



研究生英语系列

A NEW
ENGLISH DICTIONARY
FOR
GRADUATE STUDENTS

新编 研究生英语 词典



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序 言

最近，广州一些高校的英语教师联合起来编了一本书，名为《新编研究生英语词典》。他们共有 22 人，分别来自中山大学、华南理工大学、中山医科大学和广东外语外贸大学。璧合珠联，同心协力，这种精神是可贵的。

这样的词典应该有什么特色呢？

编者们的说，既然是给研究生用的英语词典，当然首先要收进各种研究生英语课本中的那些关键性词语。

但是，编者们的认识到，研究生不同于一般学生，英语基础知识他们是早已具备的。为了满足研究生的需要，编者要从广泛的材料中挑选有用词语收进书中，这些材料有书面的也有口头的，有专门著作及一般报刊的，也有电视、广播的，等等。

编者们的还认识到，研究生的要求是高的。为他们编词典，必须释义准确，举例恰当。

我同意编者们的努力方向。我为他们编成词典而高兴，并且相信他们将来还会取得更大的成功。

王宗炎

1999 年 10 月 26 日

前 言

《新编研究生英语词典》是按照原国家教委制定的《非英语专业研究生英语教学大纲》(1993年)和国务院学位委员会办公室编写的《同等学力申请硕士学位英语水平全国统一考试大纲》(1998年),专为硕士研究生、博士研究生和以同等学力申请学位者编写的;它同时也适用于同等文化程度的英语学习者。本词典旨在帮助读者学习和掌握英语词汇,提高他们用英语进行学习、科研和学术交流的能力,是他们学习英语、参加考试或出国深造的必备工具书。

本词典具有以下四大特色:

针对性强 本词典删除了教学大纲、考试大纲词汇表中的大部分硕士研究生入学前已经掌握的基础词汇,同时增添了不少现行研究生英语教科书中出现的重点词汇,以便读者在学习词汇时抓住重点,提高效率。

收词量大 本词典除收录教学大纲和考试大纲所规定的研究生阶段应该掌握的词汇以及现行研究生英语教科书中出现的重要词汇外,还精选了不少研究生在平常的学习、科研以及国内外英语考试(如EPT、GMAT、GRE、IELTS、TEEP、TOEFL等)所遇到的关键词,以便读者扩大必需的词汇量。

时代性强 本词典酌收了一些当今流行的英语词汇,如“affluentia”、“cyberdepot”、“ecommerce”、“megastar”、“web-zine”等,以便读者了解新词、新义和新用法。

便于学习 本词典除对每个词条给出汉语释义外,一般都配有简明实用的典型例证,以便读者学习、揣摩和品味。

本词典在篇末附有经过精选的词组、词根、词缀和不规则动词,以满足读者的实际需要。

本词典是由中山大学、华南理工大学、中山医科大学和广东外

语外贸大学的 22 位英语教师利用业余时间合力编写的。为了让它早日与读者见面，我们以最快的速度完成了编纂和审校工作。

在编写过程中，我们有幸得到了著名学者周海中教授的关怀和指导，在此谨向他表示由衷的感谢和敬意。

为增强本词典的科学性、实用性和稳定性，我们曾参阅国内外出版的有关辞书多种，并从中吸取了一些有用的材料，在此谨向其编者致谢。同时，我们还要感谢中山大学出版社为本词典出版付出的辛勤劳动。

我们尤其要感谢著名语言学家、英语教育界老前辈王宗炎教授。他不仅对本词典部分初稿提出了宝贵意见，而且欣然为词典写了序言。这是我们的莫大荣幸，无疑也将使本词典增色。

由于我们水平有限、经验不足和时间仓促，本词典难免有疏漏或失误之处，希望读者和同行多提宝贵意见，以便再版时加以补正。

《新编研究生英语词典》编写组

1999 年 12 月于广州

凡 例

一、收词范围

本词典共收词条近 9,000 条。除精选出现行研究生英语教学大纲、考试大纲词汇表和研究生英语教科书中的重要词汇外,也酌收了一些国内外英语考试中出现的关键词和近年来出现的常用词。

