COLLEGE ENGLISH ESSENTIAL TRAINING-VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR



刘春堂 苏 华 战常娟 主编

大学英语基础训练 - 词汇与语法

青岛海洋大学出版社

大学英语训练与考试系列

College English Essential Training — Vocabulary and Grammar

大学英语基础训练

——词汇与语法

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大学英语训练与考试系列

出版者的话

近代著名学者王国维 先生说过,做学问须经过 三种境界,学好外语亦概 莫能外。

是故,我们这套丛书 以"风火轮"为标记,我 们企盼着您的成功!

前 言

词汇和语法一直是英语学习的重点和难点。为帮肋大学生更好地学习、记忆和使用基本的词汇和语法知识,我们根据《大学英语教学大纲》的规定及一、二年级大学生的实际需要,组织了部分高等院校具有丰富教学经验的教师编写了此书。

本书由词汇和语法两部分构成。词汇部分主要汇集了《大学英语》、《核心英语》两套全国统编教材中符合大纲要求的常用词汇。大部分单词、词组和短语配有精选的例句。重点词汇还设置同义词辨析。所有例句力求规范、精炼和通俗易懂,以便于学生记忆和理解,同时配有专项练习供及时巩固所学词汇用。语法部分旨在完成中学英语向大学英语的过渡和延伸,因此,该部分并非面面俱到,而是突出针对性、实用性,并配有专项例解和练习,以便使学生更好地理解和应用所学语法知识。

编写中参阅了多种工具书及有关教材,在此谨向作者表示诚挚的谢意。

限于编者水平,书中难免有疏漏之处,恳请广大专家和读者批评指正。

· 编 者 1997.6

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词汇部分



一级词汇

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com

动 词

- absorb /əb'sɔ:b/ vt. ① 吸收: Dry sand absorbs water. ② 吸引…的注意力;使全神贯注: She is completely absorbed in her business.
 - > absorbent a. 能吸收的 absorption n. 吸收;专注
- accomplish /əˈkʌmpliʃ/ vt. 完成;实现(同义 achieve,complete 反义 undo): They tried to arrange a peace, but accomplished nothing.
- > accomplished a. 熟练的;技巧的 accomplishment n. 完成;成就 achieve /ə'tfi:v/ vt. ① 完成;实现(同义 accomplish 反义 fail): By hard work we can achieve anything. ② 达到;得到: He wants to achieve his purpose.
 - > achievement n. 完成;成就
 - 辨析: achieve, accomplish, complete 和 finish 皆有"完成"之意。其中 complete 和 finish 仅表"完成、结束": The building is not completed yet. Have you finished your school paper? achieve 和 accomplish 则表示"通过努力而获得成功、成就或达到…": Our team is trying to do everything possible to accomplish its aims.
- adapt /ə'dæpt/ vt. ① 使适应;使适合(同义 adjust 反义 unfit): You must adapt yourself to new manners and customs. ② 改编;改写: This book is adapted for beginners. vi. (to) 适应: He has not yet adapted to the climate.
- > adaptable a. 能适应的;可改编的 adaptation n. 适应;改编 adjust /ə'dʒʌst/ vt. ① 调节;改变…以适应(同义 adapt); The body

