

# 高校英语专业四级考试 600 关键词 详解与练习

600 WORDS EXPLAINED

with exercises

FOR TEM4

主编/王 丽 丽

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# 高校英语专业四级考试 600 关键词详解及练习

主编：王丽丽

编著：王丽丽 王颖  
生文 王向辉

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高校英语专业四级考试 600  
关键词详解及练习

王丽丽 主编

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## 内容提要

《高校英语专业四级考试 600 关键词详解及练习》是以《高等学校英语专业基础阶段英语教学大纲》为依据,针对英语专业四级考试难点而编写的一本集词汇分析详解与练习为一体的应试用书。

内容:本书共分两部分。一、词汇:词条下包括:1、该词的词性 2、基本意思 3、词汇句型及有关词组搭配 4、同义词、近义词辨析 5、分析 6、词汇练习。二、模拟试题及题解,并简述应试技巧与要求。

特点:所选词汇均是使用频率高,且在专业英语四级考试中容易混淆,较难掌握的词。突出了词汇句型同基本意义的关系,辨析了同义词之间的细微差别。

适用范围:本书是高校英语专业本科生应试必备用书,是非英语专业本科生四、六级应试及托福应试人员打好坚实基础的重要工具书。同时还可作为高校英语专业及非英语专业教师参考用书。

## 编者的话

高校英语专业四级考试已进行好几年了,四级考试也已成为学生继续升学及评判学校优劣的重要标准之一,但由于复习材料较少,而且现有的大都是试题集,学生们复习往往抓不住重点以致影响考试成绩,因而急需一本具体地指导学生复习用书。多年来的教学实践告诉我们,学好英语的关键是学好词汇,这不单是因为试题的每一个项目都存在生词这一障碍,更重要的是词汇同语法紧密相关,它对理解题意,正确运用语言都起着提纲挈领的作用,而学词汇并不单纯是记忆单词,背诵同义词,更重要的是掌握学习规律和学习技巧,因此,我们根据高校基础阶段英语教学大纲,针对四级考试的难点编写了这本集词汇分析和练习于一体的应考用书。

我们经过反复推敲精选了一些词和词组,首次尝试用不同的句型来解释词的意义和用法,并就一些词学习上的重点、难点以及同义词或近形词辨异进行了详细地分析讲解,因此,本书不仅适合高校英语专业的学生,也对非英语专业的学生,特别是对参加四、六级考试的学生及自学者了解英语词汇的特点及掌握正确的学习方法有指导意义。

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山东工学院崔校平老师也参加了部分编写工作。

本书承蒙中国英语教学研究会常务理事,山东省外文学会理事长,李玉陈教授作序,在此表示诚挚的谢意。我们希望本书的出版会受到广大同学的欢迎,缺点与不足之处,希望广大同行批评与赐教,以便使其更臻完美。

编者

1994 年 8 月

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## A

**abandon** [ə'bændən]

vt. 1. to give up entirely 完全放弃

句型 1: abandon sth. 放弃…

例: They abandoned all hope of finding the missing key.

2. to go away from 抛弃; 遗弃

句型 2: abandon sb. (or sth.) 抛弃…

例: He abandoned his old poor mother.

3. to give oneself up completely 纵情; 耽溺于

句型 3: abandon oneself to sth. 纵情于…; 耽溺于

例: He abandoned himself to despair.

n. **U** 尽情

句型 4: with abandon 尽情地; 放肆地

例: We danced with youthful abandon.

n. abandonment 放弃; 抛弃

adj. abandoned

1. deserted 被抛弃的

例: abandoned house

2. wicked; immoral 邪恶的; 堕落的

例: He lived an abandoned life.

3. unrestrained 无约束的; 无度的

例: abandoned laughter

同义词: 这组词表示“放弃”的意思。

abandon (vt. 抛弃; 放弃) 指完全放弃, 特别是指放弃一个人已有的兴趣或所负的责任, 或是迫于环境压力而放弃。

例: They abandoned the wrecked plane.

forsake (vt. 放弃; 遗弃) 指不但在物质上而且在精神上断绝



个人依恋之情,但不一定应受责备。

例: He forsook his bad habits.

desert (vt. 离开; 放弃) 指某人在违背其信仰、誓言、责任或命令的情况下放弃岗位、职责、关系或忠诚, 应受到责备。

例: a turncoat who deserted his party

分析: abandon 当“抛弃”讲时, 同其它几个词相比, 句型相同, 只是意思上有细微的差别, 但它还有另外的句型和意思, 用时要特别注意。此外 desert 还可以作不及物动词, 表示“逃掉”, “开小差”。

**abolish** [ə'bolɪʃ]

vt. to do away with 废除; 革除; 取消

句型: abolish sth. 废除…

例: Slavery was abolished in the United States in 1865.

n. abolition U 废除; 取消

例: The abolition of war is one purpose of the United Nations.

