

1000 KEY WORDS IN COLLEGE CORE ENGLISH

# 大学核心英语重点词汇

# 1000例

尹协钧 李红 主编



青岛海洋大学出版社

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## 编写说明

《大学核心英语》是根据国家教委颁发的《大学英语教学大纲》编写的系列教材,是目前在高校中最为广泛使用的教材之一。它题材广泛多样,内容丰富,既有知识性又有趣味性,是一部培养大学生英语能力的好教材。由于这部教材内容多而广,词汇量很大,在课时有限的情况下,学生必须利用课外时间认真复习或预习;但是,目前许多学生的英语基本功较差,特别是词汇量很小,运用能力低,给学习造成了很大困难。为此,我们筛选了1000个左右最基本最常用的词汇,编写了本书,与《大学核心英语》读写教程配套使用,帮助学生理解、掌握和运用所学的词汇,更好地理解课文,为提高阅读理解、听力理解以及写作能力打好基础。在本书的帮助下,原来需要在课堂上讲解的词汇就可以由学生在课后自己学习,教师就可把更多的课堂时间用于讲解课文、处理阅读理解方面的问题。

本书按《大学核心英语》各个单元的顺序编写,每个词条均有词义解释,每一个词义用两到三个词组或例句对词义和用法作进一步说明。一个词如有多个词义,则把该词在课文中的词义作为第一词义,以方便对课文的理解。此外,还列出一些词的派生词及部分词的同义词、近义词或反义词,甚至一些拼写相近的词,以便学生比较、鉴别,更好地掌握其含义和用法,同时也可借此来扩大词汇量。

不少学生在学习词汇时往往只记忆单词而忽略词与词的搭配,结果记住了单词也不能正确运用,所以我们除单词外还把许多常用词组作为条目编入,并举例加以解释说明,为他们更好地学习

英语词汇提供范例。

为节约篇幅,释义尽量精简。个别英语解释过长或用中文解释更清楚的,就只写中文词义。比较容易理解的词组和例句一般都不加中文注释,只有比较难的或容易引起误解的才配上译文。一个词有不同词性的,用罗马数字标明;不同词义用带括号的阿拉伯数字标明。动词除只能作及物动词或不及物动词而分别用“*vt.*”或“*vi.*”表示外,一般只用“*v.*”来表示。每一个词条的例句或词组都分别显示该词的一个主要用法,学生在阅读时应特别注意。书后设有词条索引,为使用本书提供方便。

由于我们水平有限,编写也比较仓促,疏漏及错误之处在所难免,欢迎广大读者批评指正,以便我们改进。

编 者

1998年1月

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## College Core English Book I

### Unit 1 Passage A Ranch Life

I. **adventure** I. *n.* (1) a journey, activity, experience, etc. that is strange and exciting and often dangerous 冒险经历

the spirit of *adventure*

to love and seek *adventure*

The explorer told the children about his *adventures* in the Arctic.

这个探险家向孩子们讲述他在北极的探险经历。

Trembling with excitement, he set out on his wild *adventure*.

(2) excitement, risk 冒险

a bold *adventure* into the world of letters 勇闯文学领域的第一步

He lived for *adventure*.

Climbing Jolmo Lungma is really an *adventure*.

攀登珠穆朗玛峰真是一次冒险。

II. *v.* 大胆进行, 冒险做

to *adventure* one's capital in foreign trade 投资对外贸易

to *adventure* to do (or upon doing) sth.

**adventurous** *adj.* (1) eager for adventure, daring, bold 爱冒险的

an *adventurous* exploration

(2) full of danger, risky 充满危险的

an *adventurous* journey

The Eskimoes lead a very *adventurous* life.

2. **dream of**: to have hopes for sth. (or doing sth.) 梦想, 渴望  
When he was young, he *dreamed of* becoming a scientist.

Parents are always *dreaming of* a better future for their children.

3. **raise vt.** (1) to lift, push, or move upward 举起, 把……往上提, 使……升高

to *raise* the window 打开窗户

to *raise* one's glass

to *raise* one's hat to sb. 向某人举帽致意

The blocks *raise* the table three inches.

(2) to make higher in amount, degree, size, etc. 提高, 提升

to *raise* the level of English

to *raise* the temperature

to *raise* prices 提价

In the last decade, people's living standards have been greatly *raised*.

(3) to bring up; to cause to grow or increase 喂养, 养育; 种植

to *raise* a family/horses/wheat

They *raise* their own vegetables in the back yard.

I was *raised* on rice in the South.

His mother *raised* him in the Catholic faith.

母亲从小就培养他信仰天主教。

(4) to set in an upright position 竖起, 扶直

He *raised* the fallen child to its feet.

(5) to collect together 筹(款); 招(兵)

to *raise* an army

to *raise* enough money for the holiday

cf. **rise** *vi.* (1) (of the sun, moon, or stars) to come up, appear above the horizon 升起

The sun *rises* in the east. (反义: set)

(2) to go up, get higher 上升

Industrial output *rose* by 0.9 per cent in June.

The river is *rising* after the storm.

Smoke *rose* from the factory chimneys.

