# 大学英语(修订本)

综合技能训练 AB 卷

卜玉坤 主编



上海外语教育出版社

# 《大学英语》(修订本) 综合技能训练 AB 卷

第一册

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上海外语教育出版社出版发行 (上海外周语大学内) 上海竟成印刷厂印装 新华书店上海发行所经销

ISBN 7 - 81046 - 501 - 5

G・738 定价:17.50元

本版图书如有印装质量问题,可句承印(订)厂调换。

# 《大学英语》(修订本)综合技能训练 AB 卷编写委员会(以姓氏笔画为序)

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### 前 言

本系列配套练习共分 4 册,分别与《大学英语》(修订本)1 至 4 册和大学英语 1 至 4 级教学同步配套。每册为 10 单元,每单元设有 Test A 和 Test B 两套综合技能训练测试题。

本书的练习形式多样,题型重点突出,以当前大学英语全国统考题型为主体,将训练的语言知识、语言技能、训练目的与训练题型完美地统一在一起。本系列配套练习的编写人员都是具有多年大学英语教学经验的第一线优秀教师,并由资深专家们担任主审。在编写过程中,编写者根据优化的讲课教案先拟出每单元的语言点和学生应掌握的内容,然后根据这些要点编写各单元的训练题。在编写过程中采用了统计研究的方法,使本系列练习1至4册囊括了大学英语教学大纲1至4级规定的全部功能意念、语法、词汇和技能。该系列练习是一套成系统的教学辅导材料,而根据各级大学英语教学内容和要求,各册训练测试题又有各自的形式及特点。通过这些具有恰当形式和特点的训练题,学生可以循序渐进、踏踏实实地丰富语言知识,提高听读写译技能,培养自己的英语综合素质。

每册书的编排体例是:全书为 10 单元;每单元的第一部分是 Test A 与 Test B 两套训练测试题及其答题纸,第二部分是两套训练测试题的参考答案,第三部分是训练测试题听力部分的原文。

第一册共分 10 单元,每单元为两套训练测试题。每套题由 7 部分组成,第一部分是听力,第二部分是语法结构,第三部分是词汇,第四部分是综合填空,第五部分是阅读和英译汉,第六部分是段落汉译英(目的是训练学生的汉英翻译技能和英语段落写作技能),第七部分是英语段落写作。每套题满分 100 分。本系列练习将传授语言知识、训练语言技能、培养语言素质和提高语言应试水平四者完美地结合起来,可谓"治标治本"。通过本系列训练,学生可以掌握大学英语教学大纲规定的全部语言知识,获得全面的听读写译技能和理想的英语综合素质,从而具备较强的英语应试能力。

在编写过程中,我们得到了上海外语教育出版社社长庄智象先生,编辑室主任陈鑫源先生和编辑陈雷先生的指导和帮助,在此表示衷心感谢。

我们殷切希望使用本书的老师和同学们提出宝贵建议。

编 者 1998年6月2日

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#### TEST A

#### Part I Listening Comprehension (15 points)

#### Section A (7 points)

Directions: In this section you will hear one word read from each group. Listen carefully and decide which of the four given words is the one you have heard. Mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

1. a. luck	b. like	c. lock	d. look
2. a. heat	b. hit	c. head	d. had
3. a. walk	b. work	c. woke	d. week
4. a. pick	b. pack	c. park	d. pork
5. a. seat	b. sit	c. set	d. sat
6. a. sheep	b. ship	c. sleep	d. shop
7. a. star	b. stare	c. stairs	d. start

#### Section B (8 points)

Directions: In this section you will hear eight statements. Each statement will be read just once. When you hear a statement, read the four choices in your test paper and decide which one is closest in meaning to the statement you have just heard. Mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

- 1. a. He left at 8:30.
  - c. He came back at 8:13.
- 2. a. They have \$ 20.00.
  - c. They have \$ 50.00.
- 3. a. Dick sang to John.
  - c. Mary sang to John.
- 4. a. Jeff and Nancy are happily married.
  - c. Nancy's family likes Jeff.
- 5. a. Mary kept on walking.
  - c. Mary was exhausted.
- 6. a. Bob is the oldest.
  - c. Mary is the youngest.
- 7. a. Jean attended the meeting.

