

胡承晖 张庆圭 编



高考英语 标准化测试手册

GAOKAO

湖北人民出版社

高考英语标准化测试手册

胡承晖 张庆主编

秦秀白 审定

湖北人民出版社

高考英语标准化测试手册

~~杨承晖 张庆生 编~~

•

湖北人民出版社出版 新华书店湖北发行所发行

湖北省新华印刷厂印刷

787×1092 毫米 32 开本 5.75 印张 122,000 字

1985 年 7 月第 1 版 1985 年 7 月第 1 次印刷

印数: 1—157,000

统一书号: 17106·86 定价: 1.00 元

前 言

高考中采用标准化命题，优点颇多。它容纳的题量大，知识覆盖面广，既便于考察学生的基础知识和基本技能，又便于使用电子计算机阅卷计分。这种命题方法在国外已十分流行，近几年国内高考试卷中标准化试题的分量也在逐年加重。为适应这种情况，我们按照教育部新颁发的“中学 英语 教学大纲”的基本要求，以全国现行的统编教材为主要内容，用标准化命题方式编写了此书。本书选题广泛、题型新颖、针对性强，书后附有答案，十分适合高考复习使用。

本书承蒙华中师范学院外语系秦秀白副教授审定，在此，谨表谢意。

编 者

一九八五年四月

Unit 1

I. 下列各组单词中，有四个单词重读音节的元音读音相同，只有一个例外，请指出：

1. A. beam B. field C. piece D. friend E. key
2. A. bury B. many C. merry D. any E. bullet
3. A. wash B. water C. ward D. cause
E. naughty
4. A. weighty B. campaign C. great D. seize
E. eight
5. A. though B. through C. shoulder D. soul
E. mould
6. A. lose B. chose C. rose D. nose E. goes
7. A. days B. says C. ways D. plays E. pays
8. A. pass B. glass C. class D. grass E. mass
9. A. plant B. can't C. want D. aunt E. answer
10. A. food B. boot C. shoot D. foot E. smooth

II. 指出能够替换划线部分的单词或短语：

1. My uncle entered the army at the age of 17.
A. went in B. joined
C. took part in D. attended
2. It is difficult for Mr Johnson to maintain a family

on 15 pounds a week.

A. support B. keep up C. continue D. gain

3. All this adds to our difficulties.

A. smooths away B. reduces
C. increases D. enlarges

4. Perhaps their canoe was better than he had imagined.

A. bow B. arrow C. long spear D. small boat

5. They were scared at the noise.

A. surprised B. frightened
C. angry D. disappointed

6. This medicine can protect you against the return of the illness.

A. cure B. treat C. propose D. guard

7. I think it is a fact familiar to every schoolboy.

A. famous B. easy C. known D. important

8. I was stupid enough to believe in him.

A. kind B. foolish C. satisfied D. delighted

9. I want to get some interesting gifts to take home.

A. books B. novels
C. presents D. fairy stories

10. Where do you suppose John has gone?

A. think B. support C. supply D. summon

III. 选择最适合的答案:

1. My uncle lives in _____ Jiefang Street.

A. the B. a C. an D. no word is needed here

2. _____ for a long time, but he tried his best to catch up with his classmates.
A. Having been ill B. Being ill
C. He was ill D. Though had been ill
3. His attitude to us proved _____.
A. well B. warmly C. nicely D. friendly
4. The battery _____ cost a great deal.
A. the mechanic changed it two days ago
B. that the mechanic changed it two days ago
C. the mechanic had changed it two days before
D. the mechanic changed two days ago
5. That Swede was so tall that no uniform _____ him.
A. fitted B. fitted for
C. was fitted D. was fit
6. The peasant boy looked _____, but his weak breath suggested that he was still _____.
A. died. .alive B. dead. .alive
C. died. .living D. dead...lively
7. You'd better _____.
A. to give up to smoke B. to give up smoking
C. give up smoking D. give up to smoking
8. He didn't want to change his mind. He insisted _____ and took _____.
A. on it...on them B. on it...them on
C. it on...them on D. it on...on them

