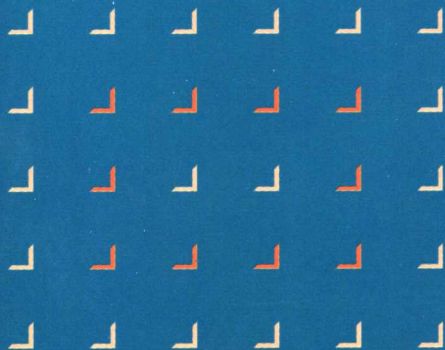


EASY 易速 应试词汇系列

# 快速突破

10000 词

适用于：TOEFL GRE GMAT IELTS 等专项考试



外文出版社  
FOREIGN LANGUAGES PRESS



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# 快速突破

# 10000 词



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外文出版社

## 图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

快速突破 10000 词 / 陈璞主编. —北京: 外文出版社, 2003. 8

(易速应试词汇系列)

ISBN 7-119-03377-8

I. 快… II. 陈… III. 英语 - 词汇 - 高等教育 - 入学考试 - 自学参考资料 IV. H313

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2003) 第 057989 号

外文出版社网址:  
<http://www.flp.com.cn>  
外文出版社电子信箱:  
[info@flp.com.cn](mailto:info@flp.com.cn)  
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### 快速突破 10000 词

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印刷监制 冯 浩

出版发行 外文出版社

社 址 北京市百万庄大街 24 号 邮政编码 100037

电 话 (010) 68995963 (编辑部)  
(010) 68329514/68327211 (推广发行部)

印 刷 北京蓝空印刷厂

经 销 新华书店 / 外文书店

开 本 大 32 开 字 数 280 千字

印 数 0001-5000 册 印 张 12.875

版 次 2003 年 8 月第 1 版第 1 次印刷

装 别 平

书 号 ISBN 7-119-03377-8/H·1489 (外)

定 价 23.80 元

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## 前 言

中国学生学习英语的一大难关是词汇。其症状多为“不死不活”。该牢牢记住的词义记不住,该掌握的用法却用不活。《易速应试词汇系列》就是针对这两方面的“痼疾”提供的一副“良药”。

本系列共分六册:《快速突破 3000 词》《快速突破 4500 词》《快速突破 5500 词》《快速突破 6500 词》《快速突破 8000 词》和《快速突破 10000 词》。每册对应一个层次的读者。

本书《快速突破 10000 词》收入 TOEFL、GRE、GMAT 和 IELTS 考试常考词汇中属于中上水平的词汇近 3500 个,加上各词的同义词、反义词,学完本书后词汇量将达到 12000 词水平,适合欲出国留学深造的英语学习者使用。

本系列编排科学、体例新颖,每个词条都提供读音、词性、英汉双解释义和体现基本用法的典型例句。全部例句均选自国内外权威工具书、相关通用教材和考试真题,具有较强的针对性和可读性。版式明快,双色三栏排印,“横”可供日常研习,“纵”可供考前突击背诵。

