



启东中学

作业本

● 温故知新

● 课堂作业

● 课外作业

● 奥赛链接

丛书主编：王 生

分册主编：管 笛



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初三

下

英语

启东中学作业本

初三英语(下)

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龍 門 書 局

北 京

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图书在版编目(CIP)数据

启东中学作业本.初三英语.下/王生主编.管笛分册主编.

—北京:龙门书局,2003

ISBN 7-80191-191-1

I. 启… II. ①王…②管… III. 英语课—初中—习题
IV. G634

中国版本图书馆CIP数据核字(2003)第087517号

责任编辑:崔汝泉 姜 丰/封面设计:东方上林工作室

龙 门 书 局 出 版

北京东黄城根北街16号

邮政编码 100717

<http://www.sciencep.com>

北京双青印刷厂 印刷

科学出版社总发行 各地书店经销

*

2003年11月第 一 版 开本:1/16(787×1092)

2003年11月第一次印刷 印张:7

印数:1—40 000 字数:205 000

定 价: 8.00 元

(如有印装质量问题,我社负责调换)

前 言

创办于1928年的江苏省启东中学,是首批国家级示范高中,地处长江三角洲素有江风海韵北上海之称的——启东市。经过七十五载的洗礼,现已成为国内一流、国际有一定影响的现代化名校,她的名字已响彻大江南北。

我校现有99个教学班,在校学生5700多人;师资力量雄厚,有博士1人,硕士4人,省中青年专家3人,特、高级教师近100人,并有一大批省市学科带头人和骨干教师;具有一流的实验室、图书馆、体育馆、艺术馆、科技馆和多媒体及远程教育网络,能满足学生阅读、训练、个性发展的需要;近几年还不断加强省际、国际间的交流与合作,新办分校三所。多年来,学校把“**发展个性特长,促进全面发展,为学生的终生发展奠基**”作为自己的办学理念,积极实施素质教育,取得了显著的成绩。多年来高考本科上线率一直名列江苏省前茅,其中重点大学上线率一直稳定在95%左右。2002届高考我校平均分592.65分,比全省平均分高出140分,本科上线率达99.52%,均列全省第一。2003年高考再创佳绩,本科上线率达99.6%,重点本科上线率达96.3%,600分以上人数占全省1/30,640分以上人数占全省1/13,全校高考平均总分566.91分,再次名列全省第一。2000年、2001年、2002年连续三年创造一个班有十多名学生同时考取清华大学的奇迹,成为全国各大媒体报道的热点。2003年一个班又有二十多名学生同时考取清华、北大,创历史最好成绩。这几年在教育部所公布的符合保送生资格的考生名单中,我校独占鳌头,每年多达40多人,远远高出全国同类重点中学。学科竞赛方面更是成绩骄人,自1995年以来在国际中学生学科奥林匹克竞赛中有毛蔚、蔡凯华、周璐、陈宇翱、施陈博、陈建鑫、樊向军、张峰等同学荣获7金2银的优异成绩。2003年倪焱博同学在希腊雅典举行的第35届国际化学奥林匹克竞赛中,又夺得一枚金牌,再次为祖国赢得荣誉,使我校的国际奥赛奖牌数达到两位数。另外,在文艺、体育、小发明等方面均涌现了不少特长学生。我校黄泽军、盛荣荣两位同学当选为中国少年科学院院士;日前,在韩国汉城举行的2003年首届国际学生发明展览会上,我校陈骏马同学选送的低阻水风力驱动装置荣获金奖。启东中学被教育界誉为“清华、北大的摇篮”、“国际奥赛金牌的加工厂”,在全国普通中学中独树一帜,先后被评为江苏省模范学校、江苏省德育先进学校。学校领导还多次受到江泽民、胡锦涛、回良玉、陈至立等党和国家领导人的亲切接见。

在长期的办学实践中,启东中学逐渐形成了“**以人为本,育德为先,夯实基础,发展个性**”的办学风格。“**一切为了学生,为了一切学生,为了学生的一切**”是我们的办学准则。“**科学育人,科研兴校**”是我们教育教学成功的重要法宝。学校正沿着“**坚持全面育人,培养特色人才**”的教学思路,一步一个新台阶,名牌效应正进一步显现。

