English Book2

广播电视外语讲座试用教材

陈 琳 主编

人人名名人《版社

本册包括十课及两个阶段复习课。书后有练习答案等附录。

中央广播电视大学英语组同志协助了本册的编辑工作。 担任本册审阅工作的有李赋宁(主审)、周珊凤和马元曦同志。 中央人民广播电台广播英语讲座主讲教师曾在本册编写过程 中提供了宝贵意见。本册并经美国专家史克(Bertha Sneck) 审阅,特此致谢。

封面设计: 金国辉

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编写说明

本教材供广播电视英语讲座试用。全书共四册,每册便用半年;全课程两年左右。本书为第二册。

广播电视英语讲座,主要以青年为对象。在两年左右学程内,学习英语语音、语法基本内容和两千个左右单词及惯用词组;在听、说、读、写四会方面进行基本训练,为结合专业进一步自学打下初步基础。

广播电视英语讲座的听(观)众,除应坚持收听、收看讲课外,每日至少还需用两倍于听课的时间来复习,以巩固和掌握所讲授的内容。在学完全课程后,应能达到下述水平:

- 一、听:能听懂一般日常生活用语及开课用语;
- 二、说:能用英语運行简单日賴生活谈话

三、读:能读懂经过简写的原文故事; 能醫助词典读懂 浅近科普文章;

四、写: 能写简单书信及通知等。

本教材除供广播电视类语讲座: 原用外 也可供自学英语者使用。因此,课文注释、语音及语法说明等均较详细,练习也较多。

第一册从字母读音开始,同时学习简单日常用语。第一至六课为语音学习阶段。自第七课起,开始句型教学;学习语法,并继续练习语音。在第二、三册中,语法现象比较集中。而在第四册中,除巩固并加深所学语法外,将扩大词汇量及题材内容,包括科普内容。

为充分利用视听教学的有利条件, 在教学中将组织配音 听力练习、小表演、短剧、木偶戏、电影等, 以帮助听(观)众通 过声、形,掌握课本内的语音、语法及词汇内容,学会在不同场合中灵活运用。

在广播电视教学中,由于教师与听(观)众无法交谈,不能进行堂上练习,听(观)众应尽可能在课下组织小组活动,以便巩固句型、练习问答及会话、背诵课文等。有条件者,可利用录音磁带等辅助手段进行复习。

作为这套课本的补充,为听(观)众提供自学材料,我们还 编写了《广播电视英语课外读物》,共四册。

中中附录, 第一、二册选用了英国广播公司 (British Broadcasting Corporation) 广播电视英语教学部 (English by Radio and Television) 编制的《沃尔特与康妮 (Walter and Connie)》英语教学电影及录音带中的部分内容。

本册共有十课和两个阶段复习课,可使用半年左右。各课安排,与第一册第七至十课各课的安排基本相同。每课包括:基本句型、句型练习、会话、课文、注释、语法、语音及练习。

本册附录还有:配音听力材料、练习答案、常用不规则动词表及词汇表。此外,保留了原《电视英语讲座》课本初级班第二、三册中已录成电视片的木偶戏、电影片断等内容。

本书编写时间仓促,编者经验有限,诚恳希望广播电视英语讲座的听(观)众及本书其他使用者提出批评和意见。

编 者 一九八〇年九月

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	3. She doesn't get up at six.
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	No, she doesn't.
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	6. What month is this?
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	This is 1981 (nineteen eighty-one).
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				No, I am not.
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某些字母组合的读音规则

语

- He isn't a doctor, is he?
 Yes, he is.
 No. he isn't.
- 3. You work at a factory, don't you? Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

- He doesn't work at a factory, does he?
 Yes, he does.
 No. he doesn't.
- 5. You are going to see the film, aren't you?

 Yes, I am.

No, I am not.

No, there isn't.

- 6. He isn't going to see the film, is he?Yes, he is.No, he isn't.
- 7. There is a nursery in your factory, isn't there?Yes, there is.
- There isn't a TV in the room, is there?
 Yes, there is.
 No, there isn't.
- 9. Which is bigger, this one or that one?
 This one is bigger than that one.
- 10. Which runs faster, a dog or a pig?
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会 话

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			4.	
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语

