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COLLEGE ENGLISH BAND SIX

大学英语六级考试

高分突破

(听 力 训 练)

编写 大学英语六级考试命题研究组主 编 北京大学英语系 吕 珺修立梅 霉 北京大学英语系 蔡 晖 陈黎辉总策划 胡东华



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内容简介

本教程是严格依据最新《大学英语教学大纲》《大学英语四级考试大纲》和《大学英语六级考试大纲》推出的系列丛书,含有全面的英语知识与学习技巧。它不仅能够直接帮助和指导应试者顺利通过大学英语四、六级考试,也可作为 TOEFL、GRE、EPT 和研究生人学考试等应试参考书,使每一位英语爱好者大幅度提高英语水平,养成良好的学习习惯,练就扎实的英语基本功。

本书选题新颖,切题率高,所选材料均为国外英文刊物的原始材料。内容覆盖社会、历史、文学、科技、人物、风俗等各方面,有助于英语学习者迅速提高听力理解水平。

在编写过程中,北京大学英语系修立梅等同志及本书总策划胡东华同志做了大量 的组织联络及策划工作,特此致谢!

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科学技术文献出版社成立于 1973 年,国家科学技术部主管,主要出版科技政策、科技管理、信息科学、农业、医学、电子技术、实用技术、培训教材、教辅读物等图书。

我们的所有努力,都是为了使您增长知识和才干。

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Model Test 1

Section A Conversation

Directions: In this section, you will hear 8 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said.

Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once.

After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A, B, C and D, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

- 1. A. He thinks that his employer is very boring.
 - B. He does not like his employer very much.
 - C. He did not like his employer when they first met but he likes him now.
 - D. He has always thought that his employer is a very fascinating man.
- 2. A. At a shop.

B. At a restaurant.

C. At an airport.

D. At a hotel.

3. A. A secretary.

B. A shop assistant.

C. A teacher.

D. A housewife.

- 4. A. The woman lives in London.
 - B. The man comes from a town much smaller than London.
 - C. The man does not like London very much.
 - D. The woman likes London very much.
- 5. A. He stayed alone all night.
 - B. He introduced himself to a very charming girl.
 - C. He went home short after.
 - D. None of the above.
- 6. A. 155 pounds.

B. 150 pounds

C. 140 pounds.

- D. 135 pounds.
- 7. A. He never smokes.
 - B. He does not want to smoke at the moment.
 - C. He has given up smoking.
 - D. He is trying to smoke less.
- 8. A. Friends.

- B. Dentist Patient.
- C. Teacher Student.
- D. Father Daughter.

Section B Passages

Directions: In this section, you will hear 2 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A, B, C and D. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Passage 1

Question 9 to 11 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 9. A. They are both things people use everyday.
 - B. They were both invented by Canadians.
 - C. They are widespread and indispensable.
 - D. They were both invented in 1900.
- 10. A. Telephone.
 - B. Zipper.
 - C. Wireless Broadcast of human voices.
 - D. Baseball.
- 11. A. Inventions.

- B. Canadian Inventions.
- C. The Invention of Telephone.
- D. The Spirit of Inventiveness.

Passage 2

Questions 12 to 15 are based on the passage you have just heard.

12. A. How to apply for business schools.

- B. What are the best 75 business schools.
- C. A book about the best 75 business schools.
- D. How to research business schools online.
- 13. A. It is published every two years.
 - B. It is a guide to America's business schools.
 - C. The main topic of the book is the campus life of the business students.
 - D. The book is about the life of the applicants.
- 14. A. A survey of near 20, 000 MBA students.
 - B. A survey of near 20, 000 college professors.
 - C. The applications sent to the admissions committee.
 - D. The online research of business schools.
- A. An exclusive inside look at the deliberation of a top admissions committee.
 - B. Rankings on academics, faculty, campus, workload, and other areas.
 - C. Essential facts, unique insights, and up to the minute information on the top 75 US business schools.
 - D. How business schools are changing.

