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金融体制与经济

THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM AND THE ECONOMY

MAUREEN BURTON
RAY LOMBRA



世界则经与管理教材大系



东北财经大学出版社

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The Financial System and the Economy

毛润·博顿 雷·朗伯纳 合著

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出版者的话

但凡成事,均缘于势。得势则事成,失势则事不顺。顺势而行,如顺水行舟;借势而动,如假梯登高;造势而为,如太空揽月。治学、从政、经商、置业,均不可一日失势。势者,长处、趋势也。

今日中国,是开放的中国;当今世界,是开放的世界。改革开放,大势所趋,势不可挡。经济开放、文化开放、政治开放,世界需要一个开放的中国,中国更要融入开放的世界。借鉴国际惯例,学习他人之长,已经到了不可不为之时。

借鉴国际惯例,学习他人之长,已属老生常谈,但学什么、如何学、以何为蓝本为众多志士仁人所关注。可喜的是,由赤诚图文信息有限公司精心策划,ITP、McGraw-Hill 及 Simon & Schuster 等国际出版公司特别授权,东北财经大学出版社荣誉出版的"世界财经与管理教材大系"现已隆重面世!她以"紧扣三个面向,精选五大系列,奉献百部名著,造就亿万英才"的博大胸襟和恢弘气势,囊括经济学、管理学、财务与会计学、市场营销学、商务与法律等财经、管理类主干学科,并根据大学教育、研究生教育、工商管理硕士 (MBA) 和经理人员培训项目 (ETP) 等不同层次的需要,相应遴选了具有针对性的教材,可谓体系完整,蔚为大观。所选图书多为哈佛、斯坦福、麻省理工、伦敦商学院、埃维商学院等世界一流名校的顶尖教授、权威学者的经典之作,在西方发达国家备受推崇,被广为采用,经久不衰,大有"洛阳纸贵"之势。

借鉴国际惯例,毕竟只是因势而动;推出国粹精品,才是造势而为。在借鉴与学习的同时,更重要的是弘扬民族精神,创建民族文化。"民族的,才是国际的"。我们提倡学他人之长,但更希望立自己之势。

势缘何物,势乃人为。识人、用人、育人、成人,乃人本之真谛。育人才、成能人,则可造大势。育人、成人之根本在教育,教育之要件在教材,教材之基础在出版。换言之,人本之基础在书本。

凡事均需讲效益,所谓成事,亦即有效。高效可造宏基,无效难以为继,此乃事物发展之规律。基于此,我们崇尚出好书、出人才、出效益!

东北射经大学出版社 1998年4月 To my husband, Al Gagnon and my children Susie and David With special appreciation to George Galbreath —Maureen Burton

To my mom and dad, Elsie and Gene Lombra
—Ray Lombra



About the Authors

Maureen Burton

Maureen Burton received a BA from the University of Missouri at Columbia in 1971, an MA from California State University, Fullerton, in 1979, and a Ph.D. from the University of California at Riverside in 1986. All were in economics. She taught at Chaffey College from 1984 to 1987 and at Cal Poly Pomona since 1987 where she is a full professor, has been Coordinator of the Graduate Program, and is currently chair of the Economics Department. In addition to other publications, she co-authored an introductory text *Economics* (Harper Collins, 1987) with S. Craig Justice. Her main areas of research include monetary theory and financial markets.

Ray Lombra

Born in Hamden, Connecticut, Ray Lombra received a BA in Economics from Providence College in 1967 and an MA and Ph.D. from Penn State University in 1971. He served as a senior staff economist at the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System from 1971–1977 and specialized in financial markets analysis and the formulation and implementation of monetary policy. He joined the faculty of Penn State University in 1977, and has taught money and banking at the undergraduate level and monetary theory and policy at the graduate level for 20 years. He is a winner of the College distinguished teaching award for innovations and instruction and is the author and editor of 5 books and over 80 scholarly publications. Articles on monetary policy, the determination of interest rates, stock prices, and exchange rates, financial innovation, globalization, and expectations formation have appeared in leading journals, including the *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, the *Journal of Money, Credit and Banking*, the *Journal of Monetary Economics*, and the *Review of Economics and Statistics*.