- b. He came back at 8:30.
- d. He left at 8:00.
- b. Dick has \$ 15.00.
- d. John has \$ 5.00.
- b. John sang to Mary.
- d. John sang to Dick.
- b. Jeff is happy that he married Nancy.
- d. Jeff's family approves of his marrying Nancy.
- b. Mary's foot hurt.
- d. Mary's car has two flat tires.
- b. Mary is the oldest.
- d. John is the youngest.
- b. Jean attended two meetings.

- c. Jean attended 12 meetings.
- 8. a. We meet once every two weeks.
  - c. They asked me and several others.
- d. Jean attended 10 meetings.
- b. We meet for an hour.
- d. They love to fly on windy days.

#### Part II Structure (15 points)

#### Section A (10 points)

Directions: In this section there are five basic sentence patterns in English. They are SVC(主—动—主补),SV(主—动),SVO(主—动—宾),SVO<sub>i</sub>O<sub>d</sub>(主—动—间宾—直宾),SVOC<sub>o</sub>(主—动—宾—宾补). Point out the pattern of each of the following sentences and write the pattern on the Answer Sheet.

For Example: 1. Helen is a teacher. (SVC)

- 2. The sun is rising. (SV)
- 3. I have some books. (SVO)
- 4. He bought me a gift. (SVO<sub>i</sub>O<sub>d</sub>)
- 5. He considers his son a genius. (SVOC<sub>0</sub>)
- 1. The machine works well.
- 2. The early bird catches the worm.
- 3. She gives us English lessons.
- 4. I found my husband a very intelligent man.
- 5. My watch has stopped.
- 6. You must be very tired.
- 7. I don't understand how a computer works.
- 8. The teacher gives us the correct answer.
- 9. They named the ship Beijing.
- 10. Monkeys climb well.

#### Section B (5 points)

Directions: Underline each of the following sentences on the Answer Sheet and write  $S,\ V,C_o,O,O_i,O_d$  under each line properly.

For example:  $\frac{\text{He}}{S} \frac{\text{called}}{V} \frac{\text{her}}{O} \frac{\text{little Rose}}{C_o}$ 

- 1. Who teaches you French?
- 2. Jennifer is an interpreter.
- 3. My sister sent me a radio.
- 4. She is singing.
- 5. He wrote the famous novel.

## Part III Vocabulary (25 points)

Section A (5 points)					
Directions: Write the	missing word on the Answer Sheet. The first letter of the word is given to you.				
. If you s a piece of writing, you read it through quickly.					
. Someone's a is how successful they are.					
3. If you describe sor	mething as e, you mean that it is too large.				
4. If you <u>c</u>	money or resources to something, you decide to use them for a particular purpose.				
5. If something o	you, it requires your efforts, attention or time.				
Section B (5 points)					
Directions: Complete	each of the following sentences with the proper form of the word in the bracket.				
Write them on the Ar	swer Sheet.				
1. (comfort)	Her mother will get better, which is a thought.				
2. (comprehension)	The Middle West many farming and industrial areas.				
3. (add)	It will take an two weeks to finish the work.				
4. (able)	The to be clearly heard is extremely important for newsreaders.				
5. (mean)	Political independence without economic emancipation would be				
Section C (10 point	s)				
Directions: Fill in th	he blanks with the words or expressions given below. Change them if necessary.				
Write them on the Ar	iswer Sheet .				
be obliged to / next	to / burst into / mix up / as usual / set aside / enable to / as well / be (not)				
the case / go over /	decide on / concentrate on				
1. With computer	we can do complicated mathematical problems in seconds. A few years ago this				
at all					
2. My sister has	a date for departure.				
3. We should	regular hours for the most important aspects of our work.				
4. Teacher Li is bu	sy the examination papers.				
5. She o	one aspect of the problem to the exclusion of all others.				
6. The hotel is	the church.				
7 at the	e weekend, the club was almost empty.				
8. He le	eave his home at the age of 16.				
9. Her aunt's gift o	f \$ 100 her pursue her studies and she was very grateful.				
10. When the young	woman knew that her lost daughter had been found, she tears.				
Section D (5 points	) )				
<del>-</del>	e the following sentences with appropriate phrasal verbs formed from the verbs given				
	$\cdot$				

**—** 3 **—** 

below. Write the phrasal verbs on the Answer Sheet.

