

考研英语史无前例的进阶丛书

与辅导班配合使用效果最佳

70天攻克 考研英语

听力

丛书主编 北京外国语大学 江涛
本册主编 江涛 梁妍

Conquer NETEM 70 Days
Listening



石油工业出版社

丛书主编
江涛

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70天攻克

江涛
英语

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丛书序

江涛永远是个天才，与别人不一样，因为他知道学生真正需要的是什么！

江涛永远是个天才，与别人不一样，因为他知道什么学生什么时候需要什么！

江涛永远是个天才，与别人不一样，他老是说实话，就像他承认自己是天才一样！

几乎每本考研的辅导书的前言都是如是说：本书根据教育部《全国硕士研究生入学考试英语考试大纲》对非英语专业英语考试的最新要求编写而成，旨在什么什么，将帮助考生迅速提高什么什么，本书应考生要求，出版以来怎样怎样，受到了广大考生好评如潮。

本人认为以上的话都是废话（大概是教考研的作文时用惯了套路）。首先，根据大纲编写根本不是优点，就像某年的作文题目中那只老母鸡夸自己的蛋有蛋清蛋黄蛋壳一般，何况考研大纲除了单词列表和本年样题外，对考生没什么实质性帮助。其次，几乎每本考研的英语书都死厚死厚的，光看完一遍就得花个把月，做完得几个月，“迅速”的概念何在？最后，说实话，从来没有考生要求某一老师出版某一辅导类书，除非那个考生听过该老师的课，但是最终没通过，来年再考时点名该老师写书。换句话说，就是自己都不知道怎么夸奖自己。

不要以为我很狂，其实我很谦虚，只是看对谁，什么时候。

我刚刚涉足考研界两年多一点时间，但，稍微动了点脑筋，加上同样的真题讲了几十遍，相同的内容讲了十来个城市，足可以与有十来年考研讲龄的老师媲美。

我一直强调对症下药，考研并非儿戏，自己不明白自己什么样子，谈何准备，诸君请对号入座。

一、好高骛远。成天搜索 3% 的超纲单词，到头来连初中学过的单词都不会写。大家可以试一试默写下列单词：星期三；图书馆；一月；二月；环境；心理学；石油。我敢肯定有些老师都写不出来。不积跬步，无以至千里。

二、本末倒置。什么难就开始复习什么。阅读只能拿 10 来分的水平，却整天去琢磨翻译法，你说你看都看不懂，你翻译个什么劲儿。得听力和阅读者得天下。

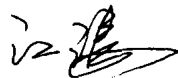
三、脱离实践。临考前满脑子的作文套句，拿到试卷后赶紧把套句写下来，也不管题目是什么。请问，从来没游过泳但熟知蛙泳、仰泳、蝶泳动作分解图的人跳到河里会是什么结果？淹死！不要以为阅卷老师都像你们在课堂上听到的那么白痴。

四. 喜新厌旧。买了一大堆关于考研的辅导书，这个老师很出名，买！同学推荐，买！封面漂亮，买！到头来，真正翻过的没几套。其实大多数道路都能通往彼岸，只是风光不同，怕就怕中途而返，哪里有那么多的蹊径？注意，中国足球队失败就失败在这里。

暂且列举到这里。考研英语怎样才能成功？三要素：英语基础；考试技巧；心理素质。其中最根本的是基础，没有基础，技巧的载体从何而来？前十道题有六道题靠蒙，谈何做到自信？

正基于此，我强烈推荐大家买我这套极具人性化的考研英语实力丛书。量体裁衣，少食多餐，风雨无阻，雷打不动！即便在一天炎热且郁闷的考研政治复习后，做一课这套书的练习也会给你带来凉爽片刻。当然，你也可以嫌贵不买，但你一定要想方设法弄到它的复印件，把题目按要求做了。当然，你有可能在书店看到这套书时，已经买了一套跟这套书差不多好的辅导书了（可能性不大），千万别后悔，也千万别买这套书了，复印一下这篇前言，贴到你的那套书的前言上去。除此之外，绝无第四种选择。

