

研究生入学英语考试 模拟试题精编

谢立特 丰建泉 主编

国防科技大学出版社

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前 言

本书根据教育部《1998 年全国硕士研究生入学考试英语考试大纲(非英语专业)》而编写的。书中大部分内容曾为我校多届考研辅导班使用,反映良好,且每年通过率很高。我们结合 1999 年的考研试题,并对其进行了全面细致的分析,对过去我校所使用的材料进行了删补和修改,共编著出 20 套模拟试题,难易程度与考试大纲基本一致。

本书共 20 套模拟试题及 1998 年、1999 年全真入学考试题。其特点是题量大,覆盖面广。它包含了《大纲》几乎所有的词汇和各种语法项目;阅读理解题材多样,涉及面广,可启发和训练考生英语思维的能力;翻译、写作分别配有参考译文和范文。

本书实用性、针对性强,能开拓考生思路,提高应试能力,不失为考研辅导的一本好书。

尽管我们对全书进行了认真的审订,但由于时间仓促,错误在所难免,敬请读者来信批评指正。

编者

1999 年 5 月

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Test 1

Part I Structure and Vocabulary

Section A

Directions:

Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices marked [A], [B], [C] and [D]. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer on ANSWER SHEET I by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets with a pencil. (5 points)

Example:

I have been to the Great Wall three times _____ 1979.

[A]from [B]after [C]for [D]since

The sentence should read, "I have been to the Great Wall three times since 1979." Therefore, You should choose [D].

Sample Answer

[A][B][C][●]

1. The weather may not be fine tomorrow, in _____ case we'll have to put the trip off.

[A]this [B]that [C]which [D]whose

2. _____ we have finished the book we shall start doing some exercises.

[A]For now [B]Since that [C]Now that [D]Since now

3. The name Oklahoma is synonymous with the word "Indian" as it comes from Okla-homma _____ "red people".

[A]meaning [B]means [C]to mean [D]meant

4. John's score on the test is the highest in the class; he _____

last night.

[A]should study {B}should have studied

[C]must have studied [D]might study

5. Closed plane figures like the square or the equilateral triangle can be grouped into a class _____ polygons.

[A]called [B]to call [C]is called [D]call as

6. Some experts believe that young children must spend all their time with their mother if _____ sound in body and mind.

[A]they will grow [B]they expect to grow

[C]they are to grow [D]they should grow

7. This is the first vacation _____ with his family since 1985 when he was appointed to his present post.

[A]he spends [B]he has spent

[C]he spent [D]he had spent

8. Hot air accompanied by high relative humidity feels warmer than _____.

[A]is it actually [B]is actually it

[C]actually it is [D]it actually is

9. He never hesitates to make such criticisms _____ are considered useful to others.

[A]that [B]which [C]as [D]what

10. Jean worked just so much _____.

[A]like what she was told to [B]as she was told to

[C]as to what she tried to do [D]like she was told to

Section B

Directions:

Each of the following sentences has four underlined parts marked [A], [B], [C] and [D]. Identify the part of the sentence

that is incorrect and mark your answer on ANSWER SHEET I by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets with a pencil. (5 points)

Example:

A number of foreign visitors were taken to the industrial exhibition, which they saw many new products.
[A] [B] [C] [D]

Part [C] is wrong. The sentence should read. "A number of foreign visitors were taken to the industrial exhibition, where they saw many new products." So you should choose [C].

Sample Answer

[A][B][●][D]

11. The seventeenth century was one in that many significant
[A] [B] [C] [D]
advances were made in both science and philosophy.
[C] [D]
12. The biggest single hobby in America, the one that Americans
[A] [B]
spend most time, energy and money is gardening.
[C] [D]
13. That intelligence tests actually give a measurement of the
[A] [B]
intelligence of individuals are questioned by some eminent
[C] [D]
psychologists.
14. Due to the refraction of light rays, this is impossible for the
[A] [B]
naked eye to determine the exact location of a star close to the
[C] [D]
horizon.
15. He was looking impatient at the salesman, who showed
[A] [B]

- no signs of preparing to leave the room.
[C] [D]
16. Industrial management is the aspect of business management
[A] [B] [C]
that was most prominent in the United States for the past
[D]
eighty years.
17. He is attempting to find out how other people have tackled
[A]
the problem and to determine whether or not that works
[B] [C] [D]
for them work for him.
18. Some of the techniques of which Curtis refers lie in a
[A] [B]
no man's land known to the legislative trade as "backdoor
[C] [D]
spending".
19. Without the sun we would freeze to die and starve in al-
[A] [B] [C] [D]
most total darkness.
20. He was standing quietly when presently a young woman, who
[A]
had been combing her hair and watched him, approached and
[B] [C]
asked him for directions.
[D]

Section C

Directions:

Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices marked [A], [B], [C] and [D]. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer on ANSWER SHEET I by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets with a pencil. (10 points)

Example:

The lost car of the Lees was found _____ in the woods off the highway.

