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Master Vocabulary

主编 黄又林 郑天义

精通 15000

- *systematically*
- *regularly*
- *personally*

英语词汇

*Don't read ten pages one day
then nothing for three weeks!*

*Try to read one or two pages
everyday.*

*Regular work will help you
to build vocabulary effectively.*

IELTS TOEFL GRE 词汇 必备

中国对外翻译出版公司

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英汉双解

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前 言

从现在就来开始构筑你的词汇大厦！

每个学英语的人，都知道词汇的重要性。的确，如果你犯了语法错误，很多时候别人还是能够理解你的意思，可如果你想用的词说不出来，那么别人就听不懂了。好的英语功底就意味着掌握大量的词汇，只有拥有了一定的词汇量，你才能在英文的浩瀚大海中遨游自如。

怎样扩大词汇量呢？这是个看似简单却常常令人一筹莫展的问题。因为，单凭一种简单的记忆，是远远不可能掌握那多如繁星的英文单词的，当然，这就需要讲求方法。《精通英语词汇》这套丛书充分理解广大英语学习者在记忆词汇时无从下手的迷惘，创造性地建立了一套词汇记忆的有效体系，把一个个零散的单词融汇到一系列新颖的编排之中，以便于强化记忆，更便于储备记忆。它的特点如下：

1. 词汇单元化，记忆程序化

为了方便记忆，也为了减轻你在学习词汇时所感受到的压力与烦躁感，本套丛书繁中求简，每册精选基本词汇 2400 个，分 40 个单元，每个单元汇集 60 个单词，分成 5 个部分。这样的编排是根据教育心理学进行的合理组合，它使你在学习过程中轻松自如并不知不觉地就掌握了大量的词汇。单元化的学习，最大的好处在于词汇量的层层递增却没有“学海无涯”之感。每结束一个单元的学习，都会很有成就感，因为那意味着你又熟练地掌握了一批平时看起来很可怕的词汇。

2. 词汇枝叶化，记忆联想化

本套丛书在编排上考虑周到，每一个单词都配以英文释义，让你最大程度地真正理解词汇的含义，因为只有在理解的基础上才能保持对词汇的长久记忆；同时，许多单词配以相应的同义词、反义词，并且每个词都配有一条经典例句来帮助记忆，这样，每一个单词就好比一棵树，通过它的同义词、反义词以及例句，枝繁叶茂，你不仅记住了这个词本身，连它派生的这些枝叶都在一种奇妙的联想记忆中掌握了，并且你会发现，原来掌握了这些词汇，你也可以在英语世界里出口成章。这就是本套丛书联想记忆的魅力。

3. 词汇习题化，记忆巩固化

光学不练几乎是英文词汇书的一大通病，很多人以为词汇的掌握就在于反复的记忆，其实不然，在英语教学的实践中，编者发现，对于词汇的巩固记忆有很大程度是依赖词汇习题来实现的，所以，本书针对记忆的心理需求，在单元的每一部分后都配了5道相应的练习题，在每一单元结束后又有题型丰富的词汇测试题，测试内容包括词汇的英文释义、同义词、反义词以及综合性的选词填空。通过这些测试，一方面你在绝不枯燥的自测情绪下完成了对词汇的巩固记忆，另一方面你又巩固了词汇的用法。

虽然英语词汇的掌握没有一蹴而就的捷径，但我们从不放弃努力去寻找坦途，只要你按照本套丛书的方法去学习词汇，你就一定能轻松地掌握意想不到的词汇量。

为了适应你在不同学习阶段的需要，本套丛书共分五册，你可以根据自身的需要选读不同的版本：

◆《精通英语词汇3000》 收录词汇3500条（涵盖大学英语3级词汇）

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为了方便随时记忆,以上均配有相应的磁带。

如果你想学英语,如果你想通过英语类的一切考试,那么,就从扩大词汇量入手吧,没有过不了的关,没有趟不过的河,让我们轻松上路,一路高歌。

本书在编写中得到了澳洲英语专家Kate Blyth的大力支持,对丛书的英文部分进行了审校,在此我们真诚地表示感谢。

编 者

2003年8月

于北京外国语大学

为方便日常背记,本书另配磁带,含书中全部基本词汇及例句,由美籍专家录制,语音纯正,清晰流畅,既有助于你掌握词汇,又可以成为你矫正发音、提高口语及听力水平的绝好教材。

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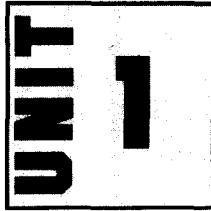
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Ignorance is degrading only when found in company with riches.

