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前言

在各种英语考试中,应考者常遇到的问题有两个:一个是掌握的有效词汇量不足;二是知道该词的大致词义却不知如何使用。本书就是针对这两个问题,提供了使用频率高的考试词汇及其释义和相关例句,还提供了这些词的同义词、反义词等。使用本书肯定会对读者记忆英语高频考试词汇有所助益。

本书共收各种英语考试的高频词汇 11508 条,其中包括超高频词汇 3843 条、高频词汇 3774 条、次高频词汇 3891 条。这三个频级的词汇是根据各种英语考试和学习资料随机选取、分级的。编者根据其使用频率的高低,将它分成超高频、高频和次高频三个部分。(对于属于不同频级的同根词,一般都本着就高不就低的原则排在较高频级中。)读者可以根据自己即将参加的考试的级别和对词汇量的要求,有重点地选择使用。为了便于读者举一反三,扩大词汇量,本书还收入同义词 3575 项、反义词 1112 项。书中还收入了大量有针对性的例句,这些例句都是从各种考试的真题中精选出来的,可以帮助读者更好地掌握和灵活运用该英语单词或相关短语。

我们建议,参加大英四级、职称考试、专升本等考试的读者要把本书的超高频词汇作为重点;参加大英六级、研究生入学考试、雅思等考试的读者除了要记忆本书的超高频词汇外,还要掌握本书中的高频词汇;而参加博士生入学考试、托福、GRE等考试的读者则要掌握本书的全部词汇。

编者 2003年

A

aback ad. 1. 向后地;船处于顶风位置 2. be taken aback 突然吃 一惊: He was taken aback by the news.

Syn. 2. be startled

abandon vt. 抛弃;遗弃;放弃: He abandoned his wife and went away with all their money.

Syn. desert

Ant. persist

abandon oneself to phr. 使沉溺于;放纵: He abandoned himself to grief. The sailors abandon themselves to drinking.

abandon to *phr*. 使屈从于: But you can't abandon him to his fate!

Syn. submit oneself to

abase vt. 降低…的地位、威信等;使丢脸: A man who betrays a friend abases himself.

Syn. humiliate

Ant. elevate

abash vt. 使不安;使害臊,使羞愧: The shy girl was abashed when she saw the room filled with strangers.

Syn. discompose, shame

abate vt. 1. 减少,减弱,减轻: The medicine abated his pain. || vi. 2. 减少,减弱,减轻: The hurricane winds have abated.

Syn. 1. 2. decrease

Ant. 1. 2. increase

ability n. 能力;本领,天资: Man has the ability to speak. The ability to do this will be necessary in flights to distant planets.

Ant. inability, incompetence

able a. 1. (作表语,其后接带 to 的不定式) 能够…的: She has been able to read since she was four years old. 2. 聪明的,能干的: He is an abler actor than I thought.

Syn. 1. capable 2. skilful

Ant. 1. incapable 2. incompetent abound vi. 大量存在: Wild flowers abound there.

Syn. be plentiful

Ant. be in short supply

abound in phr. 富足,大量存在: Trout abound in that brook.

abound with phr. 充满,多: The western plains used to abound with bison before those animals were slaughtered by settlers.

about ad. 1. 接近,大约: About fifty people came here. 2. 在附近: He is somewhere about. 3. 四处,向四周: Look about and see if you can find it. 4. 向相反方向: Hearing her name, she turned about. 5. 将近: We are about ready to go. || prep. 6. 关于,涉及: There was an air of mystery about her. 7. 在 … 附近: He is about the house. 8. 在 … 身边,在 … 身上: I have no money about me. He kept his wits about him. 9. 在 … 周围,在 … 各处: Wind scattered the leaves about the yard. 10. 大约,在 … 左右: He will come to visit our country in about two weeks.

above *prep*. 1. 在…之上: Clouds hung above the water. 2. 首要的是: Above all, hold on to your passport.

abroad ad. 1. 在国外,到国外: He lived abroad for many years. I think I'll take a trip abroad somewhere. || a. 2. (一般作表语) 在流传的: Rumors of victory were abroad.

Syn. 2. circulating

超高频词

absence n. 1. 缺席(的时间),外出期: His absence from work caused trouble. 2. 不存在,缺乏: Black is the absence of color.

Syn. 1. non-attendance 2. non-existence

Ant. 1. presence 2. existence

absent a. (常与介词 from 连用)缺席的,不在场的: She was absent because of illness.

Syn. not present

absent from *phr*. 使缺席: He absented himself from the conference.

absentee n. 缺席者: There were 20 absentees from the conference.

absolute a. 1. 完全的: You must have absolute trust in me. 2. 不容置疑的,肯定的: The police have absolute proof that he is a murderer. 3. 不受限制(或约束)的: An absolute ruler can do just as he pleases.

Syn. 1. total 2. certain 3. unlimited absolutely ad. 1. 完全地,非常地,极其: He is absolutely right. 2. 肯定地,确切地: Are you absolutely sure?

