

初中升学英语试题 汇编及分析

北京教育出版社

内容提要

本书收集了1988年北京等14个省市的初中 升学英语试题、答案和评分标准。对答案中的 疑难问题,易错易混淆的问题,以及答题方法 等做了必要的分析和说明。本书可供初中学生 学习英语时参考,也可供初中英语 教师 教学 时参考。

> 初中升学英语试题汇编及分析 CHUZHONG SHENGXUE YINGYU SHITI HUIBIANJIFENXI 《人大附中编写组 编

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编写说明

为了帮助初中学生和教师准备、辅导中考,我社从1988年全国各省市初中升学 试 卷 里,精 选出一批质量较高的试 题,邀请人民大学附中有经验的教师作出答案并加以分析和 指导,编辑成《初中升学试题汇编及分析》丛书。丛书包括 语文、数学、物理、化学、英语等五个分册。本分册为《初中升学英语试题汇编及分析》,由人大 附中 陈 宝 萍、石英 编写。

本分册精选了全国十四个省市1988年初中升学 英语试题。试题中"短文填空"一项,在答案中未作过多的分析,在此加以说明。短文填空实际上是国际流行的"完形测验",通过这种测验可检查学生的阅读理解能力和综合运用语言知识的能力。学生必须掌握一定数量的单词、短语以及相当牢固的语法知识,答题时要从整篇文章的内容,结构出发,选出适当的词填入空格内。下面我们简单介绍一下解题的方式。方法,供参考。

- 1. 先将全文 通 读 几 遍, 弄清整篇文章的大意。
- 2. 分析应填的词在句中的地位, 前后的关系和它所起的作用。填空时对文章的结构, 词的搭配, 词的习惯用法等都要进行分析。
 - 3、将短文再通读一遍,看看短文意思是否符合主题思

想,内容是否明确,检查所填的词在拼写上,语法上是否正确,文章是否前后呼应。

由于我们的水平有限,难免存在疏漏和不当之处,恳请读者批评指正。

1988年9月

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日 录 (4)

北	亰	市	19	88	车	中	考	英	语	试	題	•	•••	••	• • •	•••	• •	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	(1)
上	海	市	19	88	年	中	考	英	语	试	題	•	•••	•••	•••	• • •		• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	(21)
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四	川	省	19	88	年	中	考	英	语	试	题	•	•••	•••	••	• •	•••	۰.	•••	•••	•••			•••	·(]	18)
西	安	市	19	88	3年	中	考	英	语	试	题	•	•••	•••	••	• •	•••	••	• : •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•(2	20:	1)
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北京市1988年中考英语试题

1.语音(共8分)

	1.	将下列各词, 书	读其元 音字	母或字母组	合的读音归
		类: (4分)			
		pass, pig, sho	ut, clock,	house, do	g, ill, far
		[au]	[a	:]	
		[i]	[:	o]	
	2.	从下列各组词中	中找出一个	元音字母或	字母组合读音
		不同的词,并将	将其标号填	人括号: (4分)
()	1) A. take	B. face	C. have	D. wake
()	2) A. horse	B. work	C. north	D. sport
()	3) A. lose	B. come	C. love	D. some
()	4) A. bread	B. head	C. dead	D. meat
II.	. 词汇	和短语(共285	})		
	1.	按要求写出下列	月各词: ((10分)	
1)	box	(复数)	2) s	end(过去去	
3)	long	(比较级)	4) v	vin (过去分	词)
5)	sing	(现在分词)	6) ł	ieavy (最高	级)
7)	high	(同义词)	8) s	even (序数 ⁻	词)
9)	new	(反义词)	10) v	vonderful (副词)

	2,	从右	栏找出与	5左栏词	吾意	义相	近的	解释,	将标	号填
		人招	号。(8	分)						
()	1)	baby	A .	. sa	y ag	ain			
()	2)	visit	В.	, m	eke d	ean	with	wate	r
()	3)	hear fro	m C	, th	e fir	st m	onth o	f the	year
()	4)	large	D	. no	t eas	sy			
()	5)	repeat	E	. ge	t a :	letter	fron	ı	
()	6)	January	F	. a	very	you	ng chi	ld	
()	7)	wash	G	. bi	g				
()	8)	difficult	н	. g¢	to	see	some	body	or a
	,				pl	ace				
	3.	英汉	【互译:	(10分)						
1)	起立	<u> </u>	- 		2)	去年				
3)	继续	ŧ			4)	找出				
5)	拾起	1		· · · · · · · · ·	- 6)	just	now			
7)	join	the	army		8)	hav	e bre	akf as	t	
9)	go 1	to so	hool		10)	kno	ck at	the de	00r	······································
Ⅲ.	句型	转技	完成 完成	下列各句	,铂	空域	一词	(125	分)	
	1.		is read						为否定	(句)
			is							
	2.	The	student	s saw ar	A A	neric	an f	ilm la	st Su	nday.
							(改	为一	及疑问]句)
		-	tl	ie stude	nts			_ an	Am	eric an
		filr	n last Su	ınday?						
	3.	You	a won't	be away	for	a lo				
				1			((完成)	反意 问	可句)

