

# 全新大学 英语词典

主编 邱东林

**New**

DICTIONARY  
FOR COLLEGE  
ENGLISH

上海科技教育出版社

NEW  
DICTIONARY  
FOR COLLEGE  
ENGLISH

全新大学英语词典

主 编	邱东林	
编 委	万江波	李晶洁
	吴晓真	张 莺

上海科技教育出版社

## 全新大学英语词典

主 编 邱东林

编 委 万江波 李晶洁 吴晓真 张 莺

责任编辑 周涵嫣

装帧设计 童郁喜

出 版 上海科技教育出版社  
(上海市冠生园路 393 号 200235)

经 销 各地新华书店

印 刷 常熟华通印刷有限公司

开 本 787 × 960 1/32

印 张 18.5

字 数 265 000

版 次 2002 年 6 月第 1 版

印 次 2002 年 6 月第 1 次印刷

印 数 1 - 5 000

书 号 ISBN 7 - 5428 - 2832 - 0/H · 23

定 价 29.80 元

# 体 例 说 明

## 一、词条

1. 词条用黑体字表示,按照字母顺序排列。
2. 词条右上角加“\*”者为四级词汇,加“▲”者为六级词汇。

## 二、本词典不标注音标。

## 三、词类

1. 词条的词性用英语缩写形式注明:

<i>vt.</i>	及物动词
<i>vi.</i>	不及物动词
<i>n.</i>	名词
<i>a.</i>	形容词
<i>ad.</i>	副词
<i>num.</i>	数词
<i>pron.</i>	代词
<i>prep.</i>	介词
<i>conj.</i>	连词

2. 一个词若分属几种不同的词类,则词类前分别标以罗马数字 I、II 等。

## 四、释义

本词典释义以《大学英语教学大纲·词汇表》为主,释义较近的用逗号分隔,稍远的则用分号分隔。

#### 五、符号用法

1. “~”代表例句中的本词;
2. “■”表示词组、句子等举例的分隔;
3. “☞”表示词条释义与词组或习语之间的分隔;
4. “sb.” (= somebody) 表示某人;
5. “sth.” (= something) 表示某事或者某物;
6. “~ed”或“~d”表示动词的过去式或者过去分词,而不规则动词的过去式或者过去分词则以完整形式出现在例句中。



# 前言

怎样学好英语,这一直是个争议颇多的问题,也是英语教师们一直在思考与研究的课题。图书市场上,英语学习用书名目繁多,各类试题集更是如雨后春笋一般层出不穷。然而,国外已有研究表明,仅仅做大量试题是不可能提高英语运用能力的。因此,我们始终认为,学好英语、提高英语水平,其关键在于要有适量的语言输入(input),让学生不断接触新鲜的语言环境。在各种考试似已成为一种“产业(industry)”的今天,强调扎实的语言基础、良好的语言修养,则显得尤为重要。

本着这一宗旨,我们编纂了这本词典。本词典的优势集中体现于例句的**新颖性、时代性和实用性**,具体而言,主要有以下几个特点:第一,所有例句都是从最近几年的英美报纸杂志上选摘而来,而不像某些其他词典那样“相互借鉴、资源共享”,从这个意义上说,本词典中的所有例句都是“原创”的。近半年以来,编者像深山老林中的淘金者那样在浩如烟海的资料库中搜索,有时花上一整天时间也只找到



## Foreword

一两个合适的句子——由此可见,本词典的每一个例句都是精挑细选而成的佳句。第二,所选例句既考虑到政治上的时代性,又考虑到语言上的新颖性、内容上的可读性和信息上的有效性。我们相信,读者在使用本词典时定会有茅塞顿开、豁然开朗之感。第三,词典中的所有例句均配有中文释义,既便于读者理解,也使读者同时获得一次学习英译汉的机会。

在编写过程中,我们得到了复旦大学大学英语教学部和上海科技教育出版社的鼎力协助,在此表示衷心的感谢。

由于编者水平和经验所限,本词典中存在的不足和疏漏之处,恳请广大读者批评指正。

编 者

2002 年春

于上海复旦大学

**图书在版编目(CIP)数据**

全新大学英语词典/邱东林主编;万江波,李晶洁,吴晓真,  
张莺编. —上海:上海科技教育出版社,2002.6

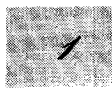
ISBN 7-5428-2832-0

I. 全… II. ①邱… ②万… ③李… ④吴… ⑤张…  
III. 英语—词典 IV. H316

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2002)第 015715 号



absence



## A

**abide** *vt.* 容忍

☞ ~ **by** 遵守

■ Democracy is based on the notion that a majority of people creates laws and then everyone agrees to ~ by those laws in the interest of the common good. 民主建立在这样一种观点之上,即:法律由大多数人制定,每个人都同意遵守那些对多数人有利的法律。