二、词条

词条内一般顺次有词目、注音、词性、释义与例证。

三、词目

1. 词目按字母顺序排列,用黑正体印刷。
2. 词目如遇英、美拼写不同,则采用英国拼写,美国拼写放在圆括号内并置于其后。如: paralyse (*Am.* paralyze), parlour (*Am.* parlor)。
3. 同形异义词的处理,一般与教学大纲词汇表保持一致。需要分立词条时,在其右上角标以数码。如: buffet¹, buffet²。
4. 词目如有首字母大小写差异时,不另立词条,只把首字母放在圆括号内并加上连字号。如: democracy (D-), Roman (r-)。

四、注音

1. 本词典采用国际音标注音,采取宽式注音法;标注英国发音,一般与风行世界的 *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English* (4th edition, 1989) 相一致。
2. 重音符号用 “ˈ”, 次重音符号用 “ˌ”, 均分别标注在相应音标前。如: acquisition* /ˈækwiːzɪʃn/。
3. 同形异性词的不同读音,分别注明。如: advocate /ˈædvəkeɪt/ *v.*, /ˈædvəkət/ *n.*。
4. 缩略词一般不注发音;但可按字母拼读者注出发音。如:
asap* *abbr.*....
IT* *abbr.*....
UNESCO* /juːˈneskəʊ/ *abbr.*....
5. (r) 表示在美国英语中通常发音,在英国英语中如果后接的词以元音开始也要发音。

五、词性

1. 词性用白斜体的英语略语在音标后注明；缩略词一般不注词性。
2. 词性不止一个的，分别用①、②、③等数码标出。
3. 名词不注可数或不可数，动词不注及物或不及物；但力图以例证表明其用法。

六、释义

1. 释义注重单词的实用意义；以提供汉语对应词为基本方针，必要时用括注附以说明性文字。
2. 不同义项前用黑正体 1、2、3 等数码标出。
3. 同一义项下的几个词义，语义较近的用逗号分隔，较远的用分号分隔。
4. 一个词有不同的词性功能，但解释、用语大致相同时，则合并一起释义。
5. 名词词义前的说明：
 - (1) (*pl.*), (*usu. pl.*): 指该词仅用复数或常用复数。
 - (2) (*sa.*): 指该词的单、复数词形相同。

七、例证

1. 释义与例证之间用冒号分隔；所举例证尽量体现出单词的一般用法；作为例证的英语句子或词组，用白正体印刷；考虑到例证浅明易晓和词典篇幅所限，所有例证都不附汉语译文。
2. 例证中用 *one*, *one's* 分别指代“本人”，“本人的”；*sb.*, *sb.'s* 分别指代“某人”，“某人的”；*sth.* 指代“某物”；*oneself* 指代“自己、亲自”。

八、派生词和复合词

派生词和复合词一般不作为词条，但少数由于较常用或释义用法较复杂等原因，单独列为词条。

九、符号

1. * 用于表示博士生阶段应掌握的词汇和新增添的词汇（如 *asap*^{*}, *meander*^{*} 等），未带星号的为硕士生阶段应掌握的词汇。
2. // 用于注音标。
3. () 用于表示搭配、省略、用法说明等。
4. = 用于标出变体形式、同义词组或缩略词全称。
5. / 用于分隔同一读音下的不同词性或同一义项下的不同例证。
6. [] 用于表示可用该部分替换，如：abound in [with]。

