新版

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大学英语精读 学习指导 第一册

- 重点难点解析与训练

华东理工大学出版社

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前 言

"大学英语精读(修订本)"是由国家教委审订批准,由上海外语教育出版社出版发行的最新高等学校教材(1997年12月第二版)。这次修订的宗旨是"面向21世纪,将大学英语教学推上一个新台阶。"修订本对课文作了适当调整,提高了大纲词汇的覆盖率和常用词汇的重现率,进一步完善练习,突出重点词语的操练,更加注重文、理、工、农、医等各科的通用性,力求给学生打好"宽、厚、牢"的语言基础。

为了帮助广大学生更好地学习"大学英语精读(修订本)",解决课文、练习和补充阅读材料中的疑难问题,掌握重点,巩固和扩充所学的语言知识和技能,以便全面达到大纲要求并顺利通过国家四、六级考试,我们精心编写了"新版大学英语精读学习指导"。

全书共分四册,每册十个单元,与"大学英语精读(修订本)"同步。本书为第一册。

每单元的内容:

- 1. 课文语言难点(包括重点词汇、短语、句型及难句)的注释。解释和例句力求简明扼要,重点突出,举一反三,融会贯通。酌情用英文和中文解释,并对常用词义、近义词进行辨析。
- 2. 阅读材料难点注释。原教材每单元后的 Reading Passage 是供学生自学用,有一定的难度。我们对其中的生词、短语及难句作了必要的注释和翻译。

- 3. 补充练习。紧扣原教材我们给每个单元提供针对性强、形式多样、内容丰富的补充练习。补充练习是参照国家四、六级考试的传统题型及新题型设计的,以帮助学生提高应试能力和水平,本册练习为:
 - (1) 词汇与结构,(2) 阅读理解,(3) 简短回答,(4) 翻译。
- 4. 补充练习答案。每单元的补充练习都有答案(包括作文样文),附在每册书后,供学生自测核对。

本书的主要对象是学生,包括大学本科、专科、电大、夜大、函大学生及参加职称考试的考生、相应程度的英语自学者,也可作为英语教师备课的参考。

编者 1998年11月于上海大学外国语学院

CONTENTS

Unit One How to Improve Your Study Habit	1
词语例解 疑难注释	1
同步补充练习	13
Unit Two Sailing Round the World	21
词语例解 疑难注释	21
同步补充练习	31
Unit Three The Present ·····	38
词语例解 疑难注释	38
同步补充练习	48
Unit Four Turning off TV: A Quiet Hour	54
词语例解 疑难注释	54
同步补充练习	65
Unit Five A Miserable, Merry Christmas	7 3
词语例解 疑难注释	73
同步补充练习	85
Unit Six Sam Adams, Industrial Engineer	92
词语例解 疑难注释	92
同步补充练习1	05
Unit Seven The Sampler $\cdots 1$	12
词语例解 疑难注释	12
同步补充练习	24
Unit Eight You Go Your Way, I'll Go Mine 1	32
	32
同步补充练习	43
Unit Nine The Brain 1	50

词	语包	列解	疑	难注	释	••	• •	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	•••	• • • •	• • • •	••••	••••	••	•••	••••	•••	• • • •	••	150
同	步衫	卜充绮	习	•••••	•••	••	• •	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	•••	• • • •	• • • •	••••	••••	••	•••	••••	•••	••••	••	161
Unit	Ter	ı Go	ing	Ho	me	;	•	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	• • • •	••••	••••	••	•••	••••	•••	••••	••	169
词	语句	別解	疑	难注	释	••	• •	••	•••	•••	• • • •	•••	• • • •	• • • •	••••	••••	••	•••	••••	•••	••••	••	169
同	步衫	补充 缚	习	•••••	•••	••	• •	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	•••	• • • •	• • • •	••••	••••	••	•••	••••	•••	••••	••	179
附录	Ī	司步补	充	练习	参	**	¥?	答	案	(T	Jni	it (On	e~	Te	n)		•••	••••	•••	• • • •	••	186

Unit One

How to Improve Your Study Habit

词语例解 疑难注释

I. Key Words

1. improve

vi/vt become better / make better 改进,改善

My health is improving. Or I'm improving in health. 我的健康正在好转。

I'm poor in English pronunciation and I'd like to improve it. 我的英语发音不好,我想改进它。

[有关词汇]

improvement n. 改善

Our working conditions need improvement. (or improving.)我们的工作条件需要改善。

2. habit

n. a fixed way of doing sth; a practice 习惯, 习性

[有关短语]

be in the habit of; have the habit of 有……的习惯 form (develop, cultivate, acquire) the habit of.

fall (get) into the habit of 养成……的习惯

drop (give up, get out of, get rid of, break off) the habit of 改掉……的习惯

Habit is second nature. (谚) 习惯成自然。

[比较]

custom n.

