# ENGLISH

# 英语

初级班•下册

福建人人人从战

# 福建省业余外语广播讲座

英语

English

初级班 下册

福建师范大学外语系 英语广播教材编写组编写

福建人人人从战社

福建省业余外语广播讲座 英 语

初级班 下册 福建师范大学外语系 英语广播教材编写组编写

# Contents

Lesson	1	Our School Life	(1)
Lesson	2	In a Workshop of a Tractors Plant…	(7)
		Grammar 现在进行时(1)	\$
Lesson	3	Train Hard for the Revolution	(16)
		Grammar 现在进行时(I)	1
Lesson	4	A Barefoot Doctor	(25)
		Grammar 祈使句	•
Lesson	5	The Wulung River Bridge	(35)
		Grammar 感叹句	
Lesson	6	Shopping	(45)
		Grammar 情态动词	
Lesson	7	We Overcome Our Difficulties	
		with Mao Tsetung Thought	(55)
		Grammar 动词的分类	
Lesson	8	An Announcement	(66)
		Grammar 一般将来时	, í
Lesson	9	The Cock Crows at Midnight	(77)
		Grammar 一般过去时(I)	į.

Lesson 10	Lei Feng—A Great Communist
	Fighter (87)
	Grammar 一般过去时(I)
Lesson 11	Talking about Taching (98)
<b>A</b>	Grammar 反意疑问句
Lesson 12	Foochow (106)
Programme and	Grammar 冠 词
Lesson 13	Aunt Wang's Family History (115)
Lesson 14	The Sun, the Moon and the Stars (123)
	Grammar 形容词和副词的比较级和最
	高级
Lesson 15	A Letter from an Educated Youth
	in the Countryside (132)
	Grammar 现在完成时
Lesson 16	Our Great Motherland (146)
附录 I	Key to Exercises (156)
I	Supplementary Reading Materials(171)
1	Irregular Verbs (185)
IV	How to Spell Chinese Names of
. *	Person and Place (187)
. V	English Songs····· (195)
VI	配乐对话(200)
. <b>VI</b>	Vocabulary (208)

#### Lesson One

# Our School Life

I am a pupil of a middle school in Foochow. I go to school at seven o'clock every morning. Classes begin at half past seven. At nine thirty



we do morning exercises. Every day we have six classes, four in the morning and two in the afternoon.





At a quarter to four in the afternoon, we begin our group activities. We study Chairman Mao's works, read newspapers or take part in physical training.

Sometimes we go to the communes or factories for labour. Sometimes we go to the army units to learn from the PLA. Our school life is a happy one.



# New Words and Expressions

- 1. pupil ('pju:pl)
  - n. (中, 小) 学生
- 2. middle ('midl)
  - n. 当中,中间
- 3. class (klas)
  - n. 班级, 阶级, 课
- 4. group [gru:p] n. 小组
- 5. activity ( &k'tiviti)
  - n. 活动
- 6. newspaper
  - ['nju:speipə] n. 报纸
- 7. physical ['fizikl]
  - a. 体力的

- 8. training ['treinin]
  - n. 训练
  - physical training

体育锻炼

train [trein]

v.t 锻炼; n. 火车

9. sometimes

['sʌmtaimz] adv. 有时

- 10. unit ('ju:nit)
  - n. 部队,单位
- 11. life (laif)
  - n. 生命、生活

#### Notes to the Text

1. 表达在"几点钟"或在"……时间"时,一般要在前面加介词"at"。如:

在"七点钟" at seven o'clock 在"九点半" at nine thirty (at half past nine) 在"三点三刻" at a quarter to four

- 2. morning exercises 早操
- 3. in the morning 在上午, in the afternoon 在下午, in the evening 在晚上 (前面的介词要用 in)
- 4.... take part in physical training 参加体育锻炼 to take part in 参加
- 5. Our school life is a happy one. 我们的学校生活 是愉快的。 (这里 "one" 代表 "life", 避免重复)

# Pronunciation and Intonation

- I. 语音练习
  - 1.正确朗读下列单词,注意单元音 [u:] 与双元音[ou] 的发音:
    - (u:) two, group, school, pupil, unit, afternoon (ou) go, open, soldier, follow
  - 2.正确朗读下列单词和词组,注意重读音节与非重读音

节的发音:

**\rightarrow**ercise

'after \noon

newspaper

'country \side

'middle \school

'nine o'\clock

3.正确朗读下列单词和词组,注意不完全爆破的发音:

factories

picture

red-letter

exercise

tractor

good-bye

activities

breakfast

construction

basketball

at seven o'clock at half past seven, read newspapers take part in

# Ⅰ. 语调练习

- 1.陈述句一般用降调:
  - 1) I am a 'pupil of a 'middle 'school in 'Foo
    chow.
  - 2) I 'go to 'school at 'seven o'clock 'every morning.
- 2.长句中的停顿,一般用升调:

We 'study 'Chairman 'Mao's I works, read Inewspapers or 'take 'part in 'physical training.

# Everyday English

A. Which middle school do you go to?
B. I go to No. 3 Middle School.
A. How do you go there?
B. I usually go there on foot (on bike, by bus).

- 1. No. ['nambə]
  (number 的简略形式)
  n. 号码, ……号
  No. 3 Middle School
  第三中学
  2. usually ['ju:3uəli]
  - adv. 通常地

- 3. foot [fut] n. 脚(单数)
  feet [fi:t]
  - n. 脚(复数)
- 4. on foot 步行 on bike 骑自行车 by bus 乘公共汽车

# Exercises

- 一、熟记本课生词,反复朗读课文。
- 二、回答下列问题:
  - 1. Are you a middle school pupil?
  - 2. When do classes begin?
  - 3. How many classes do you have every day?
  - 4. When do you begin your group activities?

