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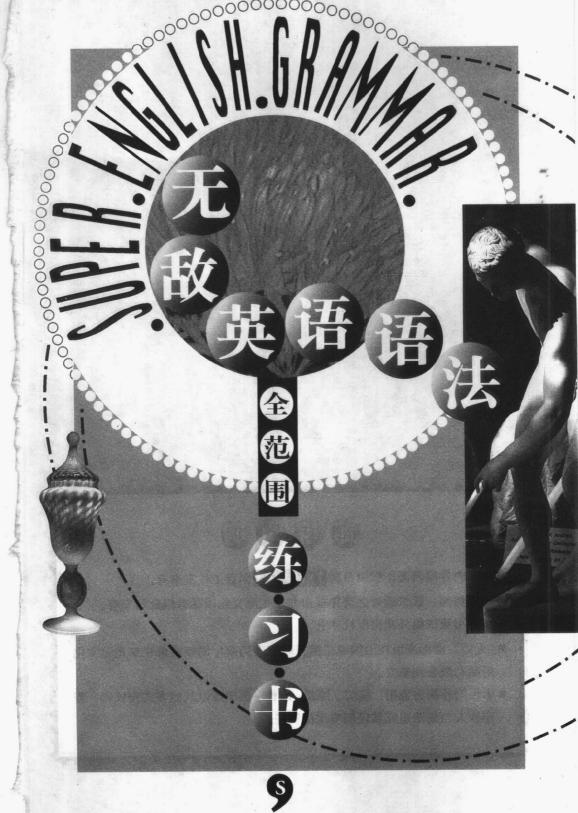
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句子的基本结构

征 服 要 领 句子结构的变化,主要取决于谓语动词的用法。根据谓语动词的用法,可归纳出以下句型,供作本章练习的参考:

主语+谓语(vi)(+状语);

主语+谓语(vt)+宾语;

主语+谓语(vt)+宾语+状语;

主语+谓语(vt)+宾语+宾语补语;

主语+谓语(vt)+间接宾语+直接宾语(或主语+谓语(vt)+直接宾语

+to/for+间接宾语);

主语+谓语(系动词)+表语。



心(叮) 解答详见本书p.146~153。

重要指数. ● ● ● ●

	_	4	
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	d	t	•
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1 选择填空。			
1) We were all			
A. not breathe	B. out of breath		
C. out of breathless	D. not breathing		
2) Is this?			
A. what you're looking for	B. to look for		
C. the thing to look	D. your looking fo	r	
3) You should practise English	whenever you can.		
A. to speak B. speak	C. speaking	D. spoke	
4) Give			
A. your hair a good brushing	B. a good brushing	for your hair	
C. a good brushing to your hair	D. to your hair a go	D. to your hair a good brushing	
5) Don't accept everything you see on	TV		
A. is true B. as if true	C. to be true	D. as true	
6) Didn't I ask you so much no	oise?		
A. don't make	B. not make		
C. not to make	D. not making		
7) Please have these suitcases t	to my room.		

		_	
A. the porter to take	B. the porter taken		
C. porters to take	D. the porter take		
8) She doesn't like to see animals	cruelly.		
A. to treat	B. to be treating		
C. to be treated	D. being treated		
9) His refusal his debts landed	him in prison.		
A. to pay B. paying	C. not to pay D. paid		
10) A garden lay before them.			
A. to fill with flowers	B. filled with flowers		
C. filling with flowers	D. filled by flowers		
(11) I cannot find What have you	u done with it?		
A. yesterday newspaper	B. newspaper yesterday		
C. yesterday's newspaper	D. newspaper of yesterday		
12) I'm interfere with my work.			
A. old enough not to let my troubles	B. enough old not to let my troubles		
C. old enough not let my troubles	D. not enough old and let my troubles		
/3) He			
A. sometimes goes to bed very late	B. goes to bed very late sometimes		
C. goes sometimes to bed very late D. lately goes to bed sometimes			
(14) I wonder whether my brothe	r while you were in China.		
A. ever you met	B. you ever have met		
C. you ever met	D. you have ever met		
(15) I saw the film			
A. on Tuesday evening last week			
B. Tuesday on evening last week			
C. last week on the evening Tuesday			
D. Tuesday last week on evening			
(6) He walked			
A. before supper round the park twice			
B. round the park before supper twice			
C. before supper twice round the park		:	
D. round the park twice before supper		:	
		:	