尤其值得一提的是本系列既是一个系列,每本又独立成书。读者可根据自身需要选择一本使用,也可逐册依次按部就班学习,全系列学完,您的英语词汇量也就相当可观了。

由于编者水平有限,本书所存疏漏之处,诚望读者朋友给予指正。

编者 谨识

2003 年春·北京

# A

| WORD   | MEANING   | TYPICAL USE  |
|--|---|--|
| <b>abase</b><br>[ə'beis]<br><i>vt.</i> 屈辱, 自贬, 降低...的威信      | cause (oneself) to seem not to deserve respect or to be only of little importance | The president is not willing to <b>abase</b> himself before the nation. 总统不愿在全国人民面前降低自己的威信。      |
| <b>abate</b><br>[ə'beit]<br><i>vi.</i> (风、暴风雨、声音、痛苦等) 减退, 减轻 | (of winds, storms, sounds, pain, etc.) become less strong; decrease               | The recent public anxiety about this issue may now be <b>abating</b> . 近来公众对这个问题的焦虑心情现在也许正在缓和下来。 |
| <b>abbey</b><br>['æbi]<br><i>n.</i> 修道院                      | a building in which monks or nuns live and work                                   | This's the famous Westminster <b>Abbey</b> . 这就是著名的威斯敏斯特大教堂。                                     |
| <b>abbreviate</b><br>[ə'brɪ:vieɪt]<br><i>vt.</i> 节略, 省略, 缩写  | make (a word, sentence, book, study, etc.) shorter                                | The name Susan is often <b>abbreviated</b> to Sue. 人名 Susan 经常被缩写为 Sue。                          |
| <b>abbreviation</b><br>[ə'brɪ:vi'eɪʃən]<br><i>n.</i> 缩写词     | shortened form of a word  | A. D. is the <b>abbreviation</b> for "advertisement". A. D. 是 advertisement 的缩写。                 |
| <b>abdicate</b><br>['æbdikeɪt]<br><i>vt.</i> 放弃 (职责、权力等)     | give up (sth, esp. a position of power, a responsibility or right) formally       | He <b>abdicated</b> all responsibility for the care of the child. 他放弃了抚养孩子的全部责任。                 |
| <b>abdomen</b>   | the lower part of a   | The patient is complaining   |

| WORD  | MEANING  | TYPICAL USE  |
|---|--|--|
| <p><b>abdomen</b><br/>['æbdəmen]<br/>n. 腹部</p>              | <p>person's or animal's body, which contains the stomach, etc.</p> | <p>of pain in the <b>abdomen</b>, doctor. 大夫, 病人在叫肚子疼。</p>                           |
| <p><b>abduct</b><br/>[æb'dʌkt]<br/>vt. 劫持; 诱拐</p>           | <p>take (a person) away illegally, often by force; kidnap</p>      | <p>He was <b>abducted</b> from his car by terrorists. 他被恐怖分子从汽车中绑架走了。</p>            |
| <p><b>abhor</b><br/>[əb'hɔ:]<br/>vt. 憎恶, 厌恶, 讨厌</p>         | <p>hate (sb or sth) very strongly; detest</p>                      | <p>They <b>abhor</b> all forms of racial discrimination. 他们憎恶任何形式的种族歧视。</p>          |
| <p><b>abject</b><br/>['æbdʒekt]<br/>adj. 凄惨的; 绝望的</p>       | <p>(of conditions) wretched; hopeless</p>                          | <p>They live in <b>abject</b> poverty. 他们的生活赤贫。</p>                                  |
| <p><b>ablaze</b><br/>[ə'bleiz]<br/>adj. 着火的; 燃烧的</p>        | <p>burning strongly and uncontrollably; on fire</p>                | <p>The wooden house was soon <b>ablaze</b>. 那幢木头房子很快就烧起来了。</p>                       |
| <p><b>abode</b><br/>[ə'bəʊd]<br/>n. 住所</p>                  | <p>the place where one lives; one's home</p>                       | <p>Let me take you to my humble <b>abode</b>! 让我带你们到鄙人的寒舍去吧!</p>                     |
| <p><b>abolition</b><br/>[,æbə'liʃən]<br/>n. 废除, 废止</p>      | <p>abolishing or being abolished</p>                               | <p>They campaigned for the <b>abolition</b> of capital punishment. 他们发动了废除死刑的运动。</p> |
| <p><b>abominable</b><br/>[ə'bɒmɪnəbl]<br/>adj. 讨厌的, 可恶的</p> | <p>causing great dislike; hateful</p>                              | <p>Their cruel treatment of prisoners was <b>abominable</b>. 他们虐待犯人的做法令人厌恶。</p>      |
| <p><b>aboriginal</b><br/>[,æbə'ri:dʒənəl]</p>               | <p>inhabiting a land from a very early period,</p>                 | <p>They managed to wipe out the entire <b>aboriginal</b> popu-</p>                   |