我校的一批名师和学科带头人在教学之余,认真加强教育科研和中、高考试题研究,建立起学校自己的题库,取得了很好的教学效果。为了真诚答谢全国兄弟学校的厚爱和满足广大师生的祈盼,应全国最负盛名、最具权威的科学出版社、龙门书局的盛情邀请,我们学校特组织了在一线的数十位特、高级教师和金牌教练,结合多年特别是“3+X”高考改革以来的教学实践经验,精心策划编写了本套科学、实用的《启东中学作业本》。本套《启东中学作业本》是我们启东中学第一次与国家级出版社正式合作出版的一套中学生练习丛书。本套丛书基本上体现了我校的教学实际和培优补差经验,原汁原味,想必会受到广大读者朋友的青睐。

本套丛书以最新《教学大纲》、《考试说明》为编写依据,融贯新课程标准的最新教学思想和教育理念,在体例设计上体现创新,包括[温故知新]、[课堂作业]、[课外作业]和[奥赛链接]等子栏目。在作业题编制上体现创新,做到与学科教学同步,注重试题立意新、内容结构新、创设情景新、设问方式新、开放探究新,力求体现新一轮课改、教改、考改的新趋势,能适合不同层次的地区、学校、学生使用。既可打牢双基,又能提高学习能力、应试能力。编写时还充分凸现如下指导思想和特色:

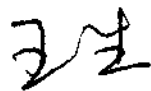
1. **分层递进的试题结构。**编写时已充分照顾到中西部欠发达地区的教学实际和中学师生对“试题”的不同要求,并在每道试题题首用空心斜体字母“A、B、C”分别标出各道试题的大致难度等级,有利于实施因材施教的原则,有利于提高作业的练习效益。

2. **实用有效的课时设计。**它区别于其他传统教辅资料的最大不同点在于按课时设计作业,实用、有效,具有随堂同步有针对性的使用功能,可操作性强。做到寓思于练,即重点解决每课时“练什么”和“怎样练”的问题。

3. **翔实规范的思路点拨。**答案详解详析,以突出知识要点和基本方法;并尽可能提供解题技巧,并注重解决“怎样做?”和“怎样想到要这样做?”的问题,适用面特别广。同时,每次作业均标明作业时间和评分标准,学生在作业练习时可“无师自通”,从而能更有效地提高作业练习质量。因此可以说,本套作业本又是一本学生学能测试本。

4. **创新超凡的教育理念。**编写时充分体现新一轮教改、课改的要求,体现新课程的教学思想、教育理念,闪现超凡思维。试题的选编体现“原创与经典”相结合的原则,所编试题大多体现出一个“新”字,具有鲜活的时代气息。着力加强“能力型、开放型、应用型和综合型”试题的开发与研究,各科作业本中均配有一定数量的作者最新原创题。本套《启东中学作业本》是一套高水平的同步随堂训练本,它能从试题的考纲、考点、考题的“三考”导向目标上审视,并从试题解题方法与技巧上点拨与剖析,堪称初、高中各年级学生助练、助考的优秀辅导材料。在本套丛书的编写过程中,我们尽管做到章章推敲,道道把关,历时数月,反复校审,但仍难免存在一些错误和疏漏,恳请广大读者朋友批评指正,以便我们能及时修正。

欢迎您和启东中学同步!



2003年10月1日于江苏省启东中学

(作者系江苏省启东中学校长兼党委书记、中学数学特级教师、教育学博士、江苏省有突出贡献的中青年专家、第十届全国人大代表)

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总分 100 分 时间 30 分钟 成绩评定 _____

温故
知新

一、根据句意和所给汉语提示,完成下列单词(10分)

1. 到目前为止, we have planted over 200 fruit trees.
2. 我们今年已经发射了几颗人造卫星。 We have _____ (发射) several man-made satellites this year.
3. 在王林的帮助下,我解出了这道数学题。 Wang Lin's _____ (在……的帮助下) I worked out the maths problem.
4. 在你的帮助下,我通过了考试。 _____ (多亏) your help, I passed the exam.
5. 超过三分之二的地球被水覆盖着。 More than two thirds of the earth _____ (被……覆盖着) by water.