(3) to get out of bed, get up 起床, 起立

to *rise* to one's feet

She has to *rise* before dawn every day to cook for the whole family.

4. **favorite** (BrE: favourite) I. *n.* something or someone that is loved above all others 特别受喜爱的人或事物

He was usually a *favorite* with children.

These books are my *favorites*.

That song is a great *favorite* of mine.

II. *adj.* being a *favorite* 最喜爱的

a *favorite* author

What is your *favorite* flower?

His *favorite* sport is football.

5. **popular** *adj.* (1) suited to the tastes, needs, etc. of the general public 适于大众之爱好的; 通俗的  
*popular* science readings 科普读物

to sell at *popular* prices 廉价出售

a *popular* song 流行歌曲

a *popular* edition 普及版

(2) liked and admired 广受欢迎的;有名的

to become *popular* with the public 受公众的欢迎

He is *popular* for his kindness.

Tennis is quite *popular* with young people in our country.

The song is most *popular* among the students.

**popularize** *vt.* to make (sth. new) generally known and used  
普及,推广

to *popularize* education

to *popularize* new types of farm tools

The company are trying to *popularize* their new soap powder.

**popularity** *n.* the quality or state of being well liked, favoured, or admired 普及;流行

the *popularity* of table tennis

to enjoy/win *popularity* 得众望;享盛名;受欢迎

He enjoyed great *popularity* with his neighbours.

6. **locate** *vt.* (1) to fix or set in a certain place (常用被动语态)  
使坐落于

Their research institute is *located* on the edge of the city.

They left the large city to *locate* in a small village.

(2) to find and learn the position of 查找位置

Can you *locate* Moscow on the map?

The captain is *locating* the position of the ship on the

chart.

(3) to try to find out 找到, 查到

to *locate* the source of a sound

He had searched everywhere but still couldn't *locate* his lost watch.

7. **feed on:** (of animals) to live on (food) 以……为食, 以……为能源, 以……为精神食粮

Sheep *feed* mostly *on* grass.

The public *feeds on* these periodicals.

8. **be on guard against:** ready to deal with a possible sudden trick or attack 警惕, 提防

We must always *be on guard against* air-pollution.

*Be on your guard against* thieves when you go shopping.

Sleeping in the open, they had to *be on guard against* wild animals.

9. **destroy vt.** (1) to tear down or apart, ruin 摧毁, 消灭

The fire *destroyed* most part of the small town.

It seems he's *destroying* himself. 他似乎正在毁灭自己。

(2) to put an end to the existence or effectiveness of (something) 打破, 消除

to *destroy* one's plans

to *destroy* one's dreams

They *destroyed* our sense of isolation.

他们消除了我们的孤立感。

(3) to kill (an animal at home or in a zoo)

The dog is mad and ought to be *destroyed*.

This poison can *destroy* rats.

cf. **damage** *v.* to cause harm or loss to 损坏, 损失

to *damage* one's interests

The factory was extensively *damaged* in the earthquake.

Wool usually *damages* if washed in hot water.

**10. create** *vt.* to cause (something new) to exist; to produce  
(something new) 创造; 引起

We've *created* a beautiful new house from out of an old ruin.

Her new dress *created* much excitement.

God *created* Eve from one of Adam's ribs.

上帝用亚当的一根肋骨创造了夏娃。

**creative** *adj.* having the ability to produce new and original  
ideas and things 创造性的, 有创造力的  
*creative* thinking

The child has a *creative* imagination.

Nature is a *creative* agent.

**11. civilize** *vt.* (1) to (cause to) come from a lower stage of development to a highly developed stage of social organization (使)文明, (使)开化

to *civilize* a huge continent

The Romans hoped to *civilize* all the tribes of Europe and thus make them want to join their empire. 罗马人希望欧洲所有的部落都开化起来, 以便加入罗马帝国。

(2) to (cause to) improve in education and manners 教化, 使文雅

Under the *civilizing* influence of the great city, the country boy soon became a gentleman.



The rough husband has been *civilized* by his wife.

**civilization** (BrE: *civilisation*) *n.* (1) 文明, 文明世界

Astronauts circling the earth are able to keep in touch with *civilization* by means of radio.

(2) 文明国家(或民族)

The history student hoped to compare the *civilizations* of ancient China and Japan.

**12. wander** *vi.* (1) to move about (an area) without a fixed course, aim, or purpose 漫游, 闲逛

to *wander* about (over, through) the world

When he was young, he spent 10 years *wandering* all over the countryside.

We *wandered* through the stores, hoping to get ideas for his birthday present.

(2) to get lost 迷路

During the storm, the ship *wandered* from its course.

The traveller *wandered* for some time in the fog.

(3) to move away from the main idea 离题, 错乱

Don't *wander* off the point.

His mind *wandered* back to his school days.

(4) (esp. of streams, roads, etc.) to follow a winding course 蜿蜒

The river *wanders* through some very beautiful countries.

**13. wonder** I. *vi.* to be surprised and want to know (why) 感到惊讶, 感到诧异

The archeologists stood *wondering* before the ruins of the