1) any usual action or habit 习惯, 惯例

It is his custom (=habit) to get up early. 早起是他的习惯。

2) a practice accepted for a long time in a nation or country 风俗,习俗

Social customs vary greatly from country to country. 各国之间的风俗差异很大。

3. average

a. (1) ordinany, usual 普通的, 平常的

There is nothing special about it, it is only average. 它没有什么特别的,仅是普普通通的。

His first novel was not particularly good or bad, just average. 他的第一部小说不是特别好,也不是特别坏,只是一般的。

(2) mean, middle 平均的

The average (= mean) temperature is higher this year than last year. 今年平均温度高于去年。

n. 平均标准,平均数

He is above/below average in his lessons. 他的功课在平均水平之上/之下。

On average I receive 2 letters each week. 我平均每周收到 2 封信。

The average of 3 and 10 and 5 is 6. 3,10,5 的平均数是 6。

4. case n.

(1) a particular situation 情况,情形

In that case I won't go. 在那种情况下,我不会去。

In no case will we look on with folded arms. 在任何情况我们都不会袖手旁观。

In any case, finish the job today. 无论如何,今天把这项工作•2•

完成。

(2) an actual fact 实情,事实

Is it the case that you have bought a new car? Yes, it is the case. (=true) 你买了辆新车,是真的吗? 是的,这是真的。

(3) an example 例子

This is a case in point = This is a fit example. 这是一个恰当
的例子。

5. sure a.

(1) certain 确信 (... of sth/... that)

I'm sure / certain / confident / positive of his honesty. = I'm sure / certain / confident / positive that he is honest. 我相信他的诚实。

(2) certain 一定 (... to do sth)

We are sure / certain / bound to succeed. 我们一定会成功。 Be sure to come on time. 一定要准时来。

Be sure not to be late for the meeting. 开会一定不要迟到。

6. occupy vt.

(1) take up (time, space, etc.) 占(时间,空间等)

Reading occupies most of my spare time. 读书占据了我大部分时间。

This table occupies too much space. 这桌子占了太大的空间。

(2) take and keep possession of 占领,占据

The enemy occupied the city. 敌人占领了那个城市。

7. schedule n.

timetable 时间表

a train schedule 火车时间表

a bus schedule 公共汽车时间表

a factory production schedule 工厂生产进度表

[有关词组]

1) on schedule: punctually, on time 准时,按时

- 2) ahead of schedule; before the planned time, ahead of time 提前
- 3) behind schedule: after the planned time, late 落后于预定时间, 迟到

The train arrived on schedule. 火车准点到达

The train was 10 minutes ahead of schedule/behind schedule. 火车提前/晚点十分钟。

8. enable vt.

make able 使……能够

The scholarship enabled him to go to college. 奖学金使他能上大 学。

The invention of a rocket enables man to travel in space. 火箭的 发明使人能在太空旅行。

9. adequate a.

enough, sufficient 足够的

We took adequate food for the holiday. 我们带了足够的食品去度假。

This meal is adequate for two. 这份餐点够两人食用。

His salary is not adequate to support his family. 他的薪水不够养家。

10. skim v.

read quickly to get the main ideas of; scan 浏览,略读

I just skimmed (through) today's newspapers. 我只是浏览了一下今日的报纸。

He skimmed the magazine, which he would read in detail later. 他略读了那本杂志,以后再细读。

11. mean vt.

(1) (~ doing sth) 意味着

Reform means liberating productive forces. 改革意味着解放生产力。

Missing the train means waiting for an hour. 误了这班火车意•4•

味着要等候一小时。

(2) (~ to do sth) 打算

I mean to learn the second foreign language. 我打算学第二外语。

I mean to take a trip to Europe. 我打算去欧洲旅行。

12. recognize vt.

(1) know or identify again 认出,辨认

I had not seen him for a long time, but I recognized him at once.

我很久没见到他,但立刻就认出了他。

(2) admit, accept 承认

He recognized that he failed, 他承认他失败了。

13. skip v.

pass over or leave out (sth. in order) 略去,跳过

I skipped (over) several chapters. 我跳过了好几章。

He skipped the dull parts of the book. 他把这本书的枯燥部分跳过未读。

Answer the questions in order without skipping. 要依次没有遗漏地回答这些问题。

14. double

v. make or become twice as much or as many 使……加倍;增加一倍

The price of vegetables has been doubled. 蔬菜的价格已增加了一倍。

Sales doubled in 5 years. 销售量五年内增加了一倍。

- a. 双重的,双人的,双倍的
 - a double purpose 双重目的
 - a double meaning 双重意义
 - a double lock 双重锁
 - a double bed 双人床
 - a double room 双人房间

double amount 双倍的量

double pay 双倍的薪水

He paid double the price. 他付了双倍的价钱。

I'm double your age. 我的年齡比你大一倍。(注意:用作此义时,double 放在定冠词或 one's 之前)

His income is double what it was last year. 他现在的收入是去年的两倍。

15. remain vi

continue to be 依然

He remained unmarried all his life. 他终身未娶。

She remained silent. 她保持沉默。

The house remained empty for a long time. 这房子很长时间一直空着。

16. confused a.

bewildered; mixed up 混淆的, 混乱的

I'm confused about the difference between the two words.