Preface

Financial markets and institutions have undergone significant changes in recent years. Transformations have been driven by technology, innovation, deregulation, competition, and financial crises. The growth of international trade and flexible exchange rates has escalated the development of international currency markets. Financial institutions have entered nontraditional venues on both the liabilities and assets sides of their balance sheets. Laws forbidding interstate banking have been overturned. Market participants have developed creative ways to hedge risks. Controversy continues over monetary policy and the increasing need for international coordination. In the late 1980s, taxpayers and regulators struggled to deal with financial instability brought on by the savings and loan debacle and problems within other intermediaries. All of these anomalies are taking place in a world with competing views regarding the linkages between the real and financial sectors and the formulation and execution of monetary policy.

The Financial System and the Economy covers the traditional material found in a money and banking text and incorporates many of the recent changes and controversies within the financial services industry.

The strength of the text is its clear and engaging writing style and strong intuitive approach. It avoids the encyclopedia approach and seeks a balance between policy, theory, and institutions. Students find it easy to understand and enjoyable to read. The text makes use of many examples and analogies to illustrate how financial innovation, technological and structural changes, and globalization affect the financial environment. Much attention is paid to how and why institutions evolve. Graphs are used sparingly and equations are used even more sparingly.

Each chapter contains many exhibits with case studies and examples that make the material more interesting for students. Exhibit topics include the Lincoln Savings and Loan Scandal, the failure of Continental Illinois, the collapse of Barings Bank and Orange County, California, paying bills over the phone, the current Federal Reserve Board, the use of intermediate targets since 1970, stock index futures and the crash of 1987, a field guide to open market operations, the secondary market in mortgages, the Phillips Curve, and how price expectations are formed.

The text is designed to be used in an introductory undergraduate course in money and banking or financial markets analysis taught in either an economics or finance department. It may also be suitable for use in a financial markets course in an MBA Program.

The Financial System and the Economy contains five parts:

 Part I consists of a five-chapter introduction. The student is introduced to the economy, money and credit, financial intermediaries, the circular flow, and the Federal Reserve System.

- ◆ Part II (five chapters) covers markets for financial instruments, derivatives and foreign exchange, and how relevant prices including interest rates, derivative prices, and exchange rates are determined.
- ◆ Part III (five chapters) focuses on financial institutions and the forces that shape them. The roles of technology, competition, globalization, and regulations are emphasized in discussing how institutions evolve.
- Part IV (five chapters) covers monetary theory including the money supply process, the demand and supply of money and credit, and the financial aspects of the behavior of households, firms, government, and the foreign sector. The aggregate demand and supply model is presented and integrated with a complementary model of macro-equilibrium based on the flow of funds between sectors.
- ◆ Part V (four chapters) analyzes monetary policy in an increasingly globalized environment and focuses on the formulation of monetary policy by the Fed Open Market Committee and subsequent execution of the policy directive by the Trading Desk of the New York Fed. The role of the Fed watcher and the growing need for international coordination are also analyzed.

The text is designed to be flexible. After completing Part I, the instructor can emphasize financial markets and prices (Part II), financial institutions (Part III), monetary theory (Part IV), or monetary policy (Part V) depending on the focus of the class. In parts that are not being emphasized, chapters may be skipped.

Special Features

Several other features of *The Financial System and the Economy* deserve mention. First, Chapters 18 and 19 present unique coverage about the financial aspects of the behavior of households, firms, government, and the foreign sector. Sources and uses of funds statements from the flow of funds accounts for each sector are presented.

