

2002年1月大学英语四级考试全真试题

Part I

Listening Comprehension

(20 minutes)

B) She has to turn down the man's request.

D) He was not allowed to check out the book.

B) The woman appreciated the man's offer.

D) The man had hurt the woman's feelings.

D) She can't send the message right now.

B) He had no idea where the book was.

B) Take a picture.

D) Start a car.

Section A

- 1. A) She has to post a letter instead.
 - C) She's not sure if the computer is fixed,
- 2. A) He didn't get the book he needed.
 - C) The library is closed on weekends.
- 3. A) Play a tape recorder.
 - C) Repair a typewriter.
- 4. A) The woman rejected the man's apology.
 - C) The man had forgotten the whole thing.
- 5. A) The woman is meeting the man at the airport,
 - B) They are complaining about the poor airport service.
 - C) They are discussing their plan for Christmas.
 - D) The man is seeing the woman off.
- 6. A) She plans to go to graduate school,
 - B) She will drop out of school.
 - C) She will stop working and concentrate on her studies.
 - D) She will take a part-time job.
- 7. A) He needs another job as research assistant.
 - B) He asked Professor Williams for assistance,
 - C) He assists Professor Williams with his teaching.
 - D) He is doing research with Professor Williams.
- 8. A) She thought there were no tickets left for the show.
 - B) She thought the seats on the left side were fully occupied.
 - C) The show was planned a long time ago,
 - D) The audience were deeply impressed by the show.
- 9. A) Mr. Long's briefing was unnecessarily long.
 - B) The woman should have been more attentive.
 - C) Mr. Long's briefing was not relevant to the mission.
 - D) The woman needn't have attended the briefing.
- 10. A) In a bank.

B) In a school.

C) In a clothing store.

D) In a barbershop.

Section B

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 11. A) Because the bird couldn't repeat his master's name.
 - B) Because the bird screamed all day long,
 - C) Because the bird uttered the wrong word.
 - D) Because the bird failed to say the name of the town.

- 12. A) The cruel master.
 - C) The pet bird,

- B) The man in the kitchen.
- D) The fourth chicken.
- 13. A) The bird had finally understood his threat.
 - B) The bird managed to escape from the chicken house.
 - C) The bird had learned to scream back at him,
 - D) The bird was living peacefully with the chickens.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 14. A) They are kept in open prisons.
 - B) They are allowed out of the prison grounds.
 - C) They are ordered to do cooking and cleaning.
 - D) They are a small portion of the prison population.
- 15. A) Some of their prisoners are allowed to study or work outside prisons.
 - B) Most of their prisoners are expected to work.
 - C) Their prisoners are often sent to special centers for skill training.
 - D) Their prisoners are allowed freedom to visit their families.
- 16. A) They are encouraged to do maintenance for the training centre.
 - B) Most of them get paid for their work.
 - C) They have to cook their own meals.
 - D) They can choose to do community work.

Passage Three

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard,

- 17. A) Because they have a driving license.
 - B) Because they have received special training.
 - C) Because the traffic conditions in London are good.
 - D) Because the traffic system of the city is not very complex.
- 18. A) Two to four months.

B) About three weeks.

C) At least half a year.

- D) Two years or more.
- 19. A) Government officers are hard to please.
 - B) The learner has to go through several tough tests.
 - C) The learner usually fails several times before he passes it.
 - D) The driving test usually lasts two months.
- 20. A) They don't want their present bosses to know what they're doing.
 - B) They want to earn money from both jobs.
 - C) They cannot earn money as taxi drivers yet.
 - D) They look forward to further promotion.

Part I

Reading Comprehension

(35 minutes)

Passage One

Questions 21 to 25 are based on the following passage:

Some pessimistic experts feel that the automobile is bound to fall into disuse. They see a day in the not-toodistant future when all autos will be abandoned and allowed to rust. Other authorities, however, think the auto is here to stay. They hold that the car will remain a leading means of urban travel in the foreseeable future.

The motorcar will undoubtedly change significantly over the next 30 years. It should become smaller, safer, and more economical, and should not be powered by the gasoline engine. The car of the future should be far more pollution-free than present types,

2 ■2002.1 新理念大学英语四级考试全真题详解

Regardless of its power source, the auto in the future will still be the main problem in urban traffic congestion(拥挤). One proposed solution to this problem is the automated highway system.

