- A. Visit Beijing.
- B. Stay at home.
- C. Study law.

(3) What can we learn about the woman?

- A. She'll go with Harry.
- B. She has been to the east.
- C. She can't go to Beijing with Harry.

录音稿: M: Hi, Grandma.

W: Well, Harry. This is a surprise. Are you home for your summer holidays already? I didn't expect to see you, until next month. Come in and sit down.

M: Thanks, Grandma.

W: Well, tell me. How did school go?

M: Pretty well. But I haven't got my marks yet.

W: I'm sure you did fine. You always have. But aren't you out early? Your father used to get out in June.

M: The school year is shorter than before. But now there's talk of making it longer again. The professors say they don't have enough time to cover everything.

W: I'm not surprised. Well, how long will you stay at home? Are you going to travel?

M: Yes. I'm thinking of a trip to China, erm... to see the Great Wall.

W: Oh, that's a good idea. I wish I could go with you. I have always wanted to go to the east.

解析: (1) 题答案可根据材料中 "I didn't expect to see you until next month" 而确定为 C; (2) 题可根据 "I'm thinking of a trip to China" 而知为 A; 材料结尾处你会听到 "I wish I could go with you to see the Great Wall" 可知 (3) 题答案为 C。

注意: 材料中涉及到虚拟语气 I wish I could... 这表示与事实相反。

→ **银题 1** (1) What nationality is the man?

- A. Italian.
- B. Greek.
- C. English.

(2) When will the man go back home?

- A. In half a year.
- B. In about two months.
- C. In three years.

(3) What does the woman's cousin do?

- A. He is visiting all parts of Italy.
- B. He works as an engineer.
- C. He is learning English there.

录音稿: W: Lovely day, isn't it?

M: Oh yes, beautiful.

W: You're not English, are you?

M: No, I'm from Italy. But my mother was born and brought up England.

W: How long have you been learning English?

M: For three years now.

W: For three years? Goodness me! Your English is very good.