get / bring			
1. The farmers were	busy the crops	•	
2. Let's	this shop and wait till the	shower is over.	,
3. I'm th	e train at the next station.		
4. The technical inn	ovation has its	desired effect.	
5. Measures are take	en to the tempe	rature in the workshop.	
Part IV Cloze	(10 points)		•
Directions: Each bl	ank in the following passa	ige is provided with four pe	ossible choices . Read the whole
$passage\ and\ choose$	the best answer for each b	olank. Mark the correspon	ding letter on the Answer Sheet
with a single line th	rough the center.		
Linda was a fev	w minutes late. Wilson _	$\underline{1}$ left the office when s	he got there. His secretary told
her he could be bac	k <u>2</u> a few minutes. S	She $3$ to sit down and	for a few minutes in the
outer office.			
" I'll never get	this job", she5 her	rself. For a moment she wa	anted to run out of the building.
6, then, Wi	ilson came through the doc	or and hurried into his	7 . A few seconds $8$ ,
his secretary took Li	nda <u>9</u> and introduc	ed <u>10</u> to Mr. Wilso	n.
1. a. has	b. had to	c. had	d. has to
2. a. in	b. with	c. during	d. for
3. a. was	b. is	c. has	d. had
4. a. waited	b. had waited	c. was waiting	d. waiting
5. a. talked	b. spoke	c. told	d. said
6. a. And	b. Or	c. However	d. Just
7. a. seat	b. position	c. location	d. office
8. a. late	b. latter	c. later	d. after
9. a. out	b. into	c. in	d. here
10. a. her	b. him	c. to her	d. to him

# Part V Reading Comprehension and Translation (20 points).

#### Section A (15 points)

Directions: In this section there are two passages and five underlined items chosen from the two passages. Each passage is followed by a number of comprehension questions. Read the passage and answer the questions. Mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center and translate the five underlined items into Chinese on the Answer Sheet.

#### Passage 1

Since the first prehistoric artist drew the first pictures on the walls of a cave, artists have been using stone, clay, paint, jewels, metal, and hundreds of other materials to tell the story of the history of the

world.

- (1) Buildings, paintings, and clothing styles can tell us what people thought and felt about their world.
- (2) Cave paintings from the Old Stone Age show us animals and hunters. But more important, they also show us the weapons that were in use in prehistoric times. They show that fire was used, and that people had learned to make sewing needles from bone, and that stone tools had been invented for digging and cutting. Some roughly formed images have been found in the caves, too, showing that cave dwellers appreciated the beauty of the human form.
- (3) In the New Stone Age, people learned to weave cloth. They didn't have to depend on animals' skins for clothing. They also learnt to build houses, since the best farming land was far away from the mountain caves in which their forefathers had lived.
  - 1. What materials have been used by artists to tell the story of the world history?
    - a. Animals' skins, jewels and stone.
- b. Clay, paint, and cloth.
- c. Metals, animals' skins and clay.
- d. Paint, clay and stone.
- 2. What do cave paintings show us?
  - a. The weapons and fire our forefathers used.
  - b. The beauty of the human form our forefathers appreciated.
  - c. The animals' bones our forefathers constructed.
  - d. The buildings our forefathers constructed.
- 3. What did our forefathers learn to do besides fire-making?
  - a. To prepare meals.

b. To build high buildings.

c. To dig tunnels.

d. To make sewing needles.

- 4. Where did our forefathers live before they learned to construct buildings?
  - a. In forests.

b. On rivers.

c. In mountain caves.

- d. On farms.
- 5. The word "images" in paragraph three most probably means \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. pictures

b. impressions

c. photos

d. ideas

#### Passage 2

Some time ago my husband and I bought a new sofa for our living room. At the time we both liked the color and style of the sofa, but in recent weeks, my husband has begun to complain about this particular piece of furniture. Now he doesn't like the color or the style and he even complains that it is impossible to sit in it and be comfortable. (4) Anyway he wants to get rid of it and buy another one for \$800.

I'm just sick about his idea because I like the one we have very much and besides I don't think we can afford a new one. (5) Reasoning with my husband is like talking to a brick wall—and believe me I've tried. He is very stubborn. What shall I do? I'm almost ready to go home to mother.

