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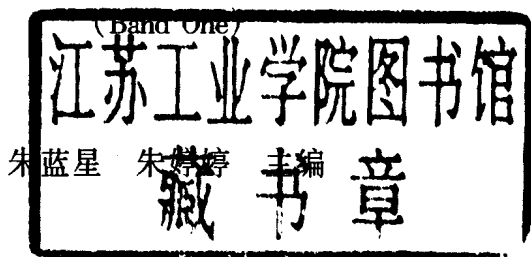
大学英语跟踪训练

WORKBOOK FOR COLLEGE ENGLISH

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(一)

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《大学英语跟踪训练》编委会

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编者的话

怎样提高英语水平和语言运用能力是英语教师,更是广大学生所关心的问题。对此,许多名家提出了很多真知灼见。但是,归根结蒂就是“熟能生巧”(Practice makes perfect)。要通过“练”(practice),才能“熟”;只有“熟”,才能达到“巧”(perfect)。《大学英语跟踪训练》正是为了给广大学生提供一个“练”的机会,以便最终达到“巧”而精心设计和编写的。

《大学英语跟踪训练》是严格按照《大学英语教学大纲》的要求编写的,并与上海外语教育出版社出版的《大学英语》系列教材配套。它共分四册,每册十个单元。每单元针对课本中所出现的重点和难点设计了包括词汇,短语,语法结构,阅读理解,完型填空,句子翻译(中译英和英译中)练习。同时,为了使学生的写作能力得到切实的提高,每单元还配了写作练习,先易后难,而且每篇都配有范文。为了方便学生在做完练习后能检测自己的成绩,及时纠正错误,提高分析问题和解决问题的能力,在每册后都附上了答案。《大学英语跟踪训练》涵概了除听力以外英语学习所必须涉及的内容;它给学生提供了一个英语实践的园地。通过这套练习的训练,广大学生能及时巩固课本知识,真正做到学有所得,掌握和使用好英语这一社会主义现代化建设中必不可少的工具。

《大学英语跟踪训练》题量适中,题型多样,内容新颖,重点难点突出,题目典型实用,课本内容重现率高,覆盖面宽,是一本实用的学习辅导书和教学参考书。由于编者水平有限,时间短促,不足之处恳请广大使用者不吝赐教。

在本书的创意策划及整个编写过程中,得到了外文系王开玉

副教授的热情鼓励和精心指导,在此我们谨向他致以衷心感谢。

本册由朱蓝星,朱婷婷主编。

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一九九六年四月二十日

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UNIT 1

I . Vocabulary

Section A

Directions: Substitute the underlined word or phrase in each sentence with the word whose initial and final letters are given.

1. The weather this summer was disappointing. We didn't have enough rain. (ad _ _ _ _ te)
2. He was very much disappointed when he found all the window seats had been taken. (o _ _ _ _ ed)
3. Don't worry too much about money, for the cost will be quite low. (ex _ _ _ _ _ ly)
4. He cannot go to the seaside with us because he has to do a lot of extra work this weekend. (ad _ _ _ _ _ al)
5. He is really at his wit's end, since there is no way for him to find the answer to the problem. (s _ _ _ e)
6. Even an ordinary student can finish reading the passage in 10 minutes. (a _ _ _ _ ge)
7. He had changed so much that I could hardly identify him when we met on the street. (re _ _ _ _ _ ze)
8. Many people in that country are dissatisfied with the achievement of their government. (per _ _ _ _ _ ce)
9. After a day's hard work, you need to get some rest and amusement. (re _ _ _ _ _ ion)
10. It is beyond my understanding that he wanted to adopt (领养) a child instead of having his own. (co _ _ _ _ _ _ _ ion)

Section B

Directions : Complete each of the following sentences with the correct form of the word on the left of each sentence.

11. relax He plays the piano for a bit of _____ .
12. improve The company made some _____ in the living conditions of its employees.
13. receive He was given a friendly _____ in the United States.
14. choose You must be very careful as it is a _____ between life and death.
15. mean Nobody has ever explained electricity to me in a _____ way.
16. confuse Her answers to his questions have only added to his _____ .
17. regular Nobody could understand why the newspaper's appearance became so _____ .
18. solve They found it hard to find a peaceful _____ to the troubles in the area.
19. complete He didn't work hard enough and his work was still far from _____ .
20. organize To my great surprise, there was a complete lack of _____ in the factory.

Section C

Directions : Use the verb in brackets to form an appropriate phrasal verb and complete the sentence with it.

21. He would _____ some music and read until I came in . (listen)
22. He believed governments should _____ more _____ education .
(concentrate)
23. Please _____ your name and address at the bottom of the form.

(fill)

24. Regular physical exercise _____ good health. (lead)
25. They _____ a trip to the seaside during the summer vacation. (decide)
26. The government tried to _____ enough money for health and education. (set)
27. He has _____ your work and has some comments to make. (look)
28. He was so excited about his idea that he felt he had to _____ it _____ someone. (share)
29. He never has his brother _____ his homework. (help)
30. They _____ their lessons together at night. (go)

Section D

Directions: For each of the following blanks, four choices are given.
Choose the most appropriate one.

