



成功英语系列丛书

成功英语

III

娄 蝶 编著

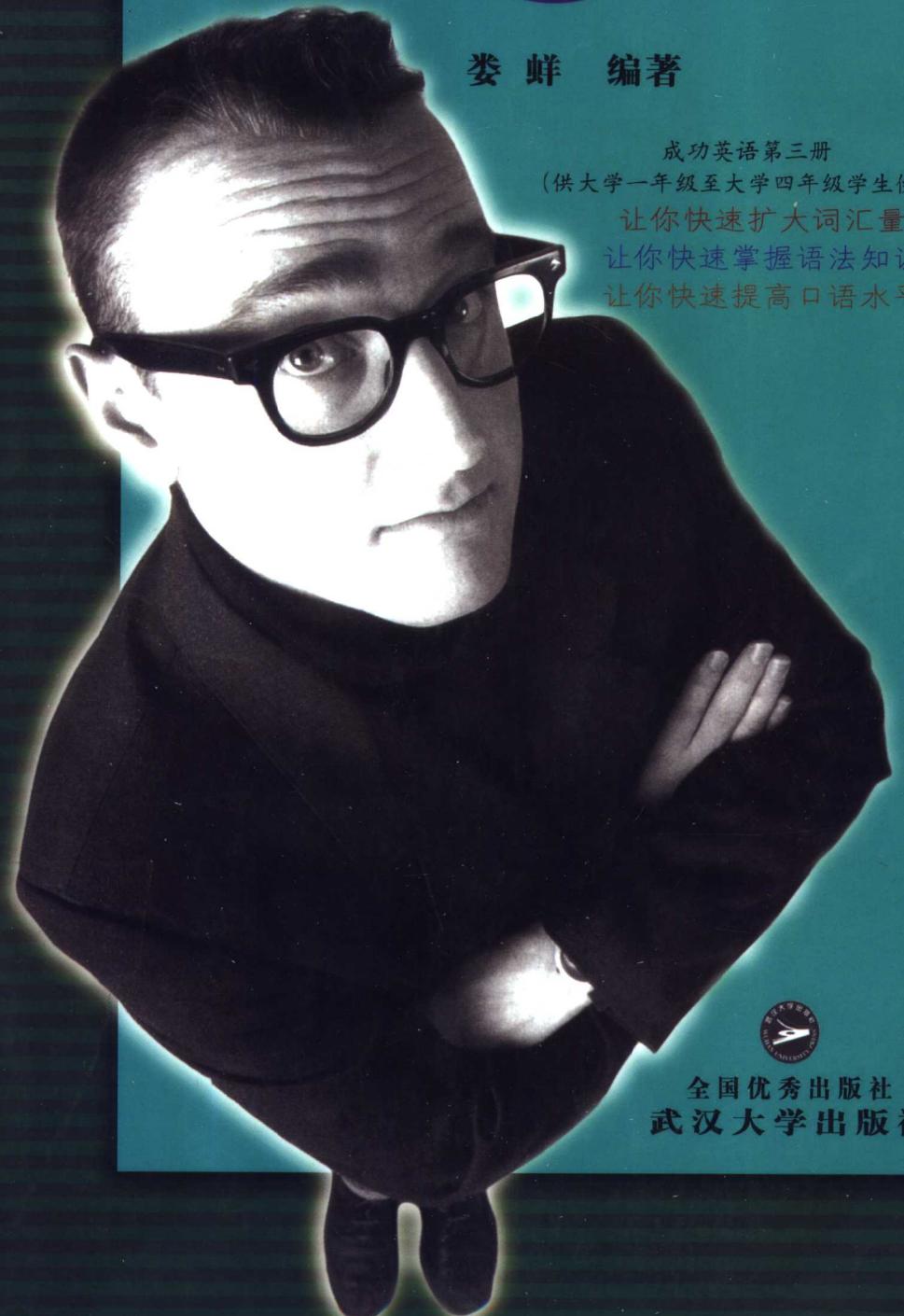
成功英语第三册

(供大学一年级至大学四年级学生使用)