十、略语表

<i>a.</i>	adjective 形容词	<i>abbr.</i>	abbreviation 略语
<i>ad.</i>	adverb 副词	<i>Am.</i>	American English 美国英语
<i>Br.</i>	British English 英国英语	<i>conj.</i>	conjunction 连词
<i>esp.</i>	especially 尤其	<i>etc.</i>	et cetera 等等
<i>fig.</i>	figurative 比喻	<i>fm.</i>	formal 正式
<i>hum.</i>	humorous 诙谐语	<i>inf.</i>	informal 非正式
<i>int.</i>	interjection 感叹词	<i>n.</i>	noun 名词
<i>pass.</i>	passive 被动语态	<i>pl.</i>	plural 复数
<i>prep.</i>	preposition 介词	<i>pron.</i>	pronoun 代词
<i>sa.</i>	same 相同	<i>sb.</i>	somebody 某人
<i>sl.</i>	slang 俚语	<i>sth.</i>	something 某事, 某物
<i>usu.</i>	usually 通常	<i>v.</i>	verb 动词

十一、音标表

元音

音标	例词和读音	音标	例词和读音	音标	例词和读音
/i:/	ease /i:z/	/u/	wool /wul/	/ai/	cite /sait/
/i/	fish /fiʃ/	/u:/	zoom /zu:m/	/au/	vow /vau/
/e/	bet /bet/	/ʌ/	bud /bʌd/	/ɔi/	foil /foil/
/æ/	ass /æs/	/ə:/	burn /bɜ:n/	/iə/	beard /biəd/
/ɑ:/	bath /bɑ:θ/	/ə/	abet /əbet/	/eə/	air /eə(r)/
/ɔ/	yacht /jɔ:t/	/ei/	ache /eik/	/uə/	lure /luə(r)/
/ɔ:/	awe /ɔ:/	/əu/	zone /zəun/	/ju:/	youth /ju:θ/

辅音

音标	例词和读音	音标	例词和读音	音标	例词和读音
/p/	peg /peg/	/f/	fame /feim/	/h/	heel /hi:l/
/b/	bat /bæt/	/v/	vote /vəut/	/m/	mock /mɒk/
/t/	toss /tɒs/	/θ/	thorn /θɔ:n/	/n/	norm /nɔ:m/
/d/	dine /dain/	/ð/	bathe /beið/	/ŋ/	cling /kliŋ/
/k/	ken /ken/	/s/	sock /sɒk/	/l/	lime /laim/
/g/	gut /gʌt/	/z/	zeal /zi:l/	/r/	reck /rek/
/tʃ/	arch /ɑ:tʃ/	/ʃ/	ash /æʃ/	/j/	yard /jɑ:d/
/dʒ/	age /eidʒ/	/ʒ/	azure /æʒ(r)/	/w/	web /web/

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A a

abandon / ə'bændən /

① *v.* 1. 放弃: They abandoned the attempt. 2. 离弃, 丢弃: an abandoned car 3. 遗弃, 抛弃: abandon one's obligations ② *n.* 放任; 放纵: dance with wild abandon

abashed * / ə'bæʃt /

a. 窘迫的, 尴尬的, 羞愧的: His boss's criticism left him feeling rather abashed.

abbreviate * / ə'bri:vieit /

v. 1. 缩写; 简略: In writing, the title "Doctor" is abbreviated to "Dr." 2. 缩减; 缩短; 节略: The ceremony was abbreviated by rain. 3. 使用缩写词

abbreviation * / ə'bri:vi'eɪʃn /

n. 1. 缩写; 简略; 节略 2. 略语, 缩写词: UN is the usual abbreviation for the United Nations.

abdicate * / 'æbdikeit /

v. 1. (国王)退位, 退出; 辞职: The king has abdicated from the throne. 2. 正式放弃: He abdicated his right to a share in the profits.

abdomen * / 'æbdəmən /

n. 腹部: She was admitted to hospital with a pain in her abdomen.

abduct * / əb'dʌkt /

v. 诱拐; 劫持; 绑架: The company director was abducted from his car by terrorists.

aberration * / ,æbə'reiʃn /

n. 1. 偏差; 越轨: steal sth. in a moment of aberration 2. 心理失常; 精神迷乱: Owing to a strange mental aberration he forgot his own name. 3. 毛病; 差错: an aberration

in the computer

abet * / ə'bet /

v. 1. 唆使, 怂恿; 教唆: He was abetted in these illegal activities by his wife. 2. 支持; 帮助: abet the cause of justice

abeyance * / ə'beɪəns /

n. (暂时)中止; 暂时搁置; 暂缓: The project is being held in abeyance until the agreement is reached on funding it.