9. Differences of opinion _____ the slave question between the North and the South became so great that civil war _____ between them in the winter of 1860—61.
- A. on...broke out B. in...broke out
C. on...was broken out D. in...was broken out
10. Einstein asked _____ that to maintain its own standards the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton had to raise it.
- A. such small a salary B. so small a salary
C. so a small salary D. so small salary
11. Edison became expert _____ railway telegraphy.
- A. on B. with C. to D. at
12. We have arranged _____ to give a piano concert.
- A. her B. to her
C. for her D. with her
13. Galileo concluded that heavy objects and light objects _____ at the same speed.
- A. fell B. fall C. fallen D. were falling
14. The facts that great achievements _____ in the past seven years prove that our Party's policy is correct.
- A. made B. were made
C. have been made D. were being

15. What _____ you _____ from nine to eleven last night?
A. were, doing B. did, do
C. had, done D. have, done
16. Mr Benson _____ himself abstract physics by the time he was fifteen.
A. taught B. has taught
C. was taught D. had taught
17. Once they _____ to do something, you will never hold them back.
A. will make their mind up
B. will make up their minds
C. make up their mind
D. make up their minds
18. Tall buildings are being put up on _____ side of the street.
A. every B. all C. either D. both
19. _____ of great danger one's mind works fast.
A. In the time B. In time
C. At the time D. At time
20. "Tom, be sure _____ your eyes open _____ the stolen Blue Triumph," said the policeman.
A. to keep...for B. of keeping...for
C. to keep...on D. of keeping...on
21. You _____ plug it in, for there are battery in it.

- A. mustn't B. don't need
C. needn't to D. needn't

22. I'm sorry I forgot _____ your dictionary.

Let's borrow one from Li Ming.

- A. to take B. taking C. to bring D. bringing

23. There used to be a church behind the cemetery,
_____?

- A. didn't there B. used there
C. usedn't it D. didn't it

24. _____ is forbidden here, so I won't permit
him _____ here.

- A. To smoke...to smoke B. Smoking... to smoke
C. Smoking...smoking D. To smoke...smoking

25. He gave us _____.

- A. a useful advice B. an useful advice
C. useful advices D. a useful bit of advice

26. "What's the man standing over there?" "_____."

- A. John Wallance B. My uncle
C. A kind-hearted man
D. An apprentice truck driver

27. "What day is today?" "_____."

- A. A fine day B. October 3rd
C. Thursday D. It is lovely

28. "How often do you read a newspaper?"

"_____."

- A. Every day once

- B. Once a day
C. About two hours each day
D. It takes every day once
29. If he _____ to the teacher attentively, he _____ the answer to the problem now.
A. had listened...would have known
B. listened...would know
C. listened...would have known
D. had listened...would know
30. I wish I _____ yesterday's lecture.
A. were able to attend
B. had been able to attend
C. attended D. could attend

IV. 下列各句中，各有四处划线处，其中有一处是错误的，请指出：

1. In the old days the working people were made A
work long hours, but they could barely support
B C D
their families.
2. I wonder where can I find the No. 15 bus station?
A B C D
3. Child as he is, but he can work out the most
A B C D
difficult maths problems.
4. The police, including an old officer, was out
A

searching for the missing papers.

B C D

5. She's crying, because she got red inks all over her

A B C D

new dress.

6. The boy who was seated on a bench at the end of

A B

the classroom, having made a face, he got up and

C D

ran out.

7. It was with the greatest difficulties that the boy

A

gathered the strength to speak, but he spoke with

B

a frightful emphasis.

C D

8. He made a hole on the wall and pointed his gun

A B

at the cannibals.

C D

9. There was hardly any more water left, so he sug-

A

gested everyone drink as less water as possible.

B C D

10. The whales' bones are not enough strong to hold up

A B C

their muscles on land.

D

V. 指出与原句意思相符的正确句子，选择相应词语填入斜体排印的句中空白处，使之与原句意思相符。

1. The weather is terrible.
A. What a terrible weather!
B. How terrible weather!
C. What terrible weather!
D. What terrible a weather!

2. The Theory of Relativity is so deep that few people could understand it.

The Theory of Relativity is _____.