**abridged** *a.* 缩略的

■ I never quite understood why he heard certain stories in only their ~ form while we got expanded versions. 他所听到的总是只言片语,而我们听到的却极尽其详,对这一点,我怎么也弄不懂。

**abrupt** <sup>▲</sup> *a.* 突然的,(举止、言谈)唐突的;陡峭的

■ On our narrow roads, filled with hairpin turns, sudden drops, and ~ hills, speed is a harrowing prospect. 在狭窄的路上,到处都是急转弯、急落的下坡和陡峭的小山,高速驾车想想就可怕。

**absence** \* *n.* 缺乏,不存在

■ In the ~ of gravity, people are without the

A



*absorb*

signals that they depend on for orientation and balance. 没有了重力,人们便失去了他们赖以判断方向、把握平衡的信号。

- The ~ of details about his young adulthood, plus his modest educational background, has led some to claim that Shakespeare is just a pseudonym for someone far more distinguished. 人们对莎士比亚的青年时代知之甚少,加上他并没有什么显赫的教育背景,这使得某些人认为“莎士比亚”只不过是某个更杰出的人物使用的假名。

**absorb** \* *vt.* 吸收;把…并入,同化

- Slowness is so important, taking the time to ~ things and to enjoy them. 悠闲(的生活节奏)是非常重要的,这样你才有时间接受事物,享受生活。
- Depending on the crop, the season, and the location of the fields, the technology could offer protection from the sun, or help the seed ~ its rays. 由于这项技术充分考虑到了作物、季节和种植地点,因而它既能为种子提供防晒保护,也可以帮助种子吸收阳光。
- It took me a moment to ~ this. 我过了一会儿才弄明白。
- His attitudes towards the distinction between the

access



8

company's money and his private expenditure have been ~ed by his colleagues. 他在开销方面公私分明的作风也感染了他的同事。

- The US has been ~ing much of the region's output for many years. 多年来,美国接受了该地区的大量产品。

**abuse** \* *n.* 滥用,妄用

- Early last year, before "dotcom" had become a term of ~, it was fashionable in Silicon Valley to deride SAP, Europe's largest software company, as a dinosaur on the brink of fossilization. 去年早些时候,在“网络公司”一词还未被用滥之前,硅谷到处有人嘲笑 SAP 这家欧洲最大的软件公司,说它是只快要变成化石的恐龙。



**academic** \* *n.* 大学教师

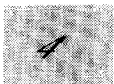
- There is a growing trend for ~s to publish their research directly on the Internet. 高校教师直接在互联网上发表研究成果,这已渐成风尚。

**accelerate** \* *vt.* (使)加快,(使)增速;促进

- The assassination of Rabin, in November of 1995, dramatically ~d Barak's rise. 1995 年 11 月,拉宾遇刺,这戏剧性地加速了巴拉克的崛起。

**access** \* *n.* 通道,入口;接近(或进入、享用)的机会

- Research libraries should provide hundreds of



*accessible*

computer terminals to provide ~ to online information, coffee shops and other recreational areas where students can interact socially. 研究性图书馆应当提供几百个电脑终端,以便接通网上信息,还应当配备咖啡厅和其他便于学生进行社交的休闲场所。

- Over the past seven years, 800 million people have gained ~ to safe drinking water. 过去7年当中,8亿人喝上了安全的饮用水。

**accessible** *a.* 容易接近的

- The Italian government amends its controversial decision to move the vast majority of flights from Milan's Linate airport, to the less ~ Malpensa. 意大利政府修改了那个引起争议的决定,即把绝大多数航班从米兰的里内特机场搬到交通不太便利的马尔潘萨机场。

**accident** *n.* 意外,意外因素

- It's no ~ that the best new building in Times Square is the smallest one, a ten-story building on the north side of Forty-second Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. 时代广场上最好的新建筑就是最小的那一幢,也就是位于第七、第八大街之间第四十二大道北段的那幢10层楼的建筑,这决非偶然。

**accidental** \* *a.* 意外的,偶然发生的

accomplished



5

- Private ownership of hand guns leads to ~ death for innocent victims of inept handling. 私人拥有手枪导致无辜受害者意外死亡。
- Political success is often ~, but it also comes from calculation. 政治上的成功常常带有偶然性,然而也是深思熟虑的结果。

**acclaim** *vt.* 向…欢呼,为…喝彩

- Though the living Trilling was valued and ~ed, the dead Trilling has been made into a puppet, violated by at least two memoirists: his wife and his son. 尽管特里林生前得到很高的评价,并且十分受人欢迎,死后却成了傀儡,至少是受到他妻子和儿子这两个为他写回忆录的人的污蔑。

**accommodate** <sup>▲</sup> *vt.* 使适应,顺应

- My companion was a vegetarian and so, as is often the case, she had a rather limited choice on the menu but an accommodating attitude from the waiters. 我的同伴是位素食者,因此常常会发生这种情况,菜单上可供她选择的菜相当有限,但侍者们都对她非常客气。