When the auto enters the highway system, a *retractable*(可伸缩的) arm will drop from the auto and make contact with a rail, which is similar to those powering subway trains electrically. Once attached to the rail, the car will become electrically powered from the system, and control of the vehicle will pass to a central computer. The computer will then monitor all of the car's movements.

The driver will use a telephone to dial instructions about his destination into the system. The computer will calculate the best route, and reserve space for the car all the way to the correct exit from the highway. The driver will then be free to relax and wait for the buzzer(蜂鸣器) that will warn him of his coming exit. It is estimated that an automated highway will be able to handle 10,000 vehicles per hour, compared with the 1,500 to 2,000 vehicles that can be carried by a present-day highway.

21.	One significant improvement in the future car will probably be				
	A) its power source		B)	its driving system	
	C) its monitoring system		D)	its seating capacity	
22.	What is the author's main concern?				
	A) How to render automobile	s pollution-free.	B)	How to make smaller and	safer automobiles.
	C) How to solve the problem	of traffic jams,	D	How to develop an autom	ated subway system,
23.	What provides autos with electric power in an automated highway system?				
	A) A rail.		B)	An engine.	
	C) A retractable arm.		D)	A computer controller.	
24.	In an automated highway system, all the driver needs to do is				
	A) keep in the right lane				
	B) wait to arrive at his destination				
	C) keep in constant touch with the computer center				
	D) inform the system of his destination by phone				
25.	What is the author's attitude toward the future of autos?				
	A) Enthusiastic.	B) Pessimistic.	C)	Optimistic,	D) Cautious.
_	T				

Passage Two

Questions 26 to 30 are based on the following passage:

Foxes and farmers-have never got on well. These small dog-like animals have long been accused of killing farm animals. They are officially classified as harmful and farmers try to keep their numbers down by shooting or poisoning them.

Farmers can also call on the services of their local hunt to control the fox population. Hunting consists of pursuing a fox across the countryside, with a group of specially trained dogs, followed by men and women riding horses. When the dogs eventually catch the fox they kill it or a hunter shoots it.

People who take part in hunting think of it as a sport; they wear a special uniform of red coats and white trousers, and follow strict codes of behavior. But owning a horse and hunting regularly is expensive, so most hunters are wealthy.

It is estimated that up to 100,000 people watch or take part in fox hunting. But over the last couple of decades the number of people opposed to fox hunting, because they think it is brutal(残酷的), has risen sharply. Nowadays it is rare for a hunt to pass off without some kind of confrontation(冲突) between hunters and hunt saboteurs(阻拦者). Sometimes these incidents lead to violence, but mostly saboteurs interfere with the hunt by misleading riders and disturbing the trail of the fox's smell, which the dogs follow.

Noisy confrontations between hunters and saboteurs have become so common that they are almost as much a part of hunting as the pursuit of foxes itself. But this year supporters of fox hunting face a much bigger threat to their sport. A Labour Party Member of the Parliament, Mike Foster, is trying to get Parliament to approve

