遵循新大纲 比照新课标

文科主编 王卫华

尖子生

初三英语

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本册主编/张淑菊

如果你已是尖子生 本书使你更上一层楼 如果你不是尖子生 広书带你进入这行列

尖子生题库

初三英语

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尖子生懸库

初三英语

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致 读 者

亲爱的同学:

你有过那种"鹤立鸡群"的感受吗?

引导你憧憬、体验或感悟、回味,这就是《尖子生题: 库》。

时代的年轮聚焦在 21 世纪,生活的主题沿着"物质—能源—信息"这一轨迹汇集到"资源"这个核心上来。《尖子生题库》无疑将是广大学生学习生活中信息资源的亮点之一。"如果你已是尖子生,本书使你更上一层楼;如果你不是尖子生,本书带你进入这行列",本着这一宗旨,我们精心择题,在不超纲的前提下体现题目有难度、有新意、有梯度、解题思路灵活的特点。

当你手捧这本散发着油墨清香的《尖子生题库·初三英语》的时候,你的英语学习之旅进人了新的行程。在学习中你也许会思考许多关于英语的问题,"学习英语做什么""怎样学好英语"等等,这也正是我们所思考的问题。我们编写的这本书将通过科学的、分层级的英语训练对我们共同思考的问题给予解决。

我们依据 2001 年国家制定的"基础教育阶段的英语课程标准"及人民教育出版社《九年义务教育三年制初级中学





英语教科书第三册》的内容编写了这本初三英语分册,着重培养学生的观察、记忆、思维、想象能力和创新精神,从而激发学习兴趣,提高学习成绩。它是一本融思想性、实用性、趣味性、知识性于一体的英语学习用书,会使你在不知不觉中学英语、用英语、体验英语。它理念超前,材料系统、内容丰富新颖,习题设计形式合理、多样,各试题都是经过精心筛选、优化设计而成、并紧扣新课标和新教材的重点、难点与考点,针对性强、趣味性浓。跟着它一起学习,你会练得更精、练得更到位,接受信息的能力也将在潜移默化中大幅度地提高。当你在英语学习中找到乐趣时,成功也就会到来了。相信这本书一定会带给你一个小小的惊喜!

当你拥有这本《尖子生题库》的时候,你将会同时拥有一份好心情,因为它是"题库",是资源,而不是"题海",不是负担!它可以积累知识、可以训练能力、可以拓展思维。因此,我们倡导的是你不要一题不落的鏖战其中,而是要根据你的需要加以辨别、予以选择,张扬你的个性,让物为我用、计物尽其用!

当然,我们有限的水平和工作中的失误或许会给你带来 些许不快,还望你能谅解并指正。

> 你的良师益友 2002年6月



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Unit 1 In the library

I.	单项选	择	
() 1.	I saw the book on Lin Tao'	s desk five minutes ago.
		It still there.	
		A. must have been	B. must is
		C. must have	D. must be
() 2.	Books give me knowledge ar	nd make me
		A. happily	B. happied
		C. unhappy	D. happy
() 3.	One day the librarian came_	with an idea.
		A on B in	
() 4.	English language,	unlike French,
		has never had an official org	
		A. 不填/不填	
		C. The/the	
() 5.	If the TV set is prop	erly, it will work for at
		least 20 years.	
		A. used	B. use
		C. being used	
() 6.	She tried to persuade him	not to smoke, but he
		listen	
			B. mustn't
			D. wouldn't
() 7.	For most students, their teac	
		portant than of their j	parents'.
		A. what	B. which



初,

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初

	C. that	D. those
() 8. —Have you finished you	r homework?
	No, I still need	20 minutes
	A. their	B. more
	C. another	D. less
() 9. —What did the lady com	ne to your company for?
	—She wanted a job,	kind of job.
	A. one	B. any
	C. the same	D. another
() 10. You couldn't have chos	en any present better for me.
	•	
	A. Oh, I'd choose a	better one for you next time.
	B. You've had a gift t	for music, haven't you?
	C. I'm glad that you l	ike it so much.
	D. Sorry, but don't b	lame me, dear.
() 11. Though it heavily	, nobody stopped working.
	A. snowed	B. snows
	C. was snowing	D. is snowing
() 12. Will it snow next week	? .
	·	
	A. I hope not	B. I think not so
	C. I don't hope so	D. I don't think it
(-) 13. What do you think of the	book?
	funny book it is!	I really want to read it again.
<u> </u>	A. What	B. What a
1	C. How	D. How a
() 14. Oh dear. You have ste	pped (踩) on my foot.
	Oh, I'm ten	ribly sorry.
ļ	A. So have I	B. So did I