**accomplished** *a.* 有造诣的

- He is an ~ pianist and often listens to classical music when he is working alone. 他是位颇有造诣的钢琴家,单独工作时他常会听听古典音乐。



account

**account** \* I *n.* 记述, 描述, 报告

- The next afternoon, he gave them an ~ of where he had been for the last few days. 第二天下午, 他向他们描述了过去几天他到过的地方。

II *vi.* (**for**) (在数量、比例方面) 占; 说明... 的原因

- Nokia ~s for 4% of Finland's GDP, nearly 30% of exports and 1% of jobs. 诺基亚公司的产值占芬兰国内生产总值的 4%, 出口量占将近 30%, 雇员占 1%。

- The impact of the US downturn on Europe is not limited to the 2 percent of European GDP ~ed for by trade with the US. 美国经济衰退对欧洲的冲击并不仅限于对美贸易占欧洲国内生产总值的 2%。

**accumulate** \* *vt.* 堆积, 积累, 积聚

- In the Old Continent, hope was in the father, and how much family wealth he could ~ and pass along to his children. 在过去的欧洲, 未来寄托在父亲身上, 他的家产积累越多, 留给孩子的财富就越多。

**accurate** \* *a.* 准确的, 精确的

- With the coming of the industrial revolution, engineers and navigators needed ~ numerical tables. 随着工业革命的到来, 工程师和航海家都需要准确无误的数据表。



**accuse** \* *vt.* 指控, 控告, 指责

- She ~d him of stealing from her. 她指控他偷了她的东西。
- He was also ~d of bribery in connection with two other scandals exposed in 1992 and 1997, charges he continues to deny. 在1992年和1997年被曝光的另外两桩丑闻中, 他亦被指控受贿, 但他一直予以否定。

**accustomed** \* *a.* 习惯于…的, 适应了

- She was ~ to seeing Laura and her mother, Penny, leave for work together. 她看惯了劳拉和她母亲彭妮一起离家去上班。

**acknowledge** \* *vt.* 对人打招呼

- They didn't speak, didn't ~ their wives, their heartbroken kids. 他们一句话也没说, 没与他们的妻子和伤心欲绝的孩子打招呼。

**acquaint** ^ *vt.* (**with**) 使认识, 使了解, 使熟悉

- He replied that he could be very useful to the government but was not well ~ed with United States laws and preferred to consult with his attorney before making a decision. 他回答说, 他将会对政府大有用处, 但因为对美国法律不太熟悉, 所以在作决定之前要先征求一下律师的意见。
- Because there are few Americans who are



acquire

not interested in a sport of some kind, a visitor to America will find that some knowledge of sports will help him or her to get ~ed. 由于美国人大多喜爱某种体育项目,所以到美国游玩的人会发现,懂一点运动知识有助于结交朋友。

**acquire** \* *vt.* 取得,获得

■ Twentieth Century Fox soon ~d the movie rights, but the film proved hard to bring to birth. 20 世纪福克斯公司很快便获得了电影版权,但这部影片的摄制却颇费周折。

■ It's generally accepted, even among sympathetic souls, that Amazon is spending like mad to ~ new customers, and that it's losing tons of money just keeping the business running. 人们普遍认为,亚马逊公司为了争取新客户发疯般地花钱,这种一掷千金的举动只不过维持了公司的运转,就连该公司的同情者也有人持同样的观点。

**act** *vi.* 举止,表现

■ She had recently gone through a painful divorce, and there was probably some anger being ~ed out in these photos. 她刚经历了一场痛苦的离婚,从这些照片上面也许可以看出她的些许愤怒。

☞ ~ on 遵照…行事,奉行



adapt



9

- Not only has medicine advanced; it has allowed people to ~ on their more selfless impulses like giving one's kidney to the other. 医学不但进步了,还使人们的无私奉献成为可能,例如将自己的肾捐给他人。

**activity** \* *n.* 活动,行动

- “Sorry for the delay, folks,” a khaki-clad attendant said. “We had some thunderstorm ~ in the Lower Keys.” “耽搁了大家这么久,很抱歉,”一个穿卡其布制服的乘务员说。“刚刚下基岛方向发生了雷暴。”

**acute** \* *a.* 敏锐的;严重的,激烈的

- Man was created with a delicate nervous system and has never lost his ~ sensitiveness to pain. 人类敏锐的神经系统是与生俱来的,对疼痛的感觉非常敏锐。
- Since the world was alerted to the famine that killed nearly one million people in the 1984 至 1985, periodic droughts have caused ~ food shortages in that country. 自从1984至1985年该国那场饿死了将近100万人的饥谨为世人所知以来,不断发生的旱灾在那儿造成了严重的食物匮乏。

**adapt** \* *v.* 使适应,使适合

- Tests show that Wavezorb, ~ed from military