

看听学

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学生用书

Pupil's Book

(注释改编本)

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&

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上海外语教育出版社



朗文

Look, Listen and Learn!

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4

Pupil's Book
学生用书

[英] L·G·亚历山大 (L.G.Alexander)

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 上海外语教育出版社

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前 言

本教材系《新概念英语》(NCE)作者 L. G. Alexander 编写的另一套英语教材,专供非英语国家中、小学生学习英语使用。全书共有学生用书四册,配套练习册四册,以及供教师教学参考用的教师用书四册。

全套教材语言地道、浅近、实用、有趣、图文并茂,编排体例新颖。学生用书每册有 60 单元,含 120 课;即采用两课为一个单元的形式,其中单课为课文,双课为句型课,以保证新的语言材料在实践中反复操练,结合实际,灵活运用,达到牢固掌握的目的。全书旨在培养学生使用英语的能力,学生读完四册课文,不但学到了规范的语言,而且了解了英语国家的风土人情。

四册课文共有词汇 2000 个左右,句型 250 多个。

本书系第四册,词汇量为 800 个左右,适合初三或高一年级学生使用。本册课文以电视评论为教学形式的叙述体为主,间而穿插对话体课文,叙述体课文的题材涉及面很广,上至天文地理,下至名人轶事,包罗万象,精彩纷呈,学生学了以后定会大开眼界。

为了满足教学上的需要,课文中我们增加了在学生用书里没有出现的、但在教师用书里出现的单词,并作了注释。

本套教材配有录音带,由上海外语音像出版社出版。

编者

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Contents 目 录

Lesson	page	Lesson	page
Rev. L.		31 I won't be long	31
1 New Maths	1	33 The underground	33
Rev. L.		35 Blondin	35
3 Gretel	3	37 Not in front of the	
Rev. L.		children!	37
5 Pompeii	5	39 A merry Christmas and a	
Rev. L.		happy New Year!	39
7 Large is small	7	41 The baobab tree	41
Rev. L.		43 Presents	43
9 A ride on a double-decker	9	45 The typical English	
Rev. L.		gentleman	45
11 The American War of		47 The sea	47
Independence	11	49 Father tells a joke	49
Rev. L.		51 Mother knows best	51
13 Getting better!	13	53 Penicillin	53
Rev. L.		55 La-di-da!	55
15 Gretel writes a letter home	15	57 A trip to Scotland	57
17 Computers	17	59 Edward Lear	59
19 Something to look forward		61 The cost of living	61
to	19	63 Gretel makes a last-minute	
21 A meal at a self-service		booking	63
restaurant	21	65 Sir Isaac Newton	65
23 Right or left?	23	67 It's a mystery!	67
25 Father and The Gorgons	25	69 Television programmes in	
27 Gunpowder, treason and		Britain	69
plot	27	71 Moonflight	71
29 Life on the sea-shore	29	73 Eh? What?	73

75	The big stores in London	75	101	Lewis Carroll	101
77	Karate	77	103	Mrs Gasbag minds her	
79	Sue bakes a cake	79		own business	103
81	A few tips about tips	81	105	Speakers' Corner	105
83	A great archaeological		107	Fire—friend and enemy	107
	discovery	83	109	Busy as usual	109
85	A wedding	85	111	The Tower of London	111
87	English weather	87	113	Picasso	113
89	Swindle's Ghost	89	115	All good things come to	
91	The latest craze	91		an end	115
93	Getting ready for the Old		117	Seeing Gretel off	117
	Crocks' Race	93	119	Learning a language	119
95	Stonehenge	95			
97	At the cloakroom	97		附录 I : 课文参考译文	121
99	Homework	99		附录 II : 总词汇表	145

Revision Lesson 1 New Maths

Sandy: We've started N w M ths this y ar.
Our t acher set us some h mework,
but I can't understand this pr bl m.



Father: Let m  see it, S ndy.
Th t looks  asy  n ugh to d .
It's s   asy
 ven a *child* can d  it.

Sandy: Well, y u try it, d d.



Father:  ll you h ve to d  is this:
divide this n mber into this one . . .
N , th t's n t right.



Mother: Let m  have a l ok at it.
If you m ltiply this n mber by this one . . .
N , I g ve  p.
It's t o difficult for m  to d , S ndy.



Sue: Let m  look at it, S ndy.
It's  asy!
You d  it like this.



Father: I d n't understand this N w M ths!
It's s   asy
only a child can d  it!



New Words and Expressions 生词和词组

start /stɑ:t/ vt. 开始

set us some homework 给我们布置家庭作业

problem /'pr bl m/ n. 问题

even /'i:v n/ adv. 甚至

divide /di'va d/ vt. 分, 划分, (数)除

divide ... into ... 用.....除.....