二、同义句改写(10分)

1. 当他十七岁的时候,他开始学法语。
When he was seventeen years old, he began to learn French.
_____ seventeen, he began to learn French.
2. 这个房间这么大,我们可以住在里面。
The room is so big that we can live in it.
The room is big enough _____ us _____.
3. 我对那起事故一无所知。
I knew nothing about the accident.
The accident _____ with me.
4. 他的父母很穷,他们没有钱送他唯一的子女上学。
His parents were poor and they had no money to send their only child to school.
His parents were _____ that they _____ send their only child to school.
5. 刚才有人叫你,但你出去了。
Just now someone called you, but you were out.
Just now someone _____ to you, but you were out.

课堂
作业

三、根据句意和所给汉语提示,完成下列单词(20分)

1. 你国家的_____ (人口) 是多少?
2. 那里有_____ (千) 人。
3. 他十年前有一_____ (百万) 美元。
4. 你知道_____ (德国) 吗?
5. 你认为它会_____ (增长) 吗?
6. _____ (法国) 人讲英语吗?
7. 我想某天去_____ (新西兰) 参观。
8. 我_____ (想知道) 什么时候离开明天。
9. 你曾经去过_____ (印度) 吗?
10. 他_____ (加拿大) 三个月前访问过。

课外
作业

四、用动词适当形式填空(20分)

1. 看! 那艘大船_____ (come) towards us.
2. —Where's Mike?
—He _____ (go) to Beijing.
3. 他说他经常_____ (have) lunch in the factory.
4. 我弟弟说他_____ (fly) to Paris the next week.
5. 他们_____ (finish) reading the books tomorrow afternoon.
6. 他妈妈_____ (do) some washing when he came back.
7. 许多花_____ (grow) in the garden every year.
8. 我将在他_____ (come) back 时把信交给他。

9. E Kate _____ (be) here with his parents a moment ago.
 10. E Older people must _____ (speak) to politely.

五、选择填空 (20分)

1. E When your work _____, you _____ go swimming.
 A. was done, can't B. is done, mustn't C. was done, may D. is done, may
2. E The little boy always eats _____.
 A. much too B. many too C. too much D. too many
3. E She has _____ good friends. She feels _____.
 A. a few, alone B. a few, lonely C. few, alone D. few, lonely
4. E The poor little girl _____ a cold winter night.
 A. died on B. died in C. was sold at D. was robbed
5. E The Young Pioneers will go to plant trees _____ the lake.
 A. in B. around C. on D. next
6. E She came to see me last night. _____ I wasn't in then.
 A. And B. But C. Or D. Nor
7. C "Thanks for your presents," said Kate, _____ happily.
 A. smile B. smiled C. smiling D. to smile
8. C The teacher asked the students _____.
 A. were late for school B. not to be late for school
 C. must be handed in their homework D. don't break the school rules
9. C It's an hour's journey, _____.
 A. here and there B. now and then C. more or less D. up and down
10. C Among the workers, a third of them _____ women.
 A. is B. are C. make D. take

奥赛 六、C 选用下列所给的词语并用其适当形式填空(有两个多余选项)(20分)

链接

care, prevent, fall, disappear, wash away, use, three, mean, forget, make, die, cut

Trees are (1) _____ to man in three important ways; they supply him with wood and other products, they give him shade, and they help to (2) _____ drought and floods.

Unfortunately, in many parts of the world, man has not realized that the (3) _____ of these services is the most important and only wants (4) _____ money from trees. He has (5) _____ them down in large numbers, only to find that without them he has lost the best friends of his. More still, he is usually too (6) _____ to plant and look after young trees, so the forests slowly (7) _____.

This does not only (8) _____ that man will have fewer trees. The results are even serious; for where there are trees, their roots break up soil, allowing the rain to sink in; and also bind (固定) the soil, thus preventing (阻止) from being (9) _____, but where there are no trees, the rain (10) _____ on hard ground directly and flows away, causing floods and carrying away the rich top-soil. With the top-soil gone, nothing grows there. So the good land becomes worthless desert.