a n	ew law which will make the hunting of wild animals with	dogs illegal. If the law is passed, wild animals like			
fox	es will be protected under the ban in Britain.				
26.	Rich people in Britain have been hunting foxes	_·			
	A) for recreation	B) in the interests of the farmers			
	C) to limit the fox population	D) to show off their wealth			
27.	What is special about fox hunting in Britain?				
	A) It involves the use of a deadly poison.	B) It is a costly event which rarely occurs.			
	C) The hunters have set rules to follow.	D) The hunters have to go through strict training.			
28.	Fox hunting opponents often interfere in the game	·			
	A) by resorting to violence	B) by confusing the fox hunters			
	C) by taking legal action	D) by demonstrating on the scene			
29.	A new law may be passed by the British Parliament to				
	A) prohibit farmers from hunting foxes	B) forbid hunting foxes with dogs			
	C) stop hunting wild animals in the countryside	D) prevent large-scale fox hunting			
30.	It can be inferred from the passage that				
	A) killing foxes with poison is illegal				
	B) limiting the fox population is unnecessary				
	C) hunting foxes with dogs is considered cruel and violent				
	D) fox-hunting often leads to confrontation between the	poor and the rich			
Pas	sage Three				
Que	stions 31 to 35 are based on the following passage;				
	For an increasing number of students at American university	ersities, Old is suddenly in. The reason is obvious:			
the	graying of America means jobs. Coupled with the aging	of the baby-boom(生育高峰) generation, a longer			
life	span means that the nation's elderly population is bound	to expand significantly over the next 50 years. By			
205	0, 25 percent of all Americans will be older than 65,	up from 14 percent in 1995. The change poses			
pro	ound questions for government and society, of course, I	But it also creates career opportunities in medicine			
and	health professions, and in law and business as well. "In	addition to the doctors, we're going to need more			
soci	ologists, biologists, urban planners and specialized la	wyers," says Professor Edward Schneider of the			
Uni	versity of Southern California's (USC) School of Geronte	plogy(老年学).			
	Lawyers can specialize in "elder law", which covers ev	verything from trusts and estates to nursing-home			
abu:	se and age discrimination(歧视). Businessmen see huge	opportunities in the elder market because the baby			
boo	mers, 74 million strong, are likely to be the wealthiest	group of retirees in human history. "Any student			
who	combines an expert knowledge in gerontology with, say	, an MBA or law degree will have a license to print			
mon	ey," one professor says.				
	Margarite Santos is a 21-year-old senior at USC. She be	egan college as a biology major but found she was			
"rea	lly bored with bacteria, "So she took a class in gerontol	ogy and discovered that she liked it. She says, "I			
did	volunteer work in retirement homes and it was very satis	sfying."			
31.	" Old is suddenly in"(Line 1, Para. 1) most probably means "".				
	A) America has suddenly become a nation of old people				
	B) gerontology has suddenly become popular				
	C) more elderly professors are found on American camp	uses			
	D) American colleges have realized the need of enrolling	older students			
32.	With the aging of America, lawyers can benefit				
	A) from the adoption of the "elder law"				
	B) from rendering special services to the elderly				

4 ■2002.1 新理念大学英语四级考试全真题详解

C) by enriching their professional knowledge

- D) by winning the trust of the elderly to promote their own interests 33. Why can businessmen make money in the emerging elder market? A) Retirees are more generous in spending money. B) They can employ more gerontologists. C) The elderly possess an enormous purchasing power. D) There are more elderly people working than before. 34. Who can make big money in the new century according to the passage? A) Retirees who are business-minded. B) The volunteer workers in retirement homes. C) College graduates with an MBA or law degree. D) Professionals with a good knowledge of gerontology. 35. It can be seen from the passage that the expansion of America's elderly population A) will provide good job opportunities in many areas B) will impose an unbearable burden on society C) may lead to nursing home abuse and age discrimination D) will create new fields of study in universities Passage Four Questions 36 to 40 are based on the following passage: The decline in moral standards — which has long concerned social analysts — has at last captured the attention of average Americans. And Jean Bethke Elshtain, for one, is glad, The fact that ordinary citizens are now starting to think seriously about the nation's moral climate, says this ethics(伦理学) professor at the University of Chicago, is reason to hope that new ideas will come forward to improve it. But the challenge is not to be underestimated. Materialism and individualism in American society are the biggest obstacles, "The thought that 'I'm in it for me' has become deeply rooted in the national consciousness," Ms. Elshtain says. Some of this can be attributed to the disintegration of traditional communities, in which neighbors looked out for one another, she says. With today's greater mobility and with so many couples working, those bonds have been weakened, replaced by a greater emphasis on self. In a 1996 poll of Americans, loss of morality topped the list of the biggest problems facing the U.S. And Elshtain says the public is correct to sense that; Data show that Americans are struggling with problems unheard of in the 1950s, such as classroom violence and a high rate of births to unmarried mothers. The desire for a higher moral standard is not a lament(挽歌) for some nonexistent "golden age", Elshtain says, nor is it a wish ful(一厢情愿的) longing for a time that denied opportunities to women and minorities. Most people, in fact, favor the lessening of prejudice, Moral decline will not be reversed until people find ways to counter the materialism in society, she says, "Slowly, you recognize that the things that matter are those that can't be bought," 36. Professor Elshtain is pleased to see that Americans A) have adapted to a new set of moral standards B) are longing for the return of the good old days C) have realized the importance of material things
 - 大学英语四级考试全真试题 2002.1■ 5