\circ		0-		
	17) They are leaving for Tokyo			
	A. next week in the afternoon on Wednesday			
	B. in the afternoon on Wednesday nex	t week		
	C. on Wednesday in the afternoon nex	t week		
	D. next week on Wednesday in the aft	ernoon		
	18) My brother goes			
	A. every other year nowadays to Lond	on		
	B. nowadays every other year to Lond	on		
	C. to London nowadays every other ye	ear		
	D. to London every other year nowada	ys		
	19) A car which was coming toward us	veered		
	A. suddenly into our lane	B. suddenly in the lane		
	C. into our lane suddenly	D. to our lane suddenly		
	2 把所给的副词或短语置于句中的适当价	立置。		
	1) He turned to face his accusers. (slowly)			
	2) The mountaineers seemed to be clim	abing the mountain. (at a snail's pace)		
	3) Have you been to New York? (ever)			
	4) We can get there in time. (generally)		
	5) She liked to ask for more. (hardly)			
	6) I'll meet you outside the railway sta	tion. (at two o'clock tomorrow)		
	7) We spent the school holidays. (in a	small village, in the mountains)		
	8) Please return all books that you've borrowed from the library. (before July 4th)			
	9) He gave lectures. (last term, two day	ys a week, at the college)		
	10) He's done the work. (badly)			
	11) I don't like wine. (much)			
	12) He admitted his mistake. (frankly)			
	13) Tom has been touched. (deeply)			
	14) I believe they will come. (firmly, on	time)		
	15) They played football. (yesterday, in	the rain, enthusiastically)		
	16) Mary returned. (with a large woman	, to her hotel, at ten o'clock)		
i	17) They have been living. (in the small	town, quietly, since then)		
	18) He spoke to the class. (with a loud v	oice, clearly)		
006				

- - 19) Aunt Ann picked autumn flowers. (for the center of the table, from the garden)
 - 20) The roof of the hut has been damaged. (seriously)
 - 3 连词成句。(试着先找出可用作谓语的动词,再找出可与其搭配的主语,再在这一基础上调整其他词的位置。)
 - 1) in a great hurry, the theatre, to, he, walked, last night
 - 2) found, the invaders, a, village, the place, prosperous
 - 3) went, by air, the next day, they, to New York
 - 4) the baby, 2000, on Sunday, was, January, 2nd, born, at 12:15
 - 5) interfere, I'm, not to let, with my work, old, my troubles, enough
 - 6) twice, during December, the postman, a day, comes
 - 7) enabled, salary, him, his, abroad, a holiday, to have
 - 8) Annie, a hard time, when, had, she, from the store, because, was coming home, the bag of groceries, for her to carry, was, heavy, too
 - 9) is, in, the United States, Massachusetts, part, a state, northeastern, the, of
 - 10) remember, I, I, clearly, carefully, kept, have, in, the tickets, the drawer
 - 11) the roads, he, that, us, warned, icy, were
 - 12) you, me, your, spare, a, can, few, valuable, minutes, time, of, ?
 - 13) pass, to, please, this, the man, note, in, the corner
 - 14) accept, you, don't, on TV, as, everything, see, true
 - 15) on Sundays, we, our friends, visit, like, us, to have
 - 16) I, like, to tell, don't, people, what, me, what, and, to do, not to do
 - 17) I, the museum, time, don't, there, think, will, to visit, be
 - 18) everyone, the, the, they, to, told, news, in, village
 - 19) he, dinner, us, to share, did, the, of, the, intend, cost, ?
 - 20) inflation, new, the, to deal, Government, has, with, announced, measures
 - 21) air, they, out, park, went, fresh, gladly, get, in, some, to, the
 - 22) you, when, learn, when, to give, must, silent, advice, and, to be
 - 23) in, during, the, row, Kathy, usually, front, class, sits
 - 4 根据给出的汉语完成下列句子。(注意谓语动词的用法)
 - 1) He has paid ______. (把钱付给你了)
 - 2) A holiday by the sea will do ______. (对你有很多好处)
 - 3) She made _____. (给自己做了一件新衣服)