订正栏

练习 50 Lesson 50

班级	学号
姓名	

总分 100 分 时间 30 分钟 成绩评定 _____

温故知新

一、根据句意和所给汉语提示,完成下列单词(10分)

1. B A pen _____ (被用来) writing.
2. B English _____ (被……所用) us every day.
3. B The kite _____ (由……制成的) paper.
4. B This TV was _____ (在……制造) Shanghai.
5. B Mr Smith _____ (正忙于写) a report.

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空(20分)

1. B At the _____ (begin) of the lesson the teacher asked us some questions.
2. B I want a new car, not a _____ (use) one.
3. A Now let's have a _____ (discuss).
4. B Japan is a _____ (develop) country, but China is a _____ (develop) one.
5. C This book is well worth _____ (read).
6. A The girls did it all by _____ (they).
7. B Now the population of the third world is growing even _____ (fast).
8. B When I saw him, he was busy _____ (write) a letter.
9. B I think Audi is _____ (expensive) than Blue Bird.

课堂作业

三、根据句意和所给汉语提示,完成下列单词(20分)

1. B During the past ten years, the _____ (人口) in India has increased a lot.
2. B This is a _____ (挑战) of the world today.
3. B At the _____ (开始) of the talk, he asked us a question.
4. B People say that by the year 2010, it may be seven _____ (百万).
5. B Each person will have one half to one _____ (平方米) of space to live in.
6. B What will _____ (发生) in a minute?
7. B America is a _____ (发达) country.
8. B He was tired, _____ (以致) he couldn't keep his eyes open.

四、用动词的适当形式填空(20分)

1. B The Great Wall _____ (build) by Chinese people.
2. B Man-made satellites _____ (send) up into space by many countries.
3. B His legs _____ (fix) by the doctor on Friday.
4. B "Made in China" _____ (write) on this box.
5. C English _____ (speak) by most people in the USA.
6. C Salt _____ (produce) by many countries.
7. C What _____ (happen) in the coming years?
8. C This school _____ (open) for 30 years.
9. B The room _____ (must clean) before 5:00 p. m.
10. B All the books _____ (should return) to the library after you finish it.

课外作业

五、选择填空(20分)

1. B — _____ is the population of China?
— It's about 1.3 billion. And it's growing _____.

- A. How much; hours after hours
 B. How many; hours after hours
 C. How large; hour after hour
 D. How big; hour after hour
2. C The students in my school are twice as _____ as _____ in No. 5.
 A. many; that
 B. much; that
 C. many; those
 D. much; those
3. E He promised us that he _____ early but he _____ yet.
 A. will be; hasn't arrived
 B. has been; isn't arriving
 C. was; has't been arriving
 D. would be; hasn't arrived
4. E The Clarks will come back to Chongqing _____.
 A. after three day's time
 B. in three day's time
 C. after three days
 D. in three days' time
5. E Do you know that Great Britain has _____ population of 59 million.
 A. a
 B. the
 C. an
 D. /

**奥
赛
链
接**

六、阅读理解 (10分)

According to a recent report from the UN, the world's population continues to grow. It could reach 8.9 billion in the year of 2025. But during the past 10 years or so, a large rapid drop in the world's birth rate (出生率) has taken place. Families generally (通常地) are smaller now than they were a few years ago. It is happening in both developing and developed countries. China has already cut its rate of population growth by about one half since 1970. Each Chinese family is allowed to have no more than one child. And the hope is to reach a zero population growth rate by 2000. Several countries in Europe already have a negative growth rate. Experts (专家) said that these countries would not have enough workers in the future. And the people who are working could face much higher taxes (税) to support the growing retirees (退休人员).

