中学英汉双解小词典

English-Chinese Dictionary for High School Students



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使用说明

一、词目

词目即词条的首词,用黑正体顶格印刷。

二、注奝

注音用国际音标。音标紧接词目之后,置于方括号中间。如一个词目有几种不同的发音,则将几种发音同时在方括号中列出,用逗句分隔。例:

and [send, and] conj. ...

三、词性

各词目的词性按语法范畴以缩略形式用白斜体 印刷。多词性的词目则另行注释、举例。例:

above [ə'bʌv] prep.

adv. ...

adj...

四、释义与例证

各词目的释义均为先英文后中文。各英文释义之间用分号隔开;多义词的不同词义前用阿拉伯数码1,2,3·····标出,后紧跟英文、中文例句。例:

across [əˈkrəs] prep.

1. from one side to the other side of 横过;越过

Don't run across the road. 别横穿马路。

2. on the other side of 在……那边;在另一边 He lives across the river. 他住在河对岸。

五、词组与反义词

这两项不是每个词目下均有。词组释义先列出 英义,后列出汉译。反义词仅列词目及汉译。

六、本词典使用的语法缩略语

缩略语	英语全称	译文
adj.	adjective	形容词
adv.	adverb	副词
π.	noun	名词
v.	verb	动词
vt.	verb transitive	及物动词
vi.	verb intransitive	不及物动词
v.aux.	auxiliary verb	助劲词
num.	numeral	数词
pron.	pronoun	代词
prep.	preposition	介词
conj.	conjunction	连接词
art.	article	冠词
int.	interjection	感叹词
	_	

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A

a [ei,ə], an [æn,ən] art.

1. one 一 (个,件 ……): Give me a book and pencils . 给我一本书和几枝铅笔。

- 2. one member of a class (表示同类事物中的)一个; A dog is a lovely animal. 狗是一种可爱的动物。
- 3. each; every; per 任一个; 每一个: We drink tea three times a day. 我们一天喝三 次茶。
- 4. the same 同一;相同: They are of an age. 他们同 年龄。

ability [a'biliti] n.

the power or knowledge to do something 能力;才能; 才千:She has the ability to write the article、她有能力写这篇文章。

[反义词]inability 无能 **able**['eibl]*adj* .

- 1. having the power to do sth. 能够:Will you be able to come tomorrow?明天你 能来吗?
- 2. talented; skilled 有能力的: His father is the most able man I know. 他爸爸是我所认识的最有才干的人。
 [词组] be able to: can 能:会;有能力

[**反义**词] unable 不能; 无能力的

aboard [a'boxd] prep.

in or on a ship, train, bus, plane etc. 在船(火车,汽



车、飞机)上: They went! aboard the ship. 他们上了! 船。

aborigine [$_1$ æbə 1 rid $_2$ əni] n.

a native of a country, especially of Australia 土著; 土人(尤指澳大利亚土人); They are all aborigines. 他 们都是土著人。

about [əˈbaut] prep.

- 1. concerning; of 关于: I have known about her hometown. 我已经知道有关她家乡的情况。
- 2. around 在……周围: The children are running about the garden. 孩子们在花园里跑来跑去。
- 3. here and there 在各处;四处:The paper are scattered about the floor.地板上到处撒满了纸。

adv.

- 1. a little more or less than; nearly 大约;将近: The work is about finished, 工作 快完成了。
- 2. in a near place; in all \

directions or places 在附近; 四 处: Don't drop waste paper about. 不要到处乱丢 废纸。

[词组] be about to: on the point of doing sth. 将要:打算

have... about; to carry 身 边有……;带着……

What (How) about ...?; What do you think of...? ……如何?……怎么样?

above $[5]b_{AV}$ prep.