Syn. 1. entirely, totally

2. unquestionably

absorb vt. 1. 吸收(液体、热等): A sponge absorbs water. Acoustic tile absorbs sound. 2. 使全神贯注: The book absorbed his attention.

Syn. 1. assimilate 2. be involved in

Ant. 1. dissipate

absorbent a. 能吸收的: This material is highly absorbent.

absorbing a. 极有趣的,非常引人注意的: The play was so absorbing we didn't notice how late it was.

Syn. amusing

Ant. boring

absorption n. 1. 吸收 2. 极大的兴趣(常与介词 in 连用): Everybody noticed the absorption of the children in their game.

abstract a. 1. 抽象的: "Goodness" and

"purity" are abstract nouns. 2. 难解的,深 奥的: These abstract matters make no sense to me; give me concrete. 3. 抽象派的: He is an abstract painter. || n. 4. (演讲等的)摘 要: The journal contained abstracts of articles on medicine.

Syn. 1. theoretical 2. abstruse abstract vt. 1. 提取: Salt can be abstracted from sea water. 2. 做…的摘要: The author abstracted his book.

Syn. 1. detach 2. abbreviate

abundance n. 1. 大量: There was an abundance of corn last year. 2. in abundance 大量的,丰富的: The land has water in abundance.

abundant a. 1. 充足的,丰富的: There are abundant supplies of firewood in the forest. 2. 有大量的,有丰富的(常与介词 in 或 with 连用): The rivers and forests of the New World were abundant with fish and game.

Syn. 1. ample

Ant. 1. 2. scarce

abuse n. 1. 滥用,妄用: He is well-known for his abuse of the law. 2. 虐待;损害: Our car has taken much abuse. $\parallel vt$. 3. 滥用,妄用: He abuses his power here; he has no right to tell people what to think. 4. 辱骂: She abuses her exhusband mercilessly.

Syn. 3. misuse 4. scold academic a. 1. 教学的,学术的;学校的;大学的: She wants her child to have an academic education and to go to university. 2. 纯理论的,不切实际的: This is merely an academic question.

Syn. 1. educational, learned, scholastic

2. impractical, theoretical

academician n. (文学、科学、艺术等方面的)学会会员,院士

academy n. 1. 私立中学 2. (中等以上的) 专门学校: She attends an academy of music. 3. 学院,大学;研究院 4. (文学、自然科学、艺术等的)学会,研究院: This is an academy of literature.

accept vt. 1. 接受,领受: I can't accept your gift. 2. 同意: She accepts that we must do the work this way. 3. 相信: I can't accept what he says.

Syn. 1. receive 2. approve

3. regard as true <

accept as phr. 相信…是真实的: The crowd accepted his statement as truth. Don't accept everything you see on TV as . true.

Syn. acknowledge as acceptable a. 可以接受的,值得接受的,令人满意的: His work is acceptable.

Ant. unsatisfactory

access n. 1. 接近(或进人、享用)权;允许接近(或进人、享用): Students need easy access to books. Only high officials have access to the Minister. 2. 进入的途径或方法: The only access to the farm was a dirt road. 3. 接近,进人: Access to their house in the hills was difficult during the winter. accessible a. 1. 可接近(或进人)的,易达到的: The White House is accessible to ordinary visitors. 2. 能得到的: Such information is not readily accessible.

Syn. 1. approachable, achievable

2. attainable

accession n. 1. 就职,就任,即位: This occurred just at the accession of Henry the First. 2. 增加,添加;增加物: The new books were a valuable accession.

accessory n. 1. 附件;零件;装饰物: She wore a black suit with white matching accessories. 2. 同谋: He was indicted as being an accessory to the crime.

Syn. 1. attachment, component, decoration 2. accomplice

accident n. 1. 意外遭遇;灾祸: His foot was injured in a road accident. 2. 意外事情,偶然因素: The discovery was a happy accident. 3. by accident 偶然: I was there by accident.

Syn. 1. calamity 2. chance accidental a. 意外的,无意中的: All accidental damage must be paid for.

Syn. unexpected

Ant. planned, intentional

accidentally ad. 偶然地,无意中地: She was accidentally hurt by a piece of glass from the broken window.

accommodate vt. 1. 向…提供住处: I can accommodate you for a few nights. 2. 给…帮忙,帮助: When we asked for help, the policeman accommodated us.

Syn. 1. house 2. aid accommodate to phr. 使适合;使适应: We must accommodate ourselves to circumstances.

Syn. adapt to

accommodating a. 乐于帮助的,热心助人的: The manager was very accommodating and changed the room arrangements.

Syn. considerate

Ant. disobliging

accommodation n. 1. 住处;膳宿(美国常用复数): They were all looking for comfortable accommodation. 2. 辅助物;使生活舒适的东西;方便设施: Buses are for the accommodation of travellers.

Syn. 1. housing, bed and breakfast

2. ease, facilities

accompany vt. 1. 陪伴,陪同: I'll accompany you to the theater. 2. 伴随,和 ··· 一起存在: Thunder accompanies lightning. Music accompanied the film. 3. 伴以…: He accompanied his speech with gestures.