1. C In the past ten years, _____.
 A. there are fewer and fewer people
 B. the world's population has not been growing as fast as it used to be
 C. the world's birth rate has risen
 D. the number of people has grown up
2. C In China each family is allowed to have only one child so that _____.
 A. the birth rate can be cut down
 B. half of the number of people has been cut down
 C. the number of people has dropped by 1/2
 D. each family is smaller
3. C A negative growth rate means _____.
 A. the birth rate is unknown
 B. the death rate is larger than the birth rate
 C. the birth rate is too large
 D. the birth rate is larger than the death rate
4. C In European countries _____.
 A. not many people would like to work
 B. how to support the retired would be a big problem
 C. the people who are working would refuse to pay taxes
 D. the retirees live on their families
5. C The underlined word "cut" in the third paragraph means _____ in Chinese.
 A. "分割"
 B. "切"
 C. "伤害"
 D. "减少"

订正栏

练习 51 Lesson 51

班级 _____ 学号 _____
姓名 _____

总分 100 分 时间 30 分钟 成绩评定 _____

温故知新

一、翻译词组 (20 分)

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. 一天天地 _____ | 2. 起初, 开始 _____ |
| 3. 用 8 乘 5 _____ | 4. 对……产生兴趣 _____ |
| 5. 制定计划 _____ | 6. 下载信息 _____ |
| 7. 旅程线路 _____ | 8. 查网上资料 _____ |
| 9. 值两百万元 _____ | 10. 越来越有趣 _____ |

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空 (20 分)

- Which TV programme do you think is more _____ (enjoy)?
- Reading a good book is much better than _____ (watch) a bad TV programme.
- Nothing in the world is _____ (possible) if you set your mind to do it.
- Make _____ (sure) the door is locked when you leave.
- The film is very _____ (interest). We're _____ (interest) in it.
- The keyboard is used for _____ (put) information into the computer.
- She bought _____ (difference) parts of the computer and then put them together.
- His brother is good at _____ (play) with computers.
- Mr Green is seen _____ (play) football on the playground.
- A computer _____ (it) is becoming smaller and smaller now.

课堂作业

三、根据句意在空格上填上一个恰当的词 (10 分)

- "Can you read this number 8,529?" "Yes. Eight _____ five hundred and twenty-nine."
- Do you think the population of China will _____ up?
- I wonder _____ he will come in time.
- _____ 5 by 4, and you will get 20.
- There will be _____ hardly enough space for anybody else.
- There will be standing room only _____ about 600 years.
- The book is well _____ buying.
- Now people's life is getting _____.
- He _____ beef to pork.
- Yesterday he _____ some information from the internet.

四、同义转换 (10 分)

- The basket is full of apples.
The basket _____ apples.
- Something must be wrong with the TV.
_____ something be wrong with the TV.
- We use knives to cut.
Knives _____ cutting.
- We don't have pens, but we can use pencils.
_____ of _____ pens, we can use pencils.
- The satellites can help us understand each other better.

_____ of the satellites, we can understand each other better.

**课外
作业**

五、选择填空 (20分)

1. E Her grandparents _____ for more than ten years.
A. died B. have been dead C. have been died D. have died
2. A Have you got any questions _____?
A. asking B. to ask C. will ask D. ask
3. C He didn't do anything _____ he fell and hurt his leg last week.
A. so B. until C. because D. but
4. E Have you finished the book? I'll like to _____ to the library
A. return back it B. give it back C. return it back D. return it to
5. E Whose turn _____ to sweep the floor?
A. it B. will you be C. is D. is he
6. C You _____ a used car _____ as little as 500 dollars last month.
A. paid; of B. bought; for C. spent; for D. cost; to
7. E It is said that the population of the world may be seven billion _____.
A. by 2010 year B. in the 2010 C. by the year 2010 D. in 2010 year
8. C We prefer _____ at the party rather than _____.
A. to sing; dance B. to sing; dancing C. sing; to dance D. sing; dance
9. E Each person will have one half _____ one square _____ of space to live in.
A. to; metres B. till; metres C. and; metre D. to; metre
10. E I know eight _____ five _____ forty.
A. multiply; is B. multiply by; is C. multiply; are D. multiply by; are

**奥赛
链接**

六、阅读理解 (20分)

The earth is very beautiful world. About 7/10 of the earth is water while 3/10 is land.

What a beautiful day! The sun is shining and the sky is so blue. The land, oceans (海洋), mountains and rivers, plants and animals and everything works bright and gay (快乐). The sun is nice. It gives us light. It keeps us warm. It makes things grow.