007

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١	•		•	

4) She read	. (把信读给所有的朋友听)
5) She has made	(给我们大家煮了咖啡)
6) We must choose	(为你的侄子们选些合适的礼物)
7) She mistook	(把我错当成我的孪生姊妹)
8) We can't allow	(他们做那种事情)
9) We warn	(你不要相信他说的一个字)
10) Will you help	?(能帮我把这只箱子扛到楼上去吗)
11) Did you notice	? (有任何人出去吗)
12) What makes	?(使你这么想的)
13) Please have	(让搬运工把这几只箱子搬到我房间里去)
14) They heard	(有声音在喊救命)
15) They found	(救生艇底朝上漂着)
16) We didn't	(昨夜哪儿也没去)
17) John and I are	(六点钟在火车站见面)
18) She flung	(把所有的窗子都推开了)
19) They found	(鸟笼空了)
20) How did you get	(把自己弄得这么脏)
■ 5 汉译英。	
1) 我建议他接受这一邀请	•
2) 我发现有一位老人正在	一棵大橡树下打盹。
3) 他表达了对我工作的不	满。
4) 那边的那本书是一本小	说。
5) 他小心地把金表放到胸	前的衣袋里。
6) 他过去常到附近的河上	去捕鱼。
7) 我以前从不知道他唱歌	唱得那么好。
8) 我一直很尊敬她。	
9) 请把这些书在星期一之	前还回图书馆去。
10) 我们已经找到了答案。	
11) 最近几天,我们这儿的	天气阴冷多雨。
12) 昨天下午,我们五点见	的面,但是明天我将在四点钟与你会面。
13) 现在我不常有机会去伦	敦了。
14) 一个说谎成习惯的人被	称之为说谎者。

008



主语和谓语的一致

征服要领 英语中最重要的一致关系之一是"主语和谓语在数上的一致",因此,正确判断句中主语的数,是解决"主语和谓语一致"的关键。除个别例外之外,一个没有明显复数标记的主语通常都是被视为单数的。



(心) 叮 (咛) 解答详见本书p.153~159。

重要指数:●●●●●

1 选出适当的动词形式,完成下列句子。

- 1) Each book and magazine (are/is) listed in the card catalog.
- 2) Either John or his friends (are/is) going to the beach today.
- 3) John or George (are/is) bringing the book.
- 4) Writing many letters (make/makes) her happy.
- 5) The performance of the three clowns (were/was) very funny.
- 6) Everything but the eggs (were/was) in the same box.
- 7) The walls and the ceiling (are/is) beautifully decorated.
- 8) Macaroni and cheese (are/is) the cafeteria special on Friday.
- 9) Neither the director nor the secretary (want/wants) to leave yet.
- 10) Neither you nor I (are/am) wrong.
- 11) Not an adult nor a child (are/is) to be here.
- 12) (Have/Has) Ellen or Dorothy seen you?
- 13) Careless driving (cause/causes) accidents.
- 14) Writing compositions (are/is) a good way to get practice.
- 15) To have a reading knowledge of a language (are/is) one thing, to have a speaking knowledge (are/is) a different thing altogether.
- 16) What he really needs (are/is) a nice cup of tea.
- 17) Fifty minutes (aren't/isn't) enough time to finish this test.
- 18) The crowd (were/was) fighting for their lives.
- 19) The organization (have/has) lost many members this year.
- 20) The committee (have/has) different ideas.
- 21) Sears (are/is) a department store.
- 22) Every man and woman (visit/visits) a doctor occasionally.