abhor * / əb'hɔ:(r) /

v. 1. 厌恶; 憎恶, 憎恨: They abhor all forms of racism. 2. 回避; 拒绝

abide * / ə'baɪd /

v. 1. 遵守; 坚持; 信守: Both parties must agree to abide by the court's decision. 2. 容忍; 忍受; 忍耐: How could you abide such conditions? 3. 逗留, 居留, 停留: abide in a remote village

abiding * / ə'baɪdɪŋ /

a. 持久的; 永久的: an abiding friendship / She has an abiding passion for ice skating.

abject * / 'æbdʒekt /

a. 1. (指境况)凄惨的, 绝望的: The conditions that these people live in are abject and shocking. 2. 无耻的, 下贱的, 卑鄙的: an abject coward

abjure * / əb'dʒʊə(r) /

v. 1. 承诺或发誓放弃; 正式放弃: He abjured his religion. 2. 避免; 节制; 戒除: abjure extravagance

abnegate * / 'æbnigeɪt /

v. 1. 否认; 放弃(权利, 信仰等): They are abnegating responsibility for everything. 2. 克制, 自制: a self-abnegating life

abnormal / æb'nɔ:ml /

① *a.* 1. 反常的; 不正常的: abnormal

behaviour 2. 变态的; 畸形的: Like many pregnant women, she's worried that her baby might be born abnormal.

② *n.* 1. 反常; 变态 2. 畸形的人
abnormality / ˌæbnɔː'mæləti /

n. 1. 反常; 变态; 不规则 2. 反常的情况或事物; 变态特征: It is caused by an abnormality in the blood.

aboard / ə'bo:d /

ad. / prep. 在船(飞机、车)上; 上车(船、飞机等): The plane crashed, killing all 271 aboard. / He was already aboard the ship.

abolish / ə'bɒlɪʃ /

v. 1. 废除, 废止; 取消: Slavery was abolished in the United States in 1865. 2. 完全破坏, 全部毁坏: The earthquake abolished the city.

abolition / ˌæbəlɪ'ʃn /

n. 废除, 废止; 取消: the abolition of slavery

abominable / ə'bɒmɪnəbl /

a. 1. 可恶的, 讨厌的: Your behaviour is abominable to me. 2. (*inf.*) 极坏的, 糟透的; 低劣的: abominable taste in clothes

abominate / ə'bɒmɪneɪt /

v. 1. 厌恶, 憎恶, 憎恨: He abominates cruelty of all kinds. 2. (*inf.*) 不喜欢: She abominates cold weather.

aboriginal / ˌæbə'rɪdʒənəl /

① *a.* 土著(居民)的; 土生的: aboriginal inhabitants / an aboriginal language ② *n.* 土著居民; 土生动物或植物

abortion / ə'boːʃn /

n. 1. (人工)流产, 早产; 堕胎: As a Catholic he is opposed to abortion. 2. (计划等的)失败, 夭折: That plan has

proved to be a complete abortion.

abortive / ə'boːtɪv /

a. 流产的; 失败的, 夭折的, 无结果的: His efforts proved abortive.

abound / ə'baʊnd /

v. 1. 大量存在; 非常多: Oranges abound here all the year round. 2. 丰富; 盛产: The river abounds in [with] fish.

abridge / ə'brɪdʒ /

v. 1. 缩短: I have to abridge my stay here. 2. 节略: an abridged version 3. 剥夺: abridge citizens of their rights

abroad / ə'brɔːd /

ad. 1. 在(到)国外或海外: The scientist is famous at home and abroad. 2. 到处, 广泛流传: There is plenty of enthusiasm abroad.