At night we can see thousands of stars and sometimes, the big round moon. If you weigh (重) 60 pounds on the earth, you would only weigh 10 pounds on the moon. If you can jump 4 feet on the earth, you would be able to jump 24 feet on the moon. The stars seem to make pictures in the sky. There are many beautiful things to see in our beautiful world.

1. E Water is _____ than land on the earth.
A. a little more B. much more C. as much as D. less
2. E In the day you can see _____.
A. the sun B. the land, oceans, mountains and rivers
C. plants and animals D. all above
3. C If you can jump 48 feet on the moon, you would only be able to jump _____ on the earth.
A. 8 B. 96 C. 6 D. 14
4. C If you weigh 540 pounds on the earth, you would only be able to weigh _____ pounds on the moon.
A. 270 B. 180 C. 90 D. 60
5. C Which title is the best?
A. The Beautiful Sky B. A Beautiful World C. A Beautiful Day D. The Beautiful Moon

订正栏

练习 52 Lesson 52

班级	学号
姓名	

总分 100 分 时间 30 分钟 成绩评定 _____

温故知新

一、根据句意和所给汉语提示,完成下列单词 (10 分)

1. A The population of China is over one _____ (十亿).
2. A The _____ (增长的) population maybe the greatest challenge of the world today.
3. A In 1990, the world's population _____ (达到) more than five billion.
4. B _____ (乘) this by 365.
5. A He is busy searching the _____ (互联网).

二、根据句意及首字母,完成句中单词 (10 分)

1. A The p _____ of China is much larger than any other country in the world.
2. A You had better make a d _____ about the plan now.
3. A You don't look well. What's the t _____ with you, Tom?
4. A There is going to be a football match on t _____ this afternoon.
5. A My father is busy r _____ the evening paper now.

课堂作业

三、根据汉语完成句子 (20 分)

1. B 他想他将去参观这些国家。
He thought that he _____ these _____.
2. B 他想知道他的旅游线路会是什么样的。
He _____ what his _____ be like.
3. B 假如我们不这样做的话,结果将会很糟。
If we don't do these things, the _____ will be very _____.
4. B 在美国你可以只用 300 美元买一部旧车。
In America you can buy a _____ car _____ as _____ as 300 dollars.
5. B 他们从来没有问过一百年后将会发生什么情况。
They never asked what _____ a hundred years.
6. B 没有足够的空间供任何人使用。
There will _____ be _____ for anybody else.
7. B 一百年为一个世纪。
One _____ years _____ a _____.
8. B 会议结束时,李蕾为我们唱了一首歌。
_____ the end _____ the meeting, Li Lei sang a song for us.

四、用动词适当形式填空 (20 分)

1. A It is very difficult _____ (work) on the Great Green Wall.
2. B What will you do if you _____ (lose) a library book?
3. B I _____ (check) my emails today. But I haven't got yours.
4. C These dinosaur eggs _____ (find) in Liaoning.
5. B All the food _____ (taste) delicious.
6. A Could you get my pen _____ (write) faster?
7. B When can they finish _____ (decorate) the Christmas tree?
8. A I don't know whom _____ (ask).

9. 5 Books give me knowledge and make me _____ (feel) happy.

10. 3 —Where's Mr Green?

—I think he is working on the farm. Oh, no, I remember, he _____ (go) to Beijing.

课外
作业

五、选择填空 (10分)

1. 5 China and India are _____ countries.
A. develop B. developed C. developing D. to develop
2. 5 Is there _____ room for me to stand in?
A. a B. an C. the D. any
3. 5 _____ foreign friends come to visit China every year.
A. Million of B. Millions of C. Million D. Millions
4. 5 He was ill last week. But now he feels _____ to go on with his study.
A. well enough B. enough good C. enough well D. good enough
5. 5 I think Test Three is _____ Test Five.
A. so easy as B. more easily C. as easy as D. much easier as

竞赛
链接

六、完形填空 (30分)

We spent a day in the country and picked a lot of flowers. Our car was full of 1 inside. On the way home my wife saw a bookshelf in a furniture (家具) shop. "Buy it." She said at once. "We'll 2 it home on the roof rack (车顶架). I've always wanted one like that."