31. There was nothing special about it, it was only _____.
A. unusual B. average C. unimportant D. additional
32. Could you tell me the difference between these expressions? I am _____ about it.
A. confused B. sorry C. happy D. clear
33. The new machine has _____ them to increase the production of the factory.
A. made B. improved C. enabled D. let
34. Professor Wang's greatest problem is that he doesn't have _____ time to write his book.
A. present B. efficient C. safe D. adequate
35. We didn't expect that they arrived several hours ahead of _____.
A. schedule B. play C. timetable D. date
36. She thought she would win the contest, but it was not the _____.
A. thing B. truth C. case D. right
37. If only you were _____ all the facts, you would immediately change

your mind.

A. aware of B. out of C. worried about D. careful about

38. I think it takes time to _____ all these problems. You have to be patient.

A. answer B. solve C. ask D. make

39. Tom decided to _____ some money so that he could buy a birthday present for his mother.

A. set aside B. step aside C. push aside D. move aside

40. He has _____ the good habit of rising early ever since he was a pupil.

A. liked B. developed C. remained D. used

Section E

Directions : For each of the underlined words or phrases, four choices are given. Choose the one that best explains or defines the underlined part.

41. Don't worry excessively about your son, he is old enough to take care of himself.

A. too much B. any more C. enough D. a little

42. Be sure to remember that regular review leads to improved performance on tests.

A. takes B. sends C. follows D. causes

43. You don't have to say anything more about it. An average 13-year-old child can understand it.

A. active B. ordinary C. honest D. strong

44. What he experienced during the war became permanent in his memory.

A. useful B. held C. lasting D. interesting

45. Taking care of the 10-month-old baby occupied all of Laura's time.

A. took up B. held C. needed D. wasted

46. The students asked me so many questions in class that I got con-

fused.

- A. angry B. less clear C. sure D. worried
47. This part of the book is too simple. I would skip it if I were you.
A. run B. miss C. pass over D. escape
48. The great Yangtze River Bridge was completed in 1968.
A. finished B. begun C. found D. solved
49. If you review your lessons regularly you will remember them longer.
A. go on B. go over C. go across D. go up
50. An additional charge is made for heavy bags on the plane.
A. added B. over C. small D. great

II . Structure

Section A

Directions : Fill in each blank with one of the words given in the brackets.

1. This book will explain _____ the Common Market is, _____ it does and _____ it has grown from its small beginning in the 1940's to its place as an important world power. (what, that, how)
2. You can decide _____ much of _____ you have read you are going to believe; _____ much is probable or possible. (that, how, what)
3. Some people, who we call palmist (看手相者), can read _____ a person's character is like from the lines and mounts on his hands. (which, what, who)
4. You may have noticed _____ cats and dogs often know _____ something is going to happen before it actually does happen. (which, that, what)
5. The Lord Chamberlain had to decide _____ every play was suitable to be performed. (how, which, whether)

Directions : Put the verbs in the brackets into the correct forms.

6. A record producer will know all the tricks used in recording to make the song _____ (sound) better.
7. Some people would like to see their country _____ (leave) this economic group.
8. There are stories about Indians who allow themselves _____ (bury) while still alive.
9. The manager asked me _____ (not leave) anything out in the contract (合同).
10. Getting lucky works only once, and I don't want you _____ (count) on luck in life, I want you _____ (rely) on your skills.

Section B

Directions: There is one word that is not correct in each of the following sentences. Identify the word and write down your correction in the bracket at the end of each sentence.

11. It's clearly that the European Economic Community is an economic and political group which has an important place in the world. ()
12. He was called the "Trustworthy" because they could trust him to be honesty and fair. ()
13. Winston Churchill of Great Britain knew that countries which need each other economical do not start wars against each other. ()
14. Despite great public success, life at the top can be very alone. ()
15. Punk rock ("客"摇滚乐) groups, with their coloured hair and strange clothes, are singing songs about the meaningless of life. ()
16. Some stars write their own songs and others leave the songwriting in the hand of professional songwriter. ()
17. The authority concerned state that in the last few years, the possibili-

- ty of a terrorist (恐怖主义分子) attack has made security a much more serious problem. ()
18. Proper water intake is a key to weigh loss. ()
19. Sometimes real life is much more stranger than stories. ()
20. He had come to London to make his fortune —— in other word —— to get rich. ()
21. A humanitarian is just a person who is dedicated to improving the living conditions of we humans. ()
22. They have enough money left in the bank to start business on them own. ()
23. The three men who pretended to have the power of alchemy (炼金术) showed up the greedy of their customers, who are happy to believe this can be done. ()
24. Another great tragedy writer during the Gold Age of drama was John Ford (1586—1604). ()

Directions : Complete each of the following sentences with the proper word derived from the one given in the bracket.

25. Jane takes pity on him, but she cannot bear the thought of accompanying him as a wife without legal _____ (marry).
26. Nearly all the sports practised nowadays are _____ (compete).
27. Millions of human beings each year die _____ (necessary) from hunger, disease or flood.
28. The child was growing up and developing _____ (value) powers of observation and _____ (depend) judgment.
29. He had few duties, little teaching, and _____ (limit) opportunities for study.
30. In 1955 Einstein's life ended _____ (peace) at the age of 76.
31. The _____ (kind) and _____ (generous) of Chinese people, the _____ (warm) with which they welcome me into their homes, continue to astonish me.