超高频调汇

Syn. 1. attend 2. co-exist 3. complement accomplish vt. 完成;达到(目的);实现: Has he accomplished anything by all these years of work?

Syn. achieve

accomplished a. 1. 熟练的,聪明的,有才能的: She's an accomplished performer. 2. 多社交才艺的: She's a very accomplished young woman.

Syn. 1. adept, adroit, gifted 2. polished accomplishment n. 1. 完成;实现: The accomplishment of their plan took two weeks. 2. 技能: Riding is one of his many accomplishments.

Syn. 1. completion 2. ability
accord n. 1. 一致,符合: The decision was in accord with popular sentiment. 2. (国与国之间的)和平条约;谅解: The Camp David accords contained the following key provisions. 3. of one's own accord 自己选择,自愿地: On her mother's birthday, Betsy did the dishes of her own accord. 4. with one accord 一致同意地: With one accord the crowd shouted its approval. || vt. 5. 给予,授予: He was accorded the praise due him.

Syn. 1. accordance 2. treaty 5. give accord with phr. 相一致,相符合: Her actions accorded with their wishes.

Syn. agree with

accordance n. 1. 一致,符合 2. in accordance with (美国用 in accordance to)与 … 一致,根据: What he did is quite in accordance with the law.

accordingly ad. 因此,所以: He was asked to go, and accordingly he left at once.

according to prep. 1. 据(某人或某权威机构)所说: According to the weather report, it will rain today. 2. 与…相称:依…而定: They are arranged according to their size.

You'll be taxed according to your income level. 3. 与…符合(或一致);按照: Everything went according to plan.

account n. 1. 讲述,描述;报告,报导;叙 述: He gave a long account of the battle. 2. 账目;银行往来账: The bank sends me an account each month. 3. 赊购账: Will you add the cost to my account as I haven't any money with me? 4. **on account of** 由于: That was on account of the lack of exercises. 5. take into account 考虑到: When you're planning a garden party you'll have to take the weather into account. vt. 6. 认为是: I account myself well-paid. account for phr. 1. 对…做出解释:提出理 曲: He could not account for his foolish mistake. 2. 说明(钱是怎么花的): You'll have to account for where every penny goes.

Syn. 1. clear up 2. answer for accountable a. 有责任解释的,应负责任的 (对人负责用介词 to,对事负责用介词 for): He must be held accountable for his actions. We are accountable to him for the loss.

Syn. amenable

accountant n. 会计人员;会计师: The accountant keeps all financial records in order.

accumulate vt. 1. 积聚;堆积;积累: He is accumulating a sum of money. ||vi. 2. 积成 堆;变多;变大: A pile of work accumulated on his desk.

Syn. 1. 2. accrue

accumulation n. 堆积;积累; Little things grow by continual accumulation.

Syn. collection

accusable a. 可指控的,可指责的: He is accusable of being dishonest.

accusation n. 指控,控告;指责: The

accusation was that he had murdered a man.

Syn. allegation

accuse of phr. 指控,控告: He has been accused of murdering his wife.

Syn. denounce

accused *n*. 被告(与 the 连用,用作名词,单复数相同): The accused were questioned today.

accustom to phr. 使习惯于(可用主动式或被动式。用主动式时,常接反身代名词;用被动式时,常接动名词、名词或带 to 的不定式): He had to accustom himself to the cold weather of his new country. He was accustomed to hard work.

Syn. habituate

achieve vt. 1. 完成: He'll never achieve anything unless he works harder. 2. 得到;达到(常与抽象名词连用): He hopes to achieve all his aims by the end of the year. || vi. 3. 达到预期的结果: He achieved because he was a hard worker.

Syn. 1. accomplish 2. attain.

Ant. 1. fail 2. miss

achievement n. 1. 完成;达到;实现: Can one be happy without a feeling of achievement in life? 2. 成就,成绩: His achievements are worthy of record.

Syn. 1. 2. accomplishment

acid a. 1. 尖刻的,刻薄的: Her acid remarks made him angry. || n. 2. 酸: Acids react with bases to form salts.

Svn. 1. biting

acid test n. 严峻的考验: The new job was an acid test of his ability to bring home the bacon.

acidulous a. 微酸的;带讽刺意味的 acknowledge vt. 1. 承 认: He acknowledged his error. 2. 收到(信件等): She acknowledged the letter. 3. 感谢: The host acknowledged our greeting. **Syn.** 1. concede 2. receive 3. express gratitude for

acknowledge as phr. 承认…是: He was acknowledged as their leader.

Syn. recognize as

across ad. 1. 从一边到另一边: We came across in a boat. 2. 在对面;向对面: We'll soon be across. 3. 成十字形;交叉着: He stood with arms across. || prep. 4. 越过: He drove across the bridge. 5. 在…对面: He lives across the street. 6. 与…相交叉;成直角: The two lines cut across each other.

act n. 1. 行为;行动: It was a brave act to rescue a drowning man. 2. (戏剧的)一幕: We left after the first act. 3. 法令;法案: The Reform Act of 1832 was very important in British history. || vt. 4. 举动像;装出: He acted the fool. 5. 扮演: She acted the Queen in a film. || vi. 6. 做事;行动: Think before you act. 7. 表演: How long have you been acting? 8. 见效;起作用: Wait until the drug acts.

act as phr. 用作;充当: The chemical acted as a catalyst. Will you act as interpreter, please?

act for phr. 代表(某人): His lawyer acted for him; he did not appear in court himself. act on /upon/ phr. 1. 遵照…行事;奉行: He acted on my advice. 2. 作用于;影响: This acid acts on metal.

