

全日制普通高级中学教科书 (试验修订本·必修)

英语 听力 教程

第三册 (上) 同步听力

(供高中三年级第一学期使用)

ENGLISH LISTENING COURSE



人民教育出版社英语室审定 中国少年儿童出版社

全日制普通高级中学教科书 (试验修订本·必修)·同步听力

英 语 听 力 教 程

ENGLISH LISTENING COURSE

高考听力全程培养训练

(供高中三年级第一学期使用)

主编 刘五宁

人民教育出版社英语室审定

中国少年儿童出版社
北京

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

英语听力教程. 高三. 上/刘五宁编著. —北京:中国少年儿童出版社,2001.8
ISBN 7-5007-5795-6

I. 英… II. 刘… III. 英语—听说教学—高中—教学参考资料 IV. G634.411

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2001)第 058893 号

YINGYU TINGLI JIAOCHENG



出版发行: 中国少年儿童出版社

出版人:

作 者: 刘五宁

装帧设计: 李晓伟

责任编辑: 郭庆祥 李世梅

责任校对: 郭术丽

社址: 北京东四十二条 21 号

邮政编码: 100708

电话: 086-010-64032266

传 真: 086-010-64012262

印刷: 保定市印刷厂

经销: 新华书店

开本: 787×1092 1/16

印张: 7.25

版次: 2002 年 6 月第 2 版

印次: 2002 年 6 月第 1 次印刷

字数: 102 千字

印数: 10000 册

定价: 8.00 元

图书若有印装问题,请随时向本社出版科退换。

版权所有 侵权必究

前 言

听力培养和训练在中学英语教与学中越来越受到重视,对高质量英语听力教程的需求也日益迫切。藉此,本套《英语听力教程》应运而生。

本套教程的著者是一些具有多年英语教学经验的一线教师和学科带头人,并得到了人民教育出版社负责英语教材编改工作的老师们大力支持。

在编写过程中,本套教程主要体现了以下几点原则:

1. 本套教程不仅仅向广大师生提供一些听力素材,更重要的是大力培养和训练听的能力,其中包括对内容的理解和对语言的感知。

2. 听力培养和训练并不是一个漫无目的的、泛泛的学习过程,而是一个与教材学习密切相关的有机整体。二者相互促进、相得益彰。

3. 听力培养和训练的形式不是一成不变的,而应该是多样的,越贴近生活、越富有趣味性,就越能提高学生的学习兴趣、越有利于他们迅速理解和提高。

就内容而言,本套教程具有如下几个特点:

1. 内容新。本套教程内容严格按最新中学英语教材编写而成,与其保持同步,依照教材和大纲构筑听力培养和训练框架。

2. 角度新。本套教程百分之四十的基本素材来源于课本,是对英语教材中每个单元听力的补充,这样把听力培养和训练演变为一个与课本知识掌握相结合的有的放矢的行为,既能强化对课本的学习和理解,又能培养和训练听力。

3. 多样化。本套教程百分之六十的内容取自各种材料,有的直接采用英语国家的原版材料。本着多样化的原则让学生听方方面面的知识。既帮助他们开阔视野,又避免单调所带来的问题。

4. 功能化。主要表现在本套教程两大部分朗读语速的不同。来自课本的听力内容朗读语速较快,其它部分朗读语速则相对较慢。容易的读得快,不容易的读得慢。

这样,两部分都能实现听力材料的功能最大化。

5. 难度适中。针对现有听力材料的两个极端:过分容易或过分复杂,本套教程在设计题形时特别注意满足大多数学生的要求,按照难度递进的原则适时提高训练难度,使各个层次、水平的学生都能通过本套教程的训练提高听力水平。

本套教程的顺利完稿和出版凝结着许多人的辛勤汗水和劳动,尤其应该提到的是,于溪滨老师在教程的整体风格设计和文稿校改中给予了大力支持与帮助。在这里,特别向他表示感谢。

当然,由于时间仓促、水平有限,本套教程不可避免地存在某些不足,欢迎广大教师、学生批评、指正。

编 者

2002年5月

2002 年全国普通高等院校入学考试

考试说明(英语)

I. 考试性质

普通高等学校招生全国统一考试是由合格的高中毕业生参加的选拔性考试。高等学校根据考生的成绩,按已确定的招生计划,德、智、体全面衡量,择优录取。因此,高考应有较高的信度、效度、必要的区分度和适当的难度。