| WORD   | MEANING   | TYPICAL USE   |
|--|---|---|
| <i>adj.</i> 土著的  | esp. before the arrival of colonists  | lation. 他们终于把那些土著人全部消灭了。  |
| <b>aborigine</b><br>[ˌɪæbəˈrɪdʒɪniː]<br><i>n.</i> 土著人    | a member of a group, tribe, etc., that has lived in a place from the earliest times | Many <b>aborigines</b> died when they came into contact with diseases. 很多土著人感染了疾病而死亡。 |
| <b>abort</b><br>[əˈbɔ:t]<br><i>vt.</i> 使(胎儿)流产           | cause (a child) to be born too soon   | The doctor had to <b>abort</b> the baby. 医生不得不打掉胎儿。                                   |
| <b>abound</b><br>[əˈbaʊnd]<br><i>vi.</i> 大量存在; 充满        | exist in large numbers or great quantity  | This place used to <b>abound</b> with snakes. 这个地方过去蛇很多。                              |
| <b>abrasive</b><br>[əˈbreɪsɪv]<br><i>adj.</i> 使人厌烦的; 粗鲁的 | (of people or their behaviour) upsetting and causing annoyance                      | If you criticize Pablo, he becomes very <b>abrasive</b> . 如果你批评帕布罗, 他就会变得非常粗暴。        |
| <b>abreast</b><br>[əˈbreɪst]<br><i>adv.</i> 并列, 并排       | side by side (with sb/sth) and facing the same way                                  | Twenty-five cars stood <b>abreast</b> . 二十五辆汽车排成一行停靠。                                 |
| <b>abridge</b><br>[əˈbrɪdʒ]<br><i>vt.</i> 节略, 删节         | make (a book, speech, article, etc.) shorter  | He's currently <b>abridging</b> his book. 他正在对他的书进行删节。                                |
| <b>absentee</b><br>[ˌæbsənˈtiː]<br><i>n.</i> 缺席者, 缺勤者    | a person who ought to be present but stays away                                     | There were many <b>absentees</b> from the meeting. 这次会议有很多人缺席。                        |
| <b>absolve</b><br>[əbˈzɒlv]<br><i>vt.</i> ①免除(责任)        | free (sb) from fulfilling a promise or from having to suffer for                    | The report <b>absolved</b> her from blame for the accident. 案情报告免除了她对                 |

| WORD   | MEANING   | TYPICAL USE   |
|--|---|---|
| ② (尤指教士) 宽恕<br>同 remit                             | wrongdoing<br>(esp. of a priest) forgive (sb) for doing wrong                   | 这一事故的责任。<br>The priest <b>absolved</b> him of his sins. 神父饶恕了他的罪过。                      |
| <b>absorption</b><br>[əb'sɔ:pʃən]<br>n. 吸收, 专注     | absorbing or being absorbed   | Complete <b>absorption</b> in sports interfered with his studies. 专注于运动妨碍了他的学业。         |
| <b>abstention</b><br>[æb'stenʃən]<br>n. 弃权         | abstaining, esp. not using one's vote at an election                            | There were high levels of <b>abstention</b> in the election. 那次选举中有许多人弃权。               |
| <b>abstinence</b><br>[ˈæbstɪnəns]<br>n. 禁绝         | the act of keeping away from pleasant things, e. g. from alcoholic drinks, etc. | The best way to avoid pregnancy was total <b>abstinence</b> from sex. 最好的避孕办法就是彻底戒除性生活。 |
| <b>abyss</b><br>[ə'bis]<br>n. 深渊                   | hole so deep that it seems to have no bottom                                    | He is plunging into an <b>abyss</b> of despair. 他陷入了绝望的深渊。                              |
| <b>accede</b><br>[æk'si:d]<br>vi. 答应, 同意           | agree to a suggestion, plane, demand, etc.                                      | Will you <b>accede</b> to their request? 你会答应他们的请求吗?                                    |
| <b>accentuate</b><br>[æk'sentʃueɪt]<br>vt. 使突出; 强调 | make (sth) very noticeable or prominent   | The dark frame <b>accentuates</b> the brightness of the picture. 深色画框更显出画的明亮色彩。         |
| <b>accession</b><br>[æk'seʃən]<br>n. 就职, 就任        | arriving at a position (esp. that of a ruler)                                   | His <b>accession</b> to the important post was a big event. 他就任该要职是一件大事。                |