Syn. 1, follow 2, affect

act out phr. 用行动来发泄(思想等): Children often act out their trouble feelings in their games.

act up phr. 1. 耍脾气;捣蛋: The children were acting up again. 2. 出毛病;(病)发作: His stomach acted up after dinner.

act upon phr. = act on

act up to phr. 按…行事: He's not going to



高频词汇

act up to his principles.

Syn. live up to

action n. 1. 行动;行动(的方式): We need action, not words! 2. 表现;行为: He couldn't explain his actions. 3. 运转;动作: The machine works with up-and-down action.

Svn. 1. act 2. acts 3. movement active a. 1. 活跃的; 敏捷的; 积极的; Although he is over seventy he is still active. 2. 在活动中的;在起作用的: The volcano is still active.

activity n. 1. 活动;活跃: Activity is better than doing nothing. 2. (具体的)活动;(业 余)活动: Her activities include gardening and photography.

Syn. 1. activeness 2. occupation actor n. 1. 男演员 2. 行动者 actress n. 女演员

actual a. 实际的,真实的,事实上的: The actual result differed from our predictions.

Syn. real

actuality n. 1. 现实性;现实存在 2. 实际情 况;事实: You have to accept actualities of life.

actually ad. 1. 实际上,事实上;真正地: He actually told the truth. 2. 说来奇怪,竟 然,居然: He actually won the race!

Syn. 1. 2. in reality

actuarial a. 保险精算师的;保险精算业务 的

actuate vt. 1. 开动(机器等);使动作: A spring actuates the trap. 2. 激励;驱使: He was actuated by desire for fame.

acute a. 1. 敏锐的;灵敏的; With his acute mind he was able to find an answer quickly. 2. 严重的(需要立即采取行动): The long

- drought caused an acute shortage of water.
- 3. 剧烈的;激烈的: She was in acute pain.
- 4. 急性(病)的: He has acute appendicitis

and must have an operation immediately.

Syn. 1. astute 2. critical 3. sharp acutely ad. 尖锐地;敏锐地;剧烈地: He became acutely aware of the injustice in the world.

adapt vt. 使适应;使适用: The mechanic adapted American-made parts for foreign car.

Syn. adjust

adapt to phr. 使适应,使适合: We adapted ourselves to the hot weather.

Syn. accommodate to

adaptable a. 能适应新环境的: He is an adaptable man and will soon learn the new work.

Syn. adjustable

adaptation n. 1. 适应;改编;改写: This book needs some adaptation. 2. 改编本: This is an adaptation from a French novel.

Syn. 1. accommodation, reworking

2. version

add in phr. 包括;把…算进去: Before you finish the totals, please add in these new figures.

add to phr. 增加: His illness added to the family's troubles.

Syn. increase

add up phr. 1. 加起成为所要的或预期的总 数: These figures don't add up. 2. 合乎情 理;一致;符合. There were aspects of the story that didn't add up.

add up to phr. 1. 总计达: The separate numbers add up to 472. 2. 表明;意味着: Their actions add up to a deliberate flouting of the rules.

addition n. 1. 加(法): The sign "+" stands for addition. 2. in addition 此外: In addition, we want you to come. 3. in addition to 除…外(还): You are to come in addition to the others.

additional a. 添加的;附加的;另外的: There is an additional charge if you go by express train.

Syn, extra

adjust vt. 校准;置于适当的位置: I must adjust my watch; it's slow. I adjusted the radio dial.

Syn, regulate

adjust to phr. 使适应;使习惯于: I soon adjust (myself) to my new work.

Syn, acclimatize to

adjustment n. 1. 调整;调节;校正: The machine needs adjustment. 2. 小小的改变或更动: He is making some adjustments to his plan.

Syn. 1. regulation 2. alteration administer vt. 1. 掌管; 经营: He administers this place directly, without outside help or influence. 2. 施行;执行: The courts administer the law and also administer punishment to criminals. 3. 提供: The Red Cross administers aid in disaster areas.

Syn. 1. direct 2. dispense 3. give, supply administrative a. 管理的;行政的: He has no administrative ability.

Syn. executive

admirable a. 1. 值得赞美的;令人钦佩的: He showed admirable courage. 2. 极好的: This is an admirable plan; I like it very much.

Syn. 1. commendable 2. fine admiration n. 钦佩;赞赏: I was filled with admiration for his courage.

Syn. adoration

Ant. contempt

admire vt. 1. 钦佩;赞赏;欣赏: I admire your audacity. || vi. 2. 喜欢: I'd admire to walk with you.