- A. too deep for most people to understand
- B. too deep for most people to understand it
- C. too deep for most people to be understood
- D. deep enough for few people not to understand it.

3. A molecule is a thousand times the size of an atom of hydrogen.

An atom of hydrogen is _____ a molecule.

- A. one thousand the size of
 - B. one thousandth the size of
 - C. one thousand times as big as
 - D. one thousand times bigger than
4. He didn't stay here long.

A. He didn't stay here for a short time.

B. He stayed here a long time ago.

C. He hasn't stayed here since a long time ago.

D. He stayed here only a short time.

5. "Do you want to be examined?" the doctor asked the tenant.

The doctor asked the tenant _____ to be examined.

A. whether did he want B. whether he wanted

C. that he wanted D. if did he want

6. You should write a letter to him.

A. He should written a letter.

B. He should be written a letter.

C. A letter should be write to him.

D. A letter should be written to him.

7. People say that engineer is working on an important invention.

That engineer _____.

A. is said to work on an important invention

B. is said to have been working on an important invention

C. is said to have worked on an important invention

D. is said to be working on an important invention

8. "Don't risk climbing the tree!" the corporal said to the Italian boy.

The corporal told the Italian boy _____.

- A. not to risk climbing the tree
- B. you would not risk climbing the tree
- C. don't risk climbing the tree
- D. to not risk climbing the tree

9. If someone sees the earth from space, it looks like a huge ball.

_____, *the earth looks like a huge ball.*

- A. Seeing from space
 - B. To see from space
 - C. It seen from space
 - D. Seen from space
10. He succeeded in the exam only when he put his heart into study.

Only when he put his heart into study _____.

- A. he succeeded in the exam
- B. succeeded in the exam
- C. succeeded he in the exam
- D. did he succeed in the exam

VI. 短文填空:

(A)

A Valuable Cucumber

Before Louis the Eleventh became king, he (1) a peasant (2) garden produced excellent fruit. After he came to power, the peasant brought him (3) a present a very large cucumber which (4) in his garden. The king, remembering the pleasant hours that

he had spent (5) the old man's roof, gave him a lot of gold.

A rich man in the village, (6) this, thought that if one who gave an ordinary cucumber received so large a reward, one who gave a really valuable present (7) a (8) large reward. He, therefore, offered a pleasant horse. The king accepted it and, thinking of the big cucumber, said, "This (9) me a lot of gold, I give it to you (10) return for your horse."

根据短文内容, 选择适当的答案:

- (1) A. used to visit B. was used to visit
C. got used to visit D. used to visiting
- (2) A. which B. that C. who's D. whose
- (3) A. for B. as C. like D. by
- (4) A. had grown B. was growing
C. grown D. to be grown
- (5) A. in B. on C. under D. across
- (6) A. hearing B. heard
C. hearing of D. to hear
- (7) A. received B. would receive
C. will receive D. had received
- (8) A. very B. quite C. fairly D. still
- (9) A. spent B. paid C. used D. cost
- (10) A. in B. as C. to D. by
- (B)

A Disappearing Kind of Work

New York is one of the last large cities (1) some of its policemen (2). The New York police (3) 170 horses, (4) use more than 8,000 horseshoes a year. Keeping these shoes in good repair (5) the job of six blacksmiths.

There are only about thirty-five blacksmiths in the whole United States.

A blacksmith has to be able to make a shoe from a plain piece of metal and then fit it to each horse. A blacksmith must work very hard, since he is bent over while (6) the shoe and must hold the (7) of the horse's leg (8) the same time.

Clearly, a blacksmith must have great (9). But even more important, he must be able to control horses. For before the blacksmith begins his work, he has to (10) the horse to lift its leg.

根据短文内容, 选择适当的答案:

- (1) A. having B. to have C. has D. have
- (2) A. on horseback B. on a horseback
C. on horsebacks D. on the horsebacks
- (3) A. have B. has C. is having D. are having
- (4) A. that B. where C. for which D. which
- (5) A. are B. were C. is D. for
- (6) A. fitted B. to fit