让你快速扩大词汇量

让你快速掌握语法知识

让你快速提高口语水平



全国优秀出版社
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编者的话

由于英语和汉语不是一个语系，因此中国学生在学习英语时普遍会感到困难，特别是背单词难、学语法难。为了减轻学生的学习压力，扫除学习中的障碍，笔者结合多年教学实践一直在探索和寻觅最适合学生学习的路子和方法，并汇集方法和配套练习为一体，制作出这套《成功英语系列丛书》。具体做法就是通过 5000 个例句引出所要学习的语法要点、基本句型、常用词的区别、习惯搭配等，再结合每本书后面的有针对性的练习，培养学生的语感，启迪他们的智力，充分调动学生的学习积极性，从而快速掌握单词和语法，提高英语水平。《丛书》集语音、词汇、基本句型、语法、重难点知识点、口语、练习于一体，最大特点就是理论联系实际做得好。与以往的书不同的是《丛书》的练习在整套书中占了很重的比例。这里指的是书后面的同步练习、汉译英练习及解析答案。同步练习的编排形式多样，针对性很强。汉译英的编排更是独到好处，这里不仅有汉译英对照答案，而且每一句汉译英和英译汉都是前面正文中句子的再现，学生可以充分地或反复地学习这些精典语句，同时还可以系统地把所学的语法、词汇、重难点知识点、习惯表达法融会贯通。这一特点真正让学生做到了温故而知新，也符合当前学生学习的特点和心理特征。

《成功英语系列丛书》共分三册。第一册供初中学生至高中学生使用；第二册供高中生至大学生使用；第三册供大学一年级至大学四年级学生使用。《丛书》的体例编排是一致的。每册书都是由基本句型（三册书的句型共有 5000 句）、词汇、同步练习及解析答案，汉译英对照答案组成，是一套综合性很强的多功能丛书。为了让广大的自学爱好者在短时间内巩固好基础知识，成功地学好英语，笔者认为只有通过学习句型才能掌握好语法，只有通过做大量的练习才能够掌握好基本句型。这种循环往复的复习学习方法（即反复学习和再现知识点的学习方法）就是广大的自学成才者的最好的路子和方法。笔者有信心，并且非常自豪地认为，该《丛书》的出版一定会使社会的中青年读者受益的。同时这套丛书也是参加中考、高考、过四六级考试的学生最佳的学习参考工具书。

在这套《丛书》出版和发行的过程中，得到了王顺梅老师的亲切关怀和指导，她在此书的修改及校对工作中付出了大量的心血；还要感谢许波杰、朱国和、曾永志、施婉卿同志对本丛书的大力支持，以及武汉大学出版社的谢群英女士的帮助和指导，在此向他们表示最诚挚的谢意。在编写这套《丛书》的过程中，笔者借鉴了许多研究成果，还参考了 40 多本相关的参考资料和参考书目，在此谨向诸书编著者致以感谢。

本书错误之处，恳请专家、同行、读者批评指正。

编 者

2002 年 3 月 26 日

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一、成功英语 1—2000 句

1. 昨天王平在会上的行为举止严重地伤害了李小姐。Wang Ping's behaviour at the meeting yesterday hurt Miss Li very much.

behaviour, action, conduct 词义的区别

behaviour [bi'heivɪə] *n.* 行为，表现，举止；性能，习性

behaviour 一般指表现其个性或特征的行为举止；*action* 指一种行为，或是一种习惯性的行为；*conduct* 指社会道德方面的理性行为。

2. 我找不到恰当的言辞以表达我的羡慕之情。I can't find adequate expression of my admiration.

adequate, enough, sufficient 词义的区别

adequate ['ædɪkwət] *adj.* 足够的 *sufficient* [sə'fɪʃənt] *adj.* 足够的，充分的
这三个词均有“充分的，足够的”的意思。

adequate 不单指数量，还指质量。有时候还指具有某种才能去做某事；

enough 在某些方面可以与 *adequate* 互换，但只用于表示数量或程度，而不表示质量，可放在名词前或名词后；

sufficient 为正式用词，在很多情况下可与 *enough* 通用。主要指为获得某种需要而得到的满足，用作定语，只可前置。

例如：

(1) 我的经理希望我能胜任这项工作。My manager hope I will prove adequate for the job.