Syn. 1. esteem

Ant. 1. despise

admirer n. 1. 赞赏者;敬佩者 2. (女人的) 爱慕者,求婚者,情人: She is a pretty girl with many admirers.

Syn. 1. 2. follower

admit vt. 1. 承认;供认: He admitted himself a failure. (= He admitted that he was a failure.) 2. 允许…进入: This ticket admits one person only.

Syn. 1. acknowledge 2. let in

Ant. 1. deny 2. exclude

admit of phr. 给予机会;容许(主语要用事或物): Circumstances do not admit of this.

Syn. allow of

admit to phr. 通入;开向: The hatchway admits to the engine room.

admittance n. 准许进入;进入;进入权: As the theater was full I was unable to gain admittance.

Svn. access

admittedly ad. 公认地;诚然;无可否认地: Admittedly, the subject is difficult, but most of the pupils can master it.

adolescent a. 1. 青少年的;青春期的 || n. 2. 青少年: Adolescents often have difficulties as they grow up.

Syn. 1. teenage 2. teenager

adopt vt. 1. 采纳;采用;采取: He adopted our suggestion. 2. 收养: They had no children of their own, so they adopted a boy and a girl.

Syn. 1. accept 2. take in

adopt as phr. 收…为养子: The family have adopted three children as their own.

adore vt. 1. 崇拜: The peasant girl adored the statue of the Virgin Mary. 2. 爰慕;敬佩: Her students adored her. 3. 极喜欢: She adores the cinema. (= She adores going to the cinema.)

Syn. 1. glorify 2. admire 3. have a great

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liking for

Ant. 2, abhor

adroit a. 熟练的;灵巧的;机敏的;巧妙的: He is adroit in the use of tools.

Syn. deft

adult a. 1. 充分长成的;成年的;适宜于成年人的: He has a very adult manner although he's only 12. ॥ n. 2. (达到法律规定的)成年人: This film is for adults only. adulterate vt. 使不纯: This milk has been adulterated with water.

Syn. contaminate

adulteration n. 掺杂;掺假:"This adulteration of our food must stop,"he said.

adultery n. 通奸: Adultery is considered wrong by many religions and is often given as a reason for divorce.

advance a. 1. 在前的,先行的;预先的, An advance part is a group (as of soldiers) that travels ahead of the main group. $\| n$. 2. 进 展;进步: Education has made a great advance. 3. 前进: There were so many people that our advance to the ticket office was slow. 4. 涨价;增值: I did not expect this advance in price. 5. 预支: I was given an advance of a month's pay. 6. in advance 预先,事先: I want to draw my salary in advance. 7. in advance of 在前面: In the parade, the band will march in advance of the foot ball team. | vt. 8. 促进: His work advanced the science of microbiology. 9. 建 议: May I advance my opinion on this matter? 10. 赊借;贷款;预支: The banks often advance money to farmers for seed and fertilizer. || vi. 11. 往前进: He advanced through the crowd. 12. 进展;改进;生长: A month has passed and the work has not advanced. 13. 涨价: Food prices have advanced rapidly this year.

advantage n. 1. 有利条件;有利因素: Nearby shopping is an advantage of living in the city. 2. 好处;利益: There is no advantage in doing that. 3. 有利地位;优势(常与介词 over 连用): The invaders had an overwhelming advantage over the natives. 4. take advantage of 利用: Proper advantage is not being taken of this splendidly equipped sports hall. 5. to one's advantage 对某人有利: More practice will be to your advantage.

Syn. 1. asset 2. profit 3. superiority

Ant. 1. 2. 3. disadvantage

advantageous a. 有助的;有利的;有益的: It will be more advantageous to you if you go now.

Ant. adverse

adventure n. 1. 异乎寻常的事情或经历: For a child of 10 it is quite an adventure to go away from home for some weeks. 2. 激动人心的事件或事情: She has led a life of adventure.

adversary n. 敌人;对手: My adversary became disgruntled because my arguments were so cogent.

Syn. enemy, competitor

adverse a. 1. 怀敌意的;不友善的: Her feelings were adverse to any man. 2. 无帮助的;无益的: He lived in adverse circumstances.

Syn. 1. unfriendly 2. unfavorable adversely ad. 不利地;不友善地: They act adversely to his interests.

adversity n. 厄运;逆境;苦难: A brave man smiles in the face of adversity.

Syn. bad luck, trouble

Ant. prosperity

advertise vt. 登广告; 公告: They advertised that they had a house for sale.

Syn, announce

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advertise for phr. 为…做广告: We have advertised for a new secretary but we haven't had any replies yet.

advertisement n. 广告;公告;启事: She put /placed/ an advertisement in the local newspaper.

advertiser n. 登广告者;广告客户 advice n. 劝告;忠告;意见: I followed his good advice and found work quickly.

Syn. counsel

advisable a. 可取的;明智的;适当的: It is not advisable to leave your door unlocked, in fact it's quite inadvisable.

Syn. proper, sensible

Ant. foolish, inadvisable

advise vt. 1. 劝告;忠告;向…提供意见: I advise you to go by air. I advise that you should not travel by road. $\parallel vi$. 2. 提供意见: I'll do as you advise.

