

Easy Ways to English Listening

编 著 吴谷茗 杨禄荣
王晓炜 白学超
[美] Judy Fairbainn

英语听力 突破捷径

参考教育部最新大纲 参考诸多现行教材

博采美、英教学经验 给出听力突破捷径

附有美籍外教标准录音

升华英语听说能力

奔流音像出版社
河北教育出版社

初二

出版说明

我国已加入 WTO，英语作为对外开放和与各国交往的重要工具显得越来越重要。在中学英语教学中对听力的要求也越来越高，而且中考、高考中逐步增加了听力。为了帮助初中学生和初级英语水平的读者在学习英语的过程中养成“听英语”的习惯，提高听音和辨音的能力，建立初步的语感，具有初步运用英语的能力，我们组织、约请北京航空航天大学外语系吴谷茗、杨祿荣两位知名教授及美籍语言学家王晓炜博士及英语教师白学超等集体编写了这套《英语听力突破捷径》。为了保证编写质量，我们还专门约请了美籍教授 Judy Fairbainn 终审了全书。

本书以教育部制订的《九年义务教育全日制初级中学英语教学大纲》为依据，以人民教育出版社新编初中英语教材为基础，紧扣大纲又适当加以拓展，围绕教材又适当增加难度，采取符合初中学生心理特点的形式和符合语言习惯的内容，力图融英语的趣味性、易用性、系统性、知识性于一体。

本书分为三册，初一到初三每年级一册，并配有磁带。每册分为两大部分、四种题型。第一部分是听力训练，第二部分是听力原文及练习参考答案，供教师课堂教学、家长课外辅导和学生查对答案使用。

题型1是跟我练发音，对容易混淆的元音、辅音进行区分。学生可对照书上的插图，反复听并跟读，掌握正确发音，并识别不同的发音。

题型2是反复听说，将教材的要点先以中文简介的方式给予提示和描述，然后用纯正英语表述，创造自然、轻松的语言环境。同学们要牢记要点内容，这样才能提高听力、培养语感。

题型3是趣味听力，选取趣味谜语、笑语、绕口令、歌曲等风趣幽默的内容，结合插图做简单练习，可使学习者对英语产生浓厚的兴趣，在欢笑中提高听力水平。

题型4是泛听，精心选取比教材稍难的材料，结合书面配图和其他材料，以听为主，看图为辅；以理解为主，练习为辅。这样可以激发学习者的兴趣和欲望，使之享受听懂材料后的成就感。同学们要培养良好的听力习惯，形成捕捉主要意思的能力，并逐步训练听力技巧和思维能力、领悟能力和听写能力。

本书针对教材采取一课一练的方式，既有听觉发展能力又有听写相关能力，由浅入深，从单词、短语、单句，到对话、短文，适当插入相应水平的听歌学唱、诗文朗读、幽默短文，并通过重复对比等形式增加对主要知识点的理解和记忆，逐步强化学生的听力。

另外，本书还提供了期中、期末测试用的六项听力内容，以检验或自测学生的听力水平。

本书还可供初中同学平时自习或课堂教学使用。基本目

的是进行听力技能、技巧的训练，使同学们从初一到初三逐步听懂语速为每分钟 90~110 个词的材料，并能进行简单的英语会话。

欢迎初中英语教师、广大同学们和初级英语水平的学习者使用本书，并衷心希望提出宝贵的意见和建议。

奔流音像出版社

河北教育出版社

2002 年 4 月

目 录

UNIT 1	(1)
UNIT 2	(5)
UNIT 3	(9)
UNIT 4	(13)
UNIT 5	(17)
UNIT 6	(21)
UNIT 7	(25)
UNIT 8	(28)
UNIT 9	(32)
UNIT 10	(36)
UNIT 11	(40)
UNIT 12	(44)
UNIT 13	(48)
UNIT 14	(51)
UNIT 15	(53)
UNIT 16	(57)
UNIT 17	(61)
UNIT 18	(65)
UNIT 19	(69)
UNIT 20	(73)
UNIT 21	(77)
UNIT 22	(79)
UNIT 23	(83)
UNIT 24	(87)
UNIT 25	(91)
UNIT 26	(95)

UNIT 27	(99)
UNIT 28	(102)
听力原文及参考答案.....	(104)

Unit 1

1. Follow Me to Practice 跟我读

pack -- back

Do you **pack** your computer?

Welcome **back** to school!

piece -- beef



How many pieces of paper are there inside the card?

There is **beef** in the hamburger.

pest -- best

Flies are **pests**.

My **best** friend and I are going to have a picnic next Saturday.

pear -- bear

Why is the bear under a **pear** tree?

词语与注释:

pack: *v.* 把……打包

beef: *n.* 牛肉

pest: *n.* 有害物

II. Listen, Read and Repeat 反复听说

1. 新学期开始了,老师欢迎你回到学校,就说:
Welcome back to school.
2. 教师节到了,你祝老师节日快乐,就说:
Happy Teacher's Day!
3. 母亲节到了,你向妈妈表示最好的祝愿,就说:
Best wishes!
4. 小明经常感冒,你建议他为什么不在早晨锻炼呢,就说:
Why don't you have exercises in the morning?
5. 小明认为这是个好主意,就说:
That's a good idea!
6. 因为堵车小明早晨迟到了,他向老师道歉,老师说没关系:
It doesn't matter.
7. 你经常按时到校,老师表扬你说:
You always go to school on time.
8. 小明告诉你这个学期要有新的课程和老师,就说:
We're going to have new lessons and new teachers this term.