Arthur Schopenhauer

愚昧本身并无大害,只有在与财富并存的时候,才具有败坏作用。

叔本华

Part 1

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
wordy ['wɜːdi]	using lots of words	His report is very wordy and needs editing. 他的报告过长,需要删节。
<i>a.</i> 嘟嗦的,冗长的 〔同〕 tedious 〔反〕 concise		
ogle ['oʊgl]	look at sb with interest, esp with sex in mind	The man ogled at the woman for too long that she became angry. 那男子挑逗地注视着那女子好长时间,以致她怒气冲冲。
<i>v.</i> 挑逗地注视,做媚眼 〔同〕 leer		
 retrograde ['ret्रəgrēid]	going backwards	The space shuttle is moving in a retrograde orbit now. 宇宙飞船现在正驶在逆行的轨道上。
<i>a.</i> 向后的,后退的 〔同〕 backward 〔反〕 progressive		
trimmings ['trimiŋz]	special extras; pieces cut off when sth is trimmed	We had turkey for Thanksgiving dinner with all the trimmings . 在感恩节的聚餐上我们吃了火鸡,上面有各种配料。
<i>n. [pl]</i> 配料;修剪下来的东西 〔同〕 accessories		
 restive ['restiv]	nervous or impatient	The angry people were restive and ready to
<i>a.</i> 焦躁不安的,不耐烦		

的		
[同] restless		cause a riot. 愤怒的人群变得焦躁不安,随时会发动暴乱。
snoop [snu:p]	try to find out things that don't concern oneself	He was caught snooping through his boss's desk drawer. 他在老板的办公桌抽屉里窥探时被当场抓住。
v. 窥探,打听		
[同] pry		
collocate ['kələkeɪt]	be used together regularly, to sound correct together; arrange side by side	To collocate the resources properly can lead to improved efficiency. 适当配置资源能提高效率。
v. 搭配;并置排列		
leash [li:f]	tie up with a rope	She leashed her dog to a tree while she shopped. 她去买东西时把狗拴在了树上。
v. 用皮带(或绳子)系住		
[同] strap		
risible ['rɪzɪbl]	fit to be laughed at	The entire proposal is risible : it will never be accepted. 这个建议完全是荒唐可笑的,根本不可能被采纳。
a. 引人笑的,可笑的,滑稽的		
[同] ridiculous		
riffle ['rifl]	shuffle (playing-cards); flip the pages of sth lightly and quickly	He riffled through the pages of a magazine to see the pictures. 他飞快地翻阅一本杂志看插图。
v. 洗(纸牌);飞快翻阅		
prowl [prɔ:l]	move quietly and cautiously; search secretly, hunt quietly	Cats prowled for mice in the cellar. 猫在地窖里暗暗地搜寻着耗子。
v. 潜行;搜寻		
undaunted [ʌn'daʊntɪd]	determined; not frightened	He moved ahead undaunted by obstacles. 他不顾阻挠,勇往直前。
a. 决意的;无畏的		

[同] bold, brave

[反] discouraged

Exercise

Choose the best answer from the four choices.

1. The Christmas tree _____ include ornaments, lights, and tinsel.
[A] trimmings [B] timing [C] taming [D] terming
2. The villain _____ at the pretty girl and provoked her.
[A] ogre [B] oiled [C] wordy [D] ogled
3. His ideas are so grandiose that they are _____.
[A] recite [B] retrograde [C] riffle [D] risible
4. Burglars _____ around the house yesterday.
[A] sprawled [B] prowled [C] powered [D] peeled
5. He always _____ about at the school entrance looking for latecomers.
[A] leash [B] snap [C] siphons [D] snoops

Answer	1. [A]	2. [D]	3. [D]	4. [B]	5. [D]
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Part 2