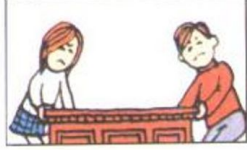












multiply vt. 成倍地增加, [数]乘

multiply ... by ... 用.....乘.....

give up 放弃

Revision Lesson 2 (He) could answer (the questions).
 (They were) easy enough for (him) to answer.
 (He) couldn't answer (the questions).
 (They were) too difficult for (him) to answer.

you	jar	young	jam	year	jug	yet	Japan
-----	-----	-------	-----	------	-----	-----	-------

Could	Couldn't	Could	Couldn't
1  answer the questions easy	2  difficult	3  buy the lollipops cheap	4  expensive
5  eat the bar of chocolate sweet	6  bitter	7  lift the desk light	8  heavy
9  climb the wall high	10  low	11  hear the commentary loud	12  low
13  carry the packet small	14  large	15  cut the piece of paper thin	16  thick
17  wear the socks dry	18  wet	19  drink the milk cool	20  hot

Revision Lesson 3 Gretel



Gretel comes from Austria. She is eighteen years old. She is going to stay with the Clark family for a year. Gretel has come to England because she wants to improve her English. She works as an *au pair* girl. She helps Mrs Clark in the house and attends English classes regularly in her spare time.

- 5 Gretel hasn't been in England long and everything is strange to her. She often compares life in London with life in Vienna. Some things are nicer in London; other things are not so nice. For instance, the shops are bigger in London than in Vienna and there is greater variety. But it's more expensive to enjoy yourself in London. It's expensive to have a meal at a restaurant or to go to a theatre.
- 10 Gretel has got used to many things already, but she can't get used to breakfast in England. "You English eat so much in the morning," she often says. "Fruit juice, porridge, bacon and egg, tea, toast and marmalade! How can you face all that food so early in the day?"



The shops are bigger in London

New Words and Expressions 生词和词组

Gretel /'gretəl/ 格莱托(人名)

Austria /'ɔ:striə/ *n.* 奥地利(地名)

improve /im'pru:v/ *vt.* 改进, 改善

au pair girl /əu'pɛə gɜ:l/ “互裨”姑娘

(指以做些家务事换取食宿的姑娘)

attend /ə'tend/ *vt.* 出席, 参加

regularly /'regjuləli/ *adv.* 固定地

spare /spɛə/ *adj.* 多余的, 空间的

spare time 业余时间

Vienna /vi'enə/ *n.* 维也纳(地名)

variety /və'raɪəti/ *n.* 种类

theatre /'θiətrə/ *n.* 剧场, 戏院

get used to ... 习惯于

juice /dʒu:s/ *n.* (水果、蔬菜的)汁, 液

porridge /'pɒrɪdʒ/ *n.* 麦片粥, 粥

bacon /'beɪkən/ *n.* 咸肉

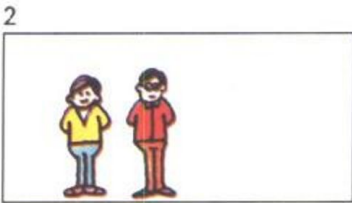
face /feɪs/ *vt.* 面对, 面向

Revision Lesson 4 How do they compare?

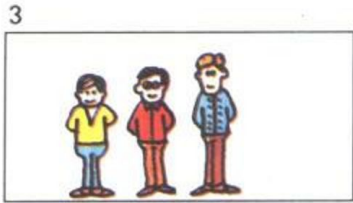
map new meet neat meal nail make nice



Sandy is tall.



Simon is taller than Sandy.



Tom is the tallest boy in our class.



It's hot today.



It was hotter yesterday.



The day before yesterday was the hottest day in the year.



Mr Brown's car is large.



Mr Hill's car is larger than Mr Brown's.



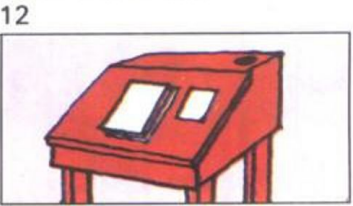
Mr Bell's car is the largest I have ever seen.



Liz's desk is quite tidy.



Lillie's desk is tidier than Liz's.



Sue's desk is the tidiest of them all.

