

视唱教程

亨利·雷蒙恩 编著
古斯塔夫·卡卢利

第四册 第二分册

(4^B)

人民音乐出版社

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Des Solfeges Vol. 4^B

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《视唱教程》各分册深浅程度说明

(分: 浅、较浅、中等、较深、深及极深, 六个等级)

- 1^A. Sol 谱号及第四线 Fa 谱号的练习。……………(浅、较浅)
- 1^B. Sol 谱号及第四线 Fa 谱号的练习。……………(浅、较浅)
- 1^C. 课程与 1^A 相同, 专用第四线 Fa 谱号。……………(浅)
- 1^D. 选自不同作者的作品, 使用第四线 Fa 谱号。……………(浅)
- 1^E. 课程与 1^D 相同, 使用第二线 Sol 谱号。……………(浅)
- 2^A、2^B. Sol 谱号及第四线 Fa 谱号的练习以及上述两种谱号的谱号变换的练习。(中等、较深)
- 2^C. Sol 谱号及第四线 Fa 谱号的练习, 5^B 的预备练习。……………(中等)
- 3^A、3^B. 第一、三、四线 Do 谱号的练习及五种谱号的谱号变换的练习。……………(较深)
- 3^C. 第一线 Do 谱号的练习。……………(较浅—中等)
- 3^D. 第三线 Do 谱号的练习。……………(较浅—中等)
- 3^E. 第四线 Do 谱号的练习。……………(浅—中等)
- 3^F. 使用五种谱号进行谱号变换的练习。……………(较深—深)
- 3^G. 课程与 3^F 相同, 使用 Sol 谱号、第四线 Fa 谱号及第四线 Do 谱号, 专为男声用。(较深—深)
- 3^H. 课程与 3^F 相同, 使用 Sol 谱号、第四线 Fa 谱号及第一、三线 Do 谱号、专为女声用。(较深—深)
- 4^A、4^B. 第二线 Do 谱号、第三线 Fa 谱号及各种谱号的谱号变换练习。……………(深)
- 4^C. 第二线 Do 谱号的练习。……………(较浅—中等)
- 4^D. 第三线 Fa 谱号的练习。……………(较浅—中等)
- 4^E. 各种谱号的谱号变换的练习, 5^A 及 5^C 的预备练习。……………(深)
- 4^F. 选自古典及近代作家的作品, 各种谱号的谱号变换的练习。……………(深)
- 5^A、5^C. 选自近代作家作品, 各种谱号的谱号变换的练习。……………(极深)
- 5^B. 课程与 5^A 相同, 但只用 Sol 谱号及第四线 Fa 谱号。……………(深)

二声部、三声部、四声部及带歌词的视唱教程

- 6^A、6^B. 同一种声部的二声部练习, 使用 Sol 谱号。……………(浅、较浅)
- 7^A、6^A 及 6^B. 的续编, 同一种声部的二声部练习, 使用 Sol 谱号。……………(较浅—深)
- 7^B. 混声二部练习 (女高音、男低音或男中音), 使用 Sol 谱号及 Fa 谱号。…(中等)
- 8^A、8^B. 三声部练习 (女高音、男高音、男低音)。……………(中等—深)
- 9^A、9^B. 四声部练习 (女高音、女中音、男高音、男低音)……………(较深—深)
10. 带歌词的视唱, 由浅入深循序渐进。

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1

第二线Do谱号的练习

克雷芒·布鲁丹 (Clément Broutin) 先生的练习

(鲁贝音乐专科学校校长)

Allegretto 80 = ♩ .

1

2

p

mf

mf

p

p

p

p

f

p

piu f

rall.

a Tempo

p

Poco riten.

p

pp

Allegro 92 =

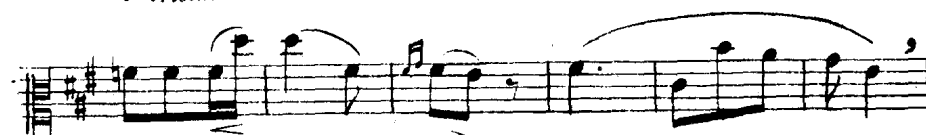
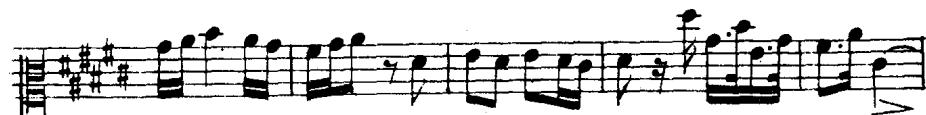
2
OTTANI

mf

p

f

mf



Adagio con moto 60 =

5

BACHMANN



p

mf

f

p

p

p

p

p

p

Cre - scen - do

Tempo

Rallent. e dimin.

1

1

Cre - scen - do

1

p

p

Poco animato

Cresc.

f

Tempo

Cresc. e poco riten. p

mf

Cre

scen do

f

a Tempo

Ballent.

e dimin.

p

pp

1

爱弥尔·杜兰 (Emile Durand) 先生的练习

All^o moderato ma risoluto 104 = 

f

mf

Dolce

f

mf

p

f

p

p

f *p*

f *p*

Dolce

f *p* *f* *p*

f *sf* *f*

p

sf *p* *sf*

mf *p* *p*

f *p* *f*

sf *p* *sf* *p* *sf* *sf*

sf *Dolce*



M.J. 杜普拉多 (M.J. Duprato) 先生的练习

(巴黎音乐学院和声学教授)

Ben moderato 100 =



This page of musical notation consists of nine staves of music, likely for a piano. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The music is characterized by frequent triplets and slurs, suggesting a flowing, melodic style. The dynamics range from *pp* (pianissimo) to *p* (piano). The piece concludes with a double bar line.

6

3 3 3 3

p

3

a Tempo

p

Cresc.

pp

Riten.

Allegretto 69 =

6

SCHNEITZHOEFFER



The musical score is written on 11 staves. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 2/4. The music is written for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute. The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings such as 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The piece is characterized by its fast tempo and intricate melodic patterns.

The image displays a musical score for 'The Song of the Lark' by Franz Schubert. The score is written on five staves, each containing a single melodic line. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The second staff features a piano (p) dynamic marking. The third staff continues the melodic development. The fourth staff shows a change in key signature to two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The fifth staff concludes with a forte (f) dynamic marking. The overall style is characteristic of 19th-century Romantic music, with a focus on melodic beauty and dynamic contrast.

All^{to} tranquillo 60=.

7
LACK

p

Cresc. *f* *p*

Espresso

*** 在本练习的节拍变化中,所有的节拍应严格地具有相同的时值。**

Tempo

f

Riten.

p

Dolce

Cresc.

f

p

f

This system contains the first five staves of the piece. It begins with a piano in C major and 6/8 time. The first staff has a forte (f) dynamic and a 'Riten.' (ritardando) marking. The second staff starts with a piano (p) dynamic. The third staff is marked 'Dolce' (softly) and 'Cresc.' (crescendo). The fourth staff has a forte (f) dynamic and a piano (p) dynamic. The fifth staff has a forte (f) dynamic.

Adagio 80 =

8

SCHNEITZHOEFFER

p

p

This system contains the next four staves. The sixth staff is marked 'Adagio' with a tempo of 80 beats per minute, indicated by a quarter note symbol. The seventh staff is marked 'SCHNEITZHOEFFER' and 'p' (piano). The eighth staff has a piano (p) dynamic. The ninth staff has a piano (p) dynamic. The tenth staff has a piano (p) dynamic and a forte (f) dynamic.

[illegible]