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
politic ['politik] <i>a.</i> 老练的, 机智的, 得体的	diplomatic, tactful, prudent	She does not like her boss, but it would not be politic for her to show it. 她不喜欢她的老板, 但她若表露出来的话就不够明智了。
phenomenal [fi'nəminəl] <i>a.</i> 非凡的, 格外的 [同] incredible	very remarkable, extraordinary	The rocket travels at phenomenal speeds. 火箭以惊人的速度飞行。
charlatan ['ʃɑːlətən] <i>n.</i> 骗子, 江湖医生, 假	person who tricks others, esp one	Charlatans trick people out of their money. 骗子

充内行的人 who claims to have
[同] quack, fake special knowledge

shambles ['ʃæmblz]

n. 混乱, 废墟

[同] chaos, havoc

把人的钱都骗走了。
who claims to have
special knowledge
a messy or ruined
place

This bedroom is a
shambles with toys ev-
erywhere. 寝室里一片混
乱, 到处都是玩具。

glib [glib]

a. 口齿流利的, 随口
的, 油腔滑调的

[同] fluent

[反] implausible

able to talk easily
and well with little
thought or
preparation

He gave the police offi-
cer a **glib** excuse for not
stopping at the red
light. 他随口给警察编了
个借口, 说明自己为什么红
灯不停车。

tandem ['tændəm]

n. 一前一后, 排成纵
列

one behind another

The two systems are de-
signed to work in **tan-
dem**. 这两套系统是为同
步工作而设计的。

dovetail ['dʌvteil]

v. 吻合

fit together closely

My plans **dovetailed**
nicely with hers. 我的计
划和她的计划非常吻合。

enervate ['enəveɪt]

v. 使(某人)失去力量
或精力, 使衰弱

[同] debilitate

[反] energize

cause (sb) to lose
strength or energy

The hot weather **ener-
vates** me; I don't move
around very much and
am tired all the time. 炎
热的天气使我疲乏, 我没怎
么走动也总是很累。

godforsaken

['gɒdfəseɪkn]

a. 荒芜的, 被上帝遗弃
的

[同] desolate, bleak

(of a place) far
from civilization
with very little of
interest or
attraction, usu-
depressing

The travelers rode their
horses for weeks through
the **godforsaken** land be-
fore arriving at the farm.
旅行者们骑着马花了好几
周时间穿过这片连上帝都
遗弃的土地才到达了农场。

pesky ['peski]

causing trouble,

The restaurant was

a. 引起麻烦的, 恼人的 annoying

filled with **pesky** flies.
那饭店里到处都是讨厌的苍蝇。

yuk [jʌk] laugh loudly

v. 大笑

Those kids **yuk** all the time. 那些孩子老是大声地笑。

tenement apartment or room

['tenəmənt] let for living in

n. 拥挤而低级的公寓房

City officials are more inclined to tear down **tenements** and build modern housing in its place. 市里官员有意拆掉拥挤而低级的公寓房并在原地建造现代化住宅。

Exercise

Choose the best answer from the four choices.

1. The joints of wood in that cabinet ____ nicely.

[A] deviate [B] detail [C] shambles [D] dovetail

2. Those poor students couldn't afford the high rent and moved to a small _____.

[A] tenant [B] tenement [C] tenor [D] tandem

3. Because he was unable to substantiate his claim that he had found a cure for the dreaded disease, he was called a _____ by his colleagues.

[A] charlatan [B] choral [C] cholate [D] charlotte

4. When the fight began, he thought it _____ to leave.

[A] politer [B] godforsaken

[C] plastic [D] politic

5. The _____ weeds brought a lot of trouble to our work.

[A] pesky [B] pecked

[C] pelted [D] pest

Answer	1. [D]	2. [B]	3. [A]	4. [D]	5. [A]
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Part 3