Study these adjectives:

tall – taller – the tallest You know these, too:

cheap, clean, clever, cold, cool, fast, full, great, hard, high, kind, light, loud, neat, new, poor, quick, quiet, rich, short, slow, small, smart, soft, strong, sweet, thick, tight, warm, weak.

hot – hotter – the hottest You know these, too:

big, fat, flat, glad, sad, thin.

large – larger – the largest You know these, too:

brave, fine, nice, safe, strange.

tidy – tidier – the tidiest You know these, too:

busy, cloudy, dirty, dry, early, easy, empty, funny, happy, heavy, hungry, lazy, lucky, muddy, nasty, naughty, nippy, pretty, silly, sleepy, sunny, thirsty, windy, ugly.

Revision Lesson 5 Television Day: Pompeii



Modern Pompeii



Roman Pompeii

TV Commentary:

This is the city of Pompeii. It is 13 miles south of Naples in Italy. You can see a few tourists in the streets. You can see the volcano, Vesuvius, in the background. It all looks very peaceful. Yet nearly 2000 years ago, in 79 A.D., there was a
5 terrible earthquake. No one expected it. One quiet day in August, Vesuvius erupted and hot ash and stones fell on Pompeii for nearly two whole days. Everywhere in the city people died suddenly. Everyone was busy at the time. The baker was baking bread; shopkeepers were shutting
10 their shops; people were crossing the streets . . . but the lava from the volcano covered everything. The city disappeared. Many hundreds of years later, in 1748, a water engineer accidentally found some interesting objects. Over a hundred years passed before, little by little, archaeologists
15 uncovered the city. You can still see the marks of wheels in the streets, the loaves of bread at the baker's and the alphabet on the schoolroom wall!

New Words and Expressions 生词和词组

Pompeii /pɒm'peɪi/ *n.* 庞贝(地名)

Naples /'neɪplz/ *n.* 那不勒斯(地名)

volcano /vɒl'keɪnəʊ/ *n.* 火山

Vesuvius /vi'su:vjəs/ *n.* 维苏威(意大利火山名)

background /'bækgraʊnd/ *n.* 背景, 后景

peaceful /'pi:sfʊl/ *adj.* 和平的, 安静的

yet /jet/ *conj.* 但是

earthquake /'ə:θkweɪk/ *n.* 地震

erupt /i'ɹʌpt/ *vi.* 喷发, 喷出

ash /æʃ/ *n.* 灰烬

whole /həʊl/ *adj.* 完整的, 整个的

shopkeeper /'ʃɒp,ki:pə/ *n.* 店主

lava /'lɑ:və/ *n.* 熔岩

cover /'kʌvə/ *vt.* 覆盖

engineer /,endʒi'niə/ *n.* 工程师

little by little 逐渐地

archaeologist /,ɑ:ki'ɒlədʒɪst/ *n.* 考古学家

uncover /ʌn'kʌvə/ *vt.* 使露出

alphabet /'ælfəbɪt/ *n.* 字母表

Revision Lesson 6 Every No Any Some

cream now madam number remain muddy fun mumps

Every
Everyone }
Everybody }
Everything
Everywhere

No/None
No one }
Nobody }
Nothing
Nowhere

Any
Anyone }
Anybody }
Anything
Anywhere

Some
Someone }
Somebody }
Something
Somewhere

People

Things

Places



They're all singing.
Everyone is singing.
Everybody is singing. }



The room's neat and tidy.
Everything is in its place.



I lost my pen yesterday.
I looked for it everywhere.



Knock at the door!
Is there anyone in?
Is there anybody in? }



Is there anything in that box?



I couldn't find my pen
anywhere.



There's no one in.
There's nobody in. }



The box is empty.
There's nothing in it.



Where did you go yesterday?
Nowhere. I stayed here.



There's someone at the
window.
There's somebody at the
window. }



There's something in
that box.
It's a Jack-in-the-box.



They're hiding somewhere.
They're under the bed.

Revision Lesson 7 Large is small

Salesman: Good mórning, mádam.

Mother: Good mórning.

Salesman: I've got a nêw bránd of tóothpaste hère.
I'm sùre you'll líke it.

Mother: Nó thánk you.



Salesman: I didn't sáy you háve to páy for it, mádam.
It's frée!

I hópe you'll accépt it.

Mother: Thánk you.



Salesman: Cán I ínterest you in these tóothbrushes?
I'm sùre you'll fínd them véry góod.

Mother: Nó thánk you.



Salesman: Whát about our fámous
wáshing-pówder, "SPLÁSH"?
I knów you'll fínd it éxcellent.

Mother: I thínk I nêed some wáshing-pówder.



Salesman: Our páckets cóme in thrée sízes:
Lárge, Gíant and Súper.
Whích do you préfér?

Mother: The lárge size pléase.



Mother: That's véry smáll. I said "lárge".

Salesman: Thát's ríght, mádam.