Chapter 20 uses the aggregate demand and aggregate supply model, developed without the use of the IS-LM framework, to explain macroeconomic equilibrium. Chapter 20 also presents a model of macroeconomic equilibrium from a flow of funds framework, stressing that the macroeconomy is in equilibrium when the desired net financial investment of surplus sectors is equal to the desired net financial deficits of deficit sectors. The sources and uses of funds for each sector developed in the previous two chapters are integrated into the complete model. Chapter 21 makes the analysis more dynamic by looking at various macroeconomic disturbances and the adjustments over time.

International aspects of financial markets and institutions are mixed throughout the body of the text and in international boxes. In addition, two chapters are devoted to international coverage. Chapter 9 analyzes exchange rate determination and Chapter 24 looks at monetary policy under either fixed or flexible exchange rate systems in an increasingly globalized environment.

In addition to the traditional material covered in the policy section, the text looks in detail at how the Fed Open Market Committee makes decisions and how those decisions are implemented by the New York Fed.

The text contains annotated suggested readings that give the student some idea about how the readings relate to the material in the chapter. In addition,

the suggested readings sections contain internet and world wide web addresses that pertain to financial markets and institutions.

An appendix includes descriptions of materials found on internet and world-wide web addresses relating to financial markets. Students with access to the internet and the world-wide web will be able to obtain information that pertains to the financial sector.

Some chapters have review and analytical questions and problems that direct the student to go to a world-wide web or internet address to locate and analyze financial market data.

Pedagogical Tools

In addition to presenting the material in a clear and concise manner, we have incorporated the following pedagogical tools to enhance the student's understanding.

- 1. **Learning Objectives** at the beginning of each chapter tell the student where the chapter is heading and what questions will be answered.
- 2. Three to five **RECAP** sections are dispersed throughout each chapter summarizing analytical material the student should know before moving forward.
- Twenty-one boxed sections called Looking Out, Looking Back, or Looking Forward contain historical and international material as well as projections about the future.
- 4. Sections called **Cracking the Code** teach students how to read the financial pages of daily newspapers including futures and options prices, and stock, bond, and Treasury bill quotes.
- 5. **Key Terms** are bold-faced in the text where they are defined, listed at the end of each chapter, and appear as **Margin Definitions**.
- 6. Chapter Summaries are clear and well written.
- 7. A Glossary at the end of the text defines all of the key terms in the text.
- 8. Annotated **Suggested Readings** direct the student to related materials and include information available on the internet.
- 9. **Review and Analytical Questions** appear at the end of each chapter. In addition, chapters contain optional questions that instruct the student to obtain information from an internet site.
- 10. An Appendix on Internet and World-Wide Web Sites, prepared by Meenakshi Rishi of Ohio Northern University, contains information about financial markets and institutions. The student is given the type of material included along with the internet address. Many of these internet sites are also mentioned in the Suggested Readings and used in the Review and Analytical Questions.
- 11. Answers to Odd-Numbered Review and Analytical Questions appear at the end of the text.

Supplementary Materials

◆ Study Guide: Written by Reynold Nesiba of Augustana College in South Dakota, this supplement provides chapter outlines and review questions to reinforce each chapter of the text.

- ♦ Instructor's Manual: Prepared by Angel Perez, the manual includes chapter outlines, chapter summaries, key terms, solution to all chapter questions, solutions to internet problems, and additional questions for classroom discussion.
- ◆ Test Bank: Developed by Melanie Paiste, it contains approximately seventy multiple-choice items per chapter, many of which have been classroom tested by the text authors.
- ◆ Transparencies: There are 175 four-color transparencies selected by the author which include key exhibits and chapter objectives.

Acknowledgments

Many people made important contributions to this text. Special thanks go to Bob Horan, the editor at West who was always supportive, creative, and helpful. Without his persistence and dedication, this text would not be published. Others at West also deserve recognition. Sandi Dooling and Janine Wilson, competent professionals, were a pleasure to work with. The text's production editor, Stephanie Syata, did a first rate job. All of them provided immediate answers and assistance and went the extra nine yards to help with this project. We are glad for the opportunity to work with such a fine group of people.