	C. So I have	D. So I do
() 15	5. —How did you	the movie last night?
	-Oh, very interesting	ıg.
	A. like	B. feel
	C. consider	D. think
() 16	6. He is the stud	ent in our class.
	A. two good	B. second good
	C. second better	D. second best
() 17	. When he crossed the st	reet he was down by a
	taxi.	•
	A. knocked	B. looked
	C. brought	D. turned
() 18.	. My pencil fell under m	y bed, I couldn't find
	it.	
	A. in order to	B. so that
	C. such that	D. through
() 19	. —Would you love to	have a walk with me?
	—Yes, I	
	A. would	B. like
	C. would love to	D. would love
() 20	. Children should	_ the river.
	A. be kept away	
	C. keep away	D. be kept away from
Ⅱ. 完形墳	空	• •
Newton	n was one of 1 Er	nglish scientists. He 2
		ast. One morning Newton got
		ery hard physics problem. He
		his servant (女佣) went to
		boil (者) an eog 5

语

him. But Newton did not want 6	noise (响声). He said.
"Can you leave the egg 7 me	
Mary put the egg on the table i	
the room. 9 hour passed, N	
forget to boil the egg. So she can	
What did she find? She found New	
egg was on the table. He was still	thinking 10
() 1. A. great	B. greater
C. greatest	D. the greatest
() 2. A. is working	B. was working
C. worked	D. work
() 3. A. of	B. about
C. at	D. on
() 4. A. breakfast	B. lunch
C. supper	D. tea
() 5. A. to	B. for
C. at	D. with
() 6. A. any	B. much
C. no	D. many
() 7. A. for	B. to
C. at	D. with
() 8. A. leave	B. left
C. leaves	D. was leaving
() 9. A. Half a	B. The
C. An	D. A.
() 10. A. hard	
C. difficult	B. hardly
T. 阅读理解	D. difficulty
m . ITC UL CX 800	•



A young American doctor was sleeping when suddenly his doorbell began to ring. It was already midnight, but what could the doctor do? He had to get up, put on his coat and go downstairs.

When he opened the door, he saw a man standing with a hat in his hand. "How do you do, doctor?" said the man. "Can you come at once to a place out of town? It's quite far but you have a car and I can show you the way."

"Certainly," said the doctor. "I'm quite ready. I can come at once." In a few minutes the car was standing at the front door, and the man got on the doctor's car. And they drove off.

They drove on for a long time, then the man said, "Here we are. This is my home. Now I can pay you and you can go back to town."

"But I must see the patient," the doctor said. "How can I go back without seeing the patient? Where is the patient?"

"There is no patient," said the man. "Nobody is ill. I live here. You see, I must get home from the town, mustn't I? There are no taxis at this time of the night, but a doctor often makes night calls, so excuse me. Here is your money. Thank you, doctor. Good night."

-) 1. When the doorbell began to ring, the doctor _____
 - A. was sleeping downstairs
 - B. was working downstairs
 - C. was sleeping upstairs
 - D. was working upstairs
 -) 2. The man asked the doctor _____.
 - A. to let him stay in his house for the night



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初



	В.	to go upstairs		
	С.	to take good care of the	pati	ent
	D.	to go to a place out of t	own	
) 3.	The	ey left		
	Α.	in a taxi	В.	after a few minutes
	C.	on foot	D.	on a horse
) 4.	Wh	at the man wanted to do	was	only <u></u> ,
	Α.	to fool the doctor		
	В.	to give the doctor money	,	
	C.	to get home in the docto	r's e	car
	D.	to play a joke on the do	ctor	
) 5.	In t	the end perhaps the doctor	r wo	uld feel
	Α.	happy	В.	sad

D. interested

You might think the largest library in the world would be in Europe. But it isn't. It's in Washington D.C. It's called the Library of Congress.

(B)

C. angry

President John Adams started the library in 1800 for members of Congress. He wanted them to be able to read books about law. The first 740 books were bought in England. They were simply set up in the rooms where Congress met. Then Thomas Jefferson sold Congress many of his own books. He felt Congress should have books on all subjects, not just on law. This idea changed the library for ever.

The library grew and grew. Now it covers a large area of land. It contains 20 million books as well as pictures, globes and machines. Experts in every field work there. Hundreds of people call every day with all kinds of questions. Many of them get an-



The library is a huge storehouse. Thomas Edison's first movie and Houdini's magic books are preserved (保存) there. And it is the proud owner of the world's best collection of humorous books.