Section C Compound Dictation

Directions: In this section, you will hear a passage three times. During the first reading, you should listen carefully for a general idea of the whole passage. Then listen to the passage again. When the first part of the passage is being read, you should fill in the missing word during the pause at each blank. After listening to the second part of the passage you are required to write down the main points according to when you have just heard. Finally, when the passage is read the third time you can check what you have written.

Arthur C. Clarke, auth	or of "2001: A Space Odyssey," feels so (1)
about people calling next	year a new millennium that he issued a public (2)
this week to correct	them.

"Because the Western (3) starts with Year 1, and not Year 0, the
21st Century and the Third Millennium do not begin until January 1, 2001,"
Clarke said in a statement (4) by Reuters Thursday.
"Though some people have great difficulty in (5) this, there's a
very simple analogy which should appeal to everyone. If the scale on your grocer'
s (6) machine began at 1 instead of 0, would you be happy when he
claimed he'd sold you 10kg of tea?" Clarke (7)
"And it's exactly the same with time. We'll have had only 99 years of this
century by January 1, 2000; we'll have to wait until December 31 for the full
hundred."
Australian Prime Minister John Howard, for example, made the same point in 1997 – only to be called the party pooper of the century in newspapers.
Clarke said the psychological effect of the three zeros and the Y2K bug that will affect computers was much too powerful to be ignored. (9)
British - born Clarke, who has lived in Colombo for more than 30 years, is
the author of scores of novels and science – fiction books and the creator of several
documentaries.
(10)

Tapescripts

Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear 8 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said.

Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A, B, C and D, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

- 1. W: I had such an interesting meeting with your employer. I think he's a very fascinating man.
 - M: So do I. I thought so when I first met him and still do, although I've worked with him for almost three years.
 - Q: What does the man think of his employer?
- 2. W: I'd like the continental breakfast, please.
 - M: Yes, madam. What sort of fruit juice would you like to start with?
 - Q: Where does the conversation take place?
- 3. M: Will Mr. Black be able to see me at about 9: 15 tomorrow?
 - W: I'm afraid he's fully booked until eleven unless there's a cancellation.
 - Q: What is the woman's probable job?
- 4. W: Do you really like London? It must be very different from where you live.
 - M: Well, yes, it is. My home town is much smaller than London.
 - Q: What is implied in this conversation?
- 5. W: I'm sorry that I had to leave so suddenly last night. I hope you were lonely afterward?
 - M: Not at all. Before you had gone out of the door, I met a very charming girl. She introduced herself to me and we had a nice conversation.
 - Q: According to the conversation, what did the man do after the woman left?
- 6. M: I've heard that you were on a diet. How much weight have you lost?
 - W: Well, to begin with, I weighed 155 pounds. After the first three weeks I took off 20 pounds, but then I gained back five over the holidays.
 - Q: How much does the woman weigh now?
- 7. W: Do you want a cigarette?
 - M: No, thanks. I'm trying to cut down.
 - Q: What does the man mean?

- 8. M: Come along, now. Open your mouth. I can't give you the injection with your mouth closed, can I?
 - W: I... I don't want an injection. I hate needles.
 - Q: What is the possible relationship between the two speakers?

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 2 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A, B, C and D. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Passage 1

Both the telephone and the zipper are things we use daily. It would be hard to imagine life without them, they also share something in common: both are Canadian inventions.

Many Canadian inventions have become as widespread and indispensable as the telephone are the zipper. The first human voices to be transmitted without using wires were broadcast in 1900 by a Canadian. In sports, it was a Canadian physical instructor who invented basketball.

Inventions make daily living more convenient, comfortable and enjoyable. We live easier, happier and better lives because inventors have created and continue to create new and better ways of doing things.

Our health is enhanced and our lives are prolonged because of breakthroughs by medical researchers who invent new drugs and new treatment for disease.

Somewhere in Canada right now there are homemakers, business executives — as well as single parents, high — school students and retired seniors — at work on some kind of invention. Only a few will discover new and better ways of doing things. Yet we should all encourage their spirit of inventiveness.

Questions 9 to 11 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 9. Which of the following is not true about the telephone and the zipper?
- 10. Which of the following is not a Canadian invention?
- 11. Which is the best title for the passage?