32. Americans eat a lot of fat, so being _____ (weigh) is one of the most common health problems in the United States.
33. People from other countries say often that the American diet is dull and _____ (taste).
34. Tofu, a soybean product, is both _____ (expensive) and _____ (health).
35. As China moves into the 21st century, her TV programming will _____ (doubt) improve.
36. The _____ (respect) bowing of a Japanese child, the hearty greeting of an African child, the curtsy(屈膝礼) of an European child are marks of respect and _____ (accept) of the other person.
37. Starting at the age of 12 or 13, a student may spend half his school day training to become a _____ (dance), _____ (music) or _____ (act).
38. He enjoyed the _____ (quiet), _____ (gentle), and _____ (regular) of life at Down House.

Directions: Give the plural forms of the following nouns.

aircraft	bamboo	branch
battery	crisis	deer
goose	mouse	inch
ox	knife	handkerchief
phenomenon	roof	tooth
tax	safe	photo
echo	ray	species
series	bacterium	hero
month	mass	daughter-in-law
toothpick	lady driver	woman comrade
grown-up	good-for-nothing	

Section C

Directions : Each of the following sentences is provided with four choices.
Choose the one that best completes the sentence.

39. In order to make a profit, the film will need to be popular _____ millions of people, and so the idea of the film must be acceptable _____ a wide range of people.
A. to...with B. with...to
C. for...with D. with...beyond
40. He has bought an insurance policy (保险单) _____ anything goes wrong while he is on holiday.
A. lest B. for fear that
C. in case D. in order that
41. *The Times* _____ printed almost every day since 1785, although there _____ many changes of owner.
A. have been...are B. has been...have been
C. have...have D. has...is
42. Now he did not have to work so hard and he had more time _____.
A. for him B. to him
C. for himself D. to himself
43. To become a star is the aim of every singer or musician and the dream of _____ pop-crazy teenager.
A. many B. a lot of
C. many a D. a many
44. This is a fact _____ we will have to think when planning ways to keep the insects away from our food supplies.
A. which B. about which
C. that D. about that
45. Odd numbers such as 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 are _____ and three is _____ number of all.
A. mostly lucky...the luckiest
B. most lucky...mostly lucky
C. almost lucky...most lucky

D. more lucky...the luckiest

46. It is _____ Shakespeare _____ the English language is so rich today.

A. thanks for...that

B. thank to... who

C. thanks to...that

D. thank for... who

47. By taking control of the business side of the artist's career, a good manager, like a hit song (轰动一时的歌曲), can take the artist _____ unknown _____ a star—almost overnight.

A. from...to be

B. from...till being

C. from to be...to be

D. from being...to being

48. It is easier to feel that when things go wrong it is _____ bad luck rather than because _____.

A. because...himself

B. because...him

C. because of...of himself

D. because of...of he

III . Cloze

Section A

Directions : There are 20 blanks in the following passage. Fill in each blank with only one word.

Plan your time carefully. Make a 1 of your weekly tasks. Then make a schedule 2 chart of your time. Fill 3 committed time such 4 eating, sleeping, meetings, classes, etc. Then decide on good regular 5 for studying. Be sure to set 6 enough time to complete your normal reading and work assignments. Of course, studying shouldn't 7 all of the free time 8 the schedule. It's important to set aside time 9 relaxation, hobbies, and entertainment as 10. This weekly schedule may not solve 11 of your problems, but it will make you more 12 of how you spend your time. 13, it will enable you to plan your activities so 14 you have adequate time for both work and play.

Skim before you read. This means looking 15 a passage quickly before you begin to read it more carefully. As you preview the material, you 16 some idea of the content and 17 it is organized. Later when you begin to read you will recognize 18 important material and you may 19 some of these portions. Skimming helps 20 your reading speed and improve your comprehension as well.

Section B

Directions: There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage.

If you do not use your arms or your legs for some time, they become weak; when you start using them again, they slowly become strong again. Everybody knows this, and nobody would think 1 questioning this fact. Yet there are many people 2 do not seem to know that one's memory works 3 the same way. 4 someone says that he has a good memory, he really means that he keeps his memory in 5 by exercising it regularly, 6 consciously or unconsciously. When someone else says that his memory is 7, he really means that he does not give it enough opportunity to become strong. The position is exactly the same 8 that of two people, one of whom exercises his arms and legs 9 playing tennis, while the other sits in a chair 10 a motor car all day.

If a friend 11 that his arms are weak, we know that it is his own 12. But if he tells us that he has a poor memory, many of us think that his parents are to 13, or that he is just unlucky, and few of us realize that it is just as much his own fault 14 if it was his arms or legs that were weak. Not 15 of us can become extremely strong or extremely clever; but all of us can, 16 we have ordinary bodies and brains, improve our strength and our memory by the same means——practice.

Have you ever 17 that people who cannot read or write usually