最后，我强烈建议大多数考生参加考研培训班，尽管人可能会很多，尽管管理也许会混乱一些，尽管有部分老师可能会不尽如人意，但是，在那里是你的环境，在那里有你的众多难兄难弟、难姐难妹，你们一起坚忍、奋斗直至胜利！



2004年1月10日晚

前言

我们的问题在哪里？

听力部分在 2003 年纳入考研英语总分，分值 20，然而很多同学连一半的分也拿不到。在 2004 年听力部分的难度下调之后，考生平均得分依然没有得到什么改善。这大大地暴露了广大考生英语实际交流能力的苍白。这主要体现在几个方面：

首先，对于基本的数字反应不够灵敏。不是听不明白，而是听不大明白，或者说漏听、误听。而往往在平时的练习中，考生往往是不屑于去听的，认为丢人！那么，是怕丢人还是丢掉原本可以唾手可得的 2~3 分呢？

其次，对中级难度的单词认知不够。往往大多数考生都遵循“三都”原则：一听都懂，一看都会，一写都错！Part A 和 Part B 需要大家拼写的单词共有 15 个左右，大多为不规则字母组合的中级难度的单词。

再次，缺乏最基本的速记能力。在纷至沓来的信息中不辨真伪，不辨虚实，雾里看花，草木皆兵。

从方法上讲，很多同学忽视了听力准备的长期性和阶段性，很多人总是到最后两个月才找点题来听，于事无补。

从心态上讲，部分同学认为听力是自己的短项，放弃算了。殊不知，大多数人通过循序渐进的方法可在听力上前进 7、8 分，而相同的复习时间放到别的分项，效果远远不如这么明显。明摆的事，前者是从山脚爬到半山腰，而后几者是从半山腰爬往山顶。

我们的出路在哪里？

本书的前 30 天主要是预热练习，分天逐步锻炼大家对简单基本的数字和单词的敏感和熟知程度，以及对于短对话的理解。适合大家在参加辅导班之前练习。尤其值得一提的是，每天都有听写练习，主要锻炼大家书写单词的能力和速记的能力，难度故意做得偏难了一点，正所谓矫枉过正。

中间 30 天是针对考研听力三部分的强化练习，量不多，难度基本与考研相当，这主要是考虑到很多同学要参加辅导班，中期负担不能太重。

最后 10 天是根据 2002 年、2003 年和 2004 年的命题规律以及考试大纲的样题

而做出来的 10 天冲刺全真模拟题试卷。考前的一个月，每两天坚持一套题，风雨无阻。

值得说明的是，这套书的容量很大，考虑到学员们的经济情况，我们在前 60 天的磁带灌制过程中，没有按照题目要求播放相同的音资两遍，大家应该严格要求自己一遍做对。在最后 10 天的冲刺阶段，磁带完全按照考研考试要求录制，以保证全真效果。

其实我们的出路已经很明显了，最好的出种就是按照提示，按部就班地做完这本书。当然，别忘了带上你的智慧和恒心。

我的动力在哪里？

感谢《Listen to This》和《Step by Step》对我的启发，我只是在它们的精神上灌注了考研英语的形式和内容而已。

感谢武汉大学的王洁老师的鼎力相助！

感谢石油工业出版社的全体同仁对《江涛英语》的一贯支持！

感谢我的三大精神支柱：事业，友情，亲情！

目

录

Warming-up Stage

Day 1—Day 30

Day 1	(3)
Day 2	(5)
Day 3	(8)
Day 4	(10)
Day 5	(13)
Day 6	(16)
Day 7	(18)
Day 8	(20)
Day 9	(22)
Day 10	(24)
Day 11	(26)
Day 12	(28)
Day 13	(30)
Day 14	(32)
Day 15	(34)
Day 16	(36)
Day 17	(38)
Day 18	(40)
Day 19	(42)
Day 20	(44)
Day 21	(46)

Day 22	(48)
Day 23	(50)
Day 24	(53)
Day 25	(56)
Day 26	(59)
Day 27	(61)
Day 28	(63)
Day 29	(65)
Day 30	(67)