abrupt / ə'brʌpt /

a. 1. 突然的, 出其不意的: an abrupt departure 2. 陡峭的: an abrupt peak 3. 粗鲁无理的: an abrupt reply

abscond / əb'skɒnd /

v. 潜逃; 逃亡: Two prisoners absconded last night. / The cashier absconded with the money.

absence / ˈæbsəns /

n. 1. 缺席, 不在场: It happened during your absence. 2. 缺乏, 不存在: Rumours and speculations have been widespread in the absence of concrete information.

absent / ˈæbsənt /

a. 1. 不在场的, 缺席的: We drank a toast to absent friends. 2. 漫不经心的, 心不在焉的: an absent expression

absolute / ˈæbsəluːt /

① *a.* 1. 绝对的, 完全的: Do you think there's such a thing as absolute truth? 2. 无限制的; 无条件的: enjoy

absolute power ② *n.* 绝对(事物):
the collapse of moral absolutes

absolve* / əb'zɒlv /

v. 1. 赦免; 宣告…无罪: The officers would be given a certificate absolving them of any blame. 2. 解除…的责任或义务等: He said he would absolve them of any responsibility.

absorb / əb'sɔ:b /

v. 1. 吸收: The dry earth quickly absorbed the rain water. 2. 吸引, 使专心: His business absorbs him.

absorption / əb'sɔ:pʃn /

n. 1. 吸收: dry up spilled milk by absorption 2. 专注; 全神贯注: His work suffered because of his total absorption in sport.

abstain* / əb'steɪn /

v. 1. 戒绝, 戒除: He took a vow to abstain from alcohol. 2. 弃权: She abstained from voting in the election for chairperson.

abstention* / əb'stenʃn /

n. 1. 弃权(票): Six votes for, three against and two abstentions. 2. 戒绝, 回避: The agreement calls for abstention by both sides from provocative activities. 3. 戒绝者; 弃权者

abstinence* / 'æbstɪnəns /

n. 节制; 禁欲; 戒酒: abstinence from meat / total abstinence

abstract / 'æbstrækt / *n. & a.,*
/ əb'strækt / *v.*

① *a.* 1. 抽象的: Truth and beauty are abstract concepts. 2. 抽象派的: an abstract painting ② *n.* 1. 抽象(性) 2. 摘要; 概括: an abstract of a lecture ③ *v.* 1. 提取, 抽取: abstract iron from ore 2. 写出…的要点

abstraction* / əb'strækʃn /

n. 1. 抽象(概念); 抽象艺术品: She's always talking in empty abstractions. 2. 提取, 分离: the abstraction of juice from oranges

abstruse* / əb'stru:s /

a. 深奥的; 难解的: He read abstruse works in philosophy. / I found her argument very abstruse.

absurd* / əb'sə:d /

a. 荒唐的; 滑稽可笑的: The idea that the number 13 brings bad luck is absurd.

abundance* / ə'bʌndəns /

n. 丰富, 充裕: Oil continues to flow in abundance. / There was an abundance of good food at the party.

abundant / ə'bʌdənt /

a. 丰富的, 充裕的: We have abundant proof of his guilt. / The coastline is abundant in rare species of plants.

abuse / ə'bju:s / *n.,* / ə'bju:z / *v.*

① *n.* 1. 滥用: drug abuse 2. 虐待: She claimed to have been a victim of child abuse. 3. 谩骂: greet sb. with a stream of abuse ② *v.* 1. 滥用: abuse one's power 2. 虐待: provide protection for the abused children 3. 谩骂: They abused each other.

abut* / ə'bʌt /

v. 邻接; 毗连; 紧靠: Mexico abuts on some of the richest parts of the United States. / Their house abuts against ours.

academic / ,æka'demɪk /

① *a.* 1. 学院的, 大学的 2. 学术的: an academic degree / academic exchanges between China and Canada 3. 纯理论的; 不切实际的: The question is purely academic. ② *n.* 大

学教师；学者；学会会员：The government has set up a committee of industrialists and academics to advise it.