- adjusts itself to changes in temperature. ② 校正;调整(同义 regulate): Please don't adjust my TV set.
- > adjustable a. 可调整的 adjustment n. 调节;调整
- affect /ə'fekt/ vt. ① 影响(同义 influence): The climate affected his health. ② (在感情方面)打动: Her death affected us deeply
 - > affecting a. 感人的 affection n. 慈爱;友爱
 - 辨析: affect 和 effect 字形相近,易用混。affect 作动词时意为"影响": Some plants are quickly affected by cold. effect 作动词时指蓄意行为所产生的预期效果: The recent development of events effected a change in my opinion.
- afford /ə'fɔ:d/ vt. ① 买得起;担负得起: At last we can afford a house! ② 提供;给予: It will afford me great pleasure to have dinner with you.
- alarm /ə'lɑːm/ v. ① 使惊恐: Everybody was alarmed at the bad news. ② 向…报警: The noise of the shot alarmed hundreds of birds. n. ① 惊恐; 忧虑: He jumped up in a alarm. ② 报警(器): It turned out that it's a false alarm.
 - > alarming a. 惊人的
- amaze /ə¹meiz/ vt. 使大为惊奇; 使惊愕(同义 astonish). You amaze me!
 - > amazing a. 令人惊奇的 amazement n. 惊奇;吃惊辨析: 见 astonish (P. 113)
- analyze /'ænəlaiz/ vt. 分析;分解: Well, let's analyze the sentence.
 - < analysis n. 分析;分解
- apply /ə'plai/ vi. ① 申请;请求: You may apply to the Consul for a visa. ② 适用: The rule does not apply to all cases. vt. 应用;运用: We should apply a theory to practice.

- > applied a. 应用的; 实用的 application n. 申请; 应用
- approach /ə'prəutʃ/ v. 靠近;接近: As winter approached, weather became colder. n. ① 接近: The boy ran away at my approach. ② 途径: This book provides a good approach to electronics. ③ 方式;方法: I don't think it is a correct approach to the subject.
- argue /'q:gju:/ vi. 争论;争辩: Don't argue with me. vt. ① 论证;主张: He argued that the experiment could be done in another way. ② 说服: They tried to argue her into joining them.
 - > argument n. 争论;争吵
 - || argue with sb. about (over) sth. 与某人争论某事 argue sb. into (out of) doing sth. 说服某人做或不做某事
- arise /ə'raiz/ vi. ① 出现;发生: A new difficulty has arisen. ② (from) 由…引起;起源于: Development arises from the contradictions inside a thing.
 - 辨析: arise, rise 和 raise 三词极易混淆。arise 是不及物动词,表示"发生"或"出现":Before they could start, a mist arose. rise 也是不及物动词,表示"上升,升起": The moon has not risen yet. raise 是及物动词,表示"举起"等: The old lady can't raise such a heavy bag.
- arrange /ə'reindʒ/ vt. ① 安排;筹划: Before leaving he arranged his business affairs. ② 整理;排列;布置: I arranged the books on the shelves.
 - > arrangement n. 安排;布置
- arrest /ə'rest/ vi. 逮捕;拘留: The police arrested the thief. n. 逮捕;拘留: The officer was put under arrest.
 - > arresting a. 显著的;引人注目的
- assign /ə'sain/ vt. ① (to) 指派;选派: Two girls were assigned to sweep the classroom. ② 分配;布置(作业): Those rooms are as-

signed to us. ③ 指定(时间、地点等): Has a day been assigned for the trip?

> assignable a. 可分派的 assignment n. 分配;分派;作业

associate /əˈsəuʃieit/ vt. 把…联系在一起;使结合在一起; We associate Egypt with the Nile. vi. (with) 交往: Don't associate with dishonest boys. n. 伙伴;合伙人: He has no associates. a. 副的: He is an associate professor.

> association n. 联合;协会

attach /ə'tætʃ/ vt. ① 系;贴;连接(同义 connect 反义 detach): You should attach labels to the luggage. ② 使成为一部分;使附属: My aunt has a house with a garage attached. ③ 使依恋: She is deeply attached to her young brother.

> attachment n. 附属;深情

attempt /ə'tempt/ vt. /n. 企图;试图(同义 try): Don't attempt impossibilities.

辨析: attempt 和 try 皆有"试图、尝试"之意,有时可互换,但 try 一般 无褒贬之分: I don't think I can do it, but I'll try. attempt 有时含贬意,表示"企图": He attempted to escape, but failed.

attract /ə'trækt/ vt. 吸引;引起…的注意(同义 draw); Bright colours attract babies.

