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初二英语

上册

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龍門書局

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(测试卷)

初二英语 上册

主 编 吴荣铭

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龍 門 書 局

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《轻松练习 30 分》出版说明

教育部新课程标准的颁布突现了造就新世纪创新人才的培养目标。当前,中小学生除了希望拥有体现新课程标准精神的教材外,还希望拥有与之配套的练习卷。这样的卷子不应当加重学业负担,而只用较少的时间练习就轻松获得综合运用知识的能力。现在,奉献于读者面前的就是这样的一套具有创新特色的测试卷。这套测试卷是经专家、名师精心构思编写而成的。它可用于学生课前预习、课内练习和课后复习同步自测,也可当作老师教学和家长辅导子女的参考资料。

本套试卷具有四大特色:全、轻、准、新。

全程同步:每册试卷包括课课(节节)练习卷、单元训练卷、期中检测卷、期末检测卷、答案与解析,与教材内容紧密同步。小学六年级和初中三年级第二学期用书还附有毕业升学模拟试卷。

练习轻松:每份课课(节节)练习卷选题精要、典型,深入浅出,趣味灵动。学生每天只需 30 分钟就可全面检测当天的学习效果,从而真正达到了减轻负担,提高效率的目的。

内容准确:以现行最新课本为依据,体现新课程标准精神,突出培养学生综合运用知识的能力和善于创新的思维。

新颖实用:充分吸收国内外最新教改思路和成果的精华,博采众长,独树一帜。试卷中设置了典型题(标注符号为▲)、新颖题(★)、易错题(◆),作为练习重点。部分试卷后还增加了“新颖题赏析”,并给出试题分析和解题步骤,使学生适应考试改革对创新题型的要求。在“参考答案”中对典型题、易错题给出了详尽解析;每单元答案前还辟有知识要点、重点和难点提示,便于学生掌握。

本丛书自出版以来,以其针对性强和实效性高而获得广大读者的欢迎。希望读者随时向我们提出改进意见,我们将本着精益求精的态度一如既往地认真修订,使之臻于完善。

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Unit 1 Welcome back! 课课练习卷

Lesson 1

I. 选出画线部分读音与其他三个不同的单词

- () 1. A. morning B. for C. short D. sorry
 () 2. A. name B. back C. matter D. thank
 () 3. A. much B. coming C. fun D. duty
 () 4. A. learn B. early C. Thursday D. teacher
 () 5. A. traffic B. of C. fun D. for
 () 6. A. wishes B. teaches C. classes D. comes

II. 英汉词语互译

1. 回校 _____ 2. have fun _____
 3. 点名 _____ 4. bad traffic _____
 5. 准时 _____ 6. be on duty _____
 7. 教师节 _____ 8. a card for you _____
 9. 本学期 _____ 10. best wishes _____

III. 根据课文填空, 每空一词

This is the 1 day of school. Boys and girls are 2 to school. This 3 they have a new teacher. The teacher's name is Wu Jun. He 4 know all of his students, so he calls 5 names. He 6 them English. He says to his 7 that they are going to have 8 learning and 9 English this term.

Jim Green is 10 for class and he is 11 for it. He comes late because (因为) the 12 is bad. Mr Wu says it doesn't 13 and he asks him to be on 14 tomorrow.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____ 7. _____
 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____ 11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____

IV. 用动词的正确形式填空

1. The teacher _____ (not know) our names, he calls our names.
 2. I think we _____ (speak) much English this term.
 3. —Who _____ (be) on duty today? —I am.
 4. Here _____ (be) two cards for you.
 5. Please _____ (be) on time tomorrow.
 6. I _____ (not know) his name. Can you tell me?

V. 选择正确答案

- () 1. Please _____ on time tomorrow, Jim.
 A. am B. are C. be D. is
 () 2. —Thank you very much, teacher.
 —_____
 A. I'm sorry B. It doesn't matter C. Excuse me D. It's nice
 () 3. We are very happy _____ Teachers' Day.
 A. on B. in C. at D. by

Lesson 2

I. 根据画线部分的读音将下列单词归类

long hard easy talk time important
first class China John term three

1. [ɑ:] _____ 2. [ai] _____
3. [i:] _____ 4. [ɔ] _____
5. [ɑ:] _____ 6. [ɔ:] _____

II. 写出下列单词的反义词

1. same _____ 2. early _____ 3. black _____
4. big _____ 5. down _____ 6. wrong _____
7. long _____ 8. new _____ 9. hard _____
10. tall _____ 11. before _____ 12. first _____

III. 完成对话, 每空一词

A: Hi, Jim! What are you _____?