B) the self-centeredness of individuals

D) the prejudice against women and minorities

D) are awakening to the lowering of their moral standards 37. The moral decline of American society is caused mainly by

38. Which of the following characterizes the traditional communities?

C) underestimating the impact of social changes

A) its growing wealth

	A) Great mobility.		B) Concern for one's ne	ighbors,
	C) Emphasis on individual ef	ffort.	D) Ever-weakening soci	al bonds.
39.	In the 1950s, classroom viol	ence .		
	A) was something unheard of		B) was by no means a r	are occurrence
	C) attracted a lot of public a	ttention	D) began to appear in a	nalysts' data
40.	According to Elshtain, the c		be reversed .	
	A) if people can return to th		B) when women and me	en enjoy equal rights
	C) when people rid themselv		D) if less emphasis is la	
Pa	rt 🏻	Vocabulary and	l Structure	(20 minutes)
41.	By the time you get to New	York, I for Lor	ndon,	
	A) would be leaving		B) am leaving	
	C) have already left		D) shall have left	
42.	The article suggests that wh	en a person un	der unusual stress he shou	ld be especially careful to
	have a well-balanced diet.			
	A) is	B) were	C) be	D) was
43.	The lawyer advised him to d	rop the, since h	ne stands little chance to w	in.
			C) case	D) affair
44.	Sometimes children have troo	uble fact from fi	ction and may believe that	such things actually exist.
	A) to separate		B) separating	
	C) for separating		D) of separating	
45.	He is quite sure that it's	impossible for him	to fulfill the task within to	wo days.
		B) exclusively		D) roughly
46.	There was a big hole in the	road which the	traffic.	
	A) set back	B) stood back	C) held up	D) kept down
47.	Many a delegate was in favor	r of his proposal that a spe	ecial committee t	o investigate the incident.
	A) were set up		B) was set up	
	C) be set up		D) set up	
48.	In the Chinese household, ga	randparents and other rela	tive play roles in	raising children.
	A) incapable	B) indispensable	C) insensible	D) infinite
49.	Eye contact is important bec	ause wrong contact may c	reate a communication	-
	A) tragedy	B) vacuum	C) question	D) barrier
50.	There was such a long line a	t the exhibition	we had to wait for about h	half an hour,
	A) as	B) that	C) so	D) hence
51.	There is no to the	house from the main road	l.	
	A) access	B) avenue	C) exposure	D) edge
52.	energy under the e	earth must be released in o	one form or another, for ex	cample, an earthquake.
	A) Accumulated	B) Gathered	C) Assembled	D) Collected
53.	He wasn't appointed chairma	n of the committee	not very popular with	h all its members.
	A) to be considered		B) considering	
	C) being considered		 D) having considered 	
54.	The twentieth century has w	ritnessed an enormous wor	rldwide political, economic	and cultural
	A) tradition	B) transportation	C) transmission	D) transformation
55.	The stuck on the e	envelope says "By Air".		
	A) diagram	B) label	C) signal	D) mark
56.	Mobile telecommunications _	is expected to de	ouble in Shanghai this year	r as a result of a contract