academy / ə'kædəmi /

n. 1. 学院，大学；研究院：a naval academy 2. 研究会

accede* / ək'si:d /

v. 1. 答应，同意：He graciously acceded to our request. 2. 就职；即位：accede to the presidency

accelerate / ək'seləreit /

v. 加速，加快；促进：Inflation rates began to accelerate. / The director's mismanagement has accelerated the company's failure.

acceleration* / ək'selə'reiʃn /

n. 1. 加速；促进：My car has very poor acceleration. 2. 加速度

accelerator* / ək'selə'reitə(r) /

n. 加速者；加速器；加速剂：The bus driver put his foot down on the accelerator and zoomed past.

accent / 'æksent / *n.*, / æk'sent / *v.*

① *n.* 1. 腔调，口音：She has a strong French accent. 2. 重音，重音符号 3. 强调；重点：In our products the accent is on quality. ② *v.* 加重读；强调；显出：Their show of force accents their role in that region.

acceptable / ək'septəbl /

a. 1. 可接受的：Clearly we need to come to an arrangement that is acceptable to both parties. 2. 受到欢迎的：Compliments are always acceptable.

acceptance / ək'septəns /

n. 1. 接受；答应：I've had acceptances from three universities. 2. 赞同；认可：The new laws gained widespread

acceptance.

access / 'ækses /

① *n.* 1. 接近，进入：They attempted to gain access through a side entrance. 2. 入口，通路：The only access to the farmhouse is across the fields. 3. 接近(使用)的机会或权利：Students must have access to a good library. ② *v.* 访问；存取(计算机文件)：The files were accessed every day to keep them up to date.

accessible / ək'sesəbl /

a. 1. 易接近的，可进去的：The resort is easily accessible by road, rail, and air. 2. 可使用的，可得到的：a collection of books recently made accessible to the public 3. 易受影响的：be accessible to flattery 4. 可以理解的

accessory / ək'sesəri /

① *n.* 1. 附件，附属品：bicycle accessories 2. 同谋，帮凶：They are all accessories to the murder. ② *a.* 1. 附属的，附加的 2. 同谋的，帮凶的

accidental / ,æksi'dentl /

① *a.* 1. 偶然的，意外的：an accidental meeting with a friend 2. 附属的；附带的：accidental benefits ② *n.* 非本质的属性；次要方面

acclaim* / ə'kleim /

① *v.* 1. (向…)欢呼；(为…)喝彩；称赞：He has been widely acclaimed for his paintings. 2. 拥立；推选：They acclaimed him as president. ② *n.* 欢呼；喝彩；称赞：Despite the critical acclaim, the novel did not sell well.

acclimatize* / ə'klaɪmətaɪz /

v. (使)服水土；(使)适应：We found it impossible to acclimatize ourselves to

the new working conditions.

accolade* / 'ækələid /

n. 荣誉; 奖励; 赞美: Her approval was the highest accolade he could have received.

accommodate / ə'kɒmədeɪt /

v. 1. 容纳, 接纳: This hotel can accommodate up to 500 guests. 2. 提供住处或膳宿: She can't accommodate guests at the moment. 3. 使适应: I will accommodate my plans to yours. 4. 调停(争端等)

accommodation / ə'kɒmə'deɪʃn /

n. 1. 住宿, 膳宿: There is a shortage of cheap accommodation. 2. 适应; 调节: the accommodation of one's desires to one's income

accompany / ə'kʌmpəni /

v. 1. 陪同, 伴随: She asked me to accompany him to the church. 2. (为...)伴奏: She accompanied the chorus on the piano.

accomplice* / ə'kʌmplɪs /

n. 共犯; 同谋; 帮凶: The police arrested him and his two accomplices.

accomplish / ə'kʌmplɪʃ /

v. 完成; 实现: I never seem to accomplish anything.