B: Hi, Mr Wu! I'm _____ my homework.

A: _____ you do something for me _____ class tomorrow?

B: _____ is it?

A: _____ a talk _____ names, will you?

B: OK! I'll talk about the _____ between English and Chinese _____, may I?

A: That's a good _____. Thanks.

IV. 英汉词语互译

1. 有个好注意 _____ 2. give a talk in class _____
3. 全名 _____ 4. be different from _____
5. 姓 _____ 6. given names _____
7. 例如 _____ 8. talk about _____
9. 两词之间的差别 _____ 10. be short for _____

V. ◆用动词的正确形式填空

1. Mr Wu wants Jim _____ (give) a talk about names.
2. My sister _____ (read) a Chinese book now.
3. What _____ your father _____ (do) now?
4. _____ (not talk) about the difference between these words.
5. Why _____ you _____ (not go) to the teacher now?

VI. 选择正确答案

- () 1. Chinese names are different _____ English names. That is, English names are not the same _____ Chinese names.
A. as; as B. from; as C. different; different D. as; different
- () 2. English is very important _____ us young people.
A. as B. for C. to D. on
- () 3. Dave is short _____ David, do you think so?
A. as B. for C. to D. on

Lesson 4

I. 选出每组画线部分与所给音标读音相同的词

- () 1. [ə:] A. wear B. earlier C. near D. pear
 () 2. [ɑ:] A. small B. talk C. half D. ball
 () 3. [e] A. says B. way C. play D. today
 () 4. [ei] A. glass B. paper C. matter D. hand
 () 5. [au] A. brown B. row C. window D. yellow
 () 6. [ʌ] A. house B. about C. double D. trousers

II. 写出下列动词的变化形式

Model: do does doing

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. sell _____ | 2. catch _____ |
| 3. open _____ | 4. drink _____ |
| 5. wash _____ | 6. go _____ |
| 7. make _____ | 8. leave _____ |
| 9. stay _____ | 10. play _____ |
| 11. fly _____ | 12. study _____ |

III. 连词成句

1. something, buy, teacher, my, to, I, going, for, am

2. help, clean, to, house, can, the, you
 _____?
3. going, school, I, think, our, you're, like, to

4. names, know, he, does, much, English, about
 _____?
5. work, English, important, very, for, is, my

IV. ◆用所给词语替换画线部分,时态作相应变化

1. I sometimes help my sister with her English. (now)

2. Do you often watch TV? (now)

3. He is having an English lesson at the moment. (every day)

4. Lucy is wearing a red blouse now. (often)

V. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

1. Bill _____ (be) a Canadian boy. He _____ (study) in Shanghai. He _____ (have) a lot of friends.
2. The children _____ (not fly) kites. They _____ (play) football on the playground now.
3. _____ John's parents often _____ (tell) him about China?
4. — _____ your father _____ (mend) his car? — Yes, he is.

Unit 1 单元训练卷

一、听力部分

I. 根据所听到的内容填空,每空一词

1. This pencil is _____. That one is _____.
2. —We don't have much _____.
—Why don't you make him a _____?
3. To many _____, the meaning of a name is _____.
4. English names are _____ from _____ names.
5. We are going to have fun _____ and _____ English this term.

II. 找出与你所听到的句子意义相近的句子

1. A. They are shopping.
B. They are in a shoe shop.
C. They are washing clothes.
2. A. The girl is carrying a box.
B. The box is too heavy for the girl.
C. The girl wants to carry the box.
3. A. They only watch TV on Sunday evening.
B. They often watch TV on Saturday evening.
C. They only watch TV on Saturday evening.
4. A. Jack is climbing the hill.
B. Jack is swimming in the river with John.
C. Jack and John are climbing the hill.
5. A. Many boys are playing football in the park.
B. Many girls are dancing in the park.
C. Many boys and girls are playing in the park.