Syn. 1. counsel

adviser also advisor n. 顾问;劝告者;提供意见者: His medical adviser told him to rest.

Syn. counsellor

advisory a. 1. 顾问的;咨询的: They are on the advisory committee. 2. 劝告的;忠告的: Our report is only advisory because we have no power to act.

Syn. 1. consultative 2. counseling affair n. 1. 事情;事务: This is my affair, not theirs. 2. 事件: The fire was a terrible affair. 3. 东西: Her first souffle was a sad affair.

Syn. 1. business 2. episode 3. object affect vt. 1. 影响: The amount of water affects the plant's growth rate. 2. 感动;打动: She was affected by his pathetic story. 3. (疾病)袭击: The disease is affecting his lungs now. 4. 佯装,假装: He affected great zeal to do this.

Syn. 1. act on 2. move 3. strike 4. feign affectation n. 装模作样: Her southern accent is an affectation.

Syn. airs

affected a. 不自然的, 假装的: He spoke in an affected voice.

affection n. 慈爱;喜爱;钟爱: Her affection for them was clear in the way she spoke.

Syn. kindness, liking, love affectionate a. 充满深情的,表示爱的;出于柔情的: Her affectionate mother believed her.

Syn. loving

affectionately ad. 充满深情地;钟爱地(家人、亲属间写信的结尾署名用语): Your affectionately, Sophie.

afford vt. 1. (有足够的钱或时间)做某事(常与 can, could, be able to 连用于否定句或疑问句中): Can we afford a taxi? 2. 负担得起(后果等): He can afford to try new methods.

Syn. 1. have enough for 2, bear afraid a. 1. 害怕的,恐怕的: Are you afraid of ghosts? She was afraid to excite him in case he became dangerous. 2. (表示客气用语)遗憾的: I'm afraid he's not here now.

Syn. 1. fearful 2. regretful

Ant. 1. bold

after ad. 1. 随后: They had a drink and went home after. 2. 在后面,在后: Jill came tumbling after. || prep. 3. (表示时间)在 …以后: He will arrive just after me. 4. 由于,鉴于: After that remark, you'll have to apologize. 5. 尽管: After all we'll persuade, he still won't change his mind. 6. 搜寻: The police are after my brother. 7. 依照,按照: You are a man after my own heart; we think and act alike in nearly all things. 8. 在…后面,随…之后: Your name

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comes after mine in the list. | conj. 9. 在… 以后: It happened after you left.

after all ad. 毕竟,终究: The plan failed after all.

afterwards ad. 以后,过后,后来: They went home afterwards.

age n. 1. 年龄: What is his age? 2. 时代; 世纪: The period in which man learned to make tools of iron is called the Iron Age. 3. 同一代人: This age doesn't know what it is to be really poor. 4. 老年: His back was bent with age. 5. of age (已)成年(常与 be 或 come 连用): My daughter comes of age on May 25th of this year. || vt. 6. 使变老: The year of what might happen aged him. 7. 使可使用;使成熟: He aged the wood for several months. || vi. 8. 变老: He's ag(e) ing fast. 9. 成熟: The wine aged well.

ageing n. 衰老(过程);成熟(过程); The ageing of beer is about eight weeks.

agent n. 1. 代理人;代理商: Public officers are the servants and agents of the people. 2. 能因;使然力;动原: Rain and sun are agents which help plants to grow.

Syn. 1. delegate 2. cause agglomerate vt/vi. (使)成团;(使)结块 aggravate vt. 1. 使恶化;加剧: Grief aggravated his illness. 2. 使恼火;激怒: His questions aggravate her.

Syn. 1. worsen 2. irritate

Ant. 1. improve 2. mollify

aggression n. 侵犯;侵略;侵略行为: The army's move was an act of aggression against their eastern neighbours.

Syn. invasion

aggressive a. 1. 侵略的;侵犯的: Nobody likes his aggressive behaviour. 2. 积极的; 不怕反对的: His aggressive selling methods made him rich.

Syn. 1. offensive 2. vigorous, bold

Ant. 1. friendly 2. inactive, submissive agitate vt. 1. (剧烈地)摇动: The wind agitated the trees. 2. 搅动(液体等): The washing machine agitates the clothes. 3. 使 焦虑;使激动: The news agitated him; he kept walking up and down.

Syn. 1. shake 2. disturb 3. trouble, worry agitate for phr. (为支持某事)激烈地辩论; 要 求: More people are agitating for improvements in prison conditions.

Syn. campaign for

agitation n. 1. 不安;焦虑;激动: Her agitation increased as the hours passed and there was no news of her child. 2. 鼓励;煽 动: Their agitation for higher pay moved from argument to taking possession of the firm's offices.

鼓励者;煽动者: agitator n. government doesn't like political agitators.