accomplishment* / ə'kʌmplɪʃmənt /

n. 1. 完成, 成就: The accomplishment of this task filled him with satisfaction. 2. 才艺, 造诣, 技能: a girl of many accomplishments

accord* / ə'kɔ:d /

① *v.* 1. (使)一致, 符合: His behaviour does not accord with his principles. 2. 授予, 赠与, 给予: accord sb. an honorary title 3. 调解, 调和: accord controversies ② *n.* 1. 一致, 符合 2. 协议, 调解: Any fresh help to the

rebels would violate the accords.

accordance / ə'kɔ:dəns /

n. 1. 一致; 按照: Education is carried out in accordance with the principles of the school. 2. 给予: the accordance of rights and privileges

accordingly / ə'kɔ:dɪŋli /

ad. 1. 因此, 从而: He was tired out; accordingly, we sent him to bed. 2. 照着, 相应地: I've told you what the situation is; you must act accordingly.

accost* / ə'kɔst /

v. 跟...搭讪; (唐突地)走近跟...讲话: A beggar accosted him for money.

account / ə'kaunt /

① *n.* 1. 账(单); 账目; 账户: The accounts show that they have spent more than they received. 2. 叙述; 说明; 报道: Don't believe the newspaper account. 3. 解释; 理由; 根据: No satisfactory account was given of these phenomena. ② *v.* 1. 说明, 解释: He could not account for his foolish mistake. 2. 认为, 视为: He was accounted guilty.

accountant* / ə'kauntənt /

n. 会计人员, 会计师

accrue* / ə'kru: /

v. 自然增长; 产生; 增加; 累积: Interest will accrue if you put your money in a savings account.

accumulate / ə'kju:mjuleɪt /

v. 积累; 积蓄; 堆积: By investing wisely she accumulated a fortune. / Social and economic problems are accumulating rapidly.

accumulation* / ə'kju:mju'leɪʃn /

n. 1. 积累, 积蓄: the accumulation of wealth 2. 堆积物: huge accumulations of sand at the mouth of

a river

accuracy /'ækjəreɪsɪ/

n. 准确(度), 精确度: I admired the speed and accuracy with which she typed.

accurate /'ækjərət/

a. 准确的, 精确的: Missiles are becoming more accurate.

accusation* /,ækju:'zeɪʃn/

n. 1. 指控, 控告; 指责: He glared at me with an air of accusation. 2. (被控告的) 罪名: The accusation is bribery.

accuse /ə'kju:z/

v. 1. 谴责; 指控; 告发, 控告: The French accused us of being reserved. 2. 归咎于: accuse sb. for the delay

accustom /ə'kʌstəm/

v. 使习惯: He quickly accustomed himself to this new way of life.

accustomed /ə'kʌstəmd/

a. 惯常的, 习惯的: He quickly became accustomed to the local food.

ache /eɪk/

① *v.* 1. 痛: It makes my heart ache to see her suffer. 2. 渴望; 想要: Tom's heart aches to be free. ② *n.* (持续的) 疼痛; 酸痛: He has an ache in the chest.

achieve /ə'tʃi:v/

v. 1. 完成, 实现: I've achieved only half of what I'd hoped to do. 2. 达到, 获得: achieve one's membership of an organization

achievement /ə'tʃi:vmənt/

n. 1. 完成, 达到: achievement of an ambition 2. 成就, 成绩: This fact did not lessen her sense of achievement.

acid /'æsid/

① *n.* 1. 酸味物质, 酸性物质 2. 讥讽: speak with a trace of acid ② *a.* 1. 酸(味)的: an acid soil 2. 讥讽的; 尖酸刻薄的: His remarks were rather acid.

acidity* /ə'sidəti/

n. 1. 酸性, 酸度 2. 酸过多, 胃酸过多: suffer from acidity of the stomach 3. (言辞等的) 尖刻

acknowledge /ək'nɒlɪdʒ/

v. 1. 承认: Most people will now acknowledge that there is a crisis. 2. 致谢: His services to the country were never officially acknowledged. 3. 告知已收到(某物): acknowledge a letter

acknowledgement, acknowledgment /ək'nɒlɪdʒmənt/

n. 1. 承认; 致谢; 感谢: We sent her a copy of the book in acknowledgement of her part in its creation. 2. 收到的通知, 回音: We have had no acknowledgement of our letter yet. 3. 回敬之物; 答谢: These flowers are a small acknowledgement of your great kindness.