Passage 2

Want to know what really happens to the applications you toiled, sweated, and bled over?

This book gives you an exclusive inside look at the deliberation of a top admissions committee and shows you what they're looking for in an applicant.

Ever wonder who actually reads your essays? This book not only tells you, it shows you what they like about 15 essays submitted to 12 top schools. They rank the schools according to student opinion on topics including academics, pressure, social life, campus facilities, and job placement and recruiting.

Based on a survey of near 20 thousand MBA students, this annually – updated guide to America's business schools tells what students attending these schools really think of them.

Including rankings on academics, faculty, campus life, workload, and other areas, this book tells you what admissions officers are looking for, when to apply, and more.

Most importantly, this book gives you essentially facts, unique insights, and up - to - the - minute information on the top 75 US business schools, so you can make an educated decision about where you should apply.

"The Best 75 Business Schools" advises you of the positive attributes and possible drawbacks of the top business programmes.

Each profile includes information on the curriculum, faculty, workload, admissions and financial aid, and job placement statistics, as well as the addresses and telephone numbers you will need to apply. This book even tells you how to research business schools online.

The author also talks about how business schools are changing, how to pick the best school, strategies for scoring well on the GMAT, and do's and don'ts for successful applicants.

Questions 12 to 15 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 12. What is the passage talking about?
- 13. What can we learn from the passage about the book mentioned?
- 14. What is this book based on to tell you the students' opinion of the schools?
- 15. According to the passage, what is the most important thing that this book gives you?

Section C

Directions: In this section, you will hear a passage three times. During the first reading, you should listen carefully for a general idea of the whole passage. Then listen to the passage again. When the first part of the passage is being read, you should fill in the missing word during the pause at each blank. After listening to the second part of the passage you are required to write down the main points according to when you have just heard. Finally, when the passage is read the third time you can check what you have written.

Arthur C. Clarke, author of "2001: A Space Odyssey," feels so <u>strongly</u> about people calling next year a new millennium that he issued a public <u>statement</u> this week to correct them.

"Because the Western <u>calendar</u> starts with Year 1, and not Year 0, the 21st Century and the Third Millennium do not begin until January 1, 2001," Clarke said in a statement received by Reuters Thursday.

"Though some people have great difficulty in grasping this, there's a very simple analogy which should appeal to everyone. If the scale on your grocer's weighing machine began at 1 instead of 0, would you be happy when he claimed he'd sold you 10 kg of tea?" Clarke questioned.

"And it's exactly the same with time. We'll have had only 99 years of this century by January 1, 2000: we'll have to wait until December 31 for the full hundred."

Clarke's view has long been held by people who doubt that anyone else can

count.

Australian Prime Minister John Howard, for example, made the same point in 1997 – only to be called the party pooper of the century in newspapers.

Clarke said the psychological effect of the three zeros and the Y2K bug that will affect computers was much too powerful to be ignored.

"So everyone will start celebrating at midnight December 31, 1999," Clarke said, adding that 2000 should be called the Centennial Year and 2001 the Millennial Year.

British = born Clarke, who has lived in Colombo for more than 30 years, is the author of scores of novels and science = fiction books and the creator of several documentaries.

In the last half century, many of Clarke's predictions have come true, including his then - controversial 1945 outline of a network of geo - stationary communication satellites.

参考答案及语言注释

Section A

- 1. D. 本题问 the man 对他的 employer 的看法。对话中在 the woman 说了 I think he's a very fascinating man 之后, the man 接着说道"So do I"可见他于 the woman 对其 employer 的看法一致。从 I thought so when I first met him and still do 可知这是他对其 employer 的一贯看法。故应选 D。
- 2. B. 从出题形式中可以看出这是测试地点的题。从对话中 breakfast, fruit juice 等词可听出对话发生在一家餐厅里。故答案应选 B。
- 3. A. 从选项设置可以看出本题考的是对话者的职业。从 the woman 的回答 he's fully booked until eleven 中可以听出,她管理着 Mr. Black 的工作表。可见她是 Mr. Black 的秘书。另外,从两人的口气来看, the woman 也不可能是一个 housewife。故应选 A。
- 4. B. 本题问从对话中可以推知什么。从 the man 的回答 My home town is much smaller than London 中可以看出他并不住在 London, 而来自一个比