- 5. Where do you go for labour sometimes?
- 三、把下列词组译成英语:
  - 1. 早操
    - 2. 小组活动 3. 看报

- 4. 体育锻炼 5. 毛主席著作
- 四、把下列句子译成英语:
  - 1. 我每天早晨六点钟起床。
  - 2. 我们的小组活动在下午四点半开始。
  - 3. 有时我们去公社或工厂劳动。
  - 4. 我们经常在业余学校学习毛主席著作和读报。
  - 5. 我们向解放军学习。

# Lesson Two

# In a Workshop of a Tractors Plant



This is a workshop of a tractors plant. There are all kinds of machines there. Some of them are old, but most of them are new. The workers, young and old, men and women, are busy making different parts of a tractor. They are all standing by their lathes and working very hard.

An old master worker is teaching a group of young workers how to work a new machine. And the young workers are listening to him very attentively. They follow Chairman Mao's teaching: "In industry, learn from Taching."

Now everyone of them is doing his best to make more and better tractors for building Tachaitype counties throughout the country.

# New Words and Expressions

1. workshop['wə:kʃɔp]

n. 车间

2. plant (plaint)

n. 工厂, 植物 vǐ. 种植

3. kind [kaind] n. 种类 all kinds of

各种各样的

4. machine [mə'si:n]

n. 机器

5. some [sam, səm]

pro. 一些

6. but [bAt, bət]

conj. 但,但是

7. most [moust]

n., a. 大多数 (的)

8. young[jʌŋ] a. 年青的

9. man (mæn)

n. 男人 (单数)

men [men] (复数) 10. busy ['bizi] a. 忙碌的

11. stand [stænd]

vi. 站, 计

12. lathe [leið] n. 车床

13. an [æn, ən]

art. 一, 一个

14. master ['ma:sta]

n. 师傅, 主入

vt. 精通,掌握

15. teach [ti:t∫] vt. 教

16. listen ['lisn]

v. 听,倾听

to listen to

听, 听从

17. attentively

[ə'tentivli] adv.

注意地, 专心地

18. industry ['indastri]

n. 工业

19. everyone ['evriwAn]

pro. 每一个

20. best [best]

n., a. 最好 (的)

21. more [mɔ:, mɔə]

a. 更多的

22. better ['betə]

a. 更好的

23. build [bild]

v. 建筑

24. type [taip]

n. 类型, 式样

Tachai-type 大寨式

25. county ['kaunti]

n. 县

26. throughout

[θru:'aut] prep. 全

#### Notes to the Text

- 1. In a Workshop of a Tractors Plant 在拖拉机厂的一个车间里
- 2. Some of them are old, but most of them are new. 它们当中有一些是旧的,但(它们当中)大部分是新的。
- 3. The workers, young and old, men and women, are busy making different parts of a tractor.
  工人们,年青的和年老的,男的和女的,正忙着制造拖拉机的各种零件。
- 4. They are all standing by their lathes and working very hard.

他们都站在车床旁边努力地工作着。

- 5. ... how to work a new machine.
  - ······如何操作一部新机器。 在本句中 work 是及物动词。
- 6. In industry, learn from Taching. 工业学大庆。
- 7. Now everyone of them is doing his best to make more and better tractors for building Tachai-type counties throughout the country.

现在他们每个人都在尽最大的努力为普及大寨县制造更多更好的拖拉机。

to do one's best 尽最大努力 to make more and better tractors 制造更多更好的拖拉机

building Tachai-type counties throughout the country 普及大寨县

# Grammar

# 现在进行时(1)

动词作谓语时,表示动作发生(或状态存在)的时间, 这就是时态。

- 一、现在进行时通常表示此时此刻或当前一个时期内正在进行着的动作,相当于汉语中的"正在……"。
  - 如: (1) They are all standing by their lathes and working very hard.

他们都站在车床旁边努力地工作着。

- (2) An old master worker is teaching a group of young workers how to work a new machine.
  - 一位工人老师傅正在教一群年青工人操作一部 新机器。
- (3) The young workers are listening to him very attentively.

青年工人正在注意地听他讲解。

- (4) They are having a meeting. 他们正在开会。
- 二、现在进行时的构成形式是: to be 加动词的现在分词; to be 和主语在人称和数上要一致。

如: I am sweeping the floor.

You are sweeping the floor.

He is sweeping the floor.

We You They are sweeping the floor.

- 三、动词现在分词的构成法:
  - (1) 一般情况下,在动词原形的词尾加 "-ing"。

如: stand—standing say—saying study—studying go—going

(2) 以不发音的字母 e 结尾的 动词, 去掉 e, 加

"-ing"

如. take—taking

make-making

have-having

come-coming

(3) 以重读闭音节结尾,最后又只有一个辅音字母 的动词,把这个辅音字母双写,再加"-ing"。

如: get-getting

begin-beginning

sit-sitting

put-putting

### Pronunciation and Intonation

# 1. 语音练习

- 1.正确朗读下列单词,注意[ʃ] [tʃ] 和 [tr] 的发 音:
  - [ ] shovel, wash, workshop, machine, socialist, construction
  - [ts] chairman, watch, teaching, agriculture
  - [tr] tractor, industry, country
- 2.正确朗读下列词组:

Some of them

'new ma chine

Severyone of them

'different \parts

most of them

'working hard

'young and \old

'more and better

'men and \women

'do one's best

'tractors >plant