

陝西五十年

编委	陈元方	吕剑人	郭琦	张克俭
	杨育坤	韦建培	秦晖	王大华
	李峰	韩敏	张军孝	张世中
撰稿	杨育坤	王大华	秦晖	李向群
	张军孝	韩敏	邵宏谟	李亚平
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统稿 定稿	王大华	韩敏	韦建培	

陕 西 五 千 年

郭琦 主编

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馬陝西五十年題

秦中輝煌史上下五十年
觀今而鑑古奮起著先鞭

屈武



序

《陕西五千年》就要出版了，这是第一部写陕西历史的专书，具有首创的性质，值得庆贺！

陕西可以说是中国古代历史的中心舞台，是中华民族的发祥地。这里留下了我们国家和民族盛衰变化、强弱易势的曲折历程，积淀着丰富深邃的物质文化和精神文化。周秦汉唐不仅放射出中华文化的光辉，也都代表着它们时代的文明的高峰。以千年古都长安作为起点的“丝绸之路”，把东方和西方联结了起来，促进了东西文化的交融。陕西还是许多次人民大革命的策源地，尤其是延安十三年为新中国的建立，作出了不可磨灭的贡献。光辉的历史留下来的无穷无尽的遗物也为世人所瞩目。陕西文物遍地，名胜古迹星罗棋布。尤其秦始皇陵兵马俑、铜车马、法门寺地宫文物等，更被誉为奇迹。“不到西安，不算到了中国！”这是海外游客对陕西的一致赞誉。陕西不愧为一块天府宝地。这里所造

就的优秀文化和丰富的历史遗物，不仅是华夏文明的瑰宝，也是全人类的共同财富。

陕西的历史是可以好好写一写的。应该让陕西的人民，特别是广大的青年一代，熟悉本土的历史，了解故乡，热爱故乡，从而决心振兴故乡。所以大家都应该读读《陕西五千年》。历史是过去与现在的对话，愿陕西的各界同胞以及对陕西有兴趣的人们，从学习陕西的历史中获得力量！具有优秀传统的三秦儿女不能愧对祖先！

杨达人

前言

由于陕西在历史上的特殊地位以及我们身居陕西土地的优势条件，所以写一部陕西历史出来的想法有多年了。去年，陕西师范大学出版社积极地促成此事，投入力量，给予了全力的支持，把它作为出版社的重点项目。于是，我们就立即成立编委会，组成编写班子。经过大家的共同努力，花一年多时间，终于写出了这部《陕西五千年》，遂了我们的夙愿！

陕西有光辉灿烂的时代，也有它衰败凋弊的历程，陕西历史的内容太丰富了。本书为展现陕西五千年的历史概貌，从传说中的黄帝写起一直写到当代社会主义建设的改革开放事业。用史传体裁，以人或事立题，选题范围包括陕西籍的历代名人、名事（包括在省外的名事）；外省籍在陕西的名人、名事。着重写一般书籍不写或少写的人和事；人们熟知而又不可缺少的人和事，改变编写角度，避免同名名人传记重复，写出新意。全书按时代先后分为八章，一人一事成篇，或数人数事成篇，共成462篇。每篇1000多字，多则数千字。主要依据正史、方志、档案，并注重吸收最新考古资料及最新史学研究成果。寓学术性于通俗知识性之中，叙中有议。不少篇目都是前所未见，为作者的精心之作，有些就是作者的论文的缩写，具有创见。因体裁所限，一般不引原文，不作考据，引征出处从

略。写法深入浅出，力求生动引人。

完成了这件事，算是我们对陕西同胞尽了一份微薄 的 责任。我们希望她能受到读者，尤其是陕西读者的喜爱，为研究者研究陕西历史提供一些借鉴；为广大读者熟悉、掌握陕西的历史，提供一份教材！也希望热情的读者，能提出宝贵的批评意见，以便日后修订！

编 委 会

FIVE THOUSAND YEARS

OF

SHAANXI

The First Works of Shaanxi Province

(Abstract)