[A]vanished [B]scattered [C]abandoned [D]rejected
The sentence should read, "The lost car of the Lees was found abandoned in the woods off the highway". Therefore, you should choose [C].

Sample Answer

[A][B][●][D]

21. The sunrise as seen from the top of the mountain was a tremendous _____.

[A]pastime [B]refreshment [C]spectacle [D]scenery

22. The threat of confrontation between the two countries _____ after the peace talk.

[A]subdued [B]submitted [C]submerged [D]subsided 下流, 平穩

23. Every day they sent information to us, _____ of whether it's useful or not.

[A]irresponsible

[B]irreconcilable

[C]irresistible

[D]irrespective

24. The social order demands unity and widespread agreement; both _____ are destructive to creativity.

[A]dispositions [B]traces [C]marks [D]traits 特色, 特征

25. On labour Day the workers will march in _____ through the town.

[A]process

[B]procedure 程序

[C]procession 游行, 行列

[D]progression

26. The teacher gave the students extra work because she was _____ by all noise and talking in the classroom.

[A]degenerated

[B]exasperated

[C]terminated

[D]encouraged

27. Some people believe that "King John" was written by Shakespeare, but some people think it might be written by an _____ author.

[A]authentic

[B]anonymous

[C]antique

[D]ambiguous

28. Neanderthal Man _____ most of the old world between 75 000 BC and 40 000 BC

[A]influenced

[B]dominated

[C]commanded

[D]supervised

29. There's not much _____ of my being able to come to see you before next month.

[A]promise

[B]perspective

[C]prospect

[D]expectation

30. The president's _____ for the refugees caused him to admit a very large number of them.

[A]courtesy

[B]compassion

[C]hostility

[D]respect

31. The tourists _____ through the fog, trying to read what was engraved on the gravestone Shakespeare had chosen for himself.

[A]peeped

[B]glimpsed

[C]glanced

[D]peered

同辈. 凝视.

32. The teachers and parents agree that it is a hint of what might be expected from _____ generations.

[A]superb

[B]supreme

[C]subsequent

[D]subordinate

33. George and Tom both wanted the apple; their _____ was to share it.

[A]argument

[B]quarrel

[C]compromise

[D]decision

34. The tenant must be prepared to decorate the property _____ the terms of the agreement.

[A]with regard to

[B]with the help of

- [C]in accordance with [D]in reference to
35. A camera takes light rays _____ off subjects and focuses them on a sheet of film.
- [A]disguised [B]defined [C]bounced [D]incorporated
36. Few scientific breakthroughs are discovered merely by _____.
- [A]speculation [B]coincidence
[C]dedication [D]imagination
37. If we do not take steps to protect the world's wild life, many species of birds and animals are likely to _____ completely.
- [A]die out [B]die down [C]die away [D]die off
38. The firemen inspected an abandoned warehouse for potential fire _____.
- [A]hazard [B]warning
[C]substitution [D]characteristic
39. Our guess, that the managers would react _____ to our decision, turned out to be wrong.
- [A]actually [B]solely [C]strongly [D]utterly
40. It is not profitable to provide bus services in districts where the population is widely _____.
- [A]spaced [B]divided [C]scattered [D]separated

Part II Cloze Test

Directions:

For each numbered blank in the following passage, there are four choices marked [A], [B], [C] and [D]. Choose the best one and mark your answer on ANSWER SHEET I by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets with a pencil. (10 points)

According to the figures just published by the United States Department of Agriculture, the diet of the average American has changed considerably in the past twenty years. Americans are 41 eating more chicken, fish, and seafood but less lamb and veal (小牛肉). Cheese has become a 42 American food with consumption up 71 percent in the 43 two decades. Calorie-conscious Americans are consuming less whole milk and butter than 44 before. On the other hand, the use of sugar and other sweeteners has climbed 45, largely because of a 175 percent increase in soft drink consumption. The figures also 46 that the average American eats eighteen pounds of ice cream a year.

Although the American diet has changed, the 47 American family still spends less than 20 percent of its *disposable* (可自由使用的) income on food, less than almost any other country in the world.

And in a related story, the 48 of a Gallop poll (民意测验) on the foods Americans like the least were released today. Snails topped the list as the most unappealing food for Americans; 43 percent of those 49 said they would never eat snails. Brains came in a close second, 50 by 41 percent of those polled. Only 5 percent of the respondents said they would never eat liver.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 41. [A]meanwhile | [B]now | [C]sometimes | [D]seldom |
| 42. [A]favorite | [B]favorable | [C]possible | [D]enjoyable |
| 43. [A]future | [B]latest | [C]next | [D]past |
| 44. [A]never | [B]even | [C]ever | [D]long |
| 45. [A]slowly | [B]sharply | [C]gradually | [D]down |
| 46. [A]show | [B]claim | [C]display | [D]declare |