Ten minutes 3 we were back with the bookshelf. I drove slowly. The drivers seemed more polite than usual that evening. The 4 even stopped traffic to let us through.

After a time my wife said, "There's a long line of cars 5. Why don't they overtake (超车)?"

Just at that time a police car did overtake, and two officers inside asked us to 6 their car through the busy traffic. The police car stopped at our village church (教堂).

One of the officers came to me and said, "Do you need any more 7 now?" I didn't quite understand. So I said, "You've been very 8. We live just down the road."

He was looking at our things, first at the flowers, then at the bookshelf.

"Well, well," he said and 9. "It's a bookshelf you've got here? We thought it was, something else."

My wife began to laugh. Suddenly I understood 10 the police drove here.

1. A. books B. flowers C. fruits D. vegetables
2. A. take B. carry C. send D. hold
3. A. before B. after C. later D. ago
4. A. drivers B. police C. cleaners D. sellers
5. A. behind B. before C. beside D. back
6. A. take B. follow C. move D. drive
7. A. time B. money C. help D. water
8. A. kind B. clever C. polite D. popular
9. A. laughed B. cried C. shouted D. jumped
10. A. how B. what C. who D. why

订正栏

Unit 14 Shopping
练习 53 Lesson 53

班级	学号
姓名	

总分 100 分 时间 30 分钟 成绩评定 _____

温故
知新

一、根据句意和所给汉语提示,完成下列单词 (10 分)

- Those two girls are very a _____. I think they must be twins.
- Fred is always too s _____ to talk in public.
- I hope I can have a computer of my o _____.
- Sam likes little animals very much. He has two p _____ —a gold fish and a nice cat.
- When Kate saw the blind man, she g _____ him across the road.
- Bell (贝尔) was the i _____ of the telephone.
- When did your brother j _____ the Party?
—In 1998. He's been a Party member for four years.
- They boys tried to climb the mountain, but they f _____ because it snowed heavily.
- I didn't take a c _____ with me, so I didn't take any photos there.
- Everyone is here e _____ Black. He is ill in hospital.

二、词形变换 (10 分)

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. A. try (过去式) _____ | 2. A. decision (动词) _____ |
| 3. A. success (副词) _____ | 4. A. interest (形容词) _____ |
| 5. A. lend (反义词) _____ | 6. A. drop (现在分词) _____ |
| 7. A. huge (近义词) _____ | 8. A. cheap (反义词) _____ |
| 9. A. cost (过去分词) _____ | 10. A. have (过去分词) _____ |

课堂
作业

三、E 补全对话 (20 分)

Man: What can I do for you, madam?

Woman: I'm 1 for a coat for my daughter.

Man: Here, madam, here're coats for 2.

Woman: The red one on the right looks very nice, 3 it? Do you like it, dear?

Girl: No, mum, I don't like red very much. I like green.

Man: Green? What about that green one 4 there? How do you like that?

Girl: It's nice, 5 it?

Woman: Yes. How 6 is it?

Man: 280 dollars.

Woman: That's 7 expensive, I'm 8.

Man: I can find a 9 one. What do you think 10 this one? It's 11 250 dollars.

Woman: That will be 12 right. Alice, please try 13 on, 14 you?

Girl: Yes, mum.

Woman: Hmm, it looks very nice, but it's a bit 15.

Girl: It will be all right 16 long. You always say I'm 17 fast, 18 you?

Woman: That's quite 19. We'll 20 it then.

四、用动词适当形式填空 (20 分)

- I _____ (go) to the shop if I have time.
- What _____ (be) the population of the country?

3. A. It's kind of you _____ (do) it for me.
 4. B. When he saw us, he stopped _____ (write) and talked to us.
 5. B. Lucy kept on _____ (ask) the teacher strange questions.
 6. B. The students are sure _____ (come).
 7. B. It's not easy _____ (write) a letter in French.
 8. B. He remembered that he _____ (buy) the book, but he left it in the shop.
 9. B. They _____ (live) here since they moved here in 1989.
 10. B. Would you please _____ (come) at once?