同义词: 这些词均指结束某件事。

abolish (vt. 取消) 用于指废除人为的并长期存在的活动, 取消必要条件或取缔社会机构。

例: Capital punishment has been all but abolished.

nullify (vt. 废弃) 指阻止或消除某种条件或行动的效用, 它常指插入某项活动或某种条件使得原来的行动或条件无用或失效。

例: Counter-intelligence seeks to nullify the enemy's espionage efforts.

repeal (vt. 废除) 指废止法律, 使之失效。

例: That old law was repealed last year.

invalidate (vt. i. 使无效) 指使公文或提出的要求无效。

例: A faulty signature may invalidate a cheque.

revoke (vt. 撤消) 是撤回已经由官方赠与、答应或授与的东西。

例: His licence was revoked for drunken driving.

cancel (vt. 取消) 是常用词,既可作取消会议、约会、订购和租约等,也可用在正式场合,表示“使无效”。

例: He cancelled his order for the books.

### **abound** [ə'baʊnd]

vi. 1. to be plentiful or numerous 大量;许多

句型1: (sth.) abound 有大量的(某物)

例: Fish abound in the river.

2. to be rich in 富于

句型2: abound in sth. 富于…

例: China abounds in oil.

3. to be filled with 充满…

句型3: abound with sth. 充满…

例: The river abounds with fish.

同义词: 这组词指较大数量或是较密集的积聚。

swarm (vt. i. 密集; 充满), 可指在小的空间范围内或一簇东西中急速独立活动的许多微粒, 句型1为 (sb. or sth.) swarm … 聚集在一起, 句型2为 be swarmed with sth. 或 swarm with sth. “挤满; 充满”。

例: The pond swarmed with geese.

teem (vi. 充满; 涌现), 更强调活动狂乱的性质, 可用作比喻意义。句型为 (sth.) teem 或 teem with sth. 。

例: a new generation teeming with exuberance and iconoclasm

abound (vi. 大量; 充满) 是最普通且广泛使用的词, 它指丰厚

的好的品质。句型除 abound with sth. 同 teem 和 swarm 一样外,还有 abound in sth. 。

例: This country abounds in architectural masterpieces.

rife (a dj. 充满的;流行的) 句型是 be rife with sth. “充满…”

例: The country was rife with rumours of war.

分析: 由于 swarm 既可作及物动词,又可作不及物动词,因此容易和只能作不及物动词的 teem 和 abound 混淆。teem 多用作比喻,而 swarm 还可作名词,表示“一大群”,比如: a swarm of ants / a swarm of people。abound 还有另一个句型 abound in sth. 表示“富于”,所以用时要特别注意。

### abridge [ə'bridʒ]

vt. 1. to make shorter 节略;删略

句型1: abridge sth. 删略…

例: A long story can be abridged by leaving out unimportant parts.

2. to deprive 剥夺

句型2: abridge sb. of sth. 剥夺某人…

例: to abridge citizens of their rights

adj. abridged 删略的

例: an abridged edition of “David Copperfield”

n. abridg(e)ment 

U	C
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 节本;节略

同义词: 这组词都有缩短事物之长度、范围或持续时间的意思。

shorten (vt. 缩短;减少)意为使变短,既可任指尺寸,亦可指持续时间。

例: He had to shorten his lunch hour because of pressure of work.

curtail (vt. 缩短;削减) 指去掉某重要组成部分而引起的

质量或效力的减少。

例: The business of a department store suffered when it curtailed its services to suburban customers and closed on Saturdays.

cut (vt. i. 删节; 缩短) 单纯指删节过程, 也许去掉, 也许不去掉重要内容。

例: to cut the film to fit into a shortened time allocation

abridge (vt. i. 节略; 删略) 指删除次要部分而保留其核心。

例: to abridge a novel for its inclusion in a magazine

abbreviate (vt. 缩写; 简略) 指缩写单词或短语。

例: the abbreviated name of an advertising agency

分析: abridge 这个词注意有两种基本意思, 其句型完全不一样, 不要混为一谈。特别是和当“删除”讲的其它词不要混淆。当剥夺讲时, 其同义词是 deprive, deprive 的句型也是 deprive sb of sth.。

**accord** [ə'kɔ:d]

vt. to give; grant 给予; 赠与(欢迎; 称颂等)

句型1: accord sb. sth. = accord sth. to sb. 把...给予某人

例: accord him praise for his good work

vi. to be in harmony; be consistent with 符合; 调和; 一致

句型2: accord with sth. 同...一致; 符合

例: His account of the accident accords with yours.

n. 1. harmony 一致; 符合

句型3: in accord (with sth.) (同...)一致

句型4: out of accord (with sth.) (与...)不一致

例: Most people are in accord in their desire for peace.

2. agreement; treaty 协议 (often informal one between nations)

例: an accord with France (or between x and y)

3. 词组:

a. of one's own accord 自愿的

例: He washed behind his ears of his own accord.

b. with one accord 全体一致

例: The club members voted with one accord to choose Li as chairman.

- n. accordance 一致; 给予

句型5: in accordance with (or to) + n. 依照; 依据

例: I sold the house in accordance with your orders.