- 1. higher than; over 在…… 上面: The plane is flying above the clouds. 飞机正在 云层上面飞行。
- 2.more than 超过;大于;多 于:l am above twenty.我已 经二十多岁了。

in or at a higher place 任上 面:My room is just above. 我的房间就在上面。

adj.

adv.

mentioned; named 上面的; J. 述的: For the above reasons we have to close the meeting. 根据上述理由,我们不得不结束会议。

{词组} above all; more than anything else 尤其是;最重要的是

[**反义词**] below 在…… 下面

abroad [a'broxd] adv.

- 1. to or in a foreign land or lands 到国外;在国外: She has gone abroad. 她已经出国了。
- 2. here and there 到处;广泛:The news quickly spread abroad. 消息迅速传遍各地。

【**反义词**】 home 在本国 **absence** [ˈæbsəns] n.

being away; not being present 不在; 缺席: My absence from school was caused by my illness. 我因病缺课。

[反义词] presence 出席 absent ['æbsənt] adj.

not there; not present 不在的; 缺席的: He was absent from work last Wednesday.

他上星期三没有来上班。 [反义词] present 出席的 accent [ˈæksənt] n.

- I. the way a person from a certain place speaks 日音; He speaks English with an American accent. 他说英语时带有美国日音。
- 2. importance given to a word or part of a word by saying it with more force 重音: The accent of the word "garden" is on "gar". "garden"这个词的重音是在"gar"上。

vt.

to pronounce with stress or emphasis 重读: In the word "garden", "gar" is accented. "garden"这个词需要重读 的音节是"gar"。

accept [əkˈsept] vr.

- 1. to receive or take 接受; 答 应: He accepted our invitation.他接受了我们的 邀请。
- 2. agree; regard with favour or approval 承认;认可; His





points has now been accepted by people. 他的论点已得到人们的承认。

〔**反义词**〕 refuse, reject 拒 绝

accident ['æksidənt] n.

something, often bad, that happens by chance 事故;意外: There has been an accident to the students. 学生们出了意外。

according [ə'kə;diŋ] adv.

from what is said or written (只用于下面习语中)

1. according to 根据;依照: According to the Bible, God created the world in six days. 根据《圣经》所载,上帝在六天之内创造了世界。
2. according as 根据……而……;依照……; 依照……; They will reward you according as your work is good. 他们将依照你的工作佳绩而奖励你。

ache $[eik]_n$.

continuous pain 疼痛:I have aches and pains all over. 我 周身疼痛。

vi.

be continuous pains 觉得疼痛; His tooth aches. 他牙痛。 It makes my heart ache. 这事使我痛心。

achieve[o'tfi;v] zt.

gain or reach by effort 获得;实现;达到: By hard work we can achieve anything. 只要我们努力,任何事情都能成功。

across [o'kros] prep.

- 1. from one side to the other side of 横过;越过: Don't run across the road. 别横穿公路。
- 2. on the other side of 在 ……那边;在另一边: He lives across the river 他住在河对岸。

adv.

1. from one side to the other 横过;宽;Can you swim across?你能游过去吗? The river is half a mile across.这河面宽半英里。 2. on the other side 在对面; 向对面:He looked across at her. 他从对面看着她。

act [ækt] n.

1. sth. done 行为;行动; It is an act of kindness to help the blind cross the street. 帮助盲人过街是友善的行为。
2. law made by a legislative body 法案;条例; The Act was passed in 1995. 1995年通过了这个条例。

3: one part of a play (戏剧的)一幕: We put on a play in five acts at the English evening. 在英语晚会上我们演出了一个五幕剧。

υ.