英语科考试是按照标准化测试要求设计的。

II. 考试内容和形式

根据普通高等学校对新生文化素质的要求,参照原国家教委 1993 年颁发的《全日制高级中学英语教学大纲(初审稿)》,并考虑中学教学实际,制订本学科考试内容。

试卷由第一卷和第二卷两部分组成。第一卷包括第一、二、三部分,为客观性试题。第二卷即第四部分,为主观性试题。

第一部分:听力

本部分共两节,测试考生理解口头英语的能力。

第一节:共 5 小题,每小题 1.5 分。要求考生根据所听到的 5 段简短对话,从每题所给的 3 个选项中选出最佳选项。

每段录音材料仅读一遍。

第二节:共 15 小题,每小题 1.5 分。要求考生根据所听到的 5 段对话或独白,从每题所给的 3 个选项中选出最佳选项。

每段录音材料读两遍。

考试进行时,考生将答案标在试卷上;听力部分结束后,考生有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

本部分所需时间约为 20 分钟(含转涂时间)。

第二部分:英语知识运用

本部分共两节,测试考生对英语语法、词汇知识和简单表达形式的掌握情况。

第一节:共 15 小题,每小题 1 分。每题在一句或两句话中留出空白,要求考生从每题所给的 4 个选项中选出最佳选项。

第二节:共 20 小题,每小题 1.5 分。在一篇 200~250 词的短文中留出 20 个空白,要求考生从每题所给的 4 个选项中选出最佳选项,使补足后的短文意思通顺、前后连贯、结构完整。

本部分所需时间约为 25 分钟。

第三部分:阅读理解

测试考生阅读理解书面英语的能力。

共 20 小题,每小题 2 分。要求考生根据所提供短文的内容(不少于 1000 词),从每

题所给的 4 个选项中选出最佳选项。

本部分所需时间约为 35 分钟。

第四部分：写

本部分共两节，测试考生的书面表达能力。

第一节：共 10 小题，每小题 1 分。本题给出一篇约 100 个单词的短文，其中 10 行每行右边标有题号，要求考生判断是否有错，如有错将其改正。错误类型包括词法、句法、行文逻辑等。

第二节：满分 25 分。要求考生根据所给情景，用英语写一篇 100 个单词左右的短文。情景包括目的、对象、时间、地点、内容等；提供情景的形式有图画、图表、提纲等。

本部分所需时间约为 40 分钟。

笔试内容、题量、计分和时间安排如下：

内容	节	题量	计分	时间(分钟)
第一部分： 听力	一	5	20	20
	二	15		
第二部分： 英语知识运用	一	15	45	25
	二	20		
第三部分： 阅读理解		20	50	35
第四部分： 写	一	10	35	40
	二	1		
		85 + 1	150	120

目 录

2002 年英语高考说明	1
Test 1	1
Test 2	5
Test 3	9
Test 4	13
Test 5	17
Test 6	21
Test 7	25
Test 8	29
Test 9	33
Test 10	37
Test 11	41
Test 12	45
参考答案	49
Test 1	50
Test 2	53
Test 3	56
Test 4	59
Test 5	63
Test 6	66
Test 7	69
Test 8	73
Test 9	76
Test 10	80
Test 11	84
Test 12	87

附录 1	91
附录 2	97
附录 3	103

Test 1

New words and expressions

booth [bu:θ] *n.* 电话亭

represent [ri:pri:zent] *v.* 代表,象征

a historical era 历史时期

tongue [tʌŋ] *n.* 舌头

throat [θrəʊt] *n.* 嗓子

make an appointment with sb. 与某人预约

is due 预期的,到期的

fix [fiks] *v.* 定(日期)

be supposed to do sth. 应该做某事

schedule [ˈskedʒul] *n.* 日程表,时间表

have a loose schedule 日程安排轻松

accompany [əˈkʌmpəni] *v.* 陪伴

relative [ˈrelətɪv] *n.* 亲戚

apartment [əˈpɑ:tmənt] *n.* 公寓,单元住宅

for confirmation 用以证实,确认

regular [ˈregjʊlə] *adj.* 经常的,普通的

once in a while 时常

flute [flu:t] *n.* 笛子

typical [ˈtɪpɪkəl] *adj.* 典型的

people my age 我这样年龄的人

第一节 (共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话, 每段对话后有1个小题, 从题中所给的A, B, C三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读一下小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- () 1. What is the stranger looking for?
- A. A person who can speak English.
 - B. A telephone booth.
 - C. A post office.
- () 2. Why does the teacher first ask Webster to come to the front to punish him while later let him go with a smile?
- A. Because he is on duty today.