Intensive Stage

Day 31—Day 60

Day 31	(73)
Day 32	(75)
Day 33	(77)
Day 34	(79)
Day 35	(81)
Day 36	(83)
Day 37	(85)
Day 38	(87)
Day 39	(89)
Day 40	(91)
Day 41	(93)
Day 42	(95)

Day 43	(97)
Day 44	(99)
Day 45	(101)
Day 46	(103)
Day 47	(105)
Day 48	(107)
Day 49	(109)
Day 50	(111)
Day 51	(113)
Day 52	(115)
Day 53	(117)
Day 54	(119)
Day 55	(121)
Day 56	(123)
Day 57	(125)
Day 58	(127)
Day 59	(129)
Day 60	(131)

Accelerated Stage

Day 61—Day 70

Day 61	(135)
Day 62	(138)
Day 63	(141)
Day 64	(144)
Day 65	(148)
Day 66	(151)
Day 67	(154)
Day 68	(157)
Day 69	(160)
Day 70	(163)

KEYS AND TAPESCRIPT

Day 1—Day 30



Warming-up Stage



Day 7

Part A

Listen to the sentences and the questions. Then choose the best answer from the four options. The aim is to test and reinforce your ability to distinguish the sounds of numbers.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| 1. A. 1934 | B. 1913 | C. 1943 | D. 1938 |
| 2. A. 682559 | B. 624889 | C. 682248 | D. 682448 |
| 3. A. 30 | B. 13 | C. 31 | D. 33 |
| 4. A. 2,054 | B. 2,045 | C. 2,015 | D. 2,014 |
| 5. A. 5,150,000 | B. 5,500,000 | C. 5,153,000 | D. 5,503,000 |
| 6. A. 17 pence | B. 18 pence | C. 70 pence | D. 80 pence |
| 7. A. 187 | B. 87 | C. 18 | D. 817 |
| 8. A. 1122, East 32nd Street | | B. 1120, East 32nd Street | |
| C. 1220, East 32nd Street | | D. 1720, East 32nd Street | |
| 9. A. 6 a. m. | B. 6:15 a. m. | C. 6:35 a. m. | D. 6:50 a. m. |
| 10. A. 305 | B. 135 | C. 35 | D. 30 |

Part B

Directions:

In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken **only once**. After you hear the question, read the following four possible answers and choose the best answer.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| 1. A. Go home at six o'clock. | B. Work together with Mr. Bush. |
| C. Help the man. | D. Type some letters. |
| 2. A. a driving permit. | B. a new watch. |
| C. a new car | D. an empty road. |
| 3. A. He doesn't have any money to buy the book. | |



- B. He had a lot of money to buy the book.
 C. If he lends her money, she will buy the book.
 D. If she lends him money, he can buy the book.
4. A. They are watching television. B. Listening to radio.
 C. Swimming the channel. D. Changing the new programs.
5. A. The woman is feeling much worse than she did before.
 B. The woman feels nothing at all, except for a headache.
 C. The woman felt bad for a while, but is much improved.
 D. The woman is confused and doesn't know where she is.
6. A. By bus. B. By plane. C. By car. D. By train.
7. A. Wednesday morning is available. B. Friday morning is available.
 C. Thursday morning is available. D. Tuesday morning is available.
8. A. He relaxes. B. He goes fishing.
 C. He goes to work. D. He is painting and doing repair.
9. A. Railway station. B. Air terminal. C. Hotel lobby. D. Post office.
10. A. Reading. B. Watching TV. C. Painting. D. Cooking.

Part C

I. Listen to the following talk, which will be read to you **only once**, and fill each blank with the exact word you have heard from the passage.

China, with a 1 of over 5,000 years, is a country with a 2 of cultural relics and natural 3. The Chinese government has always stressed the 4 of its culture and actively supported and 5 in international activities organized by UNESCO. As of December, 1998, 21 of the country's cultural sites were 6 in the "World Heritage List." As a country with a large number of 7, China is attracting international 8. China's brilliant ancient culture 9 to the entire Chinese nation. It is also the precious 10 of all of mankind.

II. Listen to the following talk, which will be read to you **twice**. Fill the blanks with the sentences or phrases you have heard.