Another person also deserves special recognition. Professor Emeritus George Galbreath spent 40 years teaching money and banking in the California State University System. For this reward, George has hundreds of students who are better people and scholars for having studied under him. He is the epitome of a great university professor. With regards to this text, George read every word of the manuscript and gave invaluable suggestions.

Four other colleagues also gave invaluable help. Drs. Mohammad Safarzadeh and Hamid Falootoom of Cal Poly Pomona gave indispensable computer assistance, Professor James Sutton of Cal Poly Ponoma gave research support and Dr. Bryan Taylor gave access to his extensive data base at Global Financial Data in Alhambra, California.

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Brief Table of Contents

PA	RT ONE		14 Strains on the Financial System	354
Int	troduction	1	15 Regulations in the 1990s	382
1 2	Introduction and Overview Money: Some First Principles	2 24	PART FOUR	
3 4 5	The Role of Money and Credit The Financial System and the Economy: An Analytical Perspective The Federal Reserve System: An	44	16 The Role of the Fed and Depository Institutions in the Money Supply Process17 The Demand for Real Money	405 406
,	Overview of the Overseer	92	Balances and Market Equilibrium	442
	RT TWO nancial Markets and Prices	119		474
6	Financial Markets, Instruments, and Participants	120	19 Financial Effects of the Government and Foreign Sectors	504
7	Interest Rates and Bond Prices: Demystifying the Time Value of Money	146	20 Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply	532
8	The Structure of Interest Rates	176	PART FIVE	
9	How Exchange Rates Are Determined	204		551
10	Futures, Options, and Swaps: Modern Ways to Manage Risk	234	*	552
	RT THREE nancial Institutions	265	23 A Field Guide to Fed Watching	590 614
11	Financial Intermediaries: Some Specifics	266	and Policy Implementation24 Monetary Policy Under Fixed and Flexible Exchange Rates	014
12	Commercial Banking: Structure Regulation, and Performance	, 294	and the Need for Global	638
13	Financial Innovation and	396		

Table of Contents

PART ONE			
Introduction	1		
•	·	Learning Objectives	45
^		Money and Credit Matters	46
V		The Demand for and Supply of Money	46
Learning Objectives	3	How Credit Matters: A First	
What This Book Is About	4	Approximation	52
Economic and Financial Analysis of an		Money, Credit, and the Economy:	
Ever-Changing System	4	A Peek at the Data	54
Finance in Our Daily Lives	6	LOOKING BACK: A Brief History of	
Introducing the Financial System	8	Currency in the United States	55
More on Financial Intermediaries	10	Are Money and Credit All That Matter?	60
Depository Institutions and Other		Money and Credit Flows: First Fiddle	
Types of Intermediaries	12	or Second Fiddle	60
The Federal Reserve System	13	Summary of Major Points	61
The Role of Policy: Changing Views	16	Key Terms	62
Summary of Major Points	19	Review Questions	62
Key Terms	20	Analytical Questions	63
Review Questions	20	Suggested Readings	64
Analytical Questions	21	buggested Readings	01
Suggested Readings	21		
Learning Objectives	25		
Conceptualization: A Key	40	Learning Objectives	67
Building Block	26	The Trees Versus the Forest	68
Defining Money	26	Spending, Saving, Borrowing,	
The Monetary Aggregates and	40	and Lending	68
Domestic Nonfinancial Debt	29	A Typical Household	69
The Money Aggregates	30	A Typical Firm	70
Domestic Nonfinancial Debt	<i>32</i>	From J.P. and APEI to the Economy	
LOOKING FORWARD: United States	22	as a Whole: Aggregation	71
Currency to Get New Look	35	The Circular Flow of Income,	
The Economy and the Aggregates	36	Expenditure, and Funds	73
The Evolution of the Payments System	36	The Product Market	75
Summary of Major Points	39	The Factor Market	77
Key Terms	40	The Financial System	79
Review Questions	40	Maximization: Plans, Revisions,	• /
Analytical Questions	41	and Actions	81
Suggested Readings	42	Summary of Major Points	84
- approved remains	16	ominiary of major rolling	07

