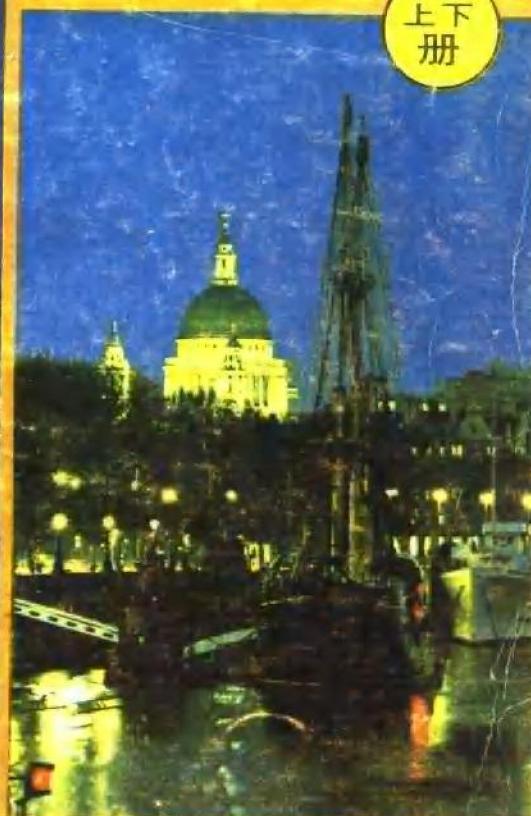


英文正錯句手册

A HANDBOOK OF COMMON
MISTAKES IN ENGLISH

上下册



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一、形容词部分

1. a, an

Wrong: an European country

Right: a European country

Wrong: an university

Right: a university

Wrong: a I. C. A. C. man

Right: an I. C. A. C. man

按照一般惯例,大家在名词或形容词前面用不定冠词“a”或“an”,是根据名词或形容词的第一个字母,若为元音字母(vowel)即a, e, i, o, u, 则用“an”; 若为辅音字母(consonant),则用“a”。实际上,这种惯例的用法是不够正确的,原因是:用“a”或“an”是根据该词的发音即该词的(国际)音标而定,因为有些辅音字母是不发音的,有些元音字母则发辅音。)

(1) 英文字母发元音者如下: a, e, f, h, i, l, m, n, o, r, s, x。读字母时,在这些缩写字母前用“an”,例: an M.P.,

an F. O. B. price, an S.

(2) 不发音的辅音字母：“h”，例：hour, honest, heir, heiress, honour, honorary, honourable, hotel（有时“h”也不发音）。

(3) 发辅音的元音字母，例：European (juərə'pi:ən), uniform ('ju:nifɔ:m), unify ('ju:nifai), union ('ju:njən), unit ('ju:nit), unitary ('ju:nitəri), universal (ju:nɪ've:səl), useful, useless, usher, usual 等等。

2. able, capable 有能力

Wrong: This boat is able to be repaired.

Right: This boat is capable of being repaired.

Right: This boat can be repaired.

“be able to”除了常用以表示 can 所不能表示的时态外，还具有“有能力”之意。例：I am able to walk through that swamp. 而“be capable of doing something”则为“有本领、有能力、可以……的”，例：He is capable of judging art. This book is capable of being translated. (=This book can be translated). “be capable of”之后用动名词，而经常是被动式。

3. absent 不在

Wrong: I called on him unexpectedly but he was absent.

Right: I called on him unexpectedly but he was out.

(He was not in.)

“absent”虽有“不在”之意，但若用于“不在家”却不用“absent”，而用“out”。“absent”极常用于“缺席”，且与“from”连用。例：He is often absent from school. He was absent from the meeting yesterday.

4. accustomed 习惯

Wrong: I am accustomed with cold climate.

Right: I am accustomed to cold climate.

Wrong: I am not accustomed to sleep during the day.

Right: I am not accustomed to sleeping during the day.

“be accustomed”(习惯于)之后用前置词“to”，“to”后用名词或动名词(gerund)。例：He is accustomed to getting up early. He is accustomed to hard work.

5. **addicted** 沉溺于

Wrong: He is addicted to gamble.

Right: He is addicted to gambling.

“be addicted to”(沉溺于)之后用名词或动名词，且多指坏习惯。例：be addicted to drink, drug; be addicted to smoking, gambling.

6. **afraid** 害怕

Wrong: I don't afraid.

Right: I am not afraid.

“afraid”是形容词，一定与“be”连用，不用其它动词。

Wrong: She is afraid to dogs.

Right: She is afraid of dogs.

“be afraid”用前置词“of”，其后用名词、代名词或动名词。例：He is afraid of his father. We are not afraid of him. She is afraid of going home alone at night.

“be afraid of”指害怕的精神状态，即对……感到害怕。

“be afraid to + V”则指：害怕做什么。例：She was afraid of waking him up. 她怕吵醒他（可能因为他生病或需要多

睡)。She was afraid to wake him up. 她不敢吵醒他(可能因为她害怕他会不高兴或生气)。

7. angry 生气

Wrong: Mary was angry to me.

Wrong: Mary was angry at me.

Right: Mary was angry with me.

Wrong: He was angry with what I said.

Right: He was angry at what I said.

“be angry”对于人，用前置词“with”；对事则用前置词“at”。例：Don't be angry with me. She was angry at my words.

8. another 另一个，the other 另一个

Wrong: I have two books, one in English and another in German.

Right: I have two books, one in English and the other in German.

“another”与“the other”都有“另一个”的意思。但是，“another”是指同类东西不定数中之另一个，而“the other”

则指两或两件东西中的“另一个”。例:He has a book in one hand, and a pen in the other. This glass is broken. Get me another.

9. **anxious** 担心

Wrong: We anxious his health.

Right: We are anxious about his health.

“anxious”是形容词，不是动词，“担心……”是“be anxious about”。

10. **ashamed** 羞耻，惭愧

Wrong: He is now ashamed for his conduct.

Wrong: He is now ashamed his conduct.

Right: He is now ashamed of his conduct.

“对……感到羞耻(惭愧)”为“be(feel) ashamed of”之后用名词、动名词或 that 从属句。例: I feel ashamed of failing in the examination. He feels ashamed that he has done wrongly.