二、书面部分

I. 词型转换

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. three (序数词) _____ | 2. have (第三人称单数形式) _____ |
| 3. take (现在分词) _____ | 4. early (比较级) _____ |
| 5. same (反义词) _____ | 6. first (反义词) _____ |
| 7. good (最高级) _____ | 8. child (复数) _____ |
| 9. two (序数词) _____ | 10. wish (复数) _____ |

II. 选择填空

- () 1. Is Mr Green your _____ English teacher?
A. the first B. first C. a first D. the last

- () 2. Now let me _____ your names.
A. to call B. calling C. call D. calls
- () 3. The new teacher Mr Wu doesn't know all the _____ names.
A. student's B. students' C. students D. students's
- () 4. I'm late because _____ bad.
A. a traffic is B. the traffic is C. traffics are D. the traffics are
- () 5. Here is a card _____ you _____ our best wishes.
A. to; in B. for; in C. for; with D. to; with
- () 6. How about _____ a talk _____ class tomorrow?
A. to give; at B. giving; at C. to give; in D. giving; in
- () 7. We can say Mr John Brown or Mr Brown, but we _____ Mr John.
A. never can say B. can say never C. can never say D. say can never
- () 8. Please write down _____.
A. all of names B. your all names C. all your names D. all names
- () 9. —I'm sorry I have no idea about it.
—_____.
A. Thank you B. You're welcome C. Excuse me D. It doesn't matter
- () 10. I'm _____ the blackboard, but I can't _____ the words on it.
A. looking at; see B. seeing; look at
C. looking; seeing D. seeing; see
- () 11. English is very different _____ Chinese, but it is important _____ us.
A. for; to B. from; to C. as; to D. from; for
- () 12. He often helps his mother _____.
A. do some housework B. do many houseworks
C. does some housework D. to do some houseworks

III. 根据中文完成下列句子

1. 新学期九月十日开始。

The new term _____ September the _____.

2. ——我很抱歉迟到了。——没关系。

—I'm _____ for _____. —It _____.

3. 你为什么不谈谈中英文之间的差别?

Why _____ you _____ about the _____ English and Chinese?

4. 你知道 Jim 是 James 的缩写吗?

_____ you _____ Jim is _____ James?

5. 去那儿是浪费时间。

It's a _____ time _____ there.

Unit 2 What are we going to do? 课课练习卷

Lesson 5

I. 选出画线部分的读音与所给单词画线部分读音不同的词

- () 1. discuss A. must B. fun C. brother D. student
 () 2. Friday A. fishing B. hiking C. China D. like
 () 3. boating A. coat B. about C. hometown D. going
 () 4. lake A. play B. Saturday C. waste D. name
 () 5. please A. bags B. sometimes C. house D. Chinese
 () 6. those A. then B. another C. with D. fifth

II. 英汉词语互译

- | | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. 去钓鱼 _____ | 2. different kinds of fish _____ |
| 3. 擅长 _____ | 4. go hiking _____ |
| 5. 去野餐 _____ | 6. next Friday _____ |
| 7. 去划船 _____ | 8. play basketball _____ |
| 9. 后天 _____ | 10. have a trip _____ |

III. 用 what, how, why, how many, how much, how old, how long, how soon 填空

- _____ are we going there?
— By bike.
- _____ are you so late, may I ask?
— Because the traffic is bad.
- _____ fish do you want?
— Five, no more.
- _____ are you going to stay there?
— About five days.
- _____ are these books?
— Two yuan each.
- _____ will he come here?
— In about two days.
- _____ are you, Mrs Green?
— Oh, sorry, it's a secret.
- _____ are they doing?
— They are discussing how they are going there.

IV. 用所给单词的适当形式填空

1. My uncle is a _____ (work).
2. This fish is _____ (difference) from that one.
3. We should be _____ (friend) to each other.
4. Do you often go _____ (hike)?

Lesson 6

I. 选出画线部分的读音与所给单词画线部分读音不同的词

- () 1. trip A. night B. picnic C. thing D. think
 () 2. field A. sleep B. heavy C. week D. agree
 () 3. thing A. fun B. English C. think D. drink
 () 4. top A. problem B. over C. often D. long
 () 5. night A. light B. bright C. enough D. often

II. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

- What _____ you _____ (do) now?
— I _____ (run). I like _____ (run) very much.
- It's a fine day for _____ (go) for a picnic.
- Where _____ Mr Green _____ (come) from?
— He is from New York.
- He usually _____ (study) English very hard at school. He is a good student.
- Her father _____ (not read) books in the morning. He reads books in the evening.
- Last night Jiang Wei _____ (not sleep) well, so he _____ (be) tired now.
- Look! The students _____ (go) up the mountain. They _____ (carry) many things on their back.
- Jill often _____ (go) the wrong way. You see, he _____ (go) the wrong way again.