- 6. Why did the couple buy the sofa?
  - a. They both liked the color and style of the sofa. b. The sofa was very cheap at the time.
  - c. Their living room needed a sofa.
- d. The husband loved the color and style of the sofa.

- 7. What does the husband think of the sofa now?
  - a. It is uncomfortable to sit in the sofa.
- b. The sofa is too cheap to be of high quality.
- c. The style of the sofa is out of date.
- d. The color of the sofa is not attractive.
- 8. Why is the wife unwilling to get rid of the sofa?
  - a. She can't find a sofa that she and her husband like very much.
  - b. She can't carry a sofa home alone.
  - c. She doesn't think she has enough money for a new sofa.
  - d. Someone doesn't allow her to buy a sofa.
- 9. What can we learn from the talk?
  - a. The husband is always willing to obey his wife.
- b. The wife is very economical.
  - c. The couple have a different idea about the sofa. d. The wife's mother wants the sofa.
- 10. What does the word "stubborn" in the second paragraph mean?
  - a. Kind.
- b. Cruel.
- c. Determined.
- d. Talkative.

#### Section B (5 points)

Directions: In this section there is a reading passage. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions briefly or complete the incomplete sentences. Write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

As the proverb says, "No one knows the value of health until he loses it." In other words, nothing is more valuable than health.

It is clear that health is the foundation of one's future success. If you become sick, it is nearly impossible to pursue your career effectively, much less make your dreams come true. On the other hand, if you are strong, you can go all out to overcome the obstacles that lie ahead of you.

Health is the resource of our energy. What should we do to maintain our health? First, we should exercise every day to strengthen our muscles. Second, we might as well keep good hours. If we get up early we can breathe fresh air and see the sunrise. This habit can do wonders for our outlook on life. Third, there is a proverb that says, " Prevention is better than cure." If you pay close attention to your health, you can avoid getting sick, or at least cure yourself of a disease while it is still in its beginning stage.

In conclusion, health is more important than wealth. Those who are rich but poor in health are no more fortunate than those who are poor, but healthy in body. If you want your wish to come true, health is the most important component of your success.

- 1. What does the passage mainly discuss?
- 2. Without a good health, people can not
- 3. What should we do to maintain our health?
- 4. \_\_\_\_ is more important than \_\_\_\_\_, according to the author.
- 5. What is the most important factor in your success?

# Part VI Paragraph Translation (5 points)

Directions: Translate the following passage into English and write your English version on the Answer

Sheet.

学习对老年人来说很重要。孩子已经长大成人的退休老人需要忙碌起来。读新东西和找 到新的爱好能给老人的生活带来新的意义,并使他们活跃和幸福。

# Part VII Writing (10 points)

Directions: For this part,	you are supposed to write a short paragraph.	The first	sentence	of th	iis
paragraph is given to you.	Write the paragraph on the Answer Sheet.				
As young adults, we m	ust keep learning many new things.				

	Aı	nswer Sheet (T	'est A)	
Part I Listening	Comprehension	(15 points)		
Section A		(10 points)	1 - 1941gm2 1881 .	gen the Arm State grade
	2. a b c d	3. a b c d	4. a b c d	
Section B			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2. a b c d		4. a b c d	
		8. a b c d		
Part II Structur	re (15 points)	•		
Section A				
1	2	3	4	5
6	7.	8	9	10.
Section B				
1. Who teaches yo	ou French? 2	Jennifer is an interpre	eter. 3. My sister	sent me a radio.
4. She is singing.	5. 1	He wrote the famous i	novel.	
Part III Vocabu	dary (25 points)			
Section A				
1.	2	3	4	5
Section B				
1	2.	3	4	5
Section C				
1.	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10.
Section D				
1,	2	3	4	5
Part IV Cloze	(10 points)			
1. a b c d	2. a b c d	3. a b c d	4. a b c d	5. a b c d
6. a b c d	7. a b c d	8. a b c d	9. a b c d	10. a b c d
Part V Reading	g Comprehension a	and Translation (20	points)	
Section A				
			4. a b c d	
			9. a b c d	
0				

(2)	
(4)	
(5)	
Section B	
1,	2
	4
5	
Part VI Paragraph Translation (5)	points)
Part VII Writing (10 points)	

- + 1/An -