- 1. to take part in a play 扮演;表演:Her brother acted Hamlet very well.她哥哥扮演哈姆雷特很出色。
- 2. to do 行动;做事:Think well before you act. 做事要 三思而后行。

{**阔组**] act as: to be or perform as 担任;充当

act for: to represent someone as 代理:为……而

行动

action ['ækʃən] n.

something done; decd 行动: Actions speak louder than words. 行动比语言更响 亮。

active ['sektiv] adj.

doing a lot; doing the action 积极的;活跃的;主动的: She takes an active part in school affairs. 她积极参加学校里的活动, My child is an active girl. 我的孩子是个爱动的女孩。

[反义词] passive 被动的 actor [ˈæktə] n.

a man who acts in plays or films 男演员; His father is an actor. 他父亲是一位演 员。

actress [ˈæktris] n.

a woman who acts in plays or films 女演员:The actress has much imagination. 那位女演员有丰富的想像力。

actual [ˈækʧuəl]adj.

real and clear; existing in fact 现实的;实际的;现行





的: It's an actual fact. I haven't imagined it. 这是实 情,并不是我想像出来的。

add [and]v.

1. to put together with something else 加; 增加: Four added to six makes ten. 4 加 6 得 10。 A sudden storm added to our difficulties. 突来的风暴增加了我们的困难。

2. to say something more 补充说: "And I hope you will come tomorrow,"he added. 他补充道:"希望你明天会来。"

〔反义词〕 reduce 减少 address [ə'dres] n.

1. the name of the place where you live or work 地址: What's your home address? 你的住址在哪儿?
2. speech or talk 致词;演说: The president will give an address tomorrow. 明天总统将发表演说。

vt.

1. to speak to 对……说话:

称 呼; 演 说: I will now address the meeting. 现在出我向大会演说。

2. to write an address on 写地址(在信封上):The letter was wrongly addressed. 这封信写错了地址。

admire [ad maio] vt.

to look at or regard with pleasure and respect 赞赏; 羡慕;钦佩: I very much admire his spoken English. 我非常钦佩他的英语口语。admit [ədˈmit] v.

1. to allow or let in 允许;准 人: They have admitted me into their club. 他们已让我 加入他们的俱乐部。

The article admits of no mistake. 这篇文章不允许有错误。

2. to agree that something is true 承认;供认:She admitted that she did it.她承认做过这件事。

adopt [e'dopt] vt.

1. to take a child into your family and treat him or her

as your own 收养: He adopted the little boy. 他收 养了那个小男孩。

2. to agree to use 采用:We adopted his plan. 我们采用 了他的计划。

advance [ad'vains] n.

- forward: ngvement progress 前进;进步: She has made a great advance in her work. 她在工作上取得 了很大进步。
- 2. payment made before the normal time 预付: 预先: He asked for advance on his salary. 他要求预付工资。 v_{\cdot}
- forward: move 前进: 推 讲. progress -Civilization has advanced during this century. 文明在 本世纪里有所进步。
- 2 (prices) rise; increase; raise(prices) 上涨;提高;增 加: Stock market prices continue to advance. 股票 市场股价继续上涨。

[**调组**] in advance; before | advertise ['ædvətaiz] v.

(hand) 预先:事前 **advanced** [əd'vænst] *adj*.

at a high level; leading others 高级的:先进的:She is an advanced worker, 她是一名 先进工人。

[反义词] backward 落后 的

advantage [$\operatorname{advantic3} \mid n$.

something that helps person 优势;有利条件;She speaks good English, but she has an advantage because her mother is English. 她的 英语讲得好,她的优势是母 亲是英国人。

adventure $\int d^3v ent[e^3] n$.

exciting thing that happens to someone 奇遇: 冒险:He told the boys about his adventure in the island. 他把他在那个岛上的经 历讲给男孩们听。

They like to live a life of adventure. 他们喜欢过 一种冒险的生活。



to put notices where a lot of people will see them 登广告:The company advertised for a new secretary. 公司登广告招聘一位新秘书。

advertisement [ad'vartismant]

a short film, newspaper announcement, poster, notice etc. making something known广告: The wall was covered with advertisements. 墙上贴满了广告。

advice [ad'vas] n.

opinion about what to do 劝告:忠告;建议: Thank you for your advice.谢谢你的建议。

advise [ad'vaiz]vt.