III. 写出下列各句中画线单词的词性:动词 *v.*; 名词 *n.*; 形容词 *adj.*; 介词 *prep.*

- They are going to hike to the top of the mountain. ()
Mike is a top student in this class. ()
- They are now hiking on their field trip. ()
Ed starts to carry the bag, but trips over his shoes. ()
- Jiang Wei couldn't sleep well last night. ()
A good night's sleep will make you feel good. ()
- Ed says he is going to help him. ()
He is a good help to his teacher.
- What colour is your dress? ()
Colour your picture green, please. ()
- One of the doors is open. ()
It's too hot. Open the windows, please. ()
- My father likes watching TV at home. ()
Carry the bag like this. ()

Lesson 7

I. 英汉词语互译

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|
| 1. 下周 _____ | 2. hurry up _____ |
| 3. 这边走 _____ | 4. do some shopping _____ |
| 5. 山顶 _____ | 6. take too long _____ |
| 7. 下周一下午 _____ | 8. watch football _____ |
| 9. 四班的学生 _____ | 10. tie one's shoes _____ |

II. 用所给单词的适当形式填空

- When are you going to do your _____ (shop)?
- Miss Gao is going to teach the _____ (twelve) lesson tomorrow.
- There are three _____ (factory) in my hometown.
- A table usually has four _____ (foot).
- The _____ (Green) are watching TV now.
- The Chinese people are very _____ (friend) to foreign people.
- I have _____ (not) brothers or sisters.
- Do you often go _____ (hike) with your students?

III. 根据要求写出单词

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. sit(现在分词) _____ | 2. different(反义词) _____ |
| 3. twelve(序数词) _____ | 4. fifth(基数词) _____ |
| 5. see(同音词) _____ | 6. tall(近义词) _____ |
| 7. glass(复数) _____ | 8. study(第三人称单数) _____ |
| 9. forget(现在分词) _____ | 10. nine(序数词) _____ |

IV. 阅读理解,判断正误 (T/F)

Bill lives and works in London. He works in a big factory. They make machines there. His house is far away from his factory. He usually goes to work by train. Today, the train is late. So he drives to the factory.

He works from Monday to Friday. He has lunch in the factory on weekdays. On Saturdays he sometimes goes to see a film with his wife or goes to see his friends. On Sundays he sometimes takes his children to the zoo or stays at home and watches TV with his family.

- () 1. Bill is a driver.
- () 2. He lives in England.
- () 3. He lives near the factory.
- () 4. He works six days a week.
- () 5. He usually goes to work on a train.
- () 6. He sometimes goes to see his friends on Thursdays.
- () 7. Sometimes he takes his children to the zoo on Sundays.

Lesson 8

I. 选出画线部分读音与其余不同的单词

- () 1. A. coming B. broken C. going D. tomorrow
- () 2. A. about B. round C. mountain D. hour
- () 3. A. evening B. sleep C. week D. broken
- () 4. A. police B. hiking C. machine D. meal
- () 5. A. usually B. school C. lesson D. sky

II. 对画线部分提问

1. Our class is going to Xi'an for the coming field trip.
_____ ?
2. I'm going to feel the wind on my face.
_____ ?
3. The big round fruit over there is Youzi.
_____ ?
4. They are going to look for some oranges in the market.
_____ ?

III. 根据课文内容填空

Jill and Katy _____ to take some _____ with them when they go _____ with their class tomorrow. Now they are going to the _____ to look for some. Jill likes _____ but Katy _____ like them. She likes _____. When they _____ there, they can't _____ any. They only see a big Youzi, a _____ kind of fruit. They want to _____ it because they think they are going to have _____ of _____ hiking and _____ it.

IV. 阅读理解

Tom rides his bike to go to school. He puts it in the garden of the school. There are many other bikes there, too. After school the students take their bikes and go home by bike. Sometimes a policeman stops them all and lets the cars go by. Some students carry a heavy bag of books with them.

One day Tom and Jack were on one bike. The policeman saw and stopped them. Jack was angry (生气). "I am ill. Let us go," He shouted (叫喊) at the policeman.

"Don't shout at him," Tom said. "He is right."