- B. Because of Webster's quick and humorous (幽默的) mind.
 C. Because his hands are dirty.
- () 3. What is the striking news in today's newspaper?
 A. Someone's mother died last night.
 B. Britain's Queen Mother passed away.
 C. There happened an important event in the world.
- () 4. Johnnie wants to have _____ .
 A. something to drink
 B. some ice-cream
 C. fruit juice
- () 5. According to the boy, the girl should first _____ .
 A. come to help him
 B. work on the computer
 C. learn to operate a computer patiently

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒的时间作答题时间,每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,然后回答 6-7 题。并将答案填在表格相应的位置。

- () 6. What does Myra come here for?
 A. To meet the director.
 B. To have a meeting.
 C. To wait for the director.
- () 7. The meeting with the director is due _____ .
 A. at 3 o'clock, May 15th
 B. in the morning
 C. in a minute or two
 D. none of the above

Myra is here to (6) _____
The time for the appointment is fixed at (7) _____

听第 7 段材料, 然后将 8-9 题答案填在表格适当的位置。

On the (8) _____ day, the man would first stay in a _____ and then _____ nearby.
The man has planned to visit his relatives and stay with them (9) _____.

听第 8 段材料, 然后回答 10-12 题。

- () 10. What does the woman want to do?
A. To find Mary's telephone number.
B. To ask the man a question.
C. To pass Mary a letter.
- () 11. Mary's telephone number is _____.
A. 6502-9784.
B. 6502-9874.
C. 6520-9874.
- () 12. Her address is _____.
A. No. 145, Jianguomen Wai Street.
B. NO. 154, Jianguomen Street.
C. No. 145, Jianguomen Street.

听第 9 段材料, 然后回答 13-16 题。

- () 13. Most probably the speaker is _____.
A. a teenager
B. a person more than thirty
C. quite old a person
- () 14. It seems that the speaker doesn't like to go to school because she says _____.
A. she forces them to go to school
B. they are forced to go to school
C. she was usually forced to go to school
- () 15. The girl likes to _____ and write stories and poems.
A. read, talk on the phone, listen to music, play the flute and piano
B. read, go to the cinema, listen to music, play the flute
C. play games, go to the cinema, listen to music, play the flute
- () 16. She could spend her time with her family _____.
A. on ordinary week days
B. during weekends
C. on Sundays

听第 10 段材料, 然后回答 17-20 题。

- () 17. How did Mr. and Mrs. Jones get to the cinema?
- A. By bike.
 - B. On foot.
 - C. In their own car.
- () 18. When did the film finish?
- A. At 11 in the morning.
 - B. Late in the evening.
 - C. Right after dinner time.
- () 19. What did Mr. and Mrs. Jones see on the way home?
- A. A man was running after a woman.
 - B. A woman was running after a man.
 - C. A woman shouted for help.
- () 20. When and why did the man and the woman run so fast?
- A. Before they saw a film; because they had a young baby to look after at home.
 - B. Before the film ended; because they didn't want to be considered inefficient (无能的, 低效率的).
 - C. After seeing a film they began the running race; because neither of them wanted to wash dishes at home.

Test 2

New words and expressions

- weather forecast 天气预报
shower [ˈʃaʊə] *n.* 阵雨
the lowest temperature 最低温度
flu [flu:] *n.* 流感
in one's own way 以自己的方式
bear [beə] *v.* 忍受
generation gap 代沟
attitude [ˈætɪtju:d] *n.* 态度
life style 生活方式
exist [ɪgˈzɪst] *v.* 存在
gloomy [ˈɡlu:mi] *adj.* 阴沉的, 阴暗的
dusty [ˈdʌsti] *adj.* 多尘的, 尘土的
monster [ˈmɒnstə] *n.* 怪物, 妖怪
meet with 遇见, 碰到
sandstorm [ˈsændstɔ:m] *n.* 沙尘暴
layer [ˈleɪə] *n.* (一)层
odd [ɒd] *adj.* 怪怪的
surrounding [səˈraʊndɪŋ] *n.* 环境, 条件
necessity [nɪˈsesɪti] *n.* 必要性
environment [ɪnˈvaɪəmənt] *n.* 环境
protection [prəˈtektʃn] *n.* 保护
excessive [ɪkˈsesɪv] *adj.* 过多的, 过分的
take notes 记笔记
gradually [ˈɡrædʒuəli] *adv.* 逐渐地
diligent [ˈdɪlɪdʒənt] *adj.* 勤奋的
smart [smɑ:t] *adj.* 聪明的
usage [ˈju:sɪdʒ] *n.* 用法
communicative function 交流作用