Key Terms	85		
Review Questions	85		
Analytical Questions	86		
Suggested Readings	87	Learning Objectives	121
Appendix 4A Interest Rates: Which		Game Talk	122
Theory Is Correct? Reconciling Stocks		Introducing Financial Markets	122
and Flows	89	Major Financial Market Instruments	125
		Money Market Instruments	125
		Capital Market Instruments	129
		The Role of Market Makers	133
		LOOKING OUT: International	
Learning Objectives	93	Financial Markets	134
Unraveling the Fed's Mystique	94	Why Market Makers Make Markets	136
Organizational Structure of the System		Market Making and Liquidity	136
Board of Governors	95	Substitutability, Market Making,	
Federal Reserve Banks	95	and Market Integration	139
Fed Open Market Committee (FOMC)	98	Summary of Major Points	142
The Fed's Functions	100	Key Terms	142
Formulation and Implementation		Review Questions	143
of Monetary Policy	101	Analytical Questions	144
Supervision and Regulation of the		Suggested Readings	144
Financial System	102		
Facilitation of the Payments	4	•	
Mechanism	104		
Operation as Fiscal Agent for the			
Government	104	•	
The Fed's Major Policy Tools	105	Learning Objectives	147
Open Market Operations	106	The Present Versus the Future	148
The Discount Rate and Discount		The Time Value of Money	148
Rate Policy	106	Compounding and Discounting	149
Reserve Requirements	108	Compounding: Future Values	149
Who Does What Within the Fed	108	Discounting: Present Values	152
The Federal Reserve System: An		Interest Rates, Bond Prices, and	
Independent Watchdog, Convenient		Present Values	153
Scapegoat, or Cunning Political		Fluctuations in Interest Rates and	150
Animal?	110	Managing a Bond Portfolio	156
LOOKING OUT: Central Bank		The Determinants of Interest Rates	157
Independence and Macroeconomic		Changes in the Demand for	150
Performance	111	Loanable Funds	158
LOOKING BACK: Early Attempts at	110	Changes in the Supply of Funds	160
Establishing a Central Bank	112	Inflation and Interest Rates	162
Summary of Major Points	115	The Cyclical Movement of	165
Key Terms	116	Interest Rates	166
Review Questions	116	Summary of Major Points	167
Analytical Questions	117	Key Terms	167
Suggested Readings	117	Review Questions	168
		Analytical Questions	169
PART TWO		Suggested Readings	103
	110	Appendix 7A Stock Prices and	171
Financial Markets and Prices	119	Interest Rates	1,1