这两个词的差别我搞不清楚。

I felt a little confused about it. 我对此感到迷惑不解。

[相关词汇]

1) **confuse** vt. bewilder, mix up, mistake (sb. or sth. for another)

使混乱,使迷惑,混淆,混同

Don't confuse this word with that one. 不要把这个词和那个词混淆起来。

Don't confuse black with white. 不要混淆黑白。

2) confusion n. 困惑,混淆,混乱

She couldn't hide her confusion. 她无法隐藏困惑的表情。

The accident caused the confusion of traffic. 这事故造成交通混乱。

17. excessively ad.

to an excessive degree, too much 过多地 Don't eat excessively. 不要吃得过多。

[相关词汇]

- 1) excessive a. 过度的,过分的;极度的_ Your demand is excessive. 你的要求过分了。 The excessive rainfall caused flood. 雨量过多引起洪水。
- 2) excess n. 过量;(饮食等的)过度,无节制

 The excess in eating led to the stomachache. 吃得过多引起胃疼。
- 3) exceed vt. 超过;越出

 The car exceeded the speed limit. 那辆汽车超速。

18. provide vt.

(~sb. with sth. or ~sth. for sb.) supply 供给

The family provides the children with food and clothes. = The family provides food and clothes for the children. 家庭为孩子们提供吃和穿。

Newspapers provide us with information. 报纸给我们提供消息。

19. permanent a.

lasting for a long time, never changing 永久的,持久的

- a permanent address 永久的地址
- a permanent job 固定的职业
- a permanent employee 长期的雇员
- a permanent peace 永久的和平

[反义词] temporary a. 暂时的

20. mention vt.

speak of, refer to 说到,提及,提到

Tom mentioned you in the letter he wrote to me. 汤姆在写给我的信中提到你。

Don't mention the accident before the children. 不要在小孩面前提到那个意外。

It isn't worth mentioning. 这事不值得一提。 Don't mention it. 不要客气。

21. share vt.

use together, enjoy together, have in common 共用,分享,分担

He shared the room with his brother. 他和他哥哥同住一个房间。

Let's share the cake between/among us. 我们来分享这块蛋糕吧。

They always share joys and sorrows. 他们总是同甘共苦。

II. Phrases and Expressions

1. fill in

write in 填写

fill in a form (cheque, card) 填表格(支票,卡片)。

Please fill in this application form. 请填写这张申请表。

Fill in your name and address, please. 请填上你的名字和地址。

2. decide on

make a choice or decision about 选定,决定,确定。

He has decided on a date for departure. 他已选定动身的日期。 We have decided on selling our house. 我们决定要卖掉我们的房子。

Have you decided on where to camp? 你决定了在哪个地方野营吗?

3. set aside

save (usu. money or time), lay aside 积攒(钱或时间),留出(时间)

He sets aside some money every month to buy a new car. 他每月都攒一些钱为了买一辆新车。 He tried to set aside a few minutes each day for his exercises. 他每天争取留出几分钟来锻炼身体。

4. as well

also, too the

He knows English and French as well. 他懂英文,也懂法文。 I'm going to Paris and my sister's going as well. 我要去巴黎, 我妹妹也去。

5. be aware of / that

be consious of /that, realize, know 意识到,知道

He isn't aware of his danger. = He isn't aware that he is in danger. 他没有意识到他的危险。

I was aware that I was being followed. 我觉察到自己被人跟踪。

She wasn't aware how deeply he loved her. 她没有觉察到他是多么深爱着她。

6. concentrate on

keep or direct all one's efforts, thoughts, attention, etc. to 集中(精力,思想,注意力等)

If you don't concentrate more on your work you'll be dismissed. 你如果再不集中精力工作,你会被解雇。

Many firms are concentrating on inereasing their markets over-seas. 很多公司正集中精力扩大海外市场。

7. look over.

examine, inspect 审视,检查

Will you look over my composition? 能否请你看看我的作文? I have some papers to look over. 我有一批文件要批阅。

The customs of ficers looked the car over carefully before they let us to through. 海关官员仔细检查了我们的汽车才放行。

8. go over

review, examine 重复,复习,检查,查看