			D	S to WOIK	by car. (RXX	划线部分提问)
				Mr	Black	to work?
	6.	"Are	e you fe	eling bett	er? " the	doctor asked
		Tom	ı .		(改	为间接引语)
		The	doctor as	ked Tom _		
		feel	ing better	:•		
IV.					持人題前的	
()	1.	John Sm		honest	
			A. one		C. an	
()	2.	A friend	of	came ye	sterday.
			A. my	B. his	C. her	D. your
()	3.		the morn	ing of June	25, they vi-
				Capital S		
ł			A. In	B. At	C. From	D. On
()	4.	l saw	in	the street l	ast night.
						D. himself
()	5.	The nurs	se is very	tired	she is still
			working	very hard	•	
			A. but	B. if	C. only	D. when
()	6.	The hou	ses there	re made	stone.
			A. by	B. of	C. from	D. up
	`	7.	uly and	l August a	re the	month
(,	•				
(,	•	in a yea	r.		

)	8.	Mr Li is going to help him his
			Chinese this afternoon,
			A. with B. on C. by D. at
()	9.	I feel hungry me something to
			eat.
			A. Take B. Pull C. Carry D. Bring
()	10.	"Must I do the homework now?" "No, you
			"
			A. mustn't B. can't C. needn't D. may
()	11.	We have no cups with us. Can you
			us some?
			A. take B. lend C. borrow D. to take
()	12.	Neither your father nor your brother
			in at that time.
			A. was B. were C. is D. are
()	13.	That chemist was too busy to work in his
			lab. He had time to do the research
			work.
			A. few B. a few C. little D. a little
()	14.	"Where is Mary?" "She isn't here now. She
			to the Science Museum."
			A. has gone B. has been
			C. was D. is
()	15.	Which subject do you, history or
			physics?
			A. like best B. to like
			C. very much like D. like better

) 1	6. The man doesn't kno	w how to this
		word in Russian.	
		A. speak B. say	C. tell D. talk
() 1	7. They'd better	at once.
		A. to begin	B. began
			D. beginning
() 1	8. There wron	ng with my radio.
		A. are something	B. are anything
		C. is anything	D. is something
() 1	9. Betty had her piano	five days ago.
		A. repaired	B. repair
		C. repairing	D. repairs
() 2	0. They said they	the news about her
		the next day.	
		A. had got	B. will get
		C. have got	D. would get
٧.	动词与	真空 用所给动词的适当	形式填空 (6分)
	1. H	le (write	e) four letters to his
	٧	vife every month.	· ·
	2. I	on't make any noise; (Grandma
		sleep).	
	3. I	lis aunt	(do) some cooking
		vhen he came in.	
	4. \	When they	(reach) the sta-
		ion, the train had alrea	
	5.	There	(be) a concert next

Monday.

6. We since our boyhood.

YI. 汉译英 将所选正确译文的标号填入题前的括号(6分)

- () 1. 我很高兴帮你的忙。
 - A. I glad to help you very much.
 - B. I'm very glad to help you.
 - C. I help you very glad.
- () 2. 如果明天不下雪, 我们就去长城。
 - A. If it doesn't snow tomorrow, we'll go to the Great Wall.
 - B. If it will not snow tomorrow, we'll go to the Great Wall.
- () 8. 他跑得太快了,没有人能跟得上他。
 - A. He ran too fast that no one could keep up with him.
 - B. He ran so fast for no one to keep up with him.
 - C. He ran so fast that no one could keep up with him.
- () 4. 他不懂日语,我也不懂。
 - A. He doesn't know Japanese, I don't know, too.
 - B. He doesn't know Japanese, I don't know, neither.