- London 小的城镇。至于 the woman 是否住在 London, 两人对 London 看法 究竟如何, 对话中并没有说明。故应选 B。
- 5. D. 从 the man 的回答 I met a very charming girl; She introduced herself to me and we had a nice conversation 中可以听出,他在 the woman 走后并未立即回家,也没有整晚独自一人。而从 She introduced herself to me 中可以听出他并未主动介绍自己。A、B、C 均不正确。故应选 D。
- 6. C. 从选项设置可以看出本题是计算题。The woman 在减肥前有 155 pounds。三周减了 20 pounds。但假日期间又增了 5 pounds。现在应是 140 pounds。故应选 C。
- 7. D. 对话中 the man 所说的 cut down,是减少的意思。可见他是抽烟的,但 正在努力减少抽烟的数量。故应选 D。
- 8. B. 从本题选项设置中可以看出这道题考的是两个 speakers 的关系。从对话中出现的 open your mouth, injection, needles 等词语中可以推断出 the man 很可能是一个牙医。故应选 B。

Section B

- 9. D. 从选项中出现的 both 一词可以看出本题是一道细节题,关于两种事物的共同特征。A、B 项都与原文中谈到 telephone 和 zipper 时的语句一致。文章第二段讲到"Many Canadian inventions have become as widespread and indispensable as the telephone are the zipper"。从常识也可判断 telephone 和 zipper 也是广泛流传和不可缺少的,可见答案 C 也是正确的。而原文中 1900 年是 The first human voices to be transmitted without using wires 出现的时间,答案 D 与原文不符。题中要求选择错误命题,故应选 D。
- 10. D.本题要求选出不是加拿大发明的一项。文中共提到了四项加拿大的发明,为 telephone、zipper、The first human voices to be transmitted without using wires 和 basketball.答案 D 为 baseball,与 basketball 发音相近,但不属加拿大发明之列,故应选 D。
- 11. B. 从本题选项标题大写的形式可以猜测出本题要求选出最佳标题。本 文开头涉及 telephone 和 zipper 等加拿大的发明,后文中又提到加拿大的 家务劳动者、企业管理人员等人在进行着发明,可见文章的中心并非广 泛的发明创造,而是具体的加拿大的发明。文中并未详细讲述电话的发

明, 可见答案 C 也不正确。故应选 B。

- 12. C. 本文可以被看作是一本书的广告,主要介绍该书的内容。答案 A、B、D 中涉及的 How to apply for business schools、What are the best 75 business schools 和 How to research business schools online 虽然都在文中被提到过,但都是为了介绍该书。从文中可以听出,本文是介绍关于 the best 75 business schools的一本书。答案 C 与其相符,故应选 C。
- 13. B. 从本题选项设置可以看出该题要求回答关于这本书的细节问题。从文中 this annually updated guide to America's business schools 可以听出本书每年出版一次,并非两年。虽然书中涉及了校园生活,但这只是该书内容的一部分,而申请者的生活,文中并未提到。只有答案 B 与原文相符,故应选 B。
- 14. A. 从原文中 Based on a survey of near 20 thousand MBA students, this annually—updated guide to America's business schools tells what students attending these schools really think of them 可以听出,该书是基于对 20,000MBA 学生调查讲述学生对学校的看法的。从常识也可想到,讲述学生对学校的看法,自然应该调查学生。故应选 A。
- 15. C. 从文章中原句 Most importantly, this book gives you essentially facts, unique insights, and up to the minute information on the top 75 US business schools 可以看出作者认为什么是最重要的部分。答案 C 与其相符。其余三项虽然也是该书内容,但并非最重要的部分,故应选 C。

Section C

- 1. strongly
- 2. statement
- 3. calendar
- 4. received
- 5. grasping
- 6. weighing
- 7. questioned
- 8. Clarke's view has long been held by people who doubt that anyone else can count.

11