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话, 每段对话后有 1 个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- () 1. According to Evening Weather Forecast what's the weather tomorrow?
A. There will be a shower in the morning.
B. The temperature will be five degrees below zero.
C. There will be wind, a shower and the temperature will be low.
- () 2. Why does the man go and see a doctor ?
A. Something's wrong with his nose.
B. He can't open his mouth.
C. He has got a cold.
- () 3. Why does Tom think that the moon is nearer to us than England?
A. Because, he says, what he can see is only the moon.
B. Because, he says, he doesn't know where England is.
C. Because he can see neither the moon nor England.
- () 4. The mobile phone (手机) number of the guest is _____ .
A. 13901178449
B. 13091187449
C. 13901178994
- () 5. Susan is invited to a party for _____ .
A. dinner
B. dancing
C. the girl's birthday

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒的时间作答题时间, 每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 然后回答 6-7 题。

- () 6. Michael _____ .
A. was playing soccer (足球) when something happened
B. was listening to something when other boys were playing soccer
C. hurt himself when playing soccer

- () 7. He hurt himself _____ .
A. in the arm
B. on one of his ears
C. in the leg

听第 7 段材料, 然后回答 8-9 题。

- () 8. What troubles the father is that his son _____ .
A. is not willing to listen to him
B. always goes in his own way
C. is digging (挖、掘) a gap at home
- () 9. "Generation gap" is natural according to the teacher. It exists _____ .
A. only among young people
B. between old generation and young generation
C. mostly among old generation

听第 8 段材料, 然后回答 10-12 题。

- () 10. "Monster" in the dialogue refers to (所指的是……) _____ .
A. the wind force
B. sandstorm
C. a thick layer of dust
- () 11. The wind force today is _____ , according to the lady.
A. 5-6
B. 6-7
C. 8-9
- () 12. In the end of the dialogue the lady concludes that _____ .
A. the bad weather will continue for another day or two
B. even inside the room, the odd, dusty air could still be felt
C. it is important to protect our environment

听第 9 段材料, 然后回答 13-16 题。

- () 13. When asked about his feelings teaching English in China, the man says:
"Hard to say." What does it mean?
A. The man meets certain problems in teaching.
B. He doesn't know for sure what to answer.
C. It is very hard to encourage his students to speak English.
- () 14. According to the man's opinion, some students _____ .
A. pay too much attention to grammar
B. never pay attention to grammar
C. don't pay enough attention to grammar

- () 15. The woman tells the man that _____ .
A. when she first came here she also met with the same problem
B. when she first came here her students never did the same as the man's students do
C. it is her first time to hear students could study in such inefficient way
- () 16. The woman is satisfied with her students because she finds that Chinese students are _____ .
A. hard-working and clever
B. could understand the teacher's arrangement(安排)
C. don't know the communicative function of language at all

听第 10 段材料, 然后回答 17-20 题。

- () 17. What was Pat Hogan doing that evening?
A. Driving home.
B. Looking for a hotel.
C. Traveling around the country.
- () 18. Where did Pat want to stay that night?
A. In the Sun Hotel.
B. In his own home.
C. In his friend's house.
- () 19. Why didn't the old man stop Pat when they passed the hotel?
A. He didn't see the hotel.
B. He forgot to stop Pat.
C. He wanted to get home.
- () 20. How far is the old man's house to the hotel?
A. Nine miles.
B. Twelve miles.
C. Three miles.

Test 3

New words and expressions

air crash 空难事故

South Korea 南韩

survive [sə'vaiv] *v.* 幸存, 生存

passenger ['pæsɪndʒə] *n.* 乘客

rescue ['reskjʊ:] *v.* 援救

on board 在(飞机、船)上

alive [ə'laiv] *adj.* 活着的

compose a home page of 建立……的网页

frankly speaking 坦率地说

captain ['kæptɪn] *n.* 船长, 机长

assign [ə'saɪn] *v.* 分配, 指派

visa ['vɪzə] *n.* 签证; 维萨信用卡

transportation [træns'pɔ:t'eɪʃn] *n.* 交通运输

extra ['ekstrə] *adj.* 额外的

beneficial [beni'fiʃl] *adj.* 有利的

climate ['klaɪmɪt] *n.* 气候

expert ['ekspɜ:t] *n.* 专家

opposite [ɒ'pəzɪt] *adj.* 对面

cigarette [sɪgə'ret] *n.* 香烟

tobacco [tə'bækəʊ] *n.* 烟草

congratulate [kən'grætjuleɪt] *v.* 祝贺, 恭喜

第一节 (共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话, 每段对话后有1个小题, 从题中所给的A, B, C三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读一下小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- () 1. How many people had been on board?
A. 166.
B. 166 plus 50.
C. 50 in all.
- () 2. What is the use of the home page as the boy tells his mother?
A. For a place to do the homework.