III. Listen for Fun 趣味听力

A Song

Morning Exercises



词语与注释:

straight: *adv.* 直地

IV. Extensive Listening 泛听

First Day of New Term



词语与注释:

exciting: *adj.* 令人激动的



1. 填空

- 1) It's the _____ day of new term.
- 2) He usually goes to school _____ .
- 3) _____ isn't bad.
- 4) They are _____ about something.

2. 回答问题

- 1) Where does David live?
- 2) How does David go to school?
- 3) Why is he taking a bus?

4) Is he late for school?

3. 辨别正误

1) Henry lives in Beijing. ()

2) He usually goes to school on foot. ()

3) He meets his friend outside the classroom. ()

4) They are talking about something. ()

Unit 2

I. Follow Me to Practice 跟我练

class glass

Our class makes cards to
our teachers for Teacher's Day.
Why don't you drink a glass of milk?



coat goat

It is cold and put on your coat, please.
The goat is eating grass.

duck bug



Duck is a kind of bird.
There is a bug under the desk.

Kate gate

Kate is going to meet her classmate at the school gate.

词语与注释:

goat: n. 山羊 duck: n. 鸭子 bug: n. 虫子 gate: n. 大门

II. Listen, Read and Repeat 反复听说

1. 小明问你后天要去野外郊游吗,就说:
Are you going on a field trip the day after tomorrow?
2. 你邀请他来,就说:
Would you like to come?
3. 小明问你准备下周日干什么,就说:
What are you going to do next Sunday?
4. 他建议你下周去远足,就说:
Why don't you go hiking next week?
5. 郊游的路上,小明说:“赶快!我要走快点儿。”
Hurry up! I want to hike quickly.
6. 小明提醒你别走错了路,就说:
Don't go the wrong way.
7. 小明叫你去钓鱼,你不喜欢钓鱼,建议去河中划船,就说:
Go fishing? I don't like fishing. Why don't we go boating on the river?
8. 小明表示同意,就说:
Yeah, I agree.

III. Listen for Fun 趣味听力

A Joke

Making a Picture



词语与注释:

ink; *n.* 墨水

Question: What is Peter doing?

Answer: _____

IV. Extensive Listening 泛听

Computer



词语与注释:

store; *v.* 贮存 words; *n.* 文字 software; *n.* 软件

useful; *adj.* 有用的 really; *adv.* 确实



1. 填空

- 1) A _____ is an electronic _____.
- 2) But it can _____ work if there is no software.
- 3) Software lets computer know _____ _____ work.
- 4) They are never _____.

2. 回答问题

- 1) What is a computer?
- 2) What can a computer do?

3) What makes computers know how to work?

4) What are the boy's parents going to do?

3. 辨别正误

1) Computers can do hard math problems quickly. ()

2) Computers can help people work with words and pictures, can cook dinner for us. ()

3) It cannot work without software. ()

4) It cannot help us study. ()

Unit 3

I. Follow Me to Practice 跟我练

tea Dee

Green tea is his favorite.

Dee is the youngest girl in her class.



tear deer

I can see tears in her eyes.

Deer can run faster than sheep.

tie die

I must tie my bag.

Try, try, never say die.

town - down

I'm living downtown Beijing.

词语与注释:

green tea: 绿茶

deer; *n.* 鹿

Dee: 蒂(女名)

town; *n.* 城镇

downtown; *adv.* 在城市的商业区

II. Listen, Read and Repeat 反复听说

1. 小明想知道你明天晚上有没有空,就问:
Are you free tomorrow evening?
2. 他邀请你到他家里过感恩节,就说:
Would you like to come over to my home for Thanksgiving?
3. 你很愿意,就说:
I'd like that.
4. 晚上你到小明家向他问好,就说:
Good evening.
5. 小明想知道你们中秋节有没有聚会,就问:
Are you going to get together on Mid - autumn Festival?
6. 晚饭后,你们在院子里聊天,小明觉得外面的空气比屋里清新,就说:
The air is cleaner in the open air than in the room.
7. 小明认为天津大,而北京比天津还大,就说:
Tianjin is big, but Beijing is bigger than Tianjin.
8. 你知道上海是中国最大的城市,就说:
Shanghai is the biggest city in China.

III. Listen for Fun 趣味听力

A Joke

Hair



词语与注释:

go away: 走开

Question: What does Peter ask about his Mum's hair?

Answer: _____

IV. Extensive Listening 泛听

Right Food



词语与注释:

need: v. 需要 protein: n. 蛋白质 starch: n. 淀粉

vitamin: n. 维生素 bean: n. 豆子



1. 填空

- 1) We need to eat the right _____.
- 2) There is a lot of protein in _____, meat, _____, _____ and beans.
- 3) There is much starch in _____, _____, bread, _____ and bananas.
- 4) There are many vitamins in _____, carrots, _____ and apples.