| WORD  | MEANING  | TYPICAL USE  |
|---|--|--|
| <b>acclaim</b><br>[ə'kleim]<br><i>vt.</i> 向...欢呼<br><i>n.</i> 欢迎;称赞 | welcome (sb/sth) with shouts of approval; applaud loudly<br>enthusiastic welcome or approval; praise                   | They <b>acclaimed</b> the astronauts. 他们以欢呼迎接宇航员。<br>He was welcomed with great <b>acclaim</b> . 他受到十分热烈的欢迎。   |
| <b>accompaniment</b><br>[ə'kʌmpənimənt]<br><i>n.</i> ①伴随物<br>②伴奏    | thing that naturely or often goes with another thing<br>music played at the same time as singing or another instrument | Wine provided the perfect <b>accompaniment</b> to the meal. 葡萄酒是这顿饭的最佳佐餐酒。<br>Jane sang a song with a piano <b>accompaniment</b> by Jack. 简在杰克的钢琴伴奏下唱了一首歌。 |
| <b>accomplice</b><br>[ə'kɒmplis]<br><i>n.</i> 从犯,帮凶                 | person who helps another to do with sth wicked or illegal  | The thief was not alone. We know he had an <b>accomplice</b> . 那小偷不是一个人,我们知道他还有个同谋。  |
| <b>accordion</b><br>[ə'kɒdjən]<br><i>n.</i> 手风琴                     | portable musical instrument with a bellows, metal reeds and a keyboard   | The <b>accordion</b> music in the film isn't very beautiful. 这部影片中的手风琴音乐不是很好。  |
| <b>accountable</b><br>[ə'kauntəbl]<br><i>adj.</i> 负有责任的             | responsible; having to give an explanation for one's actions   | If anything happens to this car, I will hold you <b>accountable</b> . 这辆车如果出什么问题,我就惟你是问。   |
| <b>accountancy</b><br>[ə'kauntənsi]<br><i>n.</i> 会计职业               | the work or job of an accountant   | She received a permit in <b>accountancy</b> . 她获得了会计证书。  |
| <b>accredit</b>   | officially accept, rec-  | They have the confidence of  |

| WORD   | MEANING  | TYPICAL USE  |
|--|--|--|
| <p>[ə'kredit]</p> <p>vt. 官方认可, 接受, 或同意</p>                                   | <p>ognize or approve (sb or sth)</p>   | <p>the governments to which they are <b>accredited</b>. 他们对其所代表的政府有信心。</p>   |
| <p><b>accrue</b></p> <p>[ə'kru:]</p> <p>vi. 增加, 增长</p>                       | <p>come as a natural increase or advantage, esp. financial</p>   | <p>Interest <b>accrues</b> on a bank account. 银行账户的利息在增长。</p>  |
| <p><b>accusation</b></p> <p>[,ækju(:)'zeɪʃən]</p> <p>n. 指责; 控告</p>           | <p>(a statement) accusing sb of doing wrong or of breaking the law</p>   | <p>You can't make wild <b>accusations</b> like that! 你不能这样胡乱地指责别人。</p>   |
| <p><b>ace</b></p> <p>[eis]</p> <p>n. ①得分的一击</p> <p>②某些活动中的能手</p>             | <p>stroke, esp. a service, that is too good for the opponent to return</p> <p>person who is an expert at some activity</p> | <p>That's the third <b>ace</b> that he has served this match. 那是他在这场比赛中的第三次发球得分。</p> <p>He was a flying <b>ace</b> in the First World War. 他是一战时的飞行专家。</p> |
| <p><b>acquit</b></p> <p>[ə'kwɪt]</p> <p>vt. ①使(自己)作出某种表现</p> <p>②宣判...无罪</p> | <p>carry out an activity with the stated degree of success</p> <p>give a decision that sb is not guilty of a crime</p>     | <p>I thought that he <b>acquitted</b> himself admirably in the meeting. 我认为他在会议上表现得非常出色。</p> <p>He was <b>acquitted</b> of a crime. 他被宣判无罪。</p>            |
| <p><b>acquittal</b></p> <p>[ə'kwɪtl]</p> <p>n. 宣告无罪</p>                      | <p>the act of acquitting sb in a court of law, or the fact of being acquitted</p>  | <p>Of the three cases that went to trial, two ended in <b>acquittals</b>. 所审理的三个案件中, 有两个以无罪而告终。</p>  |
| <p><b>acrimony</b></p> <p>[ˈækriməni]</p> <p>n. 尖刻, 刻薄</p>                   | <p>bitterness, as of manner or language</p>  | <p>They parted without <b>acrimony</b>. 他们分手时没有相互反唇相讥。</p>   |