47. [A]mean [B]average [C]major [D]minor
48. [A]consequences[B]influences [C]selections [D]results
49. [A]answered [B]questioned [C]insisted [D]challenged
50. [A]accepted [B]preferred [C]rejected [D]denied

Part III Reading Comprehension

Directions :

Each of the passages below is followed by some questions. For each question there are four answers marked A, B, C and D. Read the passages carefully and choose the best answer to each of the questions. Then mark your answer on the ANSWER SHEET by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets. (40 points)

Passage 1

Patents were first issued in the U. S. to promote the progress of science and the useful arts. They provide an incentive for invention and innovation. New products are developed through research undertaken by individual inventors and by firms. Research requires resources and time. Without the protection that a patent provides, the results of research would become available to the general public very quickly. If research did not lead to expanded profits, very little research would be done.

Suppose, for example, that the industry producing blank videocassettes is competitive, and that the full economic cost (including normal profit) of producing videocassettes is \$ 5 each. In a perfectly competitive market, price will be driven to average cost, and consumers will pay \$ 5 per tape.

Now suppose that the BASF company develops a new type

of tape material that makes it possible to produce tapes of equal quality for \$3. If no patent protection existed, every company in the industry would quickly analyze the new tape material and begin producing tapes at a cost of \$3. Soon competition would drive the price of tapes to \$3, and consumers would enjoy the full benefits of the new technology. But this would eliminate BASF's ^{patent} incentive to do research on new materials.

If, however, BASF can protect its new material with a patent, it can produce tapes for \$3, charge a price closer to \$5, and make significant economic profits. These profits reward the developers of the new material, but they also keep the benefits from consumers.

The expiration of patents after 17 years thus represents an attempt to balance the benefits of firms and the benefits of households. On the one hand, it is important to stimulate invention and innovation, on the other hand, invention and innovation do society no good unless their benefits eventually flow to the public.

51. Which of the following is not the purpose of patents?

☒ [A] To ensure that the patentees will get the highest profit.

☐ [B] To encourage scientific research.

☐ [C] To protect inventions and innovations.

☐ [D] To increase the competition in the market.

52. In the example given in the second paragraph, if the videocassettes are sold at \$5 each, the companies in this industry will

_____.

☒ [A] still make some money

☐ [B] make a lot of money

☐ [C] not make any money

☐ [D] suffer a loss

53. What would happen if BASF didn't get a patent for its new tape material?

☐ [A] BASF would get the normal profit.

☐ [B] BASF would not get any profit.

☒ [C] There would be less competition in the tape market.

☐ [D] The price of the new material would go up.

54. Which of the following is the result of patent protection?

☐ [A] The price of the patentees' products is lower than that of other companies.

☐ [B] Patentees make normal profits.

☒ [C] The public cannot enjoy the full benefits of the invention till later.

☐ [D] Inventions and innovations are hindered.

Passage 2

Alaska is the largest of the states in size and the second smallest in population. Nearly everything about this 49th state is big. Its Mount McKinley is higher than any other peak in North America. Its Yukon River is one of the longest navigable waterways in the world. Huge animals still thrive in its open spaces Kodiak.

Alaska is a land of spectacular contrasts, smoking volcanoes and frozen tundra, hot springs and ice floes, creeping glaciers and virgin forests. This vast, raw, and rough land thrusts a chain of volcanic islands more than a thousand miles southwest into the Bering Sea. Reaching beyond the international date line, the land area originally spanned four time zones. It stretches northward far into the Arctic Circle, and to the south its Panhandle extends for miles between the Pacific Ocean and the Canadian Rockies.

The Stars and Stripes have flown over Alaska since March 29th, 1867, when the vast land was purchased from Russia for 7.2 million dollars. In 1959 Alaska became the first new state since New Mexico and Arizona had achieved statehood in 1912.

The state is so large that it increased the area of the United States by a fifth. Alaska is more than twice the size of Texas. About a third of the vast area is forested, and glaciers cover more than 28 800 square miles. The Malaspina glacier complex is larger than the state of Rhode Island.

The name Alaska comes from the Aleut word *alaxsxaq*, meaning object toward which the action of the sea is directed, that is, the mainland. Its nicknames are the Land of the Midnight Sun and America's Last Frontier. It was once labeled "Seward's folly" and "Seward's icebox" in ridicule of the secretary of state who negotiated the purchase of what was considered a burden.

55. Which of the following is among the contrasts of the state mentioned in the passage?

[A] Smoking volcanoes and hot spring.

[B] Expanding ice and primitive forests.

[C] The Arctic Circle and Bering Sea.

[D] Volcanic islands and international date line.

56. When was Arizona admitted to the U. S. ?

[A] In 1867 when Alaska was bought from Russia.

[B] 47 years before Alaska was.

[C] Near half a century before Alaska was bought.

[D] 45 years after Alaska was.

57. The nickname of the state, "Seward's icebox", shows that _____.