- () 6. The first step in starting the Library of Congress was
 - A. buying Thomas Jefferson's books
 - B. buying books from England
 - C. putting up the library building
 - D. asking experts in every field to work there
 -) 7. Thomas Jefferson's opinion about the library was that
 - A. it should buy books on law
 - B. it should be the largest in the world
 - C. it should have books on all subjects
 - D. it should answer all kinds of questions
- () 8. Which of the following is NOT true?
 - A. Thomas Jefferson enriches the collection of the Library.
 - B. The Library of Congress is in Washington D.C.
 - C. The Library of Congress has books on all subjects from the very beginning.
 - D. You can ask the experts in the Library of Congress all kinds of questions by phone.
- () 9. The best title for this passage is _____.
 - A. General Introduction to the Library of Congress
 - B. The Building of the Library of Congress
 - C. The Library of Congress—the American's pride



初三英语



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D. The Library of Congress-the World's Best Collection of Humorous Books

(C)

The world is filled with many interesting sounds. Some are unpleasant to our ears while others are very pleasant to hear. In a single day you probably hear hundreds of different sounds. All sounds are different. Some may be soft, others may be loud. Some sounds are high, others are low. Some sounds are useful. The ringing of the alarm clock wakes people up. The hooting of a car warns people of danger.

Some sounds are harmful. When planes fly low over the land, the very loud sounds can cause damage to houses. Very loud sounds can even make people deaf.

We know sound travels about one kilometer in three seconds. In a thunderstorm you see the lightning first and then hear the thunder. This is because light travels much faster than sound.

根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)

-) 10. Our world is full of all kinds of sound.
 -) 11. Some sounds are useful while others are harmful.
-) 12. Without the help of sound, we can even talk to each other
-) 13. Sound travels faster than anything else.
-) 14. Houses can be damaged by very loud sounds.
-) 15. The title of the passage is "Sounds are Harmful."

Ⅳ. 选词填空

阅读下面短文、然后从文前方框内所给的词中选出恰当 的词并用其正确形式填空



初三英语

vell	often	friend	like	as	much
speak	way	tum	with	get	able

To speak English is a lot of fair. It you want to become a
good I in English, you must do your best to learn it, and
you must study hard. You'll 2 tired after you study long
and hard. Then you had 3 try to talk to yourself in Eng-
lish. This is a good 4 to speak English well. This way will
help you to feel it easy. So, if one of your 5 is studying
English, it is very useful to talk in English 6 him. Maybe
he needs an English speaker 7you, too. When you talk in
English with him, you will be 8 interested in speaking it.
Without talking in English, you will not be 9 to speak it
better. It is important for you to speak it as 10 as you can.
Ⅴ.据意填词
在下列各句空白处填入一个最适当的词 (词首字母已给
出),使句子意思完整,语法正确
1. Have you got a pencil s ?
2. Excuse me, have you seen my history book a ?
3. My grandma <u>u</u> to be a Chinese teacher.
4. I'm afraid I'll have to p for the lost book.
5. I've just <u>c</u> all the new words.
6. He's never been a
7. She wanted to borrow a vtape.
8. You need to know how to read the information on the
<u>s</u>
9. Could you find out who has t the biology book.
10. The books about chemistry are on that s
VI. 补全对话



在下列对话空白处填入适当的话语,使对话完整并正确
(Li Lei is talking with Miss Yang in the school library.)
Li Lei: Good morning, Miss Yang.
Miss Yang: Good morning, Li Lei. 1 can I do for
you?
Li Lei; I'm here to 2 this book.
Miss Yang: It's great you've just finished 3. Lucy
came here for the book a few minutes 4
I told 5 to come back tomorrow. Are
there 6 books you 7 to borrow to-
day?
Li Lei: Yeah, I'd like some books 8 computer sci-
ence.
Miss Yang: (A few minutes later) How about this 9 ?
Li Lei: Let 10 see. Well, it's a 11 too diffi-
cuit, I'm afraid.
Miss Yang: Maybe this one is easier, I 12.
Li Lei: OK. I'll take it. Thank you.
Miss Yang: 13 all right. 14 the way, don't
forget to give it back 15two weeks.
Li Lei: I won't. Thanks. Goodbye.
Miss Yang: Bye.
Ⅵ. 句型转换
按要求转换句子
1. Have you got any books about science? (同义句)
any books about science?