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
noisome ['nɔɪsəm] a. 恶臭的, 气味不好的 [同] malodorous [反] fragrant	bad-smelling	The chemical had a noisome odor. 这种化学剂有一种恶臭的气味。
creepy ['kri:pɪ] a. 令人毛骨悚然的; 离奇的 [同] horrible [反] pleasant	causing or having an unpleasant feeling of fear or horror; disturbingly strange	That was a creepy coincidence. 那样的巧合实在太离奇了。
glossary ['glosəri] n. (注释)词汇表, 集注(尤指针对某篇文字的)	list of technical or special words (esp those occurring in a particular text) with explanations	A glossary at the end of the book gives explanations of foreign words. 书后的词汇表给出了外文生词的解释。
lackadaisical [lækə'deɪzɪkl] a. 懒洋洋的, 没精打采的, 懒散的 [同] listless	lacking interest and vigor, lanquid	A lackadaisical attitude toward her studies brought low grades. 她在学习上很懒惰, 结果成绩很差。
chipper ['tʃipə] a. 快乐而精力充沛的 [同] cheerful	happy and full of energy	My uncle is 80 years old and still chipper . 我叔叔都 80 岁了, 可是他仍然显得精神矍铄。
gab [gæb] n. (不断的)闲谈, 聊天(尤指琐事)	continuous, esp trivial chatter	Stop your gab ! 别闲聊了!
booty ['buti] n. 贲物, 战利品, 掠夺物	things taken by thieves or captured	Pirates took booty from ships they captured. 海盗得到了劫获的船只上的

[同] loot	from an enemy in war	战利品。
schematic [ski:'mætik] <i>a.</i> 图表的,图解的	of, relating to, or in the form of a scheme or diagram	I did a schematic drawing of the electrical wiring in the house. 我画出了这所房子的电路布线略图。
[同] graphic		
gargantuan [ga:'gæntjuən] <i>a.</i> 巨大的,庞大的	very big, huge	The statues of past presidents are gargantuan in size. 那些已故总统的塑像十分高大。
[同] colossal, gigantic		
swish [swiʃ] <i>v.</i> (使某物)摆动(或挥动)出声	swing through the air with a hissing sound	The horse swished its tail about. 那匹马唰唰地挥动尾巴。
seclusion [si'kluʒən] <i>n.</i> 隔离	the state of being private and away from other people	She lives in seclusion , away from her friends. 她远离朋友,过着隐居生活。
immutable [i'mju:təbl] <i>a.</i> 不可改变的	unchangeable, fixed	The laws of physics are constant and immutable . 物理定律是永恒不变的。

Exercise

Choose the best answer from the four choices.

- A _____ drawing represents the structure of an organization.
 [A] skeptic [B] schematic [C] schisms [D] scission
- Students like to _____ while they eat lunch.
 [A] gob [B] grub [C] gab [D] glossary
- He is a _____ guy with an evil look.
 [A] crimp [B] creepy [C] croppy [D] crispy
- We _____ through the long grass.
 [A] swayed [B] swished [C] swish [D] swathed

5. She looked _____ and the teacher asked whether she was ill.
[A] lucky [B] laclily [C] lackadaisical [D] immutable

Answer 1. [B] 2. [C] 3. [B] 4. [B] 5. [C]

Part 4

WORD	MEANING	TYPICAL USE
kudos ['kjʊ:dəs] <i>n.</i> 荣誉, 光荣, 赞誉 〔同〕 glory	honour, credit	She did most of the work but all the kudos went to him. 工作大部分是她做的, 可是荣誉都归他了。
unappealing [ʌnə'pi:lɪŋ] <i>a.</i> 不吸引人的, 不讨人喜欢的	not attractive, uninteresting, unpleasant, distasteful	Worn-out furniture is unappealing . 破旧的家具不讨人喜欢。
stepped-up ['steptɪp] <i>a.</i> 增加的, 加强的, 加速的	increased in pace or intensity	It's a good sign of stepped-up activity in the stock market. 这是加速运转证券市场的一个好迹象。
chivalrous ['ʃivlroʊs] <i>a.</i> 侠义的, 勇武的; (指男子对女子) 谦恭有礼的, 有骑士风度的 〔同〕 brave	gallant; having good manners, esp toward women	That chivalrous gentleman helped the elderly lady across the street and into a taxi. 那位仗义的先生帮助老妇人穿过马路, 上了一辆出租汽车。
whet [h wet] <i>v.</i> 磨快; 刺激 〔同〕 quicken 〔反〕 blunt, dampen	sharpen, hone; make sb want something, create a desire in sb (for food, money,	Cold weather and hard work whetted my appetite for a big, hot dinner. 寒冷的天气和高强度的工作使我很想饱饱地吃