分析: accord 作及物和不及物动词时句型不一样, 意思也大相径庭, 而且它本身亦可以作名词。同另一个名词形式 accordance 意思容易混淆, 特别是形式相差无几的词 according 同 accordingly 容易误认为是它的形容词与副词形式, 实际上却不然。according 常和 to 连用构成介词词组, 表示根据、依据。accordingly 是副词, 表示因而、所以。

### account [ə'kaunt]

- vt. to consider; deem 认为; 视为

句型1: account sb. + adj. or n. 认为某人...

例: He was accounted innocent.

- vi. 句型2: account for + n.

1. 解释; 例: His illness accounts for his absence.

2. 杀死; 捕获

例: The soldiers accounted for five enemies.

- n. 1. **C** statement of money paid or received 帐目

句型3: have (or open) an account with the bank 在

银行有(开)一个户头

例: I want to open an account with the bank.

2. [C] (fig.) quarrel 争论

句型4: settle accounts with sb. 解决同某人的争执

3. [C] report; narration 报告; 叙述

例: Give us an account of what has happened.

词组: by his own account, 据他自己说

by all accounts, 人人都如此说

4. [U] importance; worth 重要; 价值

句型5: (sb. or sth.) be of great (no) account ... 非常(不)重要, ... 有(没有)价值

例: These things are of no account.

5. [U] consideration; thought 考虑

句型6: take sth. into account 或 take account of sth. 考虑...

句型7: make much (little) account of sth. 重视(轻视)...

例: You must take his illness into account.

6. [U] reason; cause 原因; 理由

词组: on account of sth. 因为; 由于

on this (or that, one's) account 为了这个(那个, 某人的)原因

on no account 决不

例: She left her homeland on her husband's account.

adj. accountable 负有责任的; 可解释的

句型8: be accountable for sth. 对某事负责

例: Everybody should be accountable for his own work.

His anger is easily accountable.

同义词：这组词都表示“叙述”。

narrative (adj. n. 叙述的；叙述)是用途最广的词，既可指对现在的事情的叙述，也可指对过去的，将来的，长的或是短的，真实的或是想象的叙述。

例：a narrative of last week's events

account (n. 叙述)指非正式的叙述，常常是为了娱乐，强调事情的细节。

例：Give us an account of your journey.

分析：由于 account 意义和句型繁多，特别是既可以作名词，又可以作动词，很容易混淆，因此，重点是熟记句型和一些常用词组。

**adapt** [ə'dæpt]

vt. 1. to change so as to be suitable for different conditions 改变；使能适应。

句型1: adapt sth. to sth. 使…适应…

句型2: adapt oneself to sth. 使自己适应…

例：Can you adapt your way of working to the new job?

2. to change to fit a different use 改作它用；翻改

句型3: adapt sth. 翻改某物

例：They adapted the old barn for use by the club.

3. to make sth. suitable for a new need 改编；改写

句型4: adapt sth. for sth. 把…改编成…

句型5: adapt sth. from … 由…改编某物

例：The story was adapted for the movies.

It was adapted from a novel by Jane Austen.

vi. to become adjusted 适应

句型6: adapt to sth. 适应…

例: When we moved to France, the children adapted to the change well.

n. adaptability **U** 适应力; 适应性

句型7: adaptability to sth. 对...的适应力

n. adaptation

1. **U** 适应

句型8: adaptation to sth. 对...的适应

例: His adaptation to school away from home was painful and lonely.

2. **C** 改编本

例: This is an adaptation from an American novel.

adj. adaptable 能适应的

例: They are adaptable people.

同义词: 这组词都是适应的意思。

adjust (vt. i. 调整) 句型是 adjust sth. to sth. 强调使...同...相配。

例: I have to adjust my expenditures to my income.

adapt (vt. i. 使适应; 适应) 强调做些小改变以适应。

例: We must adapt our thinking to the new conditions.

accommodate (vt. i. 使适应; 适应) 强调必须服从。

例: We must accommodate ourselves to circumstances.

分析: accommodate 还可做“供给住宿”讲, 名词形式 accommodation 除用作“适应”外, 还可当“住所”讲。

adore [ə'dɔ:(r)]

vt. 句型: adore + n.

1. to love; admire deeply 深爱



例: She adores her mother.

2. (informal) to like very much 极为喜爱

例: I just adore that dress!

3. to worship 崇拜

例: "O come let us adore Him," sang the choir at Christmas.

adj. adoring 爱慕的

例: adoring looks

adj. adorable 可爱的; 迷人的

例: adorable girl

n. U adoration 爱慕; 崇拜

同义词见 worship

**affect** [ə'fekt]

vt. 1. to produce a result on; influence 影响

句型1. affect sth. (sb.) 影响...

例: The bad weather affected the crops.

2. to move or stir the feelings of 感动

句型2. affect sb. 感动某人

例: He was affected at the sad news.

3. to attack (of disease) 侵袭; 被感染

句型3. be affected by (or with) + n. 患...病

例: He was affected with fever.

4. to pretend 假装

句型4. affect sth. 假装...

句型5. affect to do sth. 假装做...

例: She affected to be interested in what he was saying.

5. to fancy 喜爱