| WORD   | MEANING   | TYPICAL USE  |
|--|---|--|
| <b>acrobat</b><br>[ˈækrəbæt]<br><i>n.</i> 杂技演员               | a person skilled in walking on ropes or wires, balancing, walking on their hands, etc.                    | I was always fascinated by the <b>acrobats</b> at the circus. 我总是着迷于马戏团里的杂技演员。   |
| <b>activate</b><br>[ˈæktiveɪt]<br><i>vt.</i> 使活动, 触发         | make (esp. an electrical system) active; bring (sth) into use   | We must <b>activate</b> the youth to study. 我们要激励青年去学习。  |
| <b>activist</b><br>[ˈæktɪvɪst]<br><i>n.</i> 积极分子             | a person taking a very active part, esp. in a political movement  | He's been a trade union <b>activist</b> for many years. 多年来他一直是工会的积极分子。  |
| <b>acumen</b><br>[əˈkjuːmən]<br><i>n.</i> 敏锐, 聪明             | ability to think and judge quickly and well   | She has considerable business <b>acumen</b> . 她的经营能力绝非一般。  |
| <b>acupuncture</b><br>[ˈækjupʌŋktʃə]<br><i>n.</i> 针灸(疗法)     | the method of stopping pain and curing diseases by putting special needles into certain parts of the body | It's known that <b>acupuncture</b> originated in China. 众所周知, 针灸起源于中国。He cured her by <b>acupuncture</b> . 他用针灸疗法治愈了她。 |
| <b>adamant</b><br>[ˈædəmənt]<br><i>adj.</i> 坚定的, 坚持的         | firm and immovable in purpose   | He was <b>adamant</b> that they should go. 他坚持要求他们走。   |
| <b>adaptation</b><br>[ˌædəpˈteɪʃən]<br><i>n.</i> 适应, 改编(本)   | act or an example of adapting   | This is an <b>adaptation</b> of a novel for the scenario. 这是由小说改编的电影剧本。  |
| <b>addictive</b><br>[əˈdɪktɪv]<br><i>adj.</i> 使成瘾的, 上瘾的; 入迷的 | (of drugs, activity, etc.) causing addiction; habit-forming   | The problem with video game is that they're <b>addictive</b> . 电子游戏机的问题在于它们会使入上瘾。                                      |

| WORD  | MEANING  | TYPICAL USE   |
|---|--|---|
| <b>additive</b><br>['æditiv]<br><i>n.</i> 添加剂                         | a substance which is added to food in order to improve its taste or appearance | It says on the packet that these crisps contain no <b>additives</b> . 包装上说这些炸薯片不含添加剂。 |
| <b>adhesive</b><br>[əd'hɪsɪv]<br><i>n.</i> 粘合剂                        | substance that makes things stick  | You'll need a strong <b>adhesive</b> to mend that chair. 你需要一种粘性很强的东西来修理那把椅子。         |
| <b>administrative</b><br>[əd'mɪnɪstrətɪv]<br><i>adj.</i> 行政的, 管理的     | of or concerning administration  | He has a lot of <b>administrative</b> work to do. 他有许多行政工作要做。                         |
| <b>admiral</b><br>['ædmərəl]<br><i>n.</i> 海军将领                        | a naval rank   | <b>Admiral</b> Nelson is a strong man. 纳尔逊海军上将是一个强壮的男人。                               |
| <b>admonish</b><br>[əd'mɒnɪʃ]<br><i>vt.</i> 劝告, 训诫                    | warn or speak to with gentle disapproval                                       | The teacher <b>admonished</b> the boys for being lazy. 老师告诫学生不要偷懒。                    |
| <b>ado</b><br>[ə'du:]<br><i>n.</i> 无谓的忙乱, 费力                          | delay or unnecessary activity  | He agreed to the proposal without <b>ado</b> . 他干脆地同意了建议。                             |
| <b>adorn</b><br>[əd'ɔ:n]<br><i>vt.</i> 装饰; 佩带                         | make (sb or sth) more beautiful by adding sth decorative                       | Their house is <b>adorned</b> with beautiful antique ornaments. 他们的房子装饰得古色古香。         |
| <b>adrift</b><br>[ə'drɪft]<br><i>adj. &amp; adv.</i> 漂泊的 (地), 漂流的 (地) | not fastened, and driven about by the sea or wind; loose                       | Someone had cut the boat <b>adrift</b> from its moorings. 有人切断了绳索, 使船漂离停泊的地方。         |