**课
外
作
业**

五、选择填空 (10分)

1. C. There are nearly _____ students in our school.
 A. eight hundreds B. eight hundred C. eight hundreds of D. eight hundred of
2. B. The granny has two sons. One is in Beijing, and _____ is in Shanghai.
 A. the other B. the others C. another D. others
3. C. The teacher said that we _____ an exam next month.
 A. had had B. had C. will have D. would have
4. C. We are very tired today. We'd better _____ to bed early.
 A. to go B. went C. going D. go
5. B. I have two brothers. _____ of them are doctors.
 A. All B. None C. Both D. Every

**奥
赛
链
接**

六、完形填空 (30分)

Allan was worried. This was his first time to go travelling 1. He didn't know how to find his seat 2 he went to the air hostess (空姐) and asked, "Could you help me? I can't find my seat." The air hostess showed 3 the seat and told him 4 and fasten the seatbelt (系好安全带). She told Allan not to move about when the plane was going up. And she also said that Allan's ears might feel 5 strange, but he didn't need to 6 it because many people felt 7 that. When the plane was flying very high, Allan could stand up and walk around. He could 8 read books, newspapers or see films. The air hostess would 9 food and drinks. Allan could enjoy the flight and 10 soon.

1. A. by ship B. by air C. by car D. by bus
 2. A. yet B. or C. but D. so
 3. A. him B. me C. her D. he
 4. A. stand up B. sleep C. to sit down D. sit down
 5. A. a little B. little C. a bit of D. bit
 6. A. worrying B. be worried C. worry about D. worry
 7. A. in B. for C. as D. like
 8. A. neither B. either C. both D. also
 9. A. hold B. take C. bring D. carry
 10. A. arrived home B. arrive to home C. get to home D. reach at home

订正栏

练习 54 Lesson 54

班级 _____ 学号 _____
姓名 _____

总分 100 分 时间 30 分钟 成绩评定 _____

温故知新

一、根据句意和所给汉语提示,完成下列单词 (20 分)

1. A Did you have a good summer _____ (假期)?
2. A Thank you for _____ (教) us so well.
3. A Do you like learning a _____ (外国) language?
4. A I think science is _____ (受欢迎) than English.
5. A Please be more _____ (小心) from now on.
6. A "Would you come here?" he asked very _____ (有礼貌地).
7. A Thomas Edison was a great _____ (美国的) inventor.
8. A When he saw her, he said that he needed an _____ (手术) at once.
9. A They will do the _____ (整个的) of the work.
10. A I hope that _____ (一切) goes well.

课堂作业

二、根据汉语句子完成下列各英语句子,每空一词 (20 分)

1. B 我认为这台电脑价廉物美。
I think this computer _____ the best price.
2. B 请在这张表格里填上你的个人信息。
Please _____ the form with your _____.
3. B 那几个日本人在中国看了许多不同的名胜古迹,很是激动。
The Japanese were _____ many different _____ in China.
4. B 我们不再有时间听音乐了。
We have no time _____ to the music _____.
5. B 爸爸现在很忙,他不能帮我学英语。
Dad is _____ now. He can't help me _____ my English.

三、用动词适当形式填空 (10 分)

1. B When I got to the cinema last night, the film _____ (begin) already.
2. B By the end of last term, we _____ (learn) ten English songs.
3. B I saw Wang Tao in the street yesterday. We _____ (not meet) each other since he left here.
4. B The headmaster told us that he _____ (spend) his holiday in Hainan the next month.
5. B He said that he _____ (be) to the Great Wall three times.

课外作业

四、选择填空 (30 分)

1. B _____ he _____ an hour in doing his homework yesterday?
A. Has; spent B. Has; spend C. Did; spend D. Did; spent
2. A My shoes are too old. I'd like to buy _____.
A. a new one B. a new set C. it D. a new pair
3. B A girl _____ Betty came for you just now.
A. name B. of name C. with name D. named
4. B He said he had read the book three days _____.
A. ago B. later C. early D. before
5. B The weather is _____ colder than we thought.