Syn. inciter

agree vt. 1. 承认(常接名词从句): I agree that he is the ablest of us. 2. (指经过争论 后)同意: I must agree your plans.

agree on /upon/ phr. (指争论后对某事) 有相同的看法: We don't agree on politics. agree to phr. 同意(计划、提议、方案等): He has agreed to my plan.

agree with phr. 1. 与…持相同的意见或看 法(介词后接"人"或表示"意见"的词): I don't agree with you. 2. 相同;相符: Does her account agree with yours?

agreeable a, 1. 令人愉快的; We had a very agreeable dinner. 2. 欣然同意的: Are you agreeable to my plans? 3. 适合的;符合 的: Is that arrangement agreeable to you?

Syn. 1. pleasing 2. willing to consent

3. fitting

Ant. 1. disagreeable

agreement n. 1. (意见等的)一致: We are in agreement,2,协议;契约:The two

countries signed an agreement to respect each other's rights. 3. in agreement with 意见一致,同意: I'm quite in agreement with what you say.

Syn. 1. accord 2. treaty, contract

Ant. 1. disagreement

agricultural a. 农学的;农艺的;务农的;农业的: France was an agricultural country.

ahead ad. 1. 在前面,在前头: Go on ahead and say that I'll be late. 2. 向前,前进: They went ahead with their plans. 3. 在将来: I see trouble ahead. 4. ahead of 在…前面;在…之前: He went on ahead of us to see if everything was all right.

aid n. 1. 帮助,援助: He came to my aid. 2. 帮助者;辅助物: He wears a hearing aid. || vt. 3. 帮助,援助;救助: Who aided him with money?

Syn. 1, assistance 2, helper 3, assist

Ant. 1. hindrance 3. hinder

aim n. 1. 瞄准;针对: His aim with a gun isn't as good as his aim with a bow. 2. 志向;目的: What is your aim in working so hard? || vt. 3. 把(枪等)瞄准: The gun was aimed at him. 4. 把…对准掷向: She aimed a book at his head. My remarks were not aimed at you.

aim at phr. 极力想(做某事);力求;意欲(美语用 aim to do): The factory must aim at increased production /at increasing production/.

air n. 1. 天空;空中: He jumped into the air. 2. 微风: There is not a breath of air this afternoon. 3. 外表;态度: There was a furtive air about the little man. 4. 装腔作势的姿态: John put on high airs with his richness. Don't put on airs. 5. on the air 在广播;被广播: What's on the air now? || vt. 6. 晾(衣服等): We air our clothes on the roof. 7. 发表(意见等): He began to air his

ideas about crime and punishment.

airborne a. 1. 空运的 2. 在飞行中的: We have been for hours airborne.

airy a. 1. 无实质的;不真实的;虚幻的: Nothing results from his airy plans and promises. 2. 通风的: The large window makes the room quite airy. 3. 快活的;愉快 的: Her charmingly airy manner lifted their spirits. 4. 空气的;像空气的

Syn. 1. windy 2. draughty 3. cheerful alarm n. 1. 惊恐; 惊慌: The clap of thunder filled him with alarm. Coming upon a snake, she took (the) alarm. 2. 警报: The fire alarm sounded. 3. 警钟;警报器;警报信号: The electric alarm told everyone of the danger. || vt. 4. 使惊恐;使忧虑: They were alarmed at the news.

Syn. 1. horror, fear 2. alert

3. alarm-bell, distress signal

4. dismay

alarmist n. 轻事重做的人;爱杞人忧天的人;大惊小怪的人: He is an alarmist.

alike ad. 1. 一样地;相似地 (alike 前可用 much, exactly 或 very much, 但不能用 very): They all talk alike. || a. 2. 同样的; 相似的: The two brothers are very much alike.

Syn. 1. identically 2. akin

alive a. 1. 活着的: Is this fish alive or dead? 2. 仍存在的;继续起作用的: The argument was kept alive by the politicians. 3. 有活力的;活跃的 (alive 前可用 all, very much, much 等,但不能用 very): Although old, he is very much alive. 4. alive to 注意到的;意识到的;敏感的: He is alive to the changes going on around him. 5. alive with 充满: The station was alive with rushing commuters.

Syn. 1. animate 2. existent 3. lively

Ant. 1. dead 3. lifeless

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all ad./pron. 1. 十分;完全: The table was all covered with papers. 2. all along 始终; 一直: He knew about the plan all along. 3. all told 总共;合计: There are 80 people at the party all told. 4. for all (1) 虽然,尽管: For all that, it was a good year. (2) 就,尽: For all we know, he's lying. 5. in all 总共,合计: In all, about fifty attended.

allocate vt. 1. 分配;配给:At the beginning of the school year every teacher is allocated a classroom. 2. 拨给;分派:We allocated the society some money. Certain duties have been allocated to each member. 3. 把…划归;(为某一目的)留下:That space has already been allocated.

Syn. 1. 2. 3. allot

allocation n. 1. 分配;配给;拨给: The allocation of rooms will take place after lunch. 2. 分配额;分配物: He has a \$30,000 allocation to cover expenses.

Syn. allotment

allot to phr. 分配;分派;拨给: He allotted this work to me, not you.

Syn. allocate to

allow vt. 1. 允许;准许;容许: His father allows him to drive the car. 2. 承认: They allowed his claim. 3. 给予: He allows his son \$500 a month.