acme* /'ækmi/

n. 顶点, 顶端: To act on this world-famous stage is surely the acme of any actor's career. / reach the acme of success

acoustics* /ə'ku:stiks/

n. 音质; 音响效果; 传音效果: The hall has a fine acoustics.

acquaint /ə'kweɪnt/

v. 使认识; 介绍; 使了解: I will acquaint you with the facts. / We are acquainted with each other.

acquaintance* /ə'kweɪntəns/

n. 1. 认识, 相识; 了解: He got the job through his acquaintance with the

President. 2. 相识的人, 熟人: We're only casual acquaintances.

acquiescence* / ,ækwi'esns /

n. 默许; 默认: I was surprised by her acquiescence to the scheme.

acquiescent* / ,ækwi'esnt /

a. 默许的; 默认的; 默从的: She has a very acquiescent nature.

acquire / ə'kwaɪə(r) /

v. 1. 取得, 获得: I tried to acquire the information I needed. 2. 习得, 学到: acquire a foreign language

acquisition* / ,ækwi'ziʃn /

n. 1. 取得; 获得; 习得: The children progressed in the acquisition of basic skills. 2. 获得物: He invited me to inspect his latest acquisition.

acquisitive* / ə'kwizətiv /

a. 1. 渴望得到的; 贪婪的: be acquisitive of knowledge 2. 能够获得并保存的: be acquisitive of new ideas

acquit* / ə'kwɪt /

v. 1. 宣告...无罪; 无罪释放: The jury acquitted her of all charges. 2. 使(自己)作出表现; 使(自己)履行: He acquitted himself of duties with credit.

acquittal* / ə'kwɪtl /

n. 宣告无罪; 无罪释放: The jury brought in an acquittal.

acre / 'eɪkə(r) /

n. 英亩: An acre is equal to 4,840 square yards or approximately 4047 square meters.

acid* / 'ækrɪd /

a. 1. 辛辣的, 苦的; 刺激的: the acid smell of gunpowder 2. 刻薄的; 讽刺的: an acid dispute

acrimonious* / ,ækri'məʊniəs /

a. 尖刻的; 激烈的: It took 15 months

of acrimonious negotiations to achieve the peace treaty.

acrobat* / 'ækərbæt /

n. 杂技演员: I was always fascinated by the acrobats at the circus.

acrobatics* / ,ækərbæ'tiks /

n. 杂技(表演): Her acrobatics were greeted with loud applause.

action / 'ækʃn /

n. 1. 行动; 动作; 活动: The time has come for action. 2. 作用; 功能: the action of a drug on health

activate / 'æktiveɪt /

v. 使活动; 激活: The burglar alarm was activated by mistake.

activewear* / 'æktivweə(r) /

n. (= sportswear) 运动服, 便服: This company has been making activewear for almost a quarter of a century.

activity / 'æktɪvəti /

n. 1. 活动; 活动力: mental activity 2. 行动: Activity is the test of one's faith. 3. 激烈活动; 活跃: a volcano in activity 4. (usu. pl.) (某一领域内的) 特殊活动; 带消遣性的活动: social activities 5. (A-) 原动力

actual / 'æktʃʊəl /

a. 1. 实际的; 事实上的: The actual cost was much higher than we had expected. 2. 现行的; 现时的

actuate* / 'æktʃueɪt /

v. 1. 使开动, 发动; 使开始 2. 驱使, 促使: He was actuated solely by greed.

acute / ə'kju:t /

a. 1. 敏锐的, 尖锐的: Dogs have an acute sense of smell. 2. 剧烈的, 严重的: There's an acute shortage of water. 3. 尖声的, 刺耳的: acute sounds