| WORD   | MEANING   | TYPICAL USE   |
|--|---|---|
| <b>adroit</b><br>[ə'drɔɪt]<br><i>adj.</i> 熟练的, 机敏的           | quick and skilful in using mind or hand   | She was <b>adroit</b> at dealing with difficult questions. 她在处理难题上很机敏。                            |
| <b>adultery</b><br>[ə'dʌltəri]<br><i>n.</i> 通奸, 私通           | sexual relations between a married person and sb who is not one's husband or wife | Many people in public life have committed <b>adultery</b> . 社会生活中的很多人都有过通奸行为。                     |
| <b>adventurous</b><br>[əd'ventʃərəs]<br><i>adj.</i> 冒险的, 大胆的 | eager for adventure; ready to take risks; daring                                  | I think I'll try the snails for lunch—I'm feeling <b>adventurous</b> today. 我想我午餐要尝一下蜗牛——我今天很想冒险。 |
| <b>adversary</b><br>[ˈædvəsəri]<br><i>n.</i> 对手, 敌手          | an opponent; an enemy   | He is her main <b>adversary</b> within the company. 他是她在公司中的主要对手。                                 |
| <b>adverse</b><br>[ˈædvə:s]<br><i>adj.</i> 不利的, 有害的          | going against sth; unfavourable; harmful  | Disease are <b>adverse</b> to the best growth of children. 疾病对儿童健康成长不利。                           |
| <b>advocacy</b><br>[ˈædvəkəsi]<br><i>n.</i> 支持, 拥护, 鼓吹       | the act or action of supporting an idea, person, etc.                             | She is renowned for her <b>advocacy</b> of human rights. 她以提倡人权而闻名。                               |
| <b>aerobics</b><br>[eə'reubiks]<br><i>n.</i> 有氧健身操           | an exercise with music and intended to strengthen the heart and lungs             | I have a very good <b>aerobics</b> teacher called Nicky. 我有一位非常好的有氧健身操老师, 名叫尼基。                   |
| <b>aerosol</b><br>[ˈeərəsəl]<br><i>n.</i> 喷雾剂                | substance sealed in a container under pressure, with a device for releasing it    | They sprayed <b>aerosol</b> insect repellent into the faces of police. 他们将喷雾驱虫剂喷在了警察的脸上。          |