(2) 他已有足够的钱买汽车。He has got enough money to buy the car.

(3) 我们已弄到了足够过冬的燃料。We have got sufficient fuel for the winter.

3. 他是在贫困的家庭中长大的。He was raised in a poor family.

rise, raise, arise 词义的区别

1) *rise* [raɪz] 是不及物动词，表示“上升，起床”，无被动语态，过去式为 *rose*，过去分词为 *risen*；

2) *raise* [reɪz] 是及物动词，表示“举起，抚养，筹募”，可用于被动语态；

3) *arise* [ə'raɪz] 是不及物动词，表示“起因于”，常与 *from* 连用，过去式为 *arose*，过去分词为 *arisen*。

例如：意外事故常起因于粗心大意。An accident usually arises from carelessness.

4. 她弟弟在生意上获得成功后，回到了家乡。Her brother went back to his hometown after having achieved success in his business.

achieve, complete, finish, accomplish 词义的区别

achieve [ə'tʃɪv] *vt.* 完成，达到，指达到预期的目的或完成伟大的功业；*complete* 强调事物的完善、完整；*finish* 强调事情的终结；*accomplish* 指成功地完成预期的计划、任务等。

5. 帮助盲人过街是善良行为。It's an act of kindness to help a blind man across the street.

act 与 action 词义的区别

act 意为“行为，动作”，指一时的简单行为或动作，或一个人的具体行为。

例如：那个男孩正在偷东西时被捉住了。The boy was caught in the very act of stealing.

in the very act 当场 act of kindness 慈善行为 act of madness 疯狂行为

action 通常指抽象的行为或动作，需要长期的、反复的行为才能完成。

例如：行为胜于言辞。Actions speak louder than words.

6. 他所说的一切改变了我对此事的看法。What he said converted my view on the matter.

convert, alter, change, modify, transform 词义的区别

convert [kən'vet] *vt.* 变换，转变，皈依。多指一种形式、用途转变为另一种形式、用途。

alter ['ɔ:lte] *vt.* 改变，变样。指在基本结构上进行局部的或表面的改动，比 change 的语气弱；

change 意为“改变，变化”，为普通用语，指在本质上彻底地改变；

modify ['mɒdɪfai] *vt.* 修改（饰），更改。指进行小范围的修改，用于改变计划、方法、制度、条款等；

transform [træns'fɔ:m] *vt.* 意为“使转变，使转化”，指改变事物以供他用，或指信仰上和态度上的变化。

例如：

(1) 我们把教室改成了会议室。We converted the classroom into a meeting room.

(2) 为这次旅游，她改了一件衣服。She altered a dress for this travelling.

(3) 我相信他一定能改变这个工厂的面貌。I am sure he can change the looks of the factory.

(4) 这份文件的条款得修改一下。The terms of the document have to be modified.

(5) 她把那块布变成了一条美丽的裙子。She transformed that cloth into a beautiful skirt.

7. 工人们天没亮就干起来了。The workers set hand to work before dawn.

set hand to 与 set one's hand to 的区别

1) set hand to 表示“开始，着手进行”；

2) set one's hand to 表示“签字，画押”，相当于 put one's hand to。

例如：你一旦在合同上签了字，就得受法律的约束。Once you have set your hand to a contract, it is legally binding.

contract ['kɒntrækt] *n.* 合同 [kən'trækt] *v.* 订约，收缩

legally ['li:gəli] *adv.* 法律上地

8. 我昨天看见了一个很苗条的姑娘。I saw a very slim girl yesterday.

slim 与 thin 词义的区别

1) slim 意为“苗条的，细长的”，是褒义词，称得上 slim 的人往往给人以美感；

2) thin 意为“瘦的，薄的”，只是客观地描述人或动物的胖与瘦，物的厚与薄。

例如：那边有两个女孩，一个胖，一个瘦。There are two girls over there, a fat one and a thin one.

比较：她是一位消瘦的女士。She is a thin lady.

她是一位身材苗条的女士。She is a slim lady.

9. 你应该马上解决这个问题。You should solve this problem at once.

settle 与 solve 词义的区别

settle 与 solve 都可作“解决”讲，但用法有区别。