224

228

Exchange Rate
Summary of Major Points

Sheets

Deposit-Type FIs

275

275

Contractual-Type FIs	281	The Analytical Foundations of	
Investment-Type FIs	284	Financial Innovation	330
Finance Company-Type FIs	285	Declining Costs of Innovation	331
Pulling Things Together	286	Rising Benefits of Innovation	331
Summary of Major Points	288	Increasing Competition	333
Key Terms	289	Greater Volatility	333
Review Questions	290	Some Specifics About Financial	
Analytical Questions	291	Innovation	334
Suggested Readings	292	Eurodollar Borrowings, Fed Funds,	
33		and Repurchase Agreements	336
		Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	337
		The Regulation-Innovation Cycle	
		and Its Influence on Deregulation	339
Learning Objectives	295	A Wave of Deregulation	342
The Biggest Intermediary in Town	296	LOOKING FORWARD: The Electronic	
The Banking Regulatory Structure	297	Purse: An Innovation in the Making	346
The Structure of the Commercial		The Financial Environment Following	0.10
Banking System	301	Deregulation	346
Restrictions on Entry: Chartering and	001	The 1990s	347
Branching	302	Summary of Major Points	351
The Definition of a Bank Holding	J02	Key Terms	352
Company	304	Review Questions	352
The Evolution of International	001	Analytical Questions	353
Banking	308	Suggested Readings	353
LOOKING BACK: The Origins of			
the Dual Banking System	309		
Bank Management: Managing Risk		•	
and Profits	309	Learning Objectives	355
Managing Risk	312	Memory Is the Thing You	
LOOKING OUT: The Contrast Between		Forget With	356
Banking Structures Here and Abroad	313	Financial Intermediation, Risk,	
LOOKING OUT: The Japanese		and Financial Crises	357
Banking Crisis	314	The Savings and Loan Debacle	360
Bank Performance	314	Crisis Within the Banking System	364
Summary of Major Points	317	More Recent Strains on the Financial	
Key Terms	318	System	370
Review Questions	319	Daylight Overdrafts	370
Analytical Questions	320	Program Trading	371
Suggested Readings	321	LOOKING OUT: Japan Has an Ally	
Appendix 12A A More In-Depth		at the Fed	372
Look at the Major Assets of		Derivatives	373
Commercial Banks	322	The Eurocurrency Market	376
		Summary of Major Points	377
		Key Terms	378
		Review Questions	378
		Analytical Questions	379
Learning Objectives	327	Suggested Readings	379
The Road from Here to There	328		
Analytical Foundations and Major			
Causes of Financial Innovation	328		
The Beginning Regulatory Structure	329 3 29	Learning Objectives	383
0 0		O J	

The Role of Regulation	384	Review Questions	43
The How and Why of Financial		Analytical Questions	43
Services Regulation	385	Suggested Readings	43
Recent Major Legislation	386	Appendix 16A Other Factors That	
The Basel Accord	<i>386</i>	Affect the Monetary Base	43
Financial Institutions Reform, Recover		Appendix 16B The M2 Multiplier	44
and Enforcement Act of 1989	387		
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation			
Improvement Act of 1991	392		
Community Reinvestment Act	393		
Interstate Banking and Branching			
Efficiency Act of 1994	394	Learning Objectives	44
Other Concerns and Possible Reforms	395	Where Is All the Money?	44
LOOKING BACK: A Time Line of			
Banking Legislation	400	The Demand for Real Money Balances	44
Summary of Major Points	401	Household Demand for Real Money	11
Key Terms	402	Balances	44
Review Questions	402	A Firm's Demand for Real	
Analytical Questions	403	Money Balances	44
Suggested Readings	404	The Interest Rate, Real Income,	454
		and Real Money Balances	450
PART FOUR		Additional Factors Affecting the	
		Demand for Real Money Balances	456
Monetary Theory	405	LOOKING FORWARD: Will Checks	
		Go the Way of the Dinosaur?	457
6		Equilibrium in the Market for	
7		Real Money Balances	458
		A Final Note	464
		, 3	465
Learning Objectives	407	•	466
Where Money Comes From	408	•	466
The Fed and Bank Reserves	408	. •	467
Open Market Operations	408	9	468
Discount Loans	411	Appendix 17A The Transactions	
Other Factors That Change Reserves	411	Demand for Money by Households	469
Loan and Deposit Expansion by the			
Banking System	412 8		
The Simple Multiplier Model of the	•		
Money Supply Process	416		
Policy Implications	420	Learning Objectives	475
Some Complicating Realities in the			476
Multiplier Model	422	Household Behavior from a	
Modifying the Multiplier Model	423	Financial Perspective	477
LOOKING BACK: The Money Multipli		Asset Accumulation: Spending	
During the Great Depression	424		479
LOOKING BACK: The Evolution of			481
the Money Multiplier	427	How Economic and Financial	
The Fed's Control over the		Conditions Influence Household	
Money Supply	427	Accumulation of Assets and Liabilities	482
Summary of Major Points	429	The Sources and Uses of Funds	.02
Key Terms	430	•	484
•		J	.51