	signed between the two c	ompanies.				
	A) capacity	B) potential	C) possession			
57.	Reading the lin	es, I would say that th	ne Government are more wor	ried than they will admit.		
		B) between	C) along	D) among		
58.	My brother's plans are v	very; he wa	ants to master English, Fre	ench and Spanish before he is		
	sixteen.					
	A) arbitrary	B) aggressive	C) ambitious	D) abundant		
59.	Things might have been i	much worse if the moth	ner on her right to	keep the baby.		
	A) has been insisting		B) had insisted			
	C) would insist		D) insisted			
60.	The statistical figures in	that report are not	You should not refer	to them.		
	A) accurate	B) fixed	C) delicate	D) rigid		
61.	Contrast may make some	thing appear more beau	itiful than it is when	alone.		
			C) to be seen	D) having been seen		
62.	The football game comes	to you from	New York.			
	A) lively		C) live	D) living		
63.	None of us expected the	chai rm an to	at the party. We thought he	was still in hospital.		
			C) turn up			
64.	The mother didn't know	who for the	broken glass.			
		B) be blamed		D) would blame		
65.	He to his custo	omers and halved the p	rice.			
			C) quoted	D) yielded		
66.	Tryon was extremely ang	ry, but cool-headed en	ough to storming	into the boss's office.		
	A) prevent	B) prohibit	C) turn	D) avoid		
67.	All flights beca	ause of the terrible wea	ther, they had to go there b	y train.		
	A) having been canceled		B) had been cancel			
	C) having canceled		D) were canceled			
68.	The author of the report is well with the problems in the hospital because he has been working					
	there for many years.					
	A) informed	B) acquainted	C) enlightened	D) acknowledged		
69.	The boy spent as much t	ime watching TV as he	studying.			
	A) does	B) had	C) was	D) did		
70.	The ship's generator brok	ke down, and the pump	ps had to be operated	instead of mechanically.		
			C) automatically			
Pa	rt N	1	Cloze	(15 minutes)		
	- -			knew the theatre would be air-		
One summer night, on my way home from work I decided to see a movie. I knew the theatre would be air- conditioned and I couldn't face my 71 apartment.						
				l heads in front of me, I had to		
kee				eaned over to kiss her. Why do		
	ericans display such 75					
I thought the movie would be good for my English, but76 it turned out, it was an Italian mo				out, it was an Italian movie.		
7	77 about an hour I decided to give up on the movie and					
	understood why they give you so much popcorn! It tasted pretty good, 79 . After a while I heard 80					
more of the romantic sounding Italians. I just heard the 81 of the popcorn crunching(咀嚼) between my						
	teeth. My thought started to 82 . I remembered when I was in South Korea (韩国), I 83 to watch					

me, 84 I saw him again i	n New York speaking	85 English instead of p	perfect Korean. He didn't even			
have a Korean accent and I 86 like I had been betrayed.						
When our family moved to the United States six years ago, none of us spoke any English87_ we had						
begun to learn a few words, n	ny mother suggested th	nat we all should speak Engl	lish at home. Everyone agreed,			
but our house became very	88 and we all seemed	d to avoid each other. We sa	at at the dinner table in silence,			
preferring that to 89 in a	difficult language. Mo	ther tried to say something	in English but it 90 out all			
wrong and we all burst into la	ughter and decided to	forget it! We've been speak	ing Korean at home ever since.			
71. A) warm	B) hot	C) heated	D) cool			
72. A) crack	B) blank	C) break	D) opening			
73. A) aspect	B) view	C) space	D) angle			
74. A) while	B) whenever	C) or	D) and			
75. A) attraction	B) attention	C) affection	D) motion			
76. A) since	B) when	C) what	D) as			
77. A) Within	B) After	C) For	D) Over			
78. A) concentrate	B) chew	C) fix	D) taste			
79. A) too	B) still	C) though	D) certainly			
80. A) much	B) any	C) no	D) few			
81. A) voice	B) sound	C) rhythm	D) tone			
82. A) wonder	B) wander	C) imagine	D) depart			
83. A) enjoyed	B) happened	C) turned	D) used			
84. A) until	B) because	C) then	D) therefore			
85. A) artificial	B) informal	C) perfect	D) practical			
86. A) felt	B) looked	C) seemed	D) appeared			
87. A) While	B) If	C) Before	D) Once			
88. A) empty	B) quiet	C) stiff	D) calm			
89. A) telling	B) uttering	C) saying	D) speaking .			
90. A) worked	B) got	C) came	D) made			
Part V	v	Vriting	(30 minutes)			
·		· ·	n on the topic: A Letter to the			
University President about the Canteen Service on Campus. You should write at least 100 words, and base your composition on the outline given in Chinese below:						
假设你是李明,请你就本校食堂的状况给校长写一封信,内容应涉及食堂的饭菜质量、价格、环境、服务						
等,可以是表扬,可以是批评建议,也可以兼而有之。						
可,可以足状物,可以足能可及	EX, E-1 EXXIII TAZE		January 12th, 2002			
Dear Mr. President,						
			A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR			

Kojak On TV frequently. He spoke perfect Korean — I was really amazed. He seemed like a good friend to

Li Ming