法

1. 反意疑问句

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		4	. When will he be back?
		5.	. I can finish the work in an hour.
		6.	. He can't come to the meeting today.
		7.	. Can you speak French?
			Yes, I can.
			No, I can't.
		8.	May I borrow this book?
			Yes, of course.
			No, I'm afraid not.
		9.	Must I return it tomorrow?
			Yes, you must.
			No, you needn't.
		10.	You mustn't be so careless.
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3.	He worked at a factory before liberation.
4.	He didn't go to school before liberation.
5.	Were (Weren't) you a worker before 1966?
	Yes, I was.
	No, I wasn't.
	Did (Didn't) you go to the English film yesterday?
	Yes, I did.
	No, I didn't.
7.	You were (weren't) a student before 1966, weren't (were) you?
	Yes, I was.
•	No, I wasn't.
8.	
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	Yes, he did.
	No, he didn't.
	No, he didn t.
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此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com

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话 文

法

音

语

语

第八课

基本句型

4. When were you born?	
I was born in 1947.	
5. How was yesterday's film?	
6. Where did you go yesterday?	
7. How long did you-stay there?	
8. When did you come back?	
9. Why did you come back so early?	
10. Who spoke at the meeting?	
11. There was (wasn't) a football match yester	
day.	
12. Was there a football match yesterday?	
Yes, there was.	
No, there wasn't.	
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2. 节奏类型(II)	
24	2
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2. He hasn't read the book.	
3. Have you seen that film?	
Yes, I have.	
No, I haven't.	
4. I hope you can come tomorrow.	
5. I hear Professor Wang is going to speak to	,
us next week.	
6. They were having a meeting when we got	
<u> </u>	

会

课

语

语

第九课

基本句型

话

文

法

音

there					
Was	he	living	in	Sichuan	then?
Yes,	he	was.			

- No, he wasn't.

 8. Lesson Nine is as difficult as Lesson Eight.
- 9. Shanghai is not as (so) hot as Wuhan in summer.
- 10. Is Nanjing as big as Shanghai?

4	祍

课 文 The Little Match Girl

语 法 1. 现在完成时

7.

- 2. 动词过去分词的构成
- 3. 过去进行时
- 4. 宾语从句
- 5. 用 as ... as 表示比较的句型

语 音 1. 节奏(III)

- 2. 节奏类型(III)
- 3. 含有宾语从句的复合句的语调

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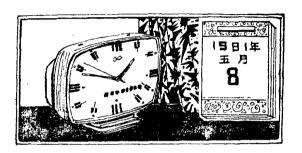
- 基本句型 1. Where have you been?

 I have been to the library.
 - 2. Why have you come so early?
 - 3. What has he done?
 - 4. Who has broken the glass?
 - 5. How many words have you learned?
 - 6. How long have you been a worker?
 - We have lived in this house since we came to Beijing.
 - 8. He studies as hard as his brother.

• 9. .

			9. He doesn't study as (so) hard as his brother.
			Do you (Does she) study as hard as your
			(her) brother?
			Yes, I do (she does).
			No, I don't (she doesn't).
	会	话	
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Lesson One



Basic Patterns

- Do you get up at six every day?
 Yes, I do.
 No, I don't. I don't get up at six.
- 2. She gets up at seven.
- 3. She doesn't get up at six.
- Does she get up at six?
 Yes, she does.
 No, she doesn't.
- 5. What day is today?
 - Today is Friday.
- 6. What month is this? This is May.
- 7. What year is this?

 This is 1981 (nineteen eighty-one).
- 8. What's the date today?

Today is May 8, 1981.

9. What time is it?It's eleven thirty. (It's half past eleven.)It's eleven fifty. (It's ten to twelve.)

Pattern Drills

1. 1) A: Do you get up at six every day?

B: Yes, I do.

Substitutes:

do some running in the morning; have breakfast at seven; go to work at seven thirty; go to work by bus; get to the factory at seven fifty; have lunch at the factory; start work at two in the afternoon; have supper at home; watch TV in the evening

2) A: Do you have a pen?

B: Yes, I do. Do you?

A: No, I don't. I have a ball pen.

Substitutes:

a watch/a clock;

a Chinese dictionary/an English dictionary;

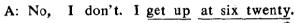
a raincoat/an umbrella;

a TV/a radio; a mug/a glass; a hoe/a spade; a basket/a bag

3) A: Do you get up at six?

B: Yes, I do. Do

you?



Substitutes:

do some running/in the morning/in the afternoon;

have breakfast/at six thirty/at seven;
go to work/by bus/by bike;
have lunch/at twelve/at twelve twenty;
start work/at two in the afternoon/at one
thirty;

watch TV/before supper/after supper

2. 1) A: My brother works in a factory. What about your brother?

B: My brother works in a shop.

Substitutes:

sister/a nursery/a hospital; father/an office/a lab;