C. He doesn't know Japanese, I don't know, either.

() 5. 直到做完作业,他才看电视。

- A. He didn't watch TV until he had finished his homework.
- B. He watched TV until he had finished his homework.
- C. He finished his homework until he watched TV

() 6. 他每天晚上用半小时做功课。

- A. It spends him half an hour to do his lessons every evening.
- B. He spends half an hour on his lessons every evening.
- C. He takes half an hour do his lessons every evening.

Ⅶ. 阅读理解(共10分)

1. Who Were Famous People?

One evening Mrs Evans asked her husband to take her to a very expensive restaurant in the city because a lot of film stars (明星) and other famous people ate there, and she was curious (渴望的) to see some of them.

Soon after they had ordered (点菜) their meal, a very attractive (引人注目的) man and woman came into the restaurant and sat down at a table nearby. They were

wearing beautiful clothes, and Mrs Evans said to her husband. "Look at those people, Mike, I'm sure I've seen their pictures in a magazine."

The man and woman gave their order to the waiter, and when he brought Mr and Mrs Evans their drink, Mrs Evans said to him, "Who are those people? Do you know them?"

"Oh, they're nobody famous," he answered at once.

"Really?" Mrs Evans asked in surprise. "How do you know that?"

"Because they asked me who you were."he answered. 根据短文内容,判斷下列旬子正误。正确的在題前括号內划 V, 否则划×. (5分)

- () 1) Mrs Evans wanted very much to see some film stars in the expensive restaurant.
- Mrs Evans had seen their pictures in a magazine.
 - () 3) They guessed Mr and Mrs Evans were famous people.
 - () 4) The waiter told Mrs Evans they were nobody famous because he knew them.
 - () 5) They asked the waiter who Mr and Mrs

 Evans were because they wanted to make friends with them.
 - 2. Your Passport (护照), Please!
 Mr Hill arrives at London Airport (机场), at the

end of a three-week holiday in France (法国). Usually he wears a beard (留胡须). Since it has been hot there, he has taken it off (剃掉). But his passport photo shows him with his beard.

An officer looks at the photo for a moment, and says; "Will you excuse me? Please sit down. I shan't keep you long." With this, he walks away, shows the photo to a second officer, and says; "I know that face." The second officer looks at the passport and asks where Mr Hill has come from. When he hears that Mr Hill has just arrived back from Paris, the second officer smiles and says; "An Englishman (美國人) with a beard stole a painting (河面) in Paris on Friday. And that man looks just the kind of man."

Suddenly, it comes to (回忆起) the first officer who Mr Hill is. He returns to him, and asks, "Did you teach at the No. 2 High School?" When Mr Hill answers, in surprise, that he did, the first officer smiles, and says, "I thought so. I'm Jack Smith. You taught me French. You haven't changed a bit."

根据短文内容选择正确答案,将其标号填入题 前 的 括 号。(5分)

() 1) Mr H#11 _____.

- A. has just come back from the airport
- B. is on his way to Paris
- C. spent three weeks in Paris before he went to France

			D. has been in France for three weeks
()	2)	Mr Hill
			A. has a beard on his face but not in his
			photo
			B. grew a beard while he was on holiday
			C. has a beard in his photo but not on
			his face
			D, took his beard off long before he went
			on holiday
()	3)	The first officer is sure
			A. Mr Hill stole the painting
			B, he has seen the face in the photo be-
			fore
			C. he knows the second officer's face
			D. a man without a beard stole the paint-
			ing
()	4)	The second officer says that
			A. Mr Hill stole the painting
			B. a man with a beard, from France, stole
		٧.	a painting in England
			C. an Englishman took his beard off and
			stole a painting
			D. a man with a beard, from England,
			stole a painting in Paris
()	5)	Mr Hill taught
			A. Jack Smith French at the No. 2 High
			School

- B. Jack Smith to be a first officer
- C. at the No. 2 High School, in France
- D. French some years ago and his name was Smith, not Hill

17. 短文填空 在下面短文的空格内填入一个在语法上和意义上都正确的词,将所填词写入题右面的横线内: (10分)

Which is the best way to learn a (1) language? We all remember that we learnt our (2) language well when we were children. If we can learn a second language in the (3) way, it won't seem so difficult. Think of what a small child (4). It listens to what people say and it (5) to imitate (模仿) what it hears. When it wants something, it has to ask (6) it. In (7), it is using the language.

	_
1	
2	
3	ĺ
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6	ı
7	
8	
9	İ
10	
	1

It is talking in it and thinking in it (8) the time. If people use a second language (9) this, they will learn it more (10) than before.