- () 1. Where does Tom put his bike?
A. In the school. B. Near the school. C. In the classroom. D. In a house.
- () 2. Who stops the bikes and lets the cars go by?
A. Tom and Jack. B. No one. C. A policeman. D. Some boys.
- () 3. What do some students carry them after school?
A. Many bags. B. Many bikes. C. A heavy schoolbag. D. Heavy books.
- () 4. Who is right?
A. The students. B. Tom and Jack. C. All of them. D. The policeman.

Unit 2 单元训练卷

一、听力部分

I. 根据所听到的短文填空

Mr Smith can't see well. One day he is _____ in a street. A strong wind (强风) blows (吹) his cap _____ his head. Mr Smith _____ to run _____ it. An old woman _____ to him _____ a window nearby.

"Hey! What are you doing?"

"_____ after my cap."

"Your cap? That's our _____ you are after."

II. 根据所听到的问题选择正确的答案

- () 1. A. There are forty-eight. B. They are fifty.
 C. Forty-eight do. D. We are in Class Five.
- () 2. A. Sorry, I can't. B. Sorry, I have.
 C. Sorry, I don't. D. Sorry, I'm not.
- () 3. A. Yes, I am. B. No, I do. C. Yes, I do. D. No, I can't.
- () 4. A. It's red. B. It's a bus.
 C. By bus. D. The bus is over there.
- () 5. A. It's here. B. Yes, please.
 C. I'm sorry. D. Certainly. Here you are.

二、书面部分

I. 选出画线部分的读音与所给单词画线部分读音相同的词

- () 1. another A. worry B. open C. sorry D. only
- () 2. school A. look B. football C. afternoon D. good
- () 3. third A. their B. fifth C. with D. other
- () 4. today A. welcome B. woman C. borrow D. front
- () 5. certainly A. driver B. Saturday C. early D. forget
- () 6. heavy A. sleep B. teach C. bread D. great
- () 7. land A. back B. salesgirl C. grade D. again
- () 8. hike A. trip B. night C. discuss D. fishing

II. 词形转换

1. begin (现在分词) _____
2. stay (第三人称单数形式) _____
3. write (同音词) _____
4. eight (序数词) _____
5. different (名词) _____
6. wrong (反义词) _____
7. worker (动词) _____
8. get (现在分词) _____
9. photo (复数) _____
10. sit (现在分词) _____

III. 选择填空

- () 1. How many of _____ are going to hike to the top of the mountain?

- A. we B. their C. your D. them
- () 2. I think they will have problems _____ there.
A. to get B. are getting C. getting D. get
- () 3. Tie your shoes, or you will _____ your shoes.
A. trip B. trip over C. travel D. travel over
- () 4. What are they going to do _____?
A. next week B. on next week C. in next week D. at next week
- () 5. Why don't you do _____ with me this afternoon?
A. some shop B. some shopping C. any shop D. any shopping
- () 6. —Last night we _____ sleep well.
—Sorry _____ that.
A. can't; to hear B. couldn't; to hear
C. can't; hearing D. couldn't; hearing
- () 7. The first day of the week is _____.
A. Sunday B. Monday C. Saturday D. weekday
- () 8. ◆I have three small balls. One is red, and _____ are brown.
A. the other B. the other two C. other D. other balls
- () 9. I go to school _____ my father's bike sometimes.
A. on B. by C. with D. ride
- () 10. —Would you like to go boating with us?
—_____.
A. No, I don't like B. Yes, please
C. Yes, I'd like to D. Yes, I would like
- () 11. He doesn't like these trousers. Could you give him _____?
A. another one B. another pairs C. another ones D. another pair
- () 12. —What are we going to do tomorrow?
—Let's _____ it now, shall we?
A. to discuss B. to discuss about C. discuss D. discuss about

IV. 根据中文完成句子

1. 你擅长钓鱼。为什么不和我们一起去钓鱼?
You are _____. Why _____ fishing _____ us?
2. 我们去河上划船还是去徒步旅行?
_____ we go _____ the river or go _____?
3. 我想第一个爬上山顶。
I _____ to be _____ one to the _____ the mountain.
4. 我们班明天出去徒步旅行,所以我们想随身带一些水果。
Our class _____ tomorrow, so we want _____ some _____ with us.
5. 下周—你们打算去购物吗?
Are you _____ to _____ next Monday?
6. 让我们走这条路。我们不会花很长时间的。
Let's _____. It won't _____ us _____.