Alley.			
•	taas frash strawbar	rries cabbage and	green lettuce (are /is
rich in vitamin (mes, cabbage, and	green lettuce (are 713
		ent at the universit	y (approve/approves
of the choice.	professor and stude	ent at the universit	y (approve/approves
•	Outch beer (are/is) m	web lighter than Br	itish haar
			nich (was/were) ming
	•		
	, depression, distru	st, a frace of resen	tment and a trace of
despair. 2 选择填空。			
4 处律填呈。 1) all your	family at home?		
A. Is	B. Are	C. Has	D. Was
	riage not mi		
A. were	B. is	C. are	D. had
	la served in		D. nau
A. was	B. has	C. were	D. are
	nd accountant of the		D. arc
A. was present	B. are present	C. have present	D. were present
-	hey wholly	_	D. Were present
A. was	B. has	C. are	D. is
	in the wrong		D. 13
A. am	B. are	C. were	D. is
7) Many a man		o. were	D . 10
	B. have believed	C. believes	D. are believing
	person in the		_ /g
	B. was injured		D. has injured
	_ at the top of their	_	y
A. was talking	_	C. are talking	D. talk
10) When each pers	on, they mu	st show their ticket.	
A. come in	B. come to	C. comes in	D. has come
11) He as well as hi	s parents go	ing to Europe.	

A oro	D ware	C is	D			
A. are	B. were	C. is	D. was			
12) A textbook,together with a workbook to each one of us.						
A. were given	B. was given	C. are given	D. have been given			
13) Five thousand p	ounds a larg	ge sum.				
A. are	B. were	C. are considered as	s D. is			
14) I, who y	our colleague, will	share the work with	you.			
A. are	B. is	C. were	D. am			
15) All to tr	y.					
A. is welcome	B. was welcome	C. are welcome	D. welcomes			
16) The number of e	errors made by him					
A. was surprising	B. are surprising	C. is surprised	D. are surprised			
17) The football tear	m breakfast.					
A. are having	B. is having	C. has	D. has had			
18) The Governmen	t the matter	for a long time, but	they no signs			
of reaching agree	ement.					
A. has discussed/h	A. has discussed/have shown B. have discussed/has shown					
C. has discussed/has shown D. have discussed/have shown						
19) The average family which now of four members at most a great						
deal smaller than			-			
A. consists/is	B. consists/are	C. consist/are	D. consist/is			
20) Under his arm _	a pair of shoes	which he had bough	nt from the shop a few			
days previously.			•			
A. is	B. are	C. was	D. were			
21) Not only you, bu	ıt also I mist	aken.				
A. are	B. were	C. is	D. am			
22) Half of the fruit	bad.					
A. are	B. has	C. is	D. were			
23) Neither of the se	ntences corr	ect.				
A. is	B. are	C. were	D. was			
24) Tom is one of bo	bys who bear					
	B. sings	•	D will sing			
25) Nothing in the w			_			
	unitedi		_ ms mind to it.			
	•	************************	: 110 :			

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22) Many a college student ______ to return to the easy days in high

23) The actress, along with her manager and some friends, _____ going

school. (wish)

	to a party tonight. (be)
	24) The author and lecturer arriving tonight. (be)
	25) More than one person seen the accident. (have)
	■ 4 下列练习中有些句子是错的,请找出并改正错处。
化戈嘎	1) Many a strong man have weakened before such a challenge.
	2) I as well as he is diligent.
	3) The Air-marshal and chief-of-staff was killed in the air crash.
	4) The shortage of water and electricity hinder production.
	5) Every worker and peasant have the same rights.
	6) What cause the changes remain unknown.
	7) Most of the milk have been spilt.
	8) Neither of the suggestions make sense.
	9) Either she or I are to blame.
	10) Clara is the only one of the girls who have passed the examination.
	11) Mack is one of the students who wants to take a holiday.
	12) The audience is taking their seats in the music hall.
	13) Three hundred and fifty dollars is too unreasonable a price for that yellow
	skirt.
	14) Bill, along with the three other men, are to represent the union at the next
	meeting.
	15) A number of students are waiting for the lesson to begin now.
	16) Either you or I are able to attend the lecture.
	17) He as well as I agree with you.
	18) So to study English doesn't mean hard work.
	19) Two dimes and a penny were all the coins John had with him.
	20) Two hours are the limit of this test.
	21) The committee has been arguing among themselves for four hours.
	22) Reading books make one wise.
	23) Every means have been tried but without much result.
	24) Either of them is to go.

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25) None of these materials is conductors.26) None of them is a good footballer.