Syn. 1. permit 2. concede 3. provide allow for phr. 考虑到;体谅: He often makes mistakes, but we must allow for his youth and inexperience.

Syn. take into consideration allow of phr. 容许: This sentence allows of several interpretations.

Syn. admit of

allowable a. 允许的;准许的;容许的: In this game, second attempts are not allowable.

Syn. permissible

allowance n. 1. 津贴;补贴;零用钱: He has a big travel allowance. 2. make allowance for (1) 考虑到,顾及: They made allowance for his youth and inexperience. (2) 原谅,体谅: I shall make allowances for you and not punish you this time.

Syn. pension

all right ad. /a. 1. 令人满意的: His work is all right. 2. 令人满意地: His work is coming along all right. 3. 安全的;健康的: Are you all right? 4. 是;好: All right, I'll go with you. 5. 肯定地;一定: I'll be there, all right.

all-round also all-around a. 多才多艺的; 适于各种用途的: He is a good all-around sportsman.

almost ad. 几乎;差不多(almost 可以修饰 no, none, nothing, never, 但不能修饰 not): Almost all the food was eaten. Sophi almost never visits me nowadays. Almost nothing has been built. There is almost none left. I get almost no help from others.

Syn. all but

alone ad. 1. 单独地: The widow lived alone. 2. 仅仅;只: Man cannot live by bread alone. 3. 独自地: He built the house alone. || a. 4. 孤独的;单独的: My mother is alone. She was alone in the world. 5. 惟一的 (alone 置于名词或代词后): God alone understands it. He alone can do it.

aloud ad. 大声地(使能听得见): He called aloud for help.

Syn. loudly

already ad. 1. 早已;已(经);先前: It's already been done. 2. 难道(早已);难道(已经)(用于疑问句,表示惊讶等): Is it already dry?

Syn. 1. before now, previously amateur a. 1. 业余的;非职业的: He is an amateur tennis player. 2. 不熟练的;外行

的: His work is pretty amateur. | n. 3. (艺术、体育等的)业余爱好者: You are a professional but I am an amateur. 4. (艺术、运动等方面)无经验者;外行: She's still an amateur at it.

Syn. 1. 2. 3. 4. nonprofessional

Ant. 1. 2. 3. 4. professional

amateurish a. 像业余的;不熟练的;非内行的: He made an amateurish attempt to build a cupboard.

Syn. unprofessional, inexpert

Ant. professional, skilled

amaze vt. 使大为惊奇;使惊愕: I was amazed to find that he had got 100 marks. I was amazed by /at/ your performance.

Syn. astound

amazement n. 惊愕; 惊奇: To my amazement I came first in the competition.

Syn. astonishment

amazing a. 令人吃惊的;使人十分惊奇的: He told us amazing stories about an adventurer.

Syn. surprising

ambassador n. 1. 大使: He was the Japanese ambassador to France. 2. 代表;使节;特使: A tourist abroad can be an ambassador of good w or his country.

Syn. 1. diplomat 2. representative ambition n. 1. 雄心;抱负;野心: A boy who is filled with ambition always works hard. He has a high ambition for fame. 2. 志向;追求的目标: His ambition was to break the track record.

Syn. 1. aspiration 2. goal

Ant. 1. 2. apathy

ambitious a. 1. 有抱负的;有强烈欲望的 (其后可接介词 of, after, for 或带 to 的动词 不定式): She is ambitious to win first prize. He is ambitious of /after, for/ wealth. 2. 显出野心(或雄心)的;需要极大 努力的: It's an ambitious attempt; I hope it succeeds.

Syn. 1. aspiring 2. demanding among prep. 1. 被…所环绕;在…中: I live among the mountains. 2. 与…在一起: The minister was among those who spoke at the meeting. 3. 在(三人或三人以上)…之间分配: He divided the prize among the winners. 4. 系…中之一: Yokohama is among the largest seaports in the Far East. 5. 相互;彼此: They quarreled among themselves.

amount n. 1. 总数;总额: What is the amount? 2. 量;数量(常与 large, huge, small, considerable 等连用, of 后接不可数名词): There's a large amount of coffee in Brazil.

amount to phr. 等于;总共达: The bill amounts to ten dollars.

Syn. be equivalent to, add up to amuse vt. 1. 使发笑: His jokes amused all of us. 2. 给…娱乐;消遣: He amused himself by reading.

Syn. 1. delight 2. divert

Ant. 1. displease 2. bore

amusement n. 1. 乐;兴味: I listened in /with/ amusement. 2. 娱乐(活动);消遣(活动): My chief amusement is fishing.

Syn. 1. delight

amusing a. 有趣的;引起乐趣的;令人发笑的: The baby's attempts to talk were amusing.

Syn. funny

Ant. boring

analysis n. (pl.) -ses 1. 分析;分解: This matter needs careful analysis. 2. 分析报告; 分析结果表: Write an analysis of the murderer's character.

Syn. 1. separation 2. examination analyst n. 分析者;善于分析者: He is a

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