> attractive a. 有吸引力的;动人的 attraction n. 吸引力

average /ˈævəridʒ/ v. 平均: The rainfall averages thirty—seven inches a year. a. ① 平均的: What is the average temperature here? ② 平常的;普通的: Most of us are of average ability. n. 平均数;平均: The average of four, five and nine is six.

|| on an (the) average 平均而言:通常

avoid /ə'vəid/ vt. 避免;避开: We only just avoided an accident.

> avoidable a. 可避免的

- behave /bi'heiv/ vi. ① 表现;举止(同义 act); The boy behaves bravely. ② (机器等)运转: How is your new car behaving? vt. 检点(自己的)行为: Behave yourself.
 - > behaviour n. 行为;举止
- blast /bla:st/vt. 炸;炸掉: Danger! Blasting in progress! n. ① 爆炸: Thousands of windows are broken by blast. ② 一阵(疾风等);一股(强烈的气流): A blast of hot air came from the furnace. broadcast /'bro:dka:st/v./n. 广播;播音: She is broadcasting the news.
 - > broadcasting n./a. 广播(的)
- capture /'kæptʃə/ vt. /n. 捕获; 俘获: The police have not captured the thief yet.
- celebrate /'selibreit/ v. 庆祝: They celebrated his birthday.
 - > celebrated a. 著名的 celebration n. 庆祝;庆典 辨析: celebrate 和 congratulate 都可表示"庆贺",但 celebrate 只用于对事件的庆祝,如生日、节日、纪念日等: They celebrated their wedding anniversary last week. congratulate 则用于对人的祝贺: He congratulated me on my marriage.
- challenge /'tsælind3/ vt. 向…挑战: He challenged me to try again. n. 挑战: He accepted the challenge.
- charge /tsad3/ vt. ① 索价;要…支付: How much do you charge for mending a pair of shoes? ② 控告;指控(同义 accuse): He was charged with murder. ③ 充电: He asked me to charge the battery. n. ① 价钱;费用: Your charges are too high. ② 控告;指控: What is the charge against him? ③ 充电;电荷: This is a positive charge.
 - || in charge of 负责;主管 / take charge of 开始管理;接管 > chargeable a. 可被控告的

- chase /tfeis/ vt. /n. 追逐;追赶: Chase that dog out of the garden.
- cheat /t fi:t/ vt. 欺骗;骗取(同义 deceive): He cheated her of her money. vi. 行骗;作弊: John cheated in the examination.
 - 辨析: cheat 和 deceive 同义,但 cheat 是普通用语,指用不诚实手段取得所需或达到目的,也指经商中的欺骗: He would never cheat medeceive 多指以某种手段使人相信虚假的事情来隐瞒真相: He deceived the teacher by lying.
- chew /tʃu:/ v. 咀嚼: Chew your food well before you swallow it.

 | chew sth. over / chew on sth. 考虑…
- chill /tfil/ vt. 使变冷;使冷冻;使感到冷: He was chilled to the bone. n. ① 风寒;寒战: I feel a chill, I must have a fever. ② 寒冷;寒气: There's quite a chill in the air this morning.
 - > chilly a. 寒冷的;冷谈的
- claim /kleim/vt. ① 声称;主张(同义 assert); Don't claim to know what you don't know. ② 索取; 对…提出要求; Has anyone claimed this watch? n. ① 要求(同义 demend); Do you has a claim for damages? ② 主张;断言; His claim to the house is invalid.
- collapse /kə'læps/ v./n. ① 倒坍;塌下: The roof collapsed under the weight of the snow. ② 崩溃;突然失败: If you work too hard, your health may collapse.
- communicate /kə'mju:nikeit/ vt. 传达;传播: Television communicated the news to all parts of the country. vi. 通讯;交流;交际: I communicate with him regularly.
- > communicative a. 好说话的 communication n. 传播;信息 compete /kəm'pi:t/ vi. 竞争;比赛(同义 contest): Nobody can compete with him in speech.
 - > competitive a. 竞争性的 competition n. 竞争