- 1. to give advice to someone 劝告;建议: The doctor advised me to have a good rest, 医生劝告我要好好休息。
- 2. to inform; to tell 通知;告知;Would you please advise him that I'm here? 请通知他我在这儿好吗?

aeroplane ['sərəplein] n.

a large flying machine 飞机; This is a new aeroplane. 这 是一架新飞机。

affair $[a^{l}fea] n$.

1. a happening; sth. to be done; an event 事件;事情; The railway accident was a terrible affair. 那次火车事故是--次可怕的事件。

The party was a very noisy affair. 那次聚会吵吵闹闹的。

2. work or business 事务;业务;He is kept busy with the public affairs. 他为公事忙碌。 She put her business affairs in order. 她把公务处理得并并有条。

afford [əˈfəːd] vt.

- 1. to be able to spend money, time etc. 担得起;做得到……: I need a computer but I can't afford it now. 我需要一台计算机, 但现在买不起。
- 2. to be able to do something without trouble, difficulty

etc. 给予;提供:They will | afford us a lot of books. 他 | 将给我们提供许多书。 |

afraid [əˈfreid] ady.

- 1. frightened; feeling fear 怕;害怕:I am very much afraid of snakes.我非常怕 蛇。
- 2. worried; regretted 担心;恐怕: I'm afraid we shall be late. 恐怕我们要迟到了。
 [词组] be afraid of: to be frightened of 害怕

Africa [ˈæfrikə] π .

非洲: The boy was born in Africa. 这男孩出生在非 洲。

African ['æfrikən] adj.

of Africa 非洲的;非洲人的: This is an African elephant.这是一头非洲象。
n.

native of Africa 非洲人: The African speaks English very well. 那个非洲人英语讲得很好。

after ['afta] prep.

following in time or

order; later than; behind in place 在……之后: Winter comes after autumn. 秋去冬来。 Please shut the door after you. 请随手关门。

2. in search of; with a desire for 追求; 寻求: What are you after? 你在寻求什么?

3. according to 依照:仿照: They celebrate the New Year after an old custom.他 们按照旧习俗庆祝新年。 adv.

later in time or place 在后; 后来: You go in first and I follow after. 你先进去,我 随后就来。

comj.

at or during a later time than 在……以后: Larrived after he had left. 我在他离开以 后到达。

{词组} after all; in spite of 毕竟;终究

[反义词] before 在……前afternoon ['official num] n.

the part of the day between noon and evening 下午;午





后: I will see him this afternoon.今天下午我能见到他。

afterwards ['offtewedz] adv.
later 后来: We saw the film
and afterwards walked home
together. 我们看完了电影,后来一起走回家去。

again $\{a'gein\}$ adv.

1. once more; another time 再; 又; Read it again, please. 请再读一遍。
This must never happen again. 这样的事以后不可再发生。

2. back to the place, position, etc. 复原; She was ill but now she is well again. 她曾生病,但现在好了。

[词组] again and again: repeatedly; very often 再三 地;反复地

now and again: occasionally 不时地;时常

once again: once more; again 再一次

against [əˈgeinst] prep.

1. on the other side from;

not agreeing with 反对;对 着;逆: Nothing could make me turn against my country. 没有任何东西能使我背叛 我的祖国。 We were walking against the wind. 我们正逆风而行。

2. close to; touching 载;倚: He leant his bicycle against the wall. 他把自行车靠在 墙上。

[反义词] for 赞成 age [eidʒ] n.

- 1. the number of years you have lived 年龄;岁;I am twenty years of age. 我二十岁。
- 2. a period of history 时代; 世纪: It is the scientific age. 这是科学的时代。
- 3. a long time (pl.)好久; 长时间; We have been waiting for ages. 我们已经 等候很久了。

[词组] at the age of: at a certain age 在……岁时
ago [a'gou] adv.

in the past; before 以前;