| WORD  | MEANING  | TYPICAL USE   |
|---|--|---|
| <b>affable</b><br>[ˈæfəbl̩]<br><i>adj.</i> 平易的, 和蔼的                   | friendly; kind; relaxed and easy to talk to  | The chairman was quite <b>affable</b> at the meeting. 主席在会议上非常和蔼可亲。   |
| <b>affectionate</b><br>[əˈfekʃənɪt̩]<br><i>adj.</i> 柔情的               | showing gentle love  | She gave her daughter an <b>affectionate</b> kiss. 她柔情地吻了一下女儿。  |
| <b>affiliate</b><br>[əˈfɪliet̩]<br><i>vt.</i> 接纳...为成员, 使隶属于          | cause (a group) to become part of or form a close relationship with a larger group | They <b>affiliated</b> themselves with the same political party. 他们加入了同一政党。                                       |
| <b>affinity</b><br>[əˈfɪnɪt̩]<br><i>n.</i> 喜爱                         | a liking; attraction to  | He has an <b>affinity</b> for fine food. 他喜爱精美的食品。  |
| <b>affix</b><br>[əˈfɪks]<br><i>vt.</i> 粘贴                             | put on; attach   | Herman <b>affixed</b> the sign to the wall. 赫尔曼将标记贴到墙上。   |
| <b>afflict</b><br>[əˈflɪkt̩]<br><i>vt.</i> 使痛苦, 折磨                    | cause to suffer in the body or mind  | Famine and war still <b>afflict</b> mankind. 饥饿和战争仍使人类遭受痛苦。   |
| <b>affluent</b><br>[ˈæfluənt̩]<br><i>adj.</i> 富裕的, 富足的                | abundant; prosperous   | Darren is an <b>affluent</b> young man. 达伦是一个富有的年轻人。  |
| <b>affront</b><br>[əˈfrʌnt̩]<br><i>n.</i> 侮辱, 冒犯<br><i>vt.</i> 侮辱, 冒犯 | a remark or action intended to insult or offend sb<br>insult                       | His refusal to see me was an <b>affront</b> . 他拒绝见我, 这对我是个侮辱。<br>I was <b>affronted</b> by his actions. 他的行为冒犯了我。 |
| <b>afraid</b><br>[əˈfraɪd̩]   | far away, esp. from home; to or at a great   | Don't go too far <b>afraid</b> or you'll get lost. 别走得太远,   |

| WORD  | MEANING   | TYPICAL USE  |
|---|---|--|
| <i>adv.</i> 远离; 到〔在〕<br>远方                                      | distance  | 要不然你会迷路的。  |
| <b>afloat</b><br>[ə'fləʊt]<br><i>adj.</i> 浮在水面的                 | on or above the water; floating on water  | She spent seven days <b>afloat</b> on a raft. 她在一只木筏上漂泊了七天。  |
| <b>afoot</b><br>[ə'fʊt]<br><i>adj. &amp; adv.</i> 在策划中(的)       | (esp. of sth bad) being prepared or in operation  | There is some strange business <b>afoot</b> . 有些异乎寻常的事正在酝酿中。   |
| <b>afresh</b><br>[ə'freʃ]<br><i>adv.</i> 重新                     | again, esp. starting from the beginning   | She tore up the letter and started <b>afresh</b> . 她撕掉信, 重新开始写。  |
| <b>aftereffect</b><br>[ˈɑ:ftəɪfekt]<br><i>n.</i> (不良的) 后果, 事后影响 | an effect (usu. unpleasant) that follows some time after the cause or after the main effect | He was at a party all night and felt the <b>aftereffect</b> , a headache, the next day. 他在晚会上玩了个通宵, 第二天才觉出头痛的后果。 |
| <b>aftermath</b><br>[ˈɑ:ftəmæθ]<br><i>n.</i> 后果                 | the period which follows an event, etc., and the effects which it cause                     | In the <b>aftermath</b> of the hurricane, many houses were destroyed. 飓风的后果是许多房屋被毁。                              |
| <b>aggression</b><br>[ə'greɪʃən]<br><i>n.</i> 侵略, 侵犯, 挑衅        | the act of tendency of starting a quarrel, fight, or war, esp. without just cause           | The military exercise was condemned as an act of <b>aggression</b> . 这次军事演习被谴责为一种挑衅。                             |
| <b>agile</b><br>[ˈædʒaɪl]<br><i>adj.</i> 灵巧的                    | able to move about quickly and easily   | That little girl is such an <b>agile</b> dancer! 那小女孩跳起舞来是那么灵巧!  |
| <b>aground</b>  | stuck on or in sand,  | Our ship ran <b>aground</b> on   |