In society, laughter became a characteristic that served to "humanize men". Because 1, it is largely controlled by the civilization in which it takes place. 2 and the situations for which laughter is acceptable change correspondingly. A few hundred years ago, it was socially 3 of others; today it is unacceptable. In the western world it is not customary to 4, but it remains acceptable in Japan. Personalities should smile or laugh in their photographs, but 5. Each of these examples underscores laughter's social function.



Day 2

Part A

Listen to the sentences and the questions. Then choose the best answer from the four options. The aim is to test and reinforce your ability to distinguish the sounds of numbers.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. A. 25 | B. 50 | C. 35 | D. 15 |
| 2. A. 7823145 | B. 7812145 | C. 7824145 | D. 7813145 |
| 3. A. 1906 | B. 1916 | C. 1966 | D. 1960 |
| 4. A. 5 | B. 5.15 | C. 5.50 | D. 5.05 |
| 5. A. a pound of butter | | B. half a pound of butter | |
| | C. one and half pound of butter | | D. one point two pound of butter |
| 6. A. 72.64 | B. 72.16 | C. 17.64 | D. 17.16 |
| 7. A. eight five-pound notes | | B. ten five-pound notes | |
| | C. five ten-pound notes | | D. five five-pound notes |
| 8. A. 14th July | B. 14th June | C. 4th June | D. 4th July |
| 9. A. one week | B. two weeks | C. three weeks | D. four weeks |
| 10. A. A size 38 | B. A size 37 | C. A size 36 | D. A size 35 |

Part B

Directions:

In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken **only once**. After you hear the question, read the following four possible answers and choose the best answer.

1. A. He likes bargaining with others.
B. A good sweater always puts him in good mood.
C. He is very pleased with his purchase.
D. He is proud of the high price of his sweater.



2. A. She was at a loss as to what subject to choose for an assignment.
B. She may not pass the history examination.
C. She is worrying about which topic to choose for her speech.
D. She has been finding the kind of paper she needs but failed.
3. A. He got late for the exam.
B. He was so nervous that he sweated all over.
C. He was in such a hurry that he forgot his sweater outside the room.
D. He has on put his sweater in the wrong way.
4. A. He is unable to appear in court.
B. He has paid too much attention to tennis.
C. He doesn't study diligently.
D. He is as enthusiastic on his study as on tennis.
5. A. She thought it was too sensual.
B. She found it difficult to understand.
C. She didn't make any money from it.
D. She was so moved that she could not go out of it.
6. A. It has been closed for several times.
B. It has been chosen quite often.
C. It has been closed for only twice.
D. It was closed whenever there was a bad weather.
7. A. The man should fill it out on the line.
B. It is too hard for the man to finish it.
C. The man should get in line to ask for help.
D. The man should fit it out methodically.
8. A. He went to the administration at 10 but not in the afternoon.
B. He went to meet an administrator at 10 o'clock.
C. He went to his computer class instead of administration building.
D. He went to the administration building to change a class.
9. A. He is too weak to bathe in the sea.
B. They should spend more days at the beach.
C. There is a dangerous hole at the beach.
D. They should save money and not go to the beach.
10. A. She should always stay in the library.
B. She should be quieter.
C. She shouldn't have come back to home in such a time.
D. She shouldn't complain about anything.

Part C

I. Listen to the following talk, which will be read to you **only once**, and fill each blank with the ex-



act word you have heard from the passage.

"APEC has 1 one of the most important economic forums in the region and even in the world." Tang said, 2 that it has provided rare opportunities for dialogue and 3 of views by leaders of member economies; and for 4 on frontier issues related to the global and 5 economy. Tang said APEC has played a 6 role in the formulation of policy 7 on many issues as well. Therefore, APEC has made 8 contributions to maintaining peace and 9 in the Asia-Pacific region and 10 its economic prosperity and development.

II. Listen to the following talk, which will be read to you *twice*. Fill the blanks with the sentences or phrases you have heard.

Before an individual can go into space, he must 1 and the supplies he will need. 2 : even if a man has the money and wants to go, he will have a hard time getting there. Because of 3 , there can not be many of them, and those that do exist belong to 4 , not to individuals. Anyone who wants to make a space trip 5 , either to the government or a business.