Chief Editor, Guo Qi

Dedicator, Qu Wu

Preface, Sun Da Ren

Authors, Wang Da Hua, Qin Hui

Five Thousand Years of Shaanxi vividly presents to the curious reader the history of Shaanxi Province from the legendary Emperor Huang Di to the contemporary socialist construction, focusing on peoples and events in the way of an historical record. The book places Shaanxi at the centre stage of the history of ancient and modern China and recording the ups and downs of the historical cha-

nges of the Chinese nation. It is a deep and colourful depository of material and spiritual cultures. The dynasties of Zhou, Qin, Han and Tang not only radiated the brilliance of the early Chinese civilization, but also illuminated the civilization of the world as well. The famous Silk Road, beginning in Chang'an(Xi'an), linked the East and the West, improving the intercultural confluence between the two very disparate cultures. Chang'an was the capital city of China for over a span of a thousand years. Politically Shaanxi is the cradle of people's revolutions of which, the thirteen-year Yan'an Revolution contributed to the birth of New China.

Historical remains, almost without number, attract thousands and thousands of people from all over the world. These remains and the beautiful locales of their discoveries are scattered throughout the province like stars in the firmament. The Qin terra-cotta warriors, and the horses and bronze chariots leave guests and tourists breathless. The remains of the Famen Temple underground palace are also felt to be a required experience for the Chinese and foreigners alike.

"You haven't seen China if you haven't seen

Xi'an, " is the general consensus expressed by all the tourists coming to Shaanxi.

The book presents to the readers the famous features and important events of Shaanxi's history. It is arranged chronologically and is divided into eight parts with 462 chapters. The whole book is 62,000-word long. In some chapters, one person or one event are described, while in others chapters there may be several persons or events. Usually each chapter has about a thousands words. A few of them may have several thousands words. The source material for the book is predominantly drawn from biographical records, local records or files of vital statistics. The latest archaeological and the most recent historical research achievements also contribute greatly to the fascinating web of history that has been woven. The profound theory is explained in simple terms. The descriptions are accurate, colourful and to the point. With its rich variety the book reveals an historical outline of Shaanxi for over five thousand years. Academic research and knowledge give authenticity to the book. Having all the features above, the book is therefore appear to extremely readable and interesting.

The following are some of the notable headings:

- 1) The Source of Hua Xia, and the Relationship Between Hua Xia and Shaanxi
- 2) Yang Ye and the Generals of Yang Family
- 3) The Famous Prime Minister Kou Zhun
- 4) The Founder of Truth Religion---Wang Zhe
- 5) The Famous General Han Shi Zhong
- 6) Shaanxi Literary Circles in Song and Jin Dynasties
- 7) Xu Da and Chang Yu Chun Conquered Three Qin Areas
- 8) A Memorial Ceremony Held by the Alliance at the Huang Di Mausoleum
- 9) Shaanxi Students Studying Abroad at the Turn of the 20th Century
- 10) General Yang Hu-chen, Establisher of the Army Headquarters for the Pacifying of China
- 11) Hu Jin-Yi and the Beijing Coup d'Etat
- 12) The Heroine Wang Shu-zhen
- 13) The Friendship Between Qu Wu and Jiang Jing-guo

- 14) Zhang Ji-luan and Da Gong Daily
- 15) Shaanxi Students at the National Peasant Movement Institute in Guangzhou
- 16) The Serious Drought in Shaanxi
- 17) The Long Hai Railroad Extending into Shaanxi
- 18) Zhang Han-hui and the Song "On Song Hua River"
- 19) Zhang Mu Tao
- 20) The Famous General Guan Lin-zheng
- 21) Yan Xi-shan Going into Exile in Yi Chuan
- 22) Du Li-ming's Fight Against the Japanese Invasion in Northern Burma
- 23) Zhang Lin-pu, a General of the Elite Troops of GMT, Was Killed at the Meng Liang-gu Mountain
- 24) Hu Yao-bang in Shaanxi
- 25) Three Famous Shaanxi Generals
- 26) Shaanxi Writers Group
- 27) The City Wall Park in Xi'an

The book is a veritable storehouse of knowledge and lore about Shaanxi, presenting to the reader stories and events not usually found in most

other volumes. The reader will find this compendium a "good friend", allowing him to while away many pleasant hours. He will be delighted to discover within its pages a comprehensive study of Shaanxi history, enabling him to better understand the past and the contemporary Shaanxi.

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