The páckets cóme in thrée sízes:
Lárge, Gíant and Súper.
"Lárge" is smáll!



New Words and Expressions 生词和词组

salesman /'seilzmən/ *n.* 售货员, 推销员

brand /brænd/ *n.* 商标, 牌子

accept /ək'sept/ *vt.* 接受

interest /'intrist/ *vt.* 使发生兴趣

toothbrush /'tu:θbrʌʃ/ *n.* 牙刷

washing-powder /'wɒʃɪŋ.paʊdə/ 洗衣粉

Splash /splæʃ/ *n.* 一种洗衣粉的牌子

excellent /'eksələnt/ *adj.* 优秀的, 杰出的

giant /'dʒaɪənt/ *n.* 巨人, 巨大的动(植)物

super /'sju:pə/ (口)特级的, 极好的

prefer /pri'fə:/ *vt.* 宁可, 宁愿, 更喜欢

Revision Lesson 8

He thinks he . . .

He's sure he . . .

He's told me he . . .

had hand

bad band

sad sand

add and

He thinks

1



the food tastes awful

She knows

5



she can lift the suitcase

He feels sure

9



he's caught a cold

She believes

13



it's going to rain

She hopes

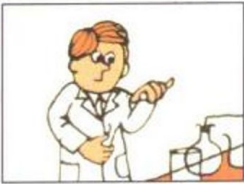
17



she hasn't lost her handbag

He's sure

2



he will become a scientist

He's afraid

6



he'll lose his marbles

He's sorry

10



he's broken the mirror

He's surprised

14



there's a hole in his pocket

She's pleased

18



the sun's shining

He's told me

3



he'll be able to skate soon

She's said

7



she's combed her hair

He's promised

11



he won't show off

He's remembered

15



it's his wife's birthday

He's forgotten

19



he must lock his car

He's certain

4



he drives well

She's glad

8



she's seen the sign

She's happy

12



she's got new roller-skates

She's lucky

16



she can swim across the river

He's unhappy

20



he must remain in bed

Revision Lesson 9 A ride on a double-decker



Trafalgar Square



The Tate Gallery

Yesterday it was Gretel's afternoon off. "You needn't stay indoors, Gretel," Mrs Clark said. "You like paintings. Why don't you go to the Tate Gallery? There's a famous collection of modern paintings there."

5 "How can I get there?" Gretel asked.

"You must catch a bus. Number 88 will take you there."

Gretel loves the red double-decker buses in London. She always sits upstairs and tries to get the front seat. Yesterday she was lucky. The front seat was empty. Gretel had a
10 wonderful view of London. The bus went round Trafalgar Square and down Whitehall. The conductor collected Gretel's fare. "Tate Gallery please," she said. "Please tell me where I must get off."

After a while the conductor said, "Here's the Tate, Miss."
15 You should get off here."

"I *should*, but I'm not going to," Gretel said. "I'm enjoying my ride on the bus. I'll have to go to the Tate next week. May I have another ticket please?"

New Words and Expressions 生词和词组

afternoon off 下午放假

gallery /'gæləri/ *n.* 美术馆

Tate Gallery 泰特美术馆

double-decker /'dʌbl'dekə/ *n.* 双层公共汽车

view /vju:/ *n.* 景色

square /skweə/ *n.* 广场

Trafalgar Square /trə'fælgə skweə/ *n.* 特拉法尔加广场(地名)

Whitehall /'waɪthɔ:l/ *n.* 怀特霍尔(伦敦的一条街名)

conductor /kən'dʌktə/ *n.* (电车等的)售票员

fare /fɛə/ *n.* 票费, 车费

ride /raid/ *n.* 乘车, (乘车)旅行

Revision Lesson 10 Must, Mustn't, Needn't, Should, Shouldn't, etc.

shed send red end bed mend fed spend

I must ... I have to ... I've got to ...



take a taxi
because there isn't
a bus



buy a newspaper
because you haven't
bought one



press the button
because you haven't
pressed it

I mustn't ... I'm not allowed to ...



park here
because it says 'No
Parking'



play with matches
because they're
dangerous



talk in the library
because it says
'Silence'

I needn't ... I don't have to ... It isn't necessary to ...



take a taxi
because a bus is
coming



buy a newspaper
because you've already
bought one



press the button
because you've already
pressed it

I should ... I ought to ... but I don't feel like it ...



tidy my room
because it's untidy



empty the basket
because it's full



dust the furniture
because it's dirty

I shouldn't ... I oughtn't to ... but I'm going to ...



eat any cakes
because I'm on a diet



walk on the grass
because it says 'Keep Off'



swim in the river
because it says 'No
Swimming'