| WORD  | MEANING  | TYPICAL USE   |
|---|--|---|
| [ə'graʊnd]<br><i>adj.</i> 搁浅, 触礁                      | soil, rocks, etc.  | some rocks in the fog. 我们的船在雾中触礁。   |
| <b>aide</b><br>[eid]<br><i>n.</i> 助手, 副官              | a person whose job is to help sb important   | She is a nurse's <b>aide</b> . 她是护士的助手。   |
| <b>ailment</b><br>[ˈeɪlmənt]<br><i>n.</i> 疾病, 不适      | an illness, esp. a lasting condition   | His <b>ailments</b> include a mild heart attack. 他患有轻度心脏病。                                      |
| <b>aimless</b><br>[ˈeɪmlɪs]<br><i>adj.</i> 无目的的       | without any clear purpose or direction   | She said that her life seemed <b>aimless</b> . 她说她的生活好像没有目标。                                    |
| <b>airborne</b><br>[ˈeəbɔ:n]<br><i>adj.</i> 空中的, 空运的  | in the air, or carried by air or wind or by an aircraft  | The old plane had great difficulty getting <b>airborne</b> . 这架旧飞机很难升空。                         |
| <b>airforce</b><br>[ˈeəfɔ:s]<br><i>n.</i> 空军          | the branch of a country's military forces that is concerned with attack and defence from the air | The Royal <b>Airforce</b> still remained dangerously short of bombers. 英国皇家空军仍未脱离极为缺乏轰炸机的危境。    |
| <b>airmail</b><br>[ˈeəmeɪl]<br><i>n.</i> 航空邮件         | letters, packages, etc. shipped by air   | A letter sent <b>airmail</b> will get to Europe quickly. 寄往欧洲的航空信件会很快到达。                        |
| <b>airtight</b><br>[ˈeətaɪt]<br><i>adj.</i> 密闭的, 不透气的 | (esp. of a container) completely closed so that no air can get in or out                         | Biscuits will stay crisp if you keep them in an <b>airtight</b> tin. 如果你把饼干放到一个密闭的铁罐里, 它就会保持酥脆。 |
| <b>airway</b>   | the passage through  | Lay them on their side and  |



| WORD   | MEANING  | TYPICAL USE   |
|--|--|---|
| <p>[<sup>1</sup>'eəwei]</p> <p><i>n.</i> 通气道; 呼吸道</p>  | the mouth and throat that carries air to the lungs                 | ensure the <b>airway</b> is unobstructed. 让他们侧躺着, 并确保呼吸道畅通。   |
| <p><b>ajar</b></p> <p>[<sup>1</sup>'ɔ:dʒɑ:]</p> <p><i>adj.</i> 半开着的</p>                                  | (of a door) almost closed; slightly open                           | The door was <b>ajar</b> , so the cat was able to come in. 门半开着, 因此猫可以进来。   |
| <p><b>alcoholic</b></p> <p>[<sup>1</sup>,ælkə'hɒlɪk]</p> <p><i>adj.</i> 酒精的</p> <p><i>n.</i> 嗜酒者, 酒鬼</p> | related to alcohol<br><br>a person who drinks too much alcohol     | The <b>alcoholic</b> content of some beers is as high as 12-13 percent. 一些啤酒的酒精含量高达 12% 至 13%。He is a recovering <b>alcoholic</b> . 他是一个正在戒酒的嗜酒者。 |
| <p><b>algae</b></p> <p>[<sup>1</sup>'ældʒi:]</p> <p><i>n.</i> 水藻</p>                                     | simple tiny plants that live in water                              | The green covering on top of the water in the pond is <b>algae</b> . 池塘水面上绿色的东西是水藻。   |
| <p><b>alias</b></p> <p>[<sup>1</sup>'eɪliəs]</p> <p><i>n.</i> 别名, 化名</p>                                 | name by which a person is called at other times or in other places | The name Darren was an <b>alias</b> he used to avoid the police. 达伦是他用来逃避警察的化名。   |
| <p><b>alibi</b></p> <p>[<sup>1</sup>'ælibai]</p> <p><i>n.</i> 不在犯罪现场的证据</p>                              | evidence that a person was in another place at the time of a crime | He had a cast-iron <b>alibi</b> so the police released him. 他有强有力的不在犯罪现场的证据, 所以警方放了他。   |
| <p><b>align</b></p> <p>[<sup>1</sup>'ə'lain]</p> <p><i>vt.</i> 使成一线</p>                                  | place or arrange (a thing or things) in a straight line            | <b>Align</b> the ruler and the middle of the paper. 使尺子与纸张的中部成一条直线。   |
| <p><b>allay</